

Most - Often - Needed

1959

Volume 19

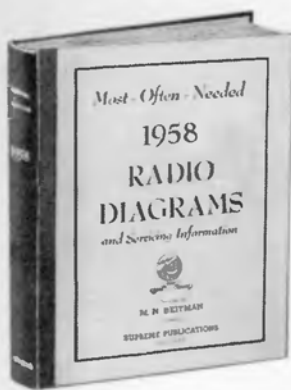
RADIO
DIAGRAMS
and Servicing Information



Compiled by
M. N. BEITMAN

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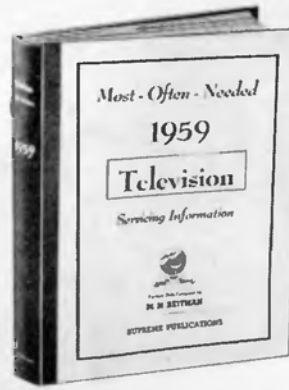


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☐ 1958 Television Manual, TV-14, \$3.
☐ ADDITIONAL 1957 TV, Vol. TV-13, \$3.
☐ EARLY 1957 TV Manual, TV-12, \$3.

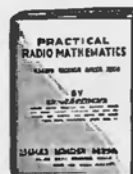
☐ 1956 TV Volume TV-11 \$3.00	☐ 1955 TV Additional, TV-10 \$3.00	☐ 1955 TV Early, Vol. TV-9 \$3.00	☐ 1954 TV Volume TV-8 \$3.00
☐ 1953 TV Volume TV-7 \$3.00	☐ 1952 TV Volume TV-6 \$3.00	☐ 1951 TV Volume TV-5 \$3.00	☐ 1950 TV Volume TV-4 \$3.00
☐ 1949 TV Volume TV-3 \$3.00	☐ 1948 TV Volume TV-2 \$3.00	☐ 1957-58 RCA Volume \$1.50	

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Admiral

5W4 CHASSIS

Models 581 and 582

REMOVING THE CHASSIS

The front section of the cabinet is removable for alignment and for servicing the component side of the chassis.

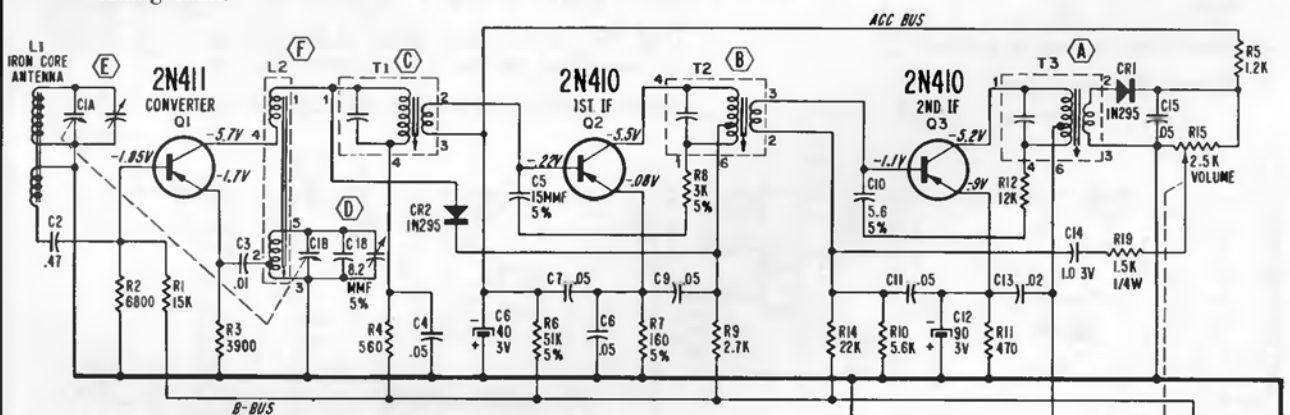
To remove the cabinet front from the chassis, proceed as follows:

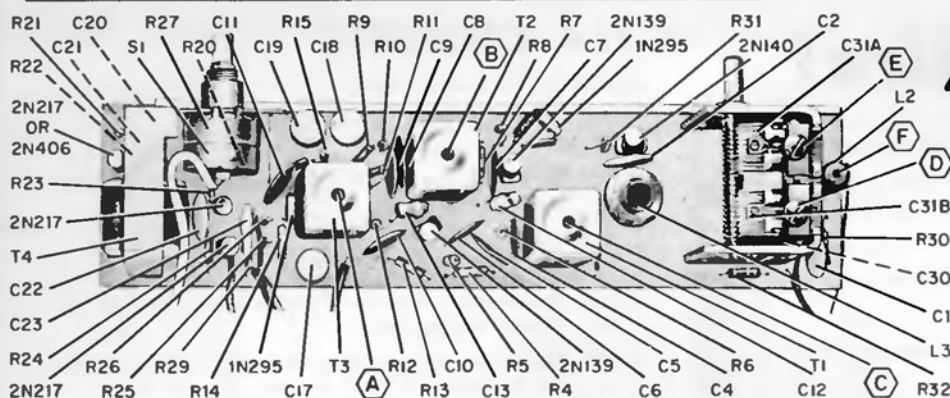
1. Remove the battery compartment cover.
2. Remove the batteries.
3. Remove the two Phillips head screws in the bottom of the battery compartment.
4. Pull the tuning knob off.
5. Remove the Phillips head screw at the left of the tuning shaft.

6. Gently lift the cabinet front from the cabinet back and chassis.

To remove chassis from cabinet back for servicing the wiring side of the chassis:

7. Remove the other two Phillips head screws in the battery compartment.
8. Make sure tuning gang is closed. Then remove the two Phillips head screws that are visible — one near the tuning capacitor and the other in lower left corner as radio is viewed from the front.
9. Lift speaker from cabinet and away from chassis.
10. Gently lift the printed circuit chassis out of cabinet.





Admiral

CHASSIS 6T2
MODELS 521 • 528

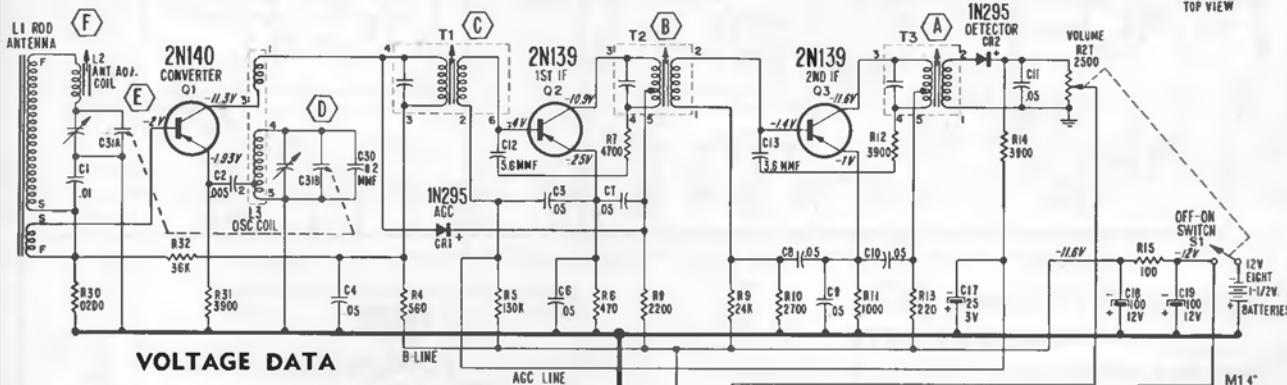
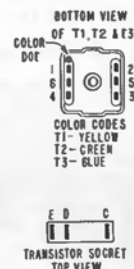
I. F. 455 KC.

TOTAL CURRENT DRAIN APPROXIMATELY
10.5 MA WITH VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM
AND NO SIGNAL APPLIED.

REMOVING THE CHASSIS

1. Remove **Tuning** knob and **Volume** control knob by working them forward and off the shaft.
2. Open cover on rear of cabinet.
3. Remove the battery case.

4. On the front of the cabinet, loosen the two Phillips head screws adjacent the tuning shaft.
5. Loosen the hex nut that secures the **Volume** control to front of case.
6. Hold the printed circuit board while removing the two screws and hex nut, to prevent damage.
7. Gently lift the circuit board from within cabinet.



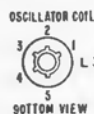
VOLTAGE DATA

DC voltages shown measured with no signal, using fresh batteries.

Volume control at minimum; dial set a low frequency end.

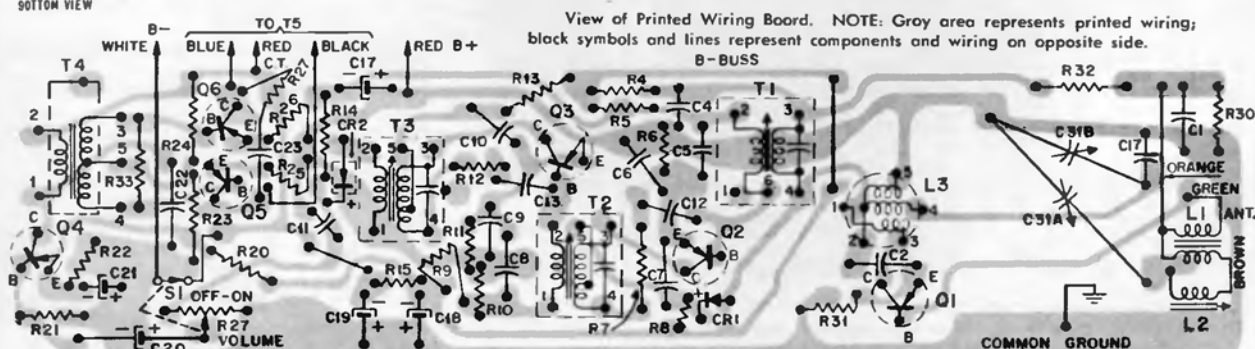
All readings made between transistor socket terminals and B plus (ground).

All voltage readings are negative.



NOTES:
IF = 455K
⊥ CHASSIS GROUND
* COMMON GROUND
* MATCHED PAIR
CAPACITOR VALUES IN MICROFARADS
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
1 NOT USED ON ALL CHASSIS.

View of Printed Wiring Board. NOTE: Gray area represents printed wiring; black symbols and lines represent components and wiring on opposite side.



Admiral

CHASSIS 8M1 MODELS 801 • 802 • 808

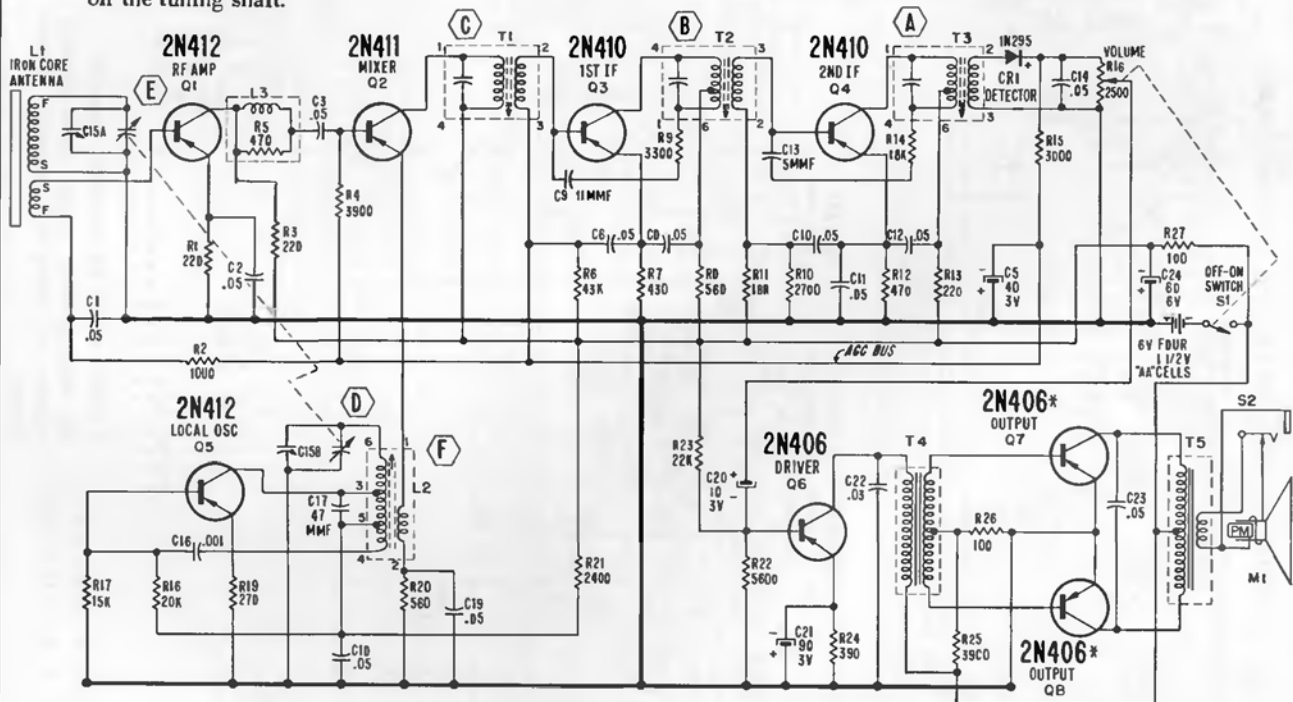
REMOVING THE CHASSIS

To remove the cabinet front from the chassis, proceed as follows:

1. Remove the battery compartment cover.
2. Remove the batteries.
3. Remove the four Phillips head screws that are visible within the battery compartment.
4. The tuning knob hub is a thumb screw. Remove it by turning counterclockwise.
5. Remove tuning knob by working it forward and off the tuning shaft.
6. Remove the Phillips head screw at the left of the tuning shaft.
7. Gently lift the cabinet front from the cabinet back and chassis.

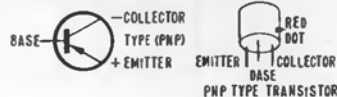
To remove chassis from cabinet back for servicing the wiring side of the chassis:

8. Make sure tuning gang is closed. Then remove the two Phillips head screws that are visible—one near the tuning capacitor and the other in lower left corner as radio is viewed from the front.
9. Lift speaker from cabinet and away from chassis.
10. Gently lift out wiring side of chassis from cabinet.

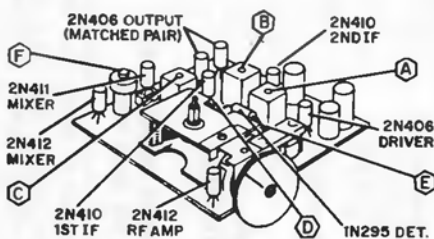
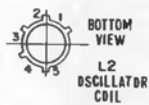


IF = 455 KC

* COMMON GROUND (B+)

* MATCHED PAIR
CAPACITOR VALUES IN MICROFARADS
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

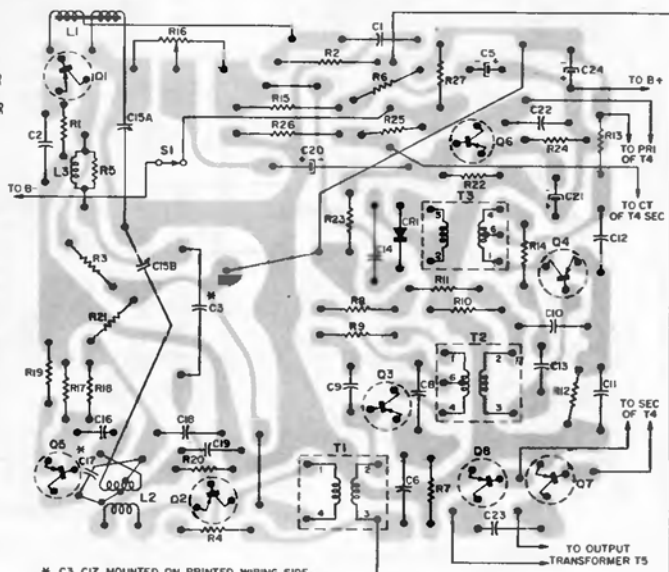
I. F. 455 KC.



Transistor and Alignment Locations

VOLTAGE DATA

Voltages shown measured with no signal, using fresh batteries. Volume control at minimum; dial set at low frequency end. All readings made with VTVM between transistor terminals and B plus (ground). All voltages are negative.



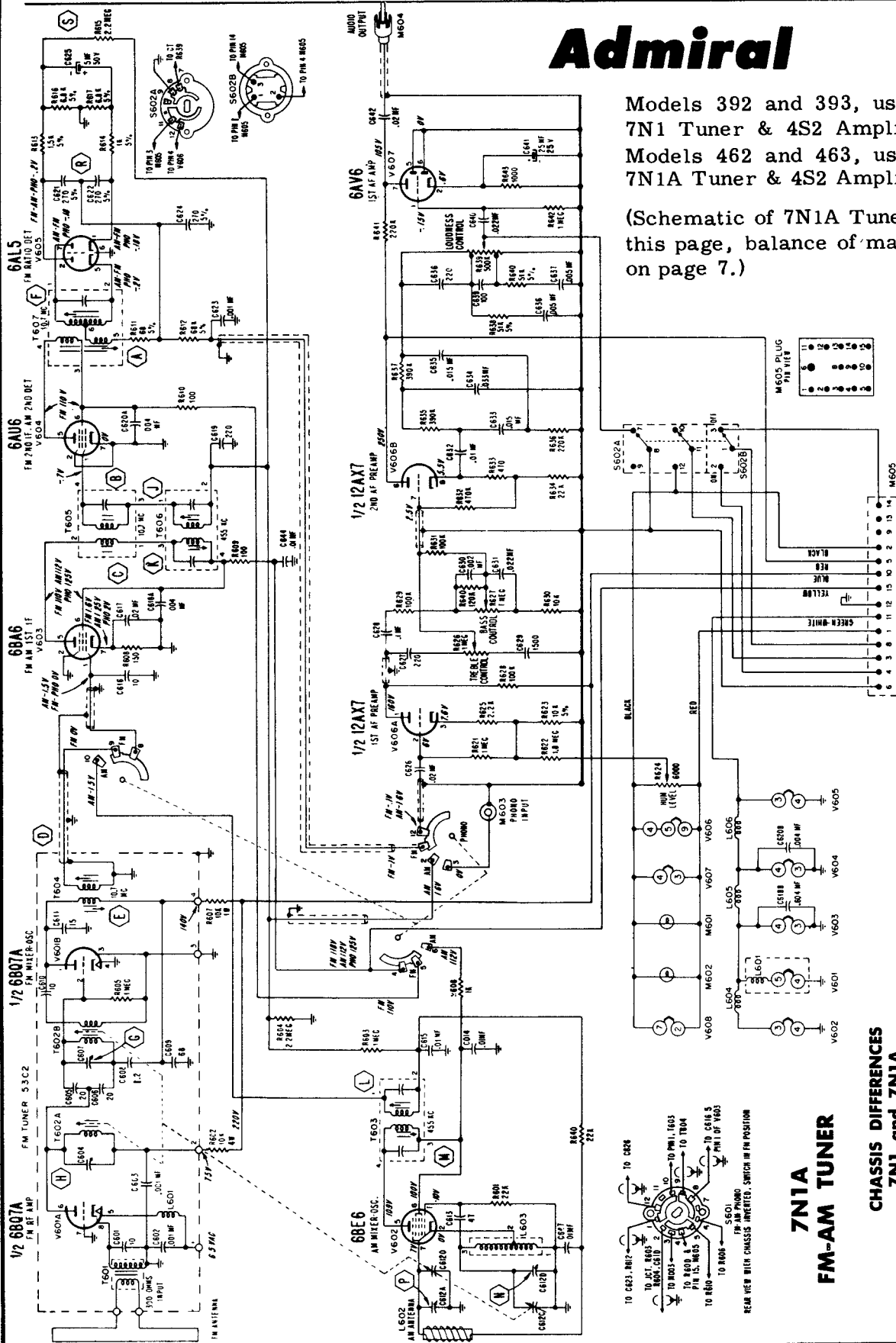
* C3, C17 MOUNTED ON PRINTED WIRING SIDE.

View of Printed Wiring Board. Gray area represents printed wiring, black symbols and lines represent components.

Admiral

Models 392 and 393, use
7N1 Tuner & 4S2 Amplifier;
Models 462 and 463, use
7N1A Tuner & 4S2 Amplifier.

(Schematic of 7N1A Tuner on
this page, balance of material
on page 7.)



7N1A FM-AM TUNER

CHASSIS DIFFERENCES 7N1 and 7N1A

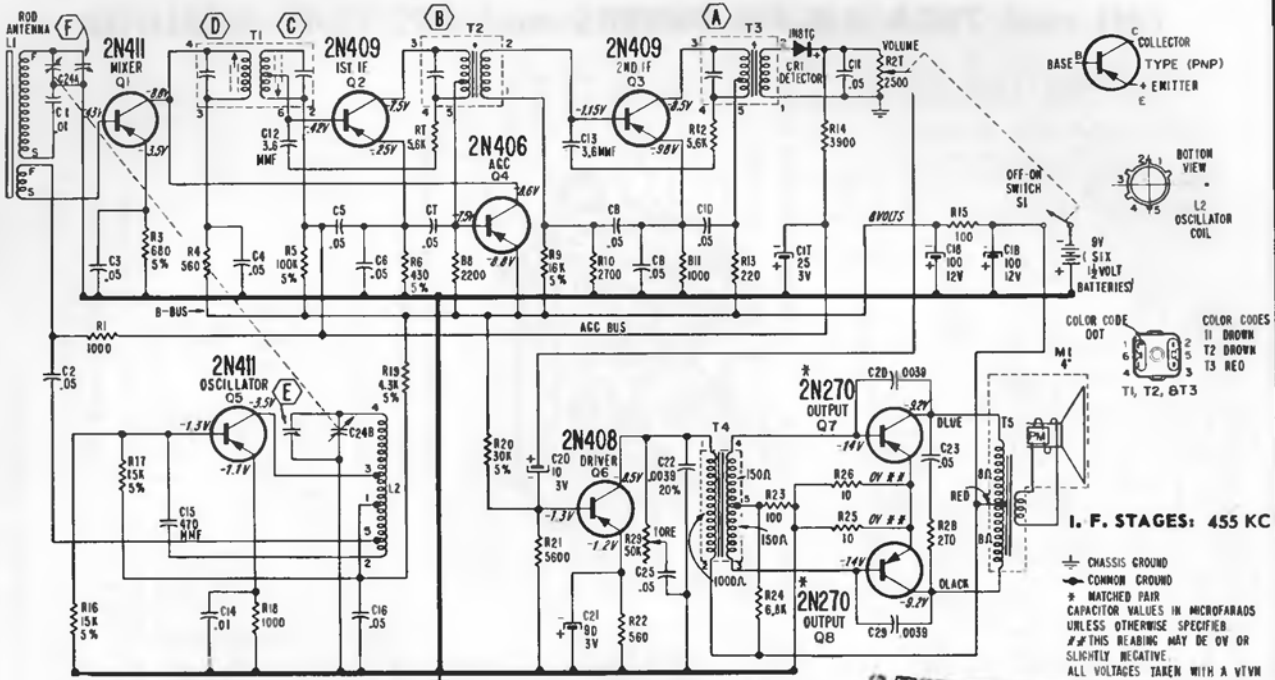
The 7N1A FM-AM Tuner is similar to the 7N1 FM-AM Tuner covered in S810. The 7N1A has a new AM converter circuit. All 7N1A chassis are mounted in the inverted position in the cabinet.

A. M. I. F. 455 KC.
F. M. I. F. 10.7 MC.

Voltages shown on schematic diagram.
All measurements, except some filament voltages, are taken with respect to chassis ground.

Admiral

Chassis 8S1, Models 561, 566, exact material.
Chassis 8S1A, Models 811, 816, include clock.

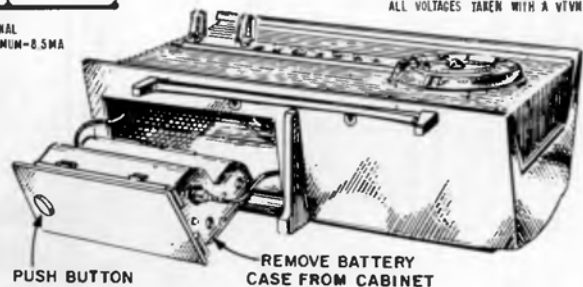


REMOVING CHASSIS

1. Remove 2 screws near front edge of cabinet bottom.
2. Remove 2 screws from upper section of cabinet back.
3. Pull chassis and front panel free of cabinet.

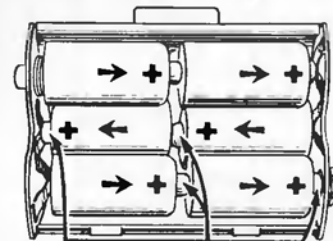
The speaker, volume and tone control, and printed chassis board are all fastened separately with screws to the front panel. Remove them individually as required by removing their mounting screws.

TOTAL CURRENT DRAIN WITH NO SIGNAL
AND VOLUME CONTROL SET AT MINIMUM - 8.5 MA



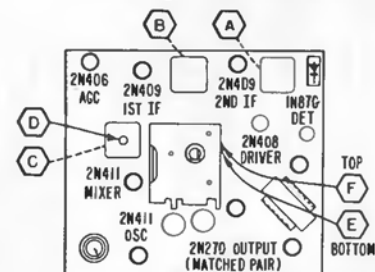
REMOVE BATTERY CASE FROM CABINET

Removing Battery Case.



CENTER CAPS (POSITIVE TERMINALS+)

Battery Case Showing Batteries in Correct Position.



NOTE: DOTTED LINES INDICATE ADJUSTMENT UNDER BOARD
Transistor and Alignment Locations.

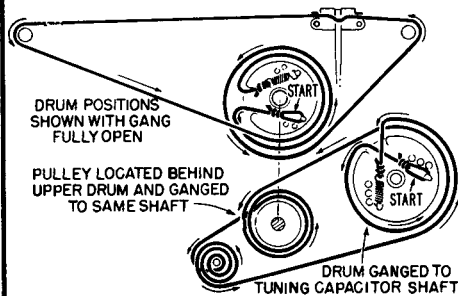
View of Printed Wiring Board. Gray area represents printed wiring, black symbols and lines represent components.

Admiral 12B1-12B1A-5T4A CHASSIS

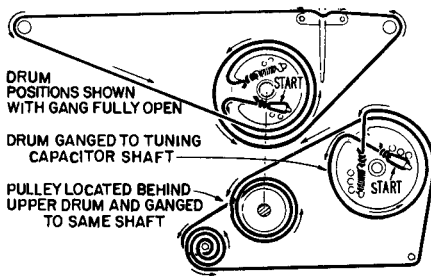
Models 632, 633, 634, 642, 643, 644, 649, 654, 662, 663, 664, 671, use Chassis 12B1. Chassis 12B1A has a different panel; used in later Model 649. Same model numbers with prefix SS use auxiliary stereo unit 5T4A.

(Additional material on pages 10-11)

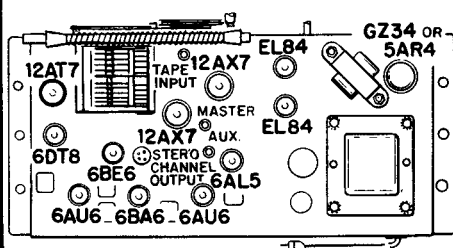
Run changes refer to 12B1 schematic diagram on next two pages.



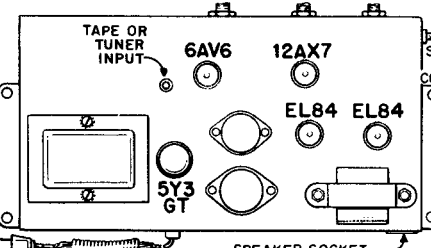
Stringing Diagram.
(Early Production)



Stringing Diagram.

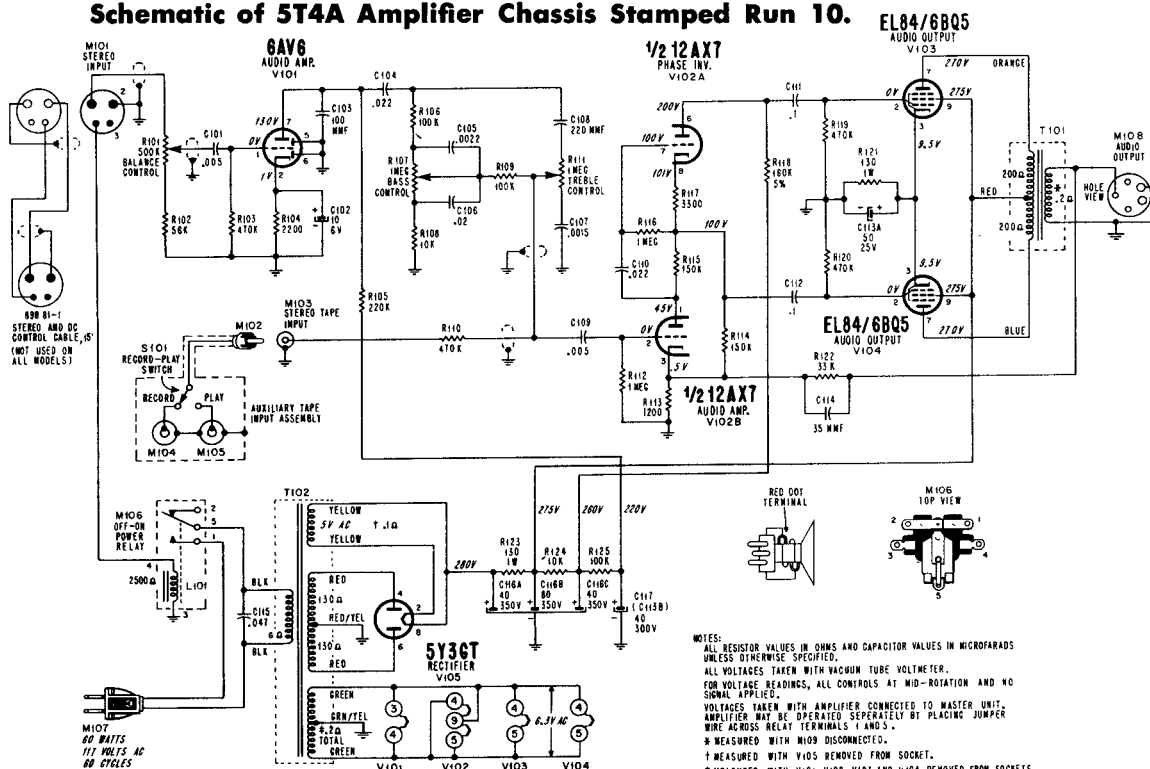


Top View of 12B1 Chassis, Tube Locations Shown.



Top View of 5T4A Chassis

Schematic of 5T4A Amplifier Chassis Stamped Run 10.



10 Start of production 12B1.

11 R25 (15K, 1W) changed to (22K, 1W) to permit full interchangeability 6BE6 tubes. R33 changed to (390K, 1/2W); R34 to (100K, 1/2W); and C39 to (1.002MF) to improve AM operation. R70 (470K, 1/2W) added between M11 and M12 to minimize rumble.

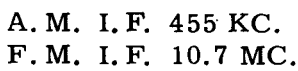
12 R70 (470K, 1/2W) removed to increase channel separation for stereo operation.

13 To insure proper operation of OFF-ON-POWER relay at low line voltages, R45 (39K, 2W) removed and R71 (33K, 2W) added in its place.

14 To reduce possibility of regeneration in strong signal areas, C18 (.02MF) and C21 (.02MF) removed. R72 (75K 5%) and R73 (75K, 5%) added to IF section. R65 (160K) connected to B+ 200V. For standardization of parts, C19A and B (dual .004MF; V2 screen and filament bypass) removed. C19 (.01MF) V2 screen bypass and C72 (.005MF) V2 filament bypass added. C22A and B (dual .004MF; V3 screen and filament bypass) removed. C22 (.01MF) V3 screen bypass and C73 (.005MF) V3 filament bypass added. C24A and B (dual .004MF; V4 screen and filament bypass) removed. C24 (.01MF) V4 screen bypass and C74 (.005MF) V4 filament bypass added. V8 changed to ECC83. For improved frequency response, C55 changed to .02MF; C64 changed to .02MF. C66 and C67 each changed to .02MF. C75 (.001MF) added from plate to screen of V12. To increase AM audio output, R33 changed to 100K and R34 changed to 390K. R74 (100K, 1W) added.

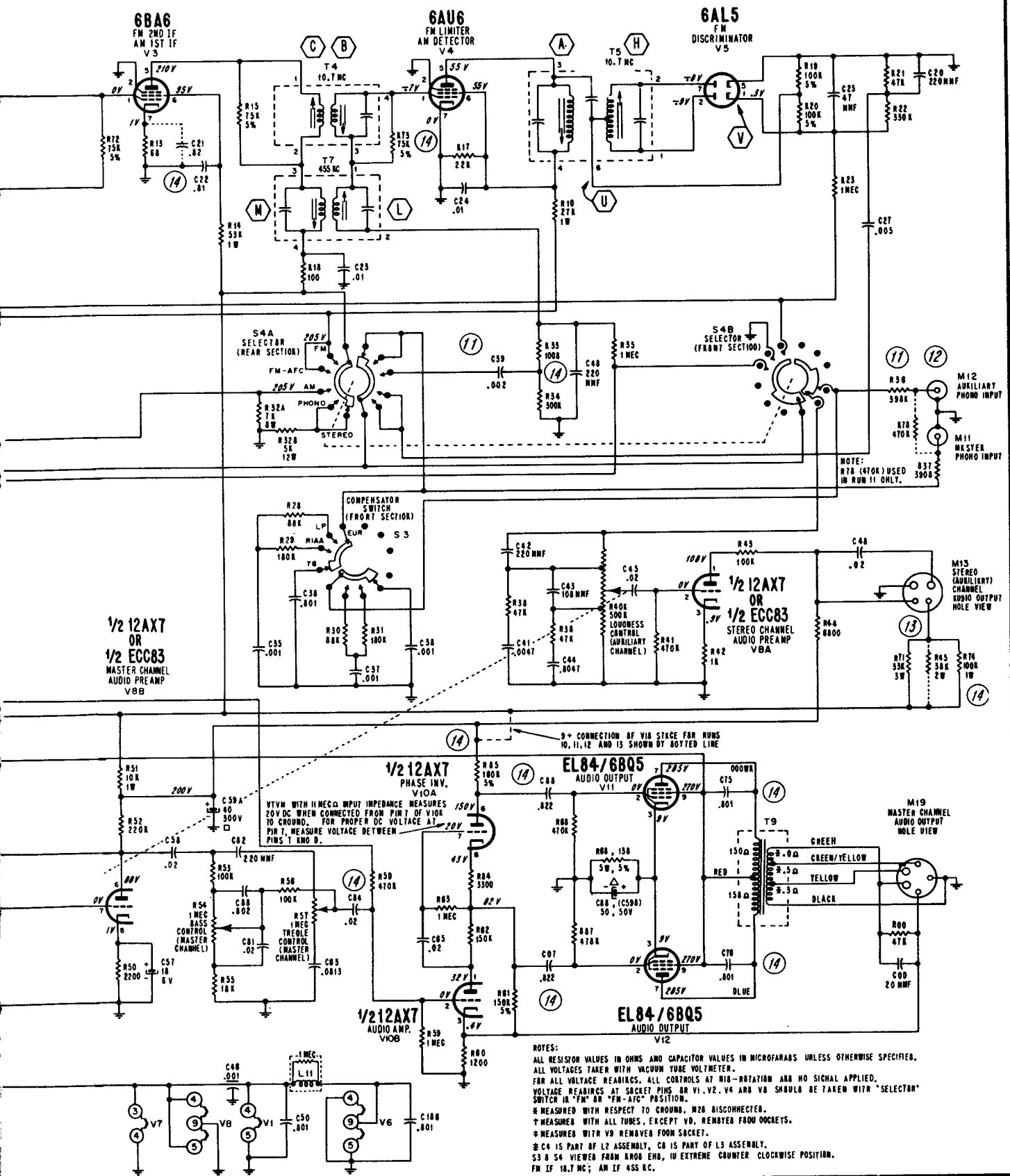
15 R75 (10 ohms, 1/2 watt) added between pin 2 of V1B and R2 to reduce possibility of RF regeneration.

ADMIRAL Schematic diagram of 12B1, 12B1A, Run 15, Continued



VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ADMIRAL Schematic Diagram of 12B1-12B1A Radio Chassis Stamped Runs 10 through 15.

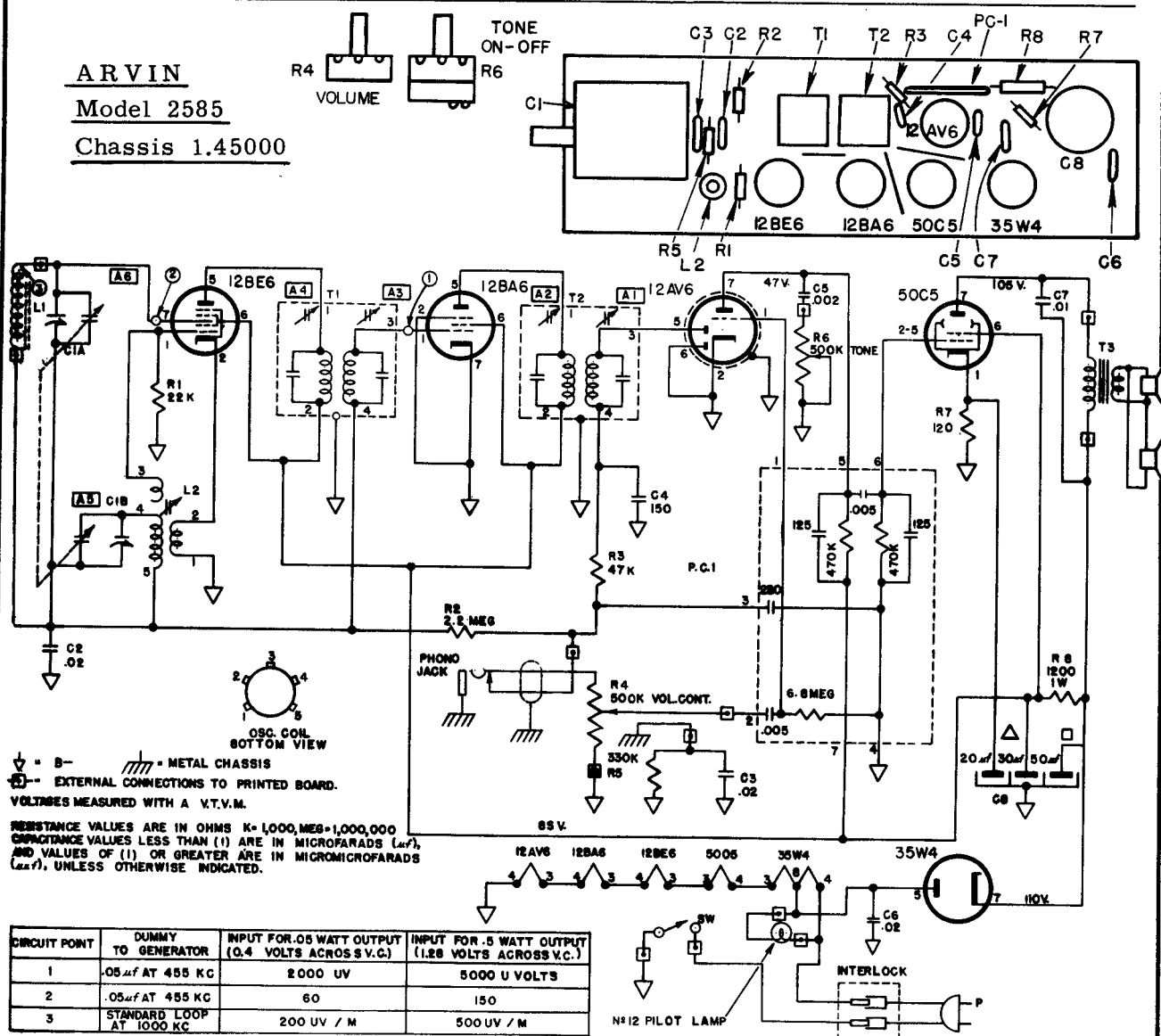


VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ARVIN

Model 2585

Chassis 1.45000



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter connection.....Across speaker voice coil
 Connection of generator ground lead Floating ground
 Position of Volume Control Fully clockwise

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output	Functions of Trimmer
Open	455	.05 μ f	Pin 7 12BE6	A1, A2, A3, A4	I.F.
Open	1670		* Test Loop	A5	Oscillator
1400	1400		* Test Loop	A6	Antenna
600	600		* Test Loop	Check Point	

* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.

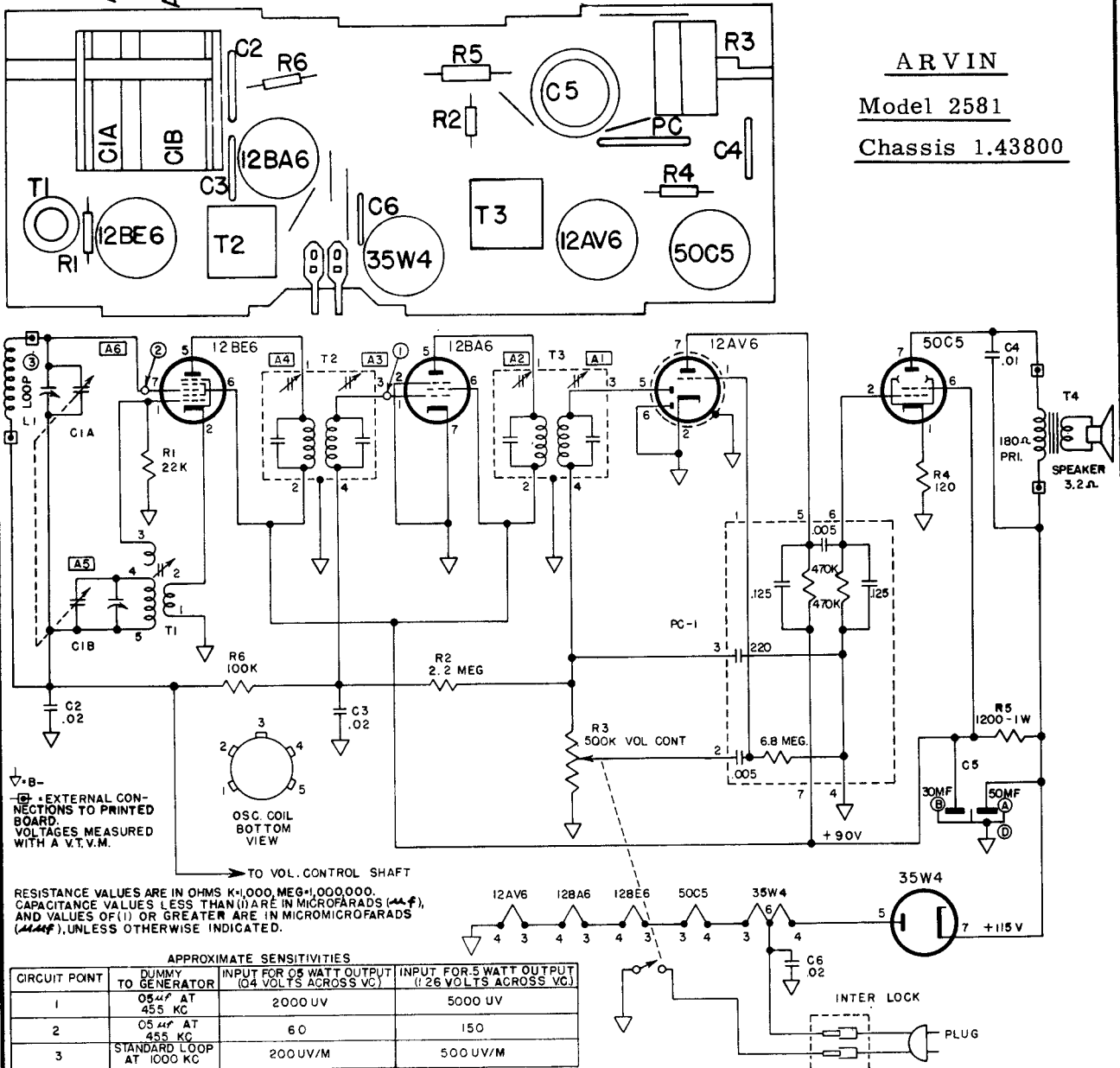
The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ARVIN

Model 2581

Chassis 1.43800



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE Output meter connection Across speaker voice coil
 Output meter reading to indicate 500 milliwatts (standard output)... 1.26 volts
 Connection of generator ground lead..... Floating ground
 Generator modulation 30% 400 cycles

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output	Function of Trimmer
Open	455 Kc	.05 μ fd	Pin 7 12BE6	A1, A2, A3, A4	I. F. Oscillator Antenna
Open	1670 Kc		* Test Loop	A5	
1400	1400 Kc		* Test Loop	A6	
1000	1000 Kc		* Test Loop	Fan C1A Plates	
600	600 Kc		* Test Loop	Fan C1A Plates	

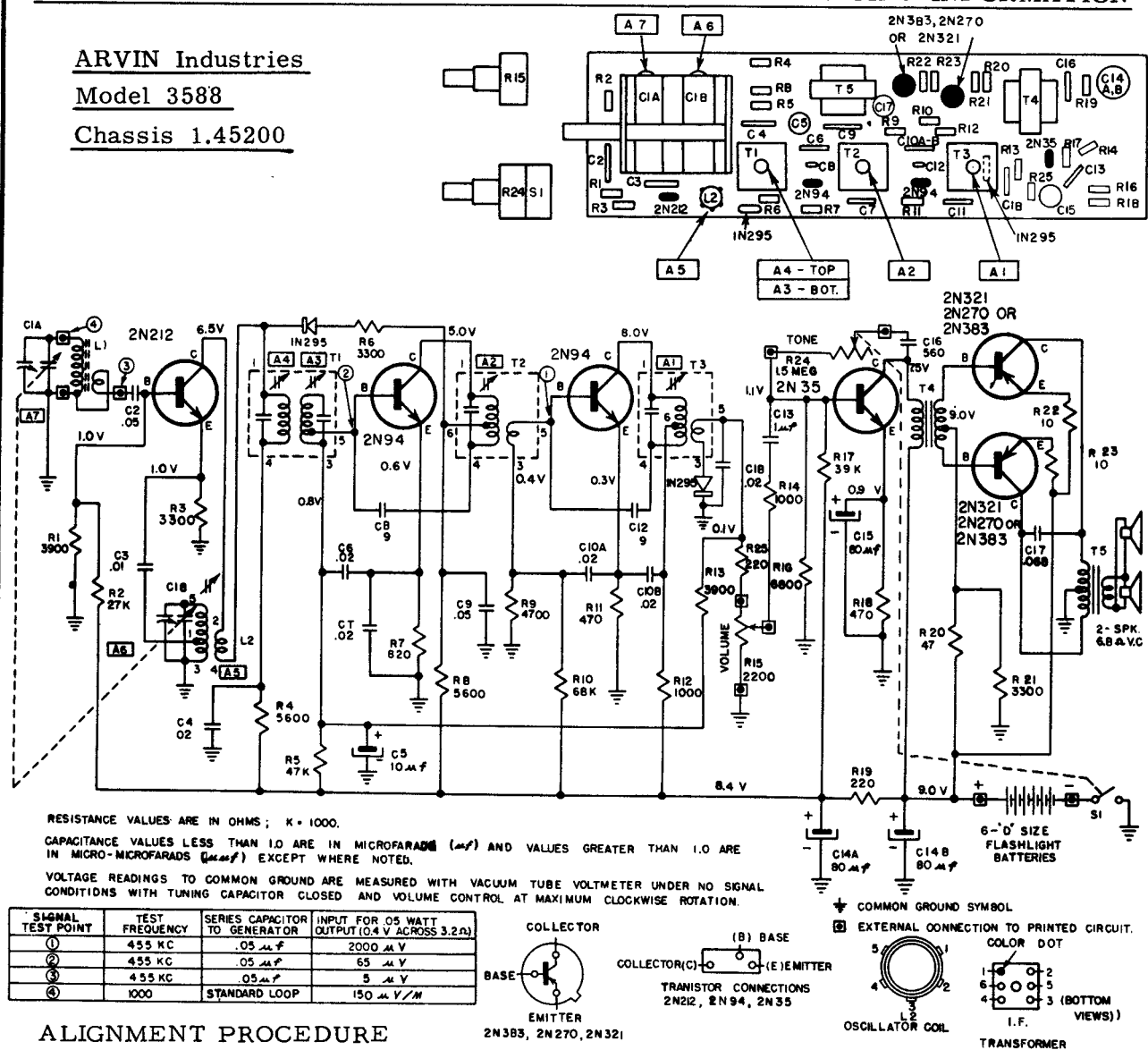
* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ARVIN Industries

Model 3588

Chassis 1.45200



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter reading to indicate 50 milliwatts 0.4V
Output meter connection..... Across speaker voice coil
Connection of generator ground lead..... Common Ground
Generator Modulation..... 30% 400 cycles
Position of volume control..... Fully clockwise

Position of Variable	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connections	Trimmers Adj. in order shown for Max. Output	Function of Trimmer
Open	455 Kc	.05 μf	C1A	A1 (Top of T3) A2 (Top of T2) A3 (Bottom of T1) A4 (Top of T1)	I. F. I. F. I. F. I. F.
Open	1670 Kc		*Test Loop	A6	Oscillator
1400 Kc	1400 Kc		*Test Loop	A7	Antenna
600 Kc	600 Kc		*Test Loop	Check Point	

*Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter r placed about one foot from the set loop.

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ARVIN Industries

Model 8584, Chassis 1.44600

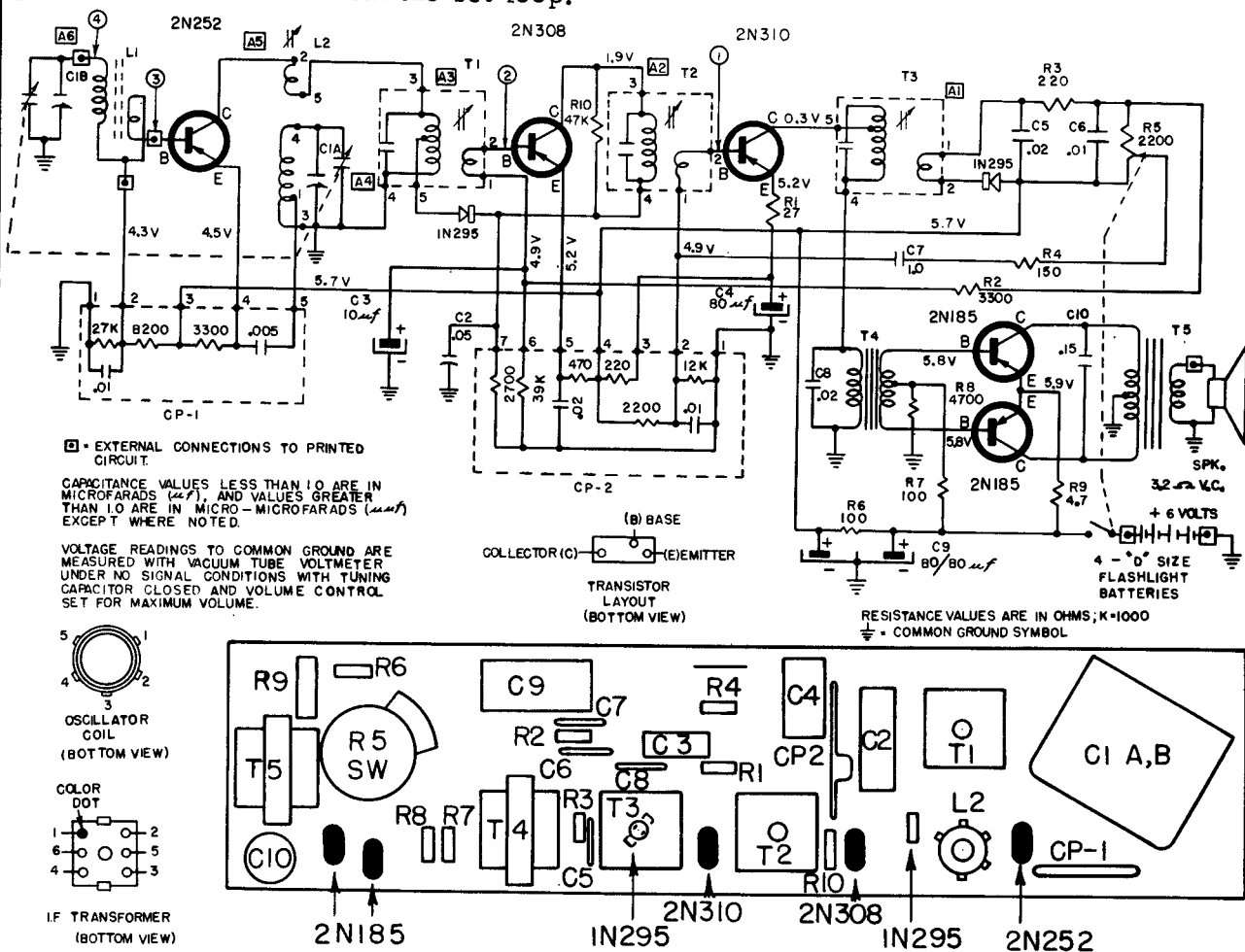
SIGNAL TEST POINT	TEST FREQUENCY	SERIES CAPACITOR TO GENERATOR	INPUT FOR .05 WATT OUTPUT (0.4 V ACROSS 3.2Ω)
①	455 KC	.05 μ f	5000 μ V
②	455 KC	.05 μ f	200 μ V
③	455 KC	.05 μ f	8 μ V
④	1000 KC	STANDARD LOOP	250 μ V/M

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter reading to indicate 50 milliwatts 0.4V
 Output meter connection Across speaker voice coil
 Connection of generator ground lead Common Ground
 Generator Modulation 30% 400 Cycles
 Position of volume control Fully Clockwise

Position of Variable	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connections	Trimmers Adj. in order shown for Max. Output	Function of Trimmer
Open	455 Kc	.05 μ f	C1A	A1 (Top of T3) A2 (Top of T2) A3 (Top of T1)	I. F.
Open	1670 Kc		*Test Loop	A4	I. F.
1400 Kc	1400 Kc		*Test Loop	A6	I. F.
600 Kc	600 Kc		*Test Loop	Check Point	Oscillator Antenna

*Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.



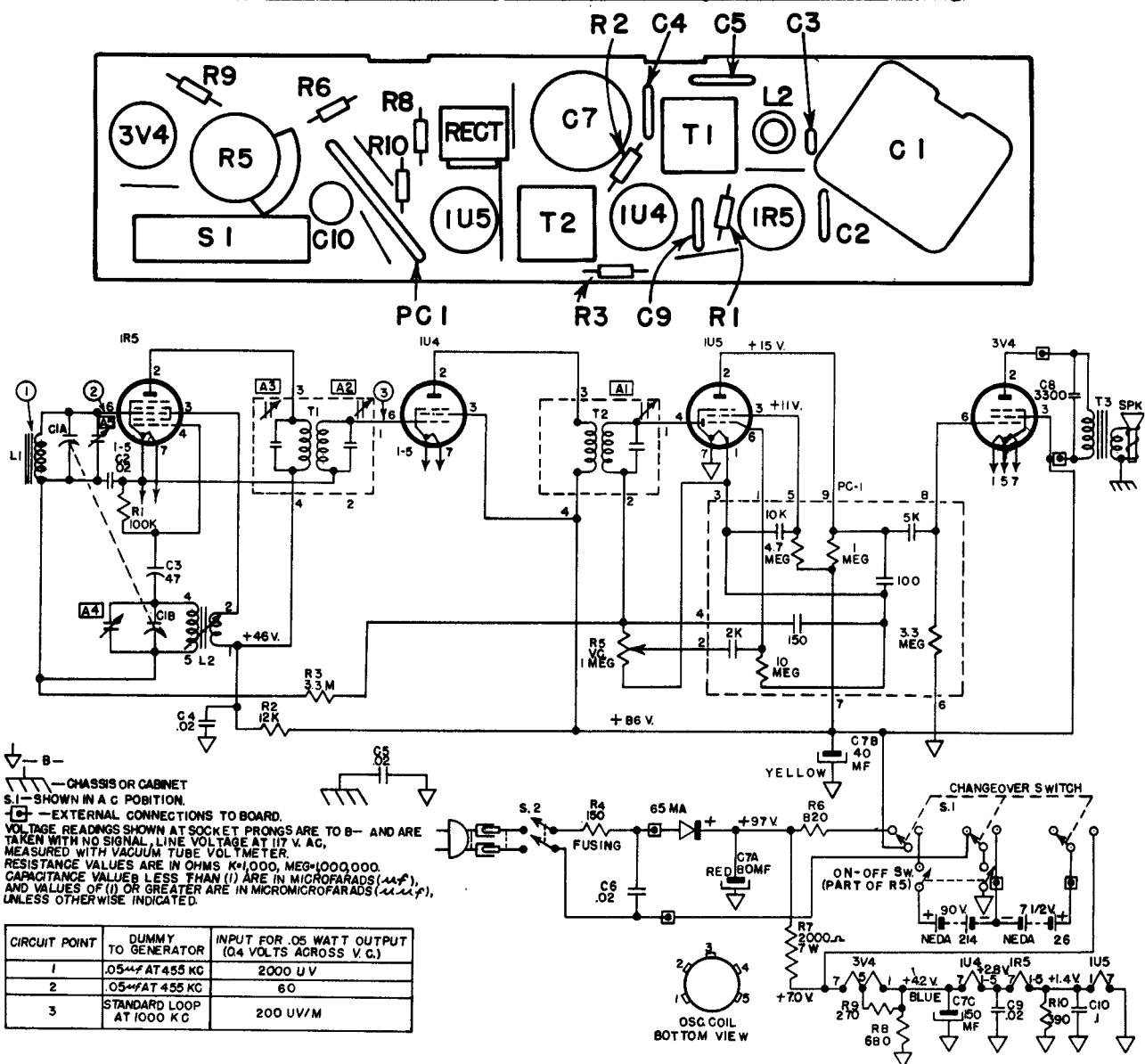
VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ARVIN Industries, Models 8581, 8583, Chassis 1.43700, 1.43900

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter reading to indicate .05 watt across voice coil 0.4 V
 Generator ground lead connected floating ground
 Generator modulation 30% 400 cycles
 Position of Volume Control fully on

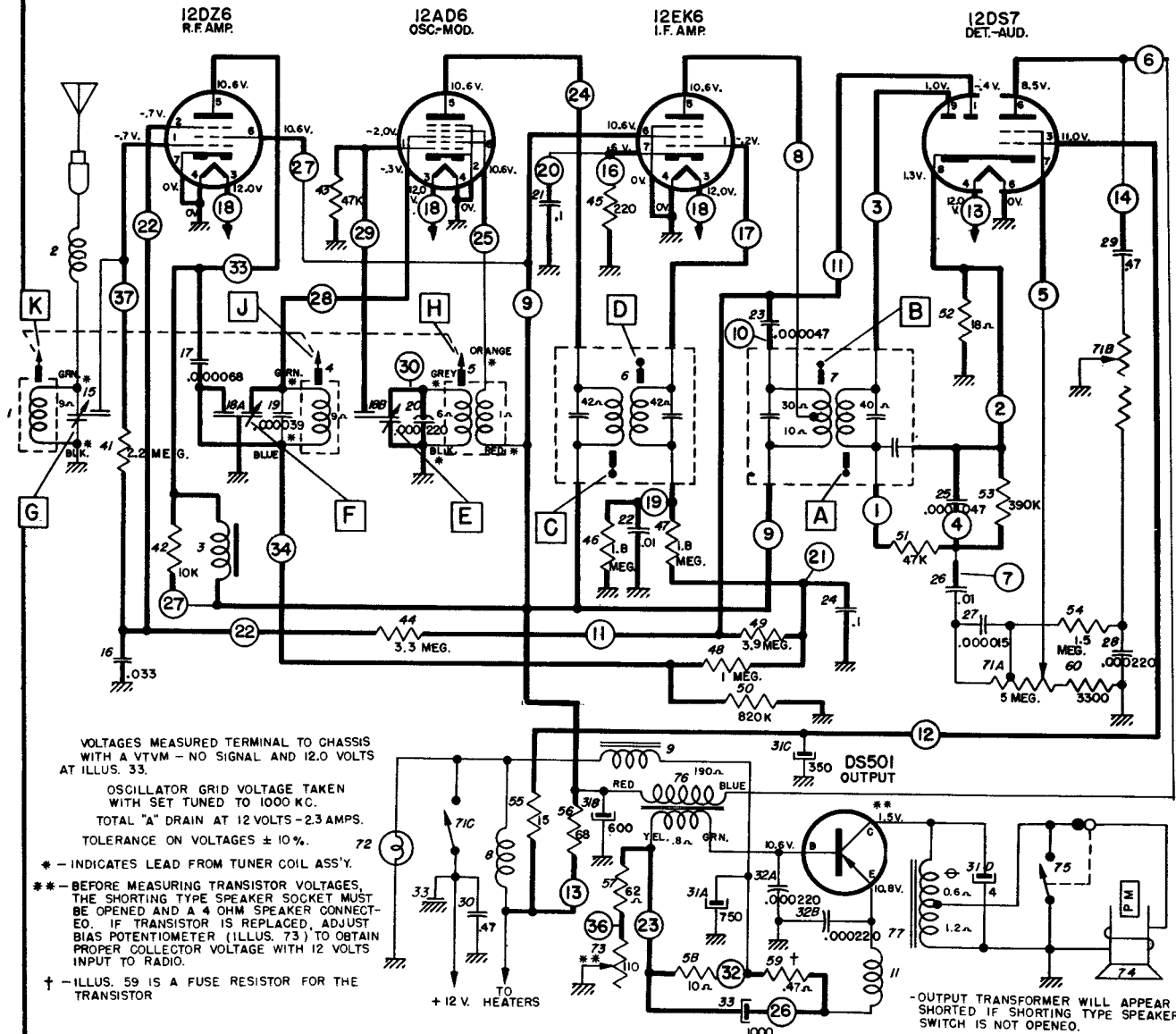
Position of Variable	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connections	Adjust Trimmers (In order shown)	Function of Trimmer
Open	455 Kc	.05 μ f	Mixer Grid	A1, A2, A3,	I. F.
Open	1670 Kc		Test Loop	A4	Oscillator
1400 Kc	1400 Kc		Test Loop	A5	Antenna
600 Kc	600 Kc		Test Loop	Check Point	



DELCO

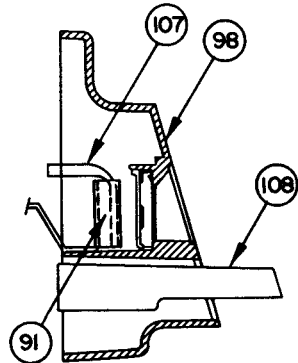
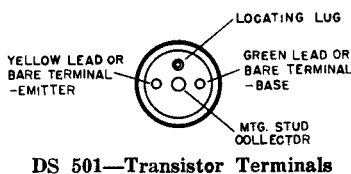
BUICK MODEL 981968

(Additional material on the next page adjacent at right)



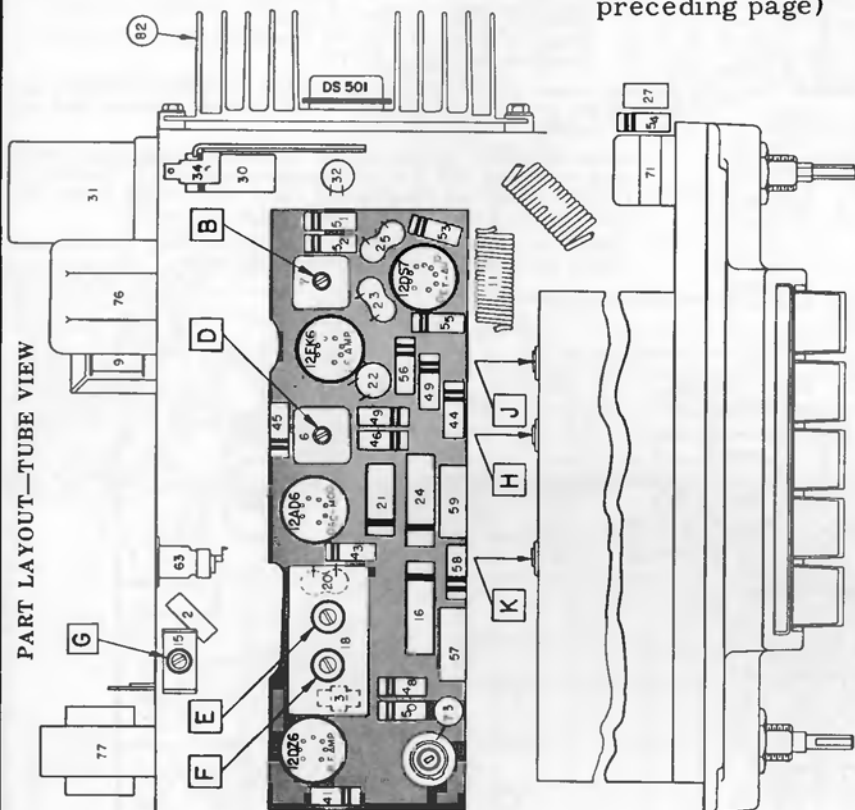
BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. Put ear next to speaker and turn radio on. If slight "thump" is heard as this is done, trouble is in tube stages—try new tubes.
2. If no "thump" at all is heard, measure voltage from transistor case to radio chassis. If 1-2 volts is present, transistor is operating normally and trouble is either in speaker, speaker interlock socket, or one of the tube circuits.
3. If no voltage is present in step 2, check transistor circuit and particularly the transistor fuse resistor, Illustration No. 59. This resistor is mounted between points 32 and 26 on circuit board and should measure less than 1 ohm.

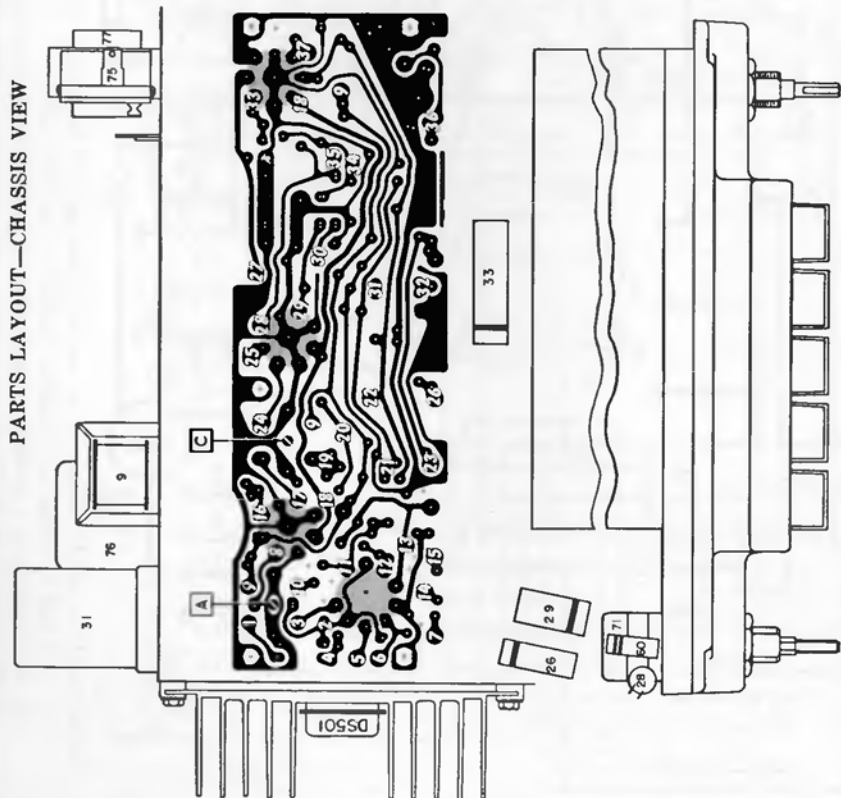


DELCOBUICK 981968
(Continued from
preceding page)

PART LAYOUT—TUBE VIEW



PARTS LAYOUT—CHASSIS VIEW



Continued on the next page,
adjacent at right.

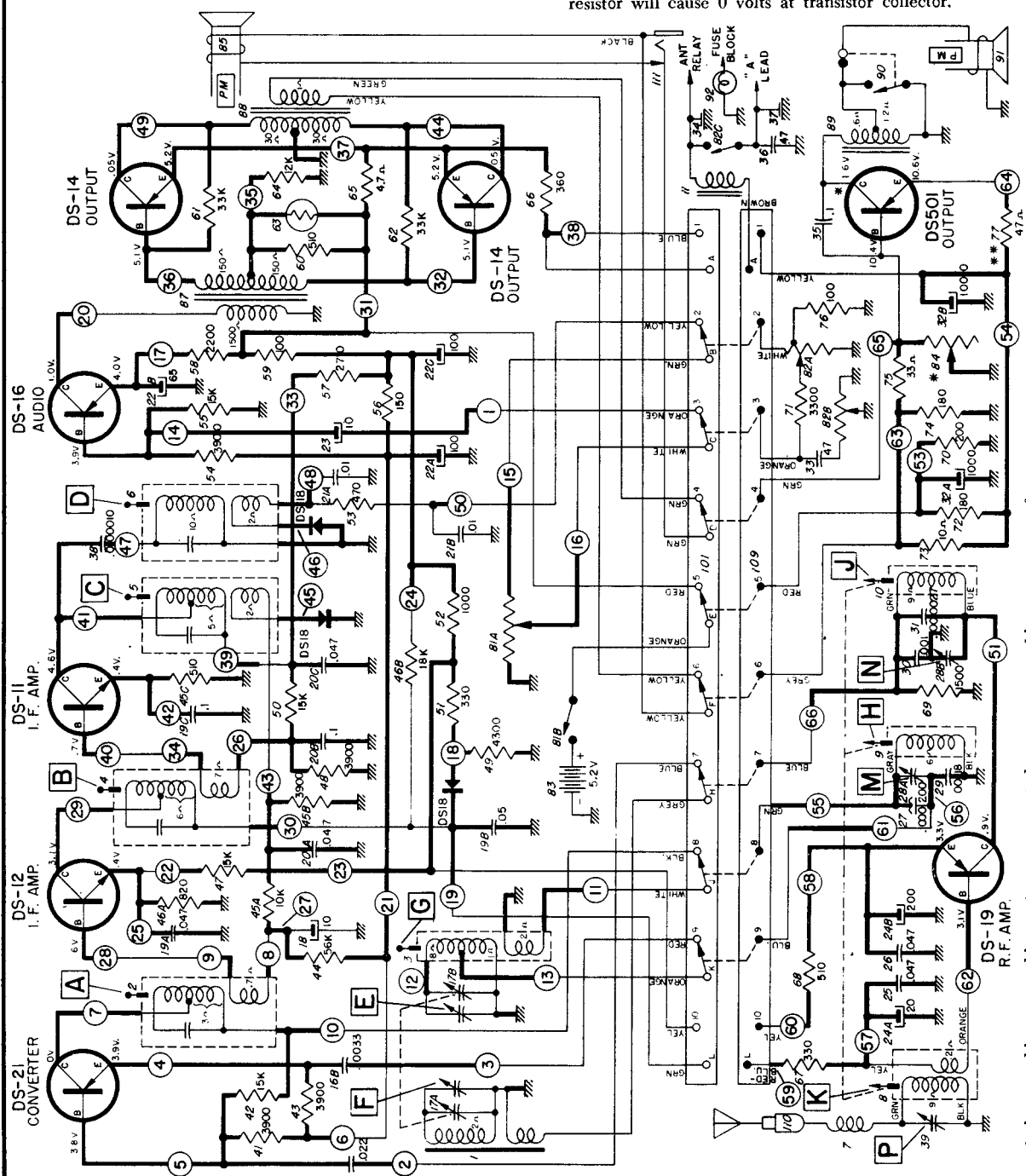
Voltages measured terminal to chassis with a VTVM—no signal. The portable unit voltages are taken with a battery voltage of 5.2 volts. Rack unit voltages taken with 12 volts at Illus. 37.

Total "A" Drain in Car 1.3 amps.
Total "A" Drain of Portable 6 ma.
Tolerance on Voltage $\pm 10\%$.

Resistances are $\pm 20\%$. Ohmmeter reading in transistor circuits are affected by meter battery polarity. Check in both directions and use highest reading.

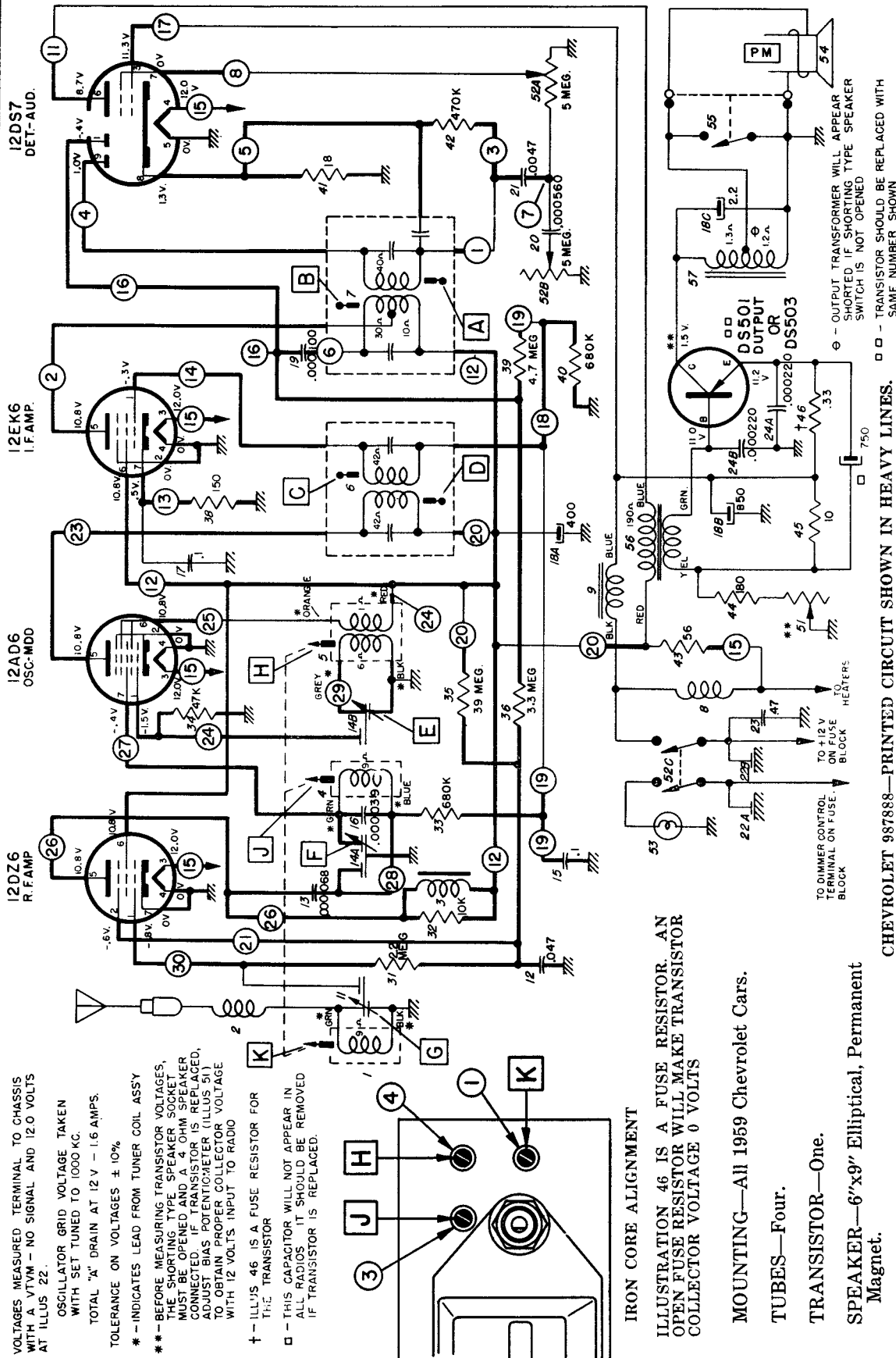
*—Before measuring transistor voltages, the shorting type speaker socket must be opened and a 4 ohm speaker connected. If transistor is replaced, adjust bias potentiometer (Illus. 84) to obtain proper collector voltage with 12 volts input to radio.

**—Illus. 77 is a fuse resistor for the DS 501 transistor. An open fuse resistor will cause 0 volts at transistor collector.



Isolate trouble to portable section or car unit by pulling portable section out of car.

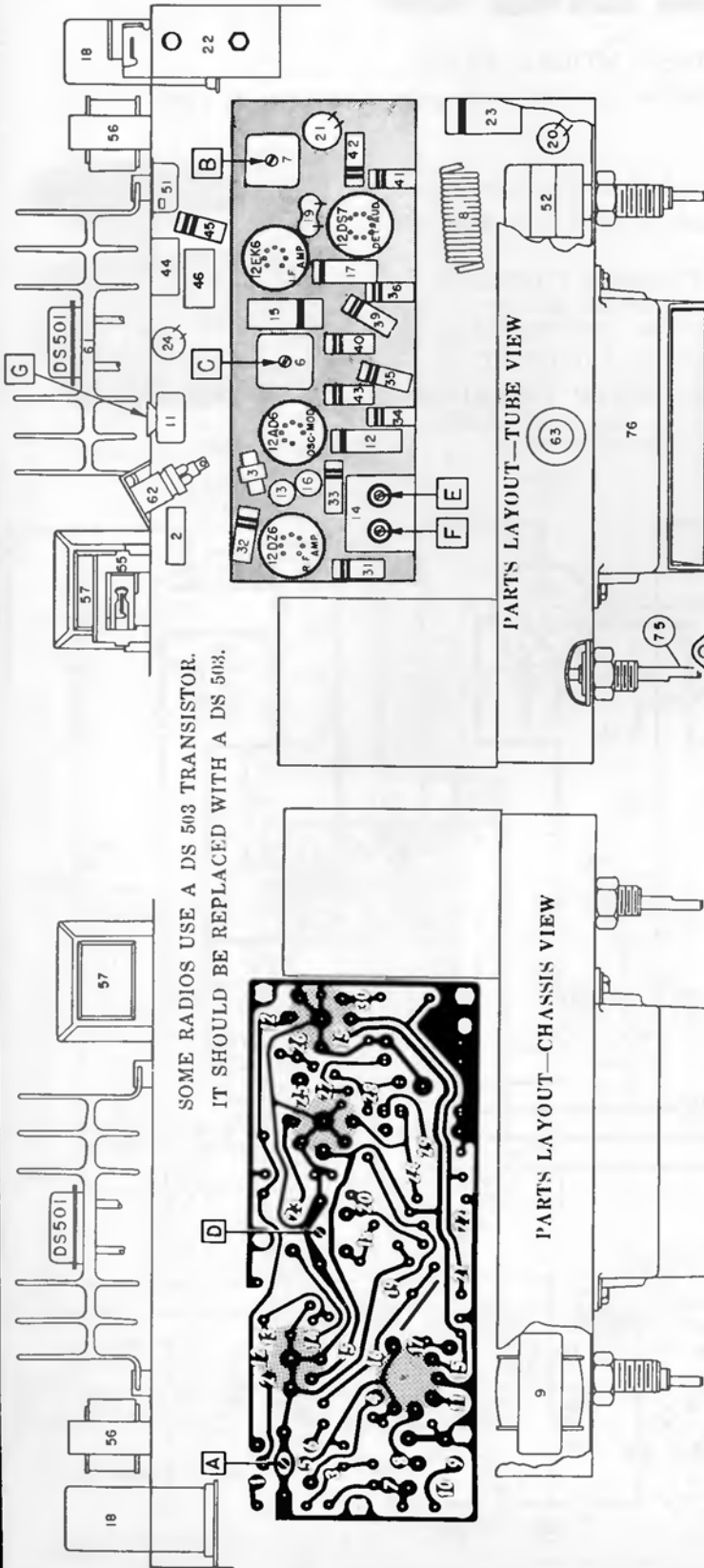
- A. If it fails to operate as a portable, trouble is in portable unit.
B. If it operates as a portable but not in the car, trouble is in car.
C. If it operates in car but not as a portable, check batteries, power switch, and antenna.



CHEVROLET MODEL 987888
(See next page for additional material)

DELCO

DELCO CHEVROLET MODEL 987888
(Continued from preceding page at left)



SOME RADIOS USE A DS 503 TRANSISTOR.
IT SHOULD BE REPLACED WITH A DS 503.

NUMBERS ON PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD CORRESPOND
WITH NUMBERS IN CIRCLES ON SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM.
CONNECT A. C. VOLT-METER ACROSS SPEAKER VOICE
COIL DURING ALIGNMENT.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

STEPS	SERIES CAPACITOR OR DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, C, D,
2	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G,
3	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K
4	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G

*Before making this adjustment check mechanical setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 1% from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) Core adjustment should be made with a non-metallic screw driver.

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC (see sticker on case.)

Output Meter Connections.....Across Voice Coil
Generator Return.....To Receiver Chassis
Dummy Antenna.....In Series With Generator
Volume Control Position.....Maximum Volume
Tone Control Position.....Treble Position
Generator Output.....Minimum for Readable Indication

DELCO

CHEVROLET MODEL 987888

(Continued)

DELCO

CHEVROLET MODEL 987891

(For additional material see the next page adjacent at right)

GENERAL

MOUNTING—All 1959 Chevrolet Cars.

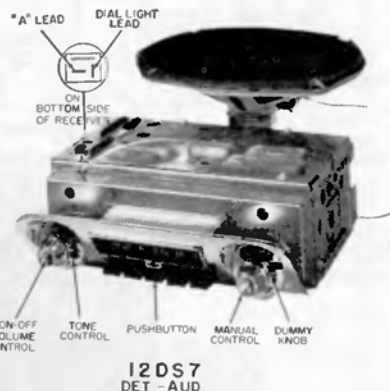
TUNING—Manual and 5 P. B. Mechanical.

ANTENNA TRIMMER COMPENSATION—for Antennas Between 0.000050 - .000100 Mfd.

TUNING RANGE—540-1600 KC.

PUSH BUTTON SETUP PROCEDURE

Pull Push Button out. Tune in desired station manually. Push button all the way in.



VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM - NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 29

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH SET TUNED TO 1000 KC.

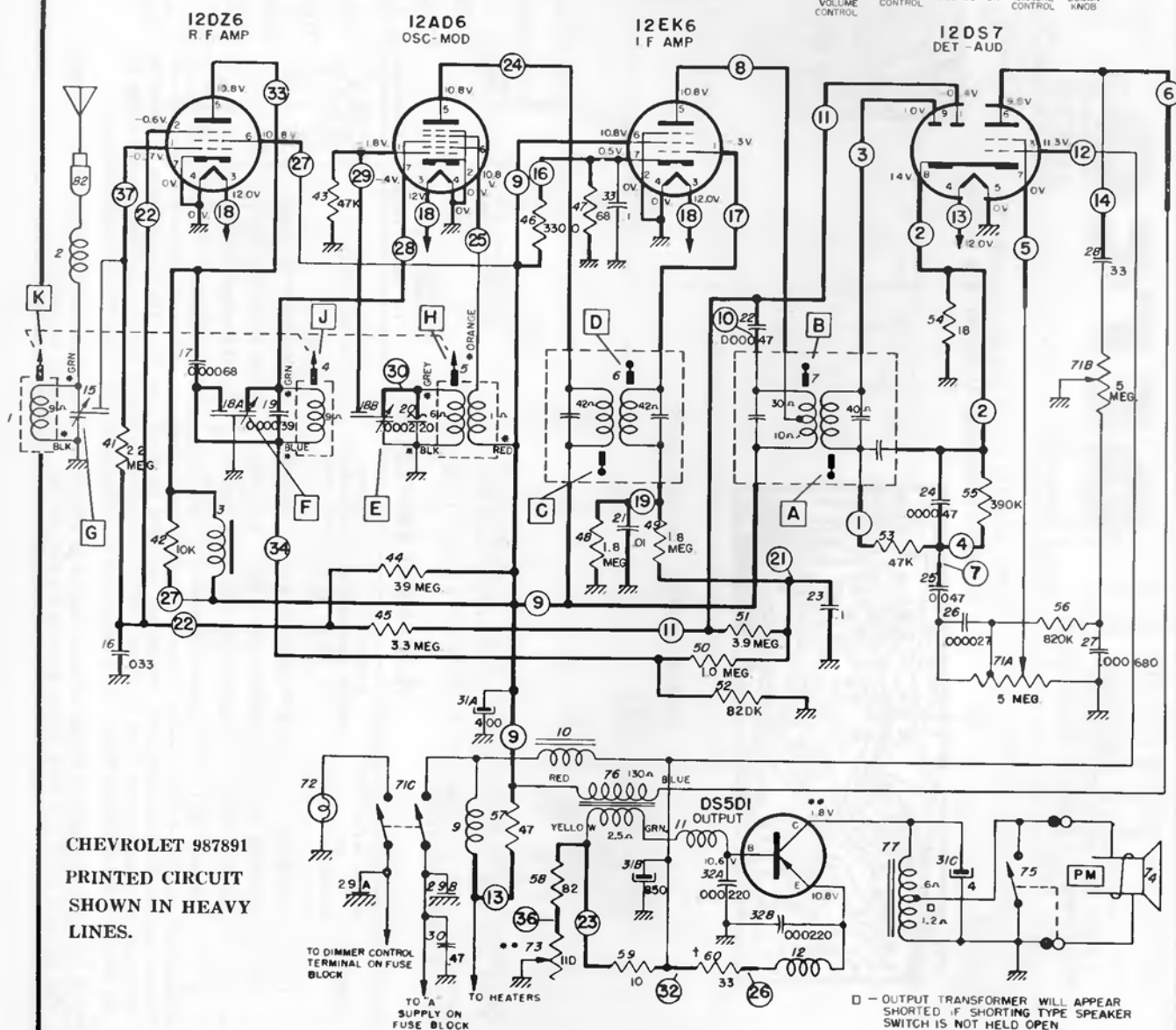
TOTAL "A" DRAIN AT 12 V - 2.2 AMPS.

TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES $\pm 10\%$

• - INDICATES LEAD FROM TUNER COIL ASS'Y

•• - BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES, THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER (ILLUS. 73) TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS INPUT TO RADIO

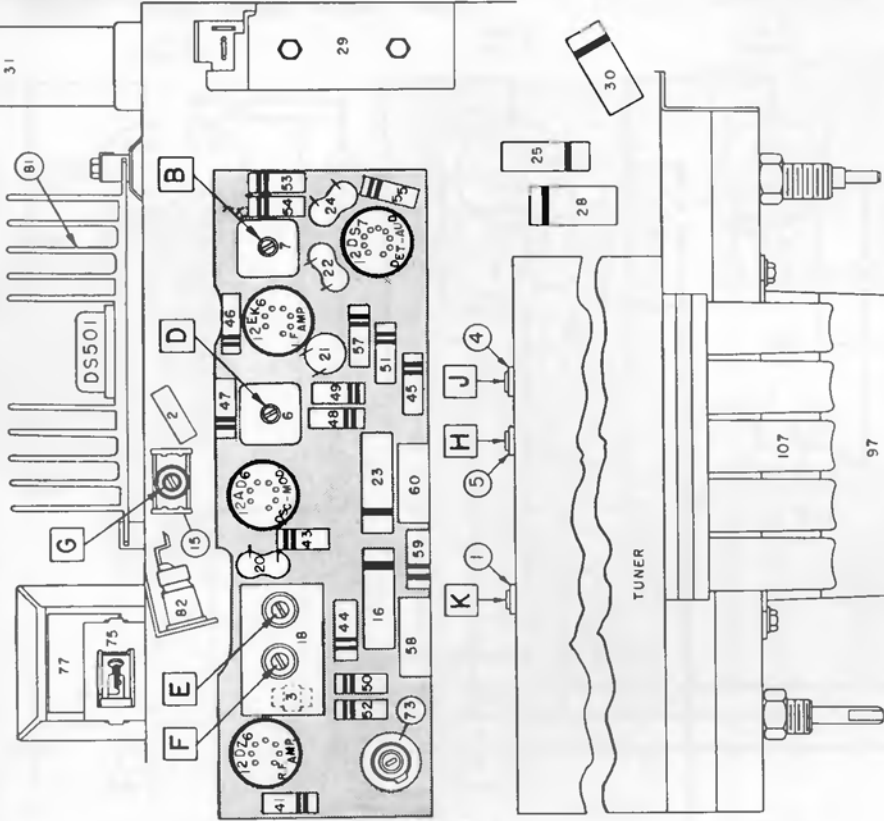
† - ILLUS. 60 IS A FUSE RESISTOR FOR THE TRANSISTOR



DELCO

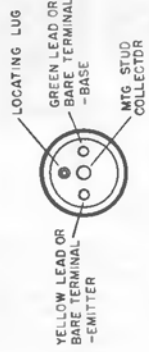
CHEVROLET MODEL 987891
(Continued from preceding page)

PARTS LAYOUT—TUBE VIEW



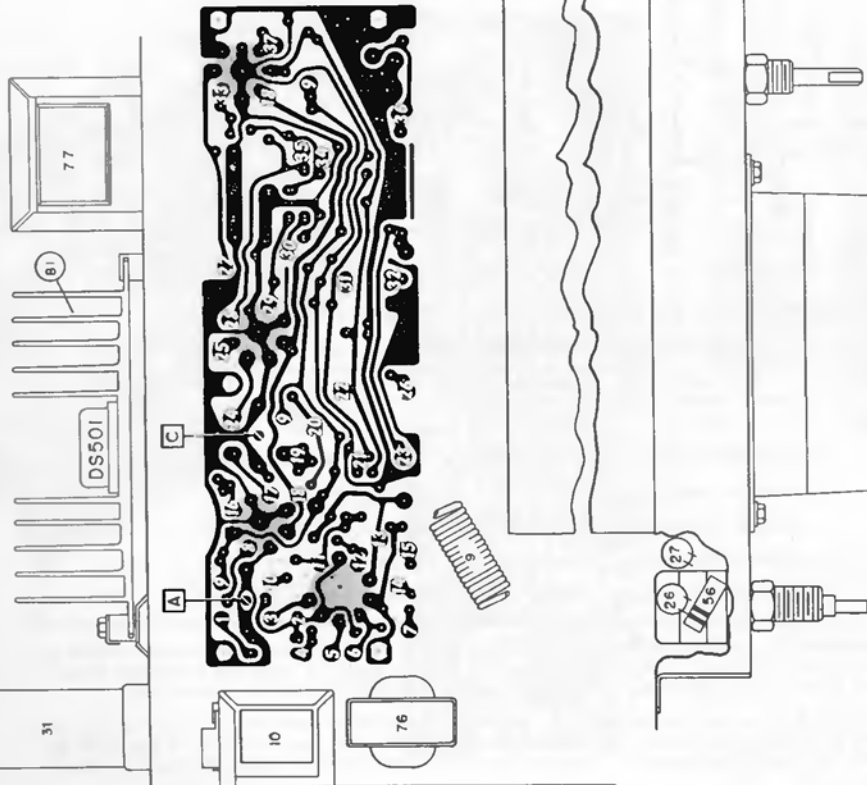
BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

1. Put ear next to speaker and turn radio on; if slight "thump" is heard as this is done, trouble is not in transistor stage—try new tubes.
2. If no "thump" at all is heard, measure voltage from transistor case to radio chassis. If 1-2 volts is present, transistor is operating normally and trouble is either in speaker or one of the tube circuits.
3. If no voltage is present in step 2, check transistor circuits and particularly the transistor fuse resistor, Illustration No. 60. This resistor is mounted between points 32 and 26 on circuit board



DS 501—Transistor Terminals

PARTS LAYOUT—CHASSIS VIEW



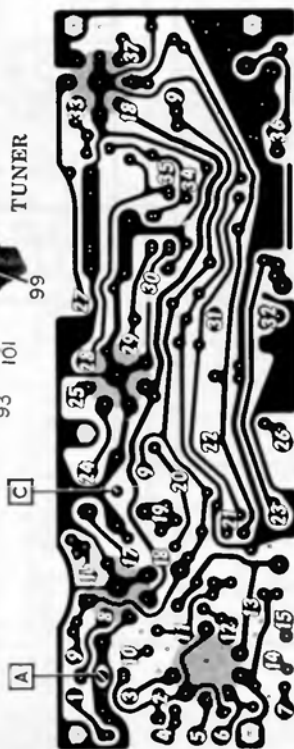
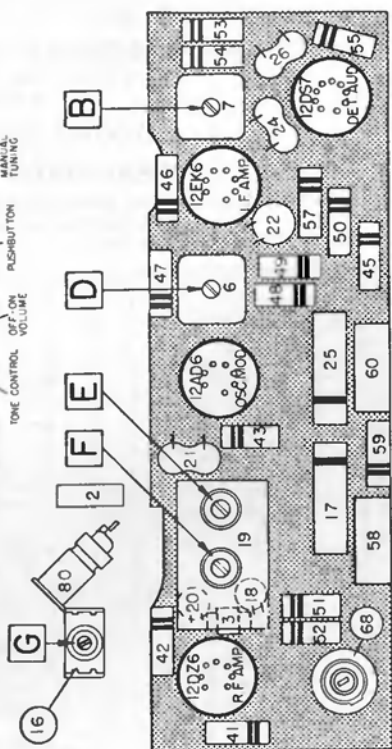
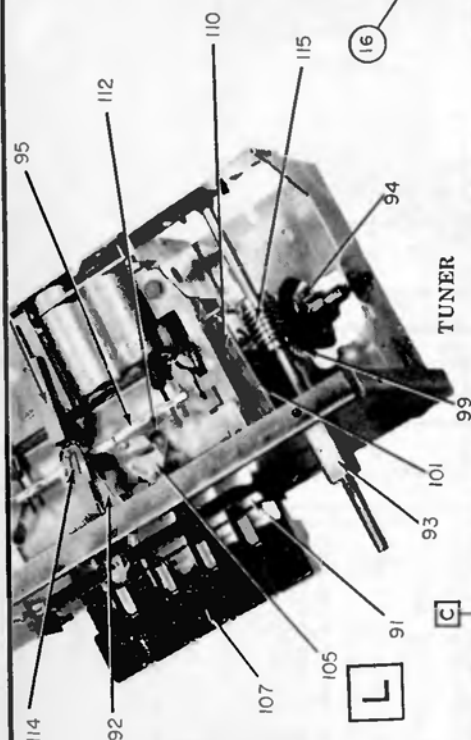
NOTE: ILLUS. 60 IS FUSE RESISTOR. OPEN FUSE RESISTOR MAKES TRANSISTOR COLLECTOR VOLTAGE 0 VOLTS.

CONNECT A. C. VOLTMETER ACROSS SPEAKER VOICE COIL DURING ALIGNMENT. NUMBERS ON PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD CORRESPOND WITH NUMBERS IN CIRCLES ON SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM.

ILLUS. 17, 19, AND 42 ARE LOCATED UNDER SHIELD OF DUAL TRIMMER ILLUS. 18.

Follow alignment procedure shown for Buick Model 981968, but use the above drawings for location of trimmers.

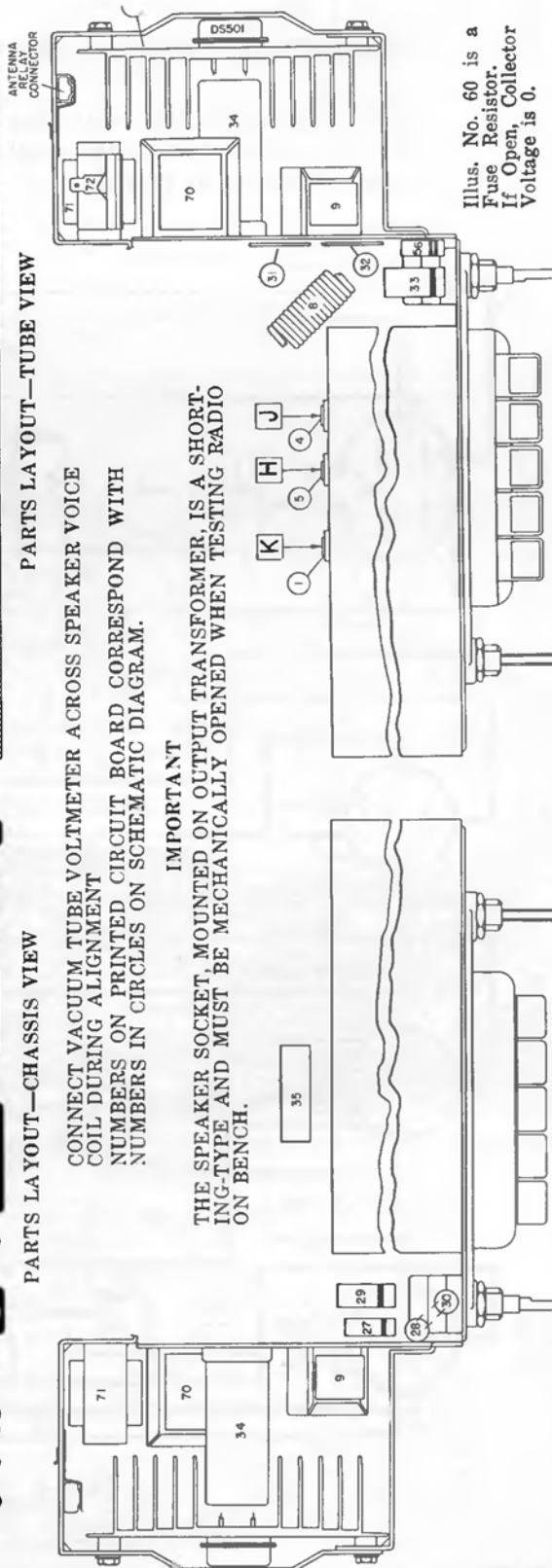
PONTIAC MODEL 988976
(Continued from preceding page at left)



PARTS LAYOUT—CHASSIS VIEW

CONNECT VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER ACROSS SPEAKER VOICE COIL DURING ALIGNMENT

PARTS LAYOUT—TUBE VIEW



Illus. No. 60 is a Fuse Resistor. If Open, Collector Voltage is 0.

IMPORTANT
THE SPEAKER SOCKET, MOUNTED ON OUTPUT TRANSFORMER, IS A SHORTING-TYPE AND MUST BE MECHANICALLY OPENED WHEN TESTING RADIO ON BENCH.

DELCO

OLDSMOBILE MODEL 989170

(For alignment and additional service information see next page adjacent at right)

GENERAL

MOUNTING—All 1959 Oldsmobile Cars.

SPEAKER—6"x9" Elliptical, Permanent Magnet.

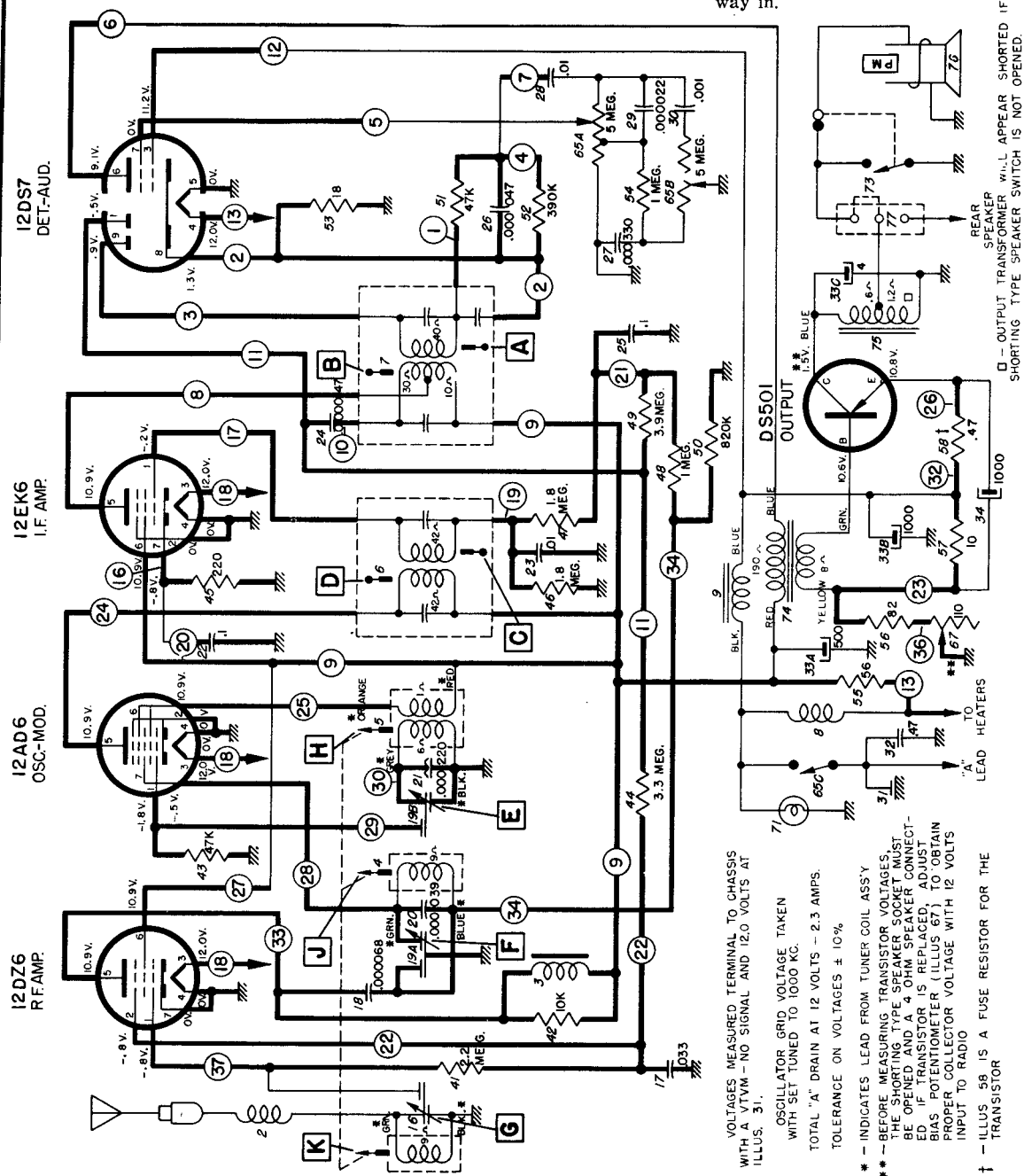
TUNING—Manual and 5 P. B. Mechanical.

ANTENNA TRIMMER COMPENSATION—for Antennas Between 0.000050 - 0.000090 Mfd.

TUNING RANGE—540-1600 KC.

PUSHBUTTON SETUP PROCEDURE

Pull Pushbutton to the left and out. Tune in desired station manually. Push button all the way in.



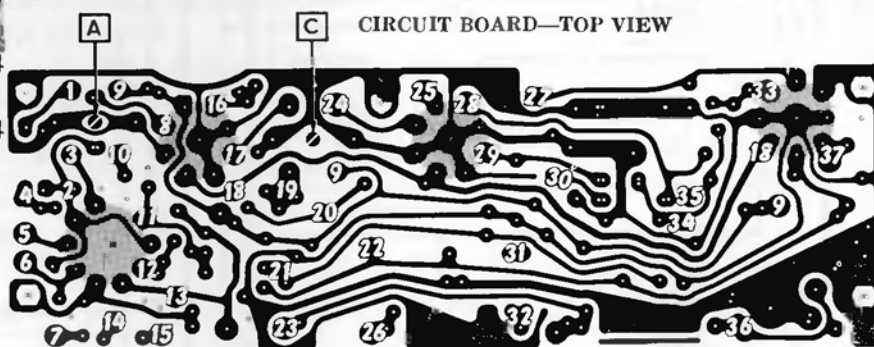
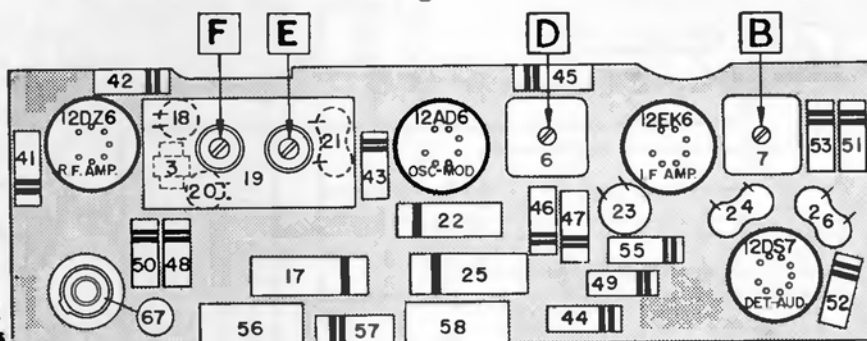
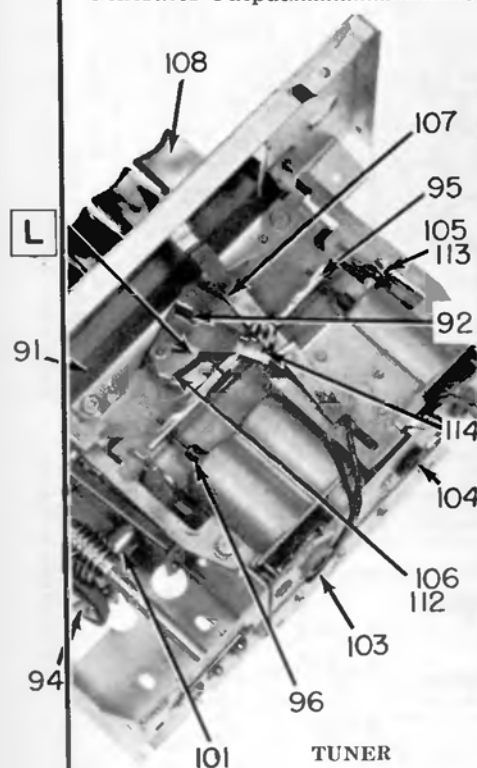
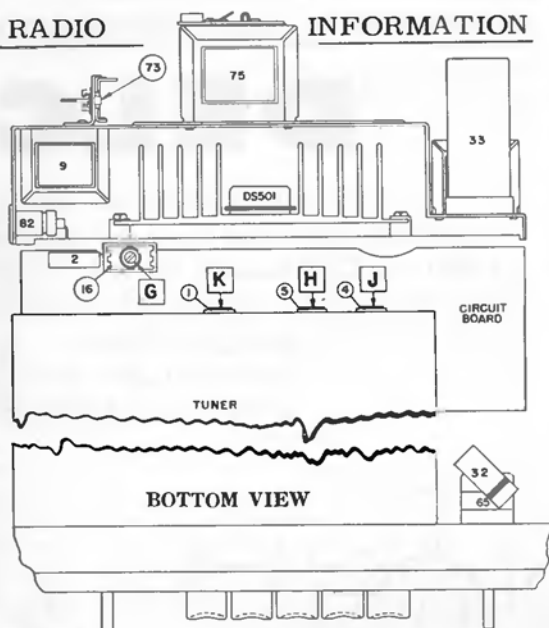
DELCO

OLDSMOBILE MODEL 989170

(Continued from preceding page)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE:

Output Meter Connections.....Across Voice Coil
 Generator Return.....To Receiver Chassis
 Dummy Antenna.....In Series With Generator
 Volume Control Position.....Maximum Volume
 Tone Control Position.....Treble Position
 Generator Output.....Minimum for Readable Indication



WHITE NUMBERS ON PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD DRAWING CORRESPOND TO NUMBERS ENCIRCLED ON SCHEMATIC.

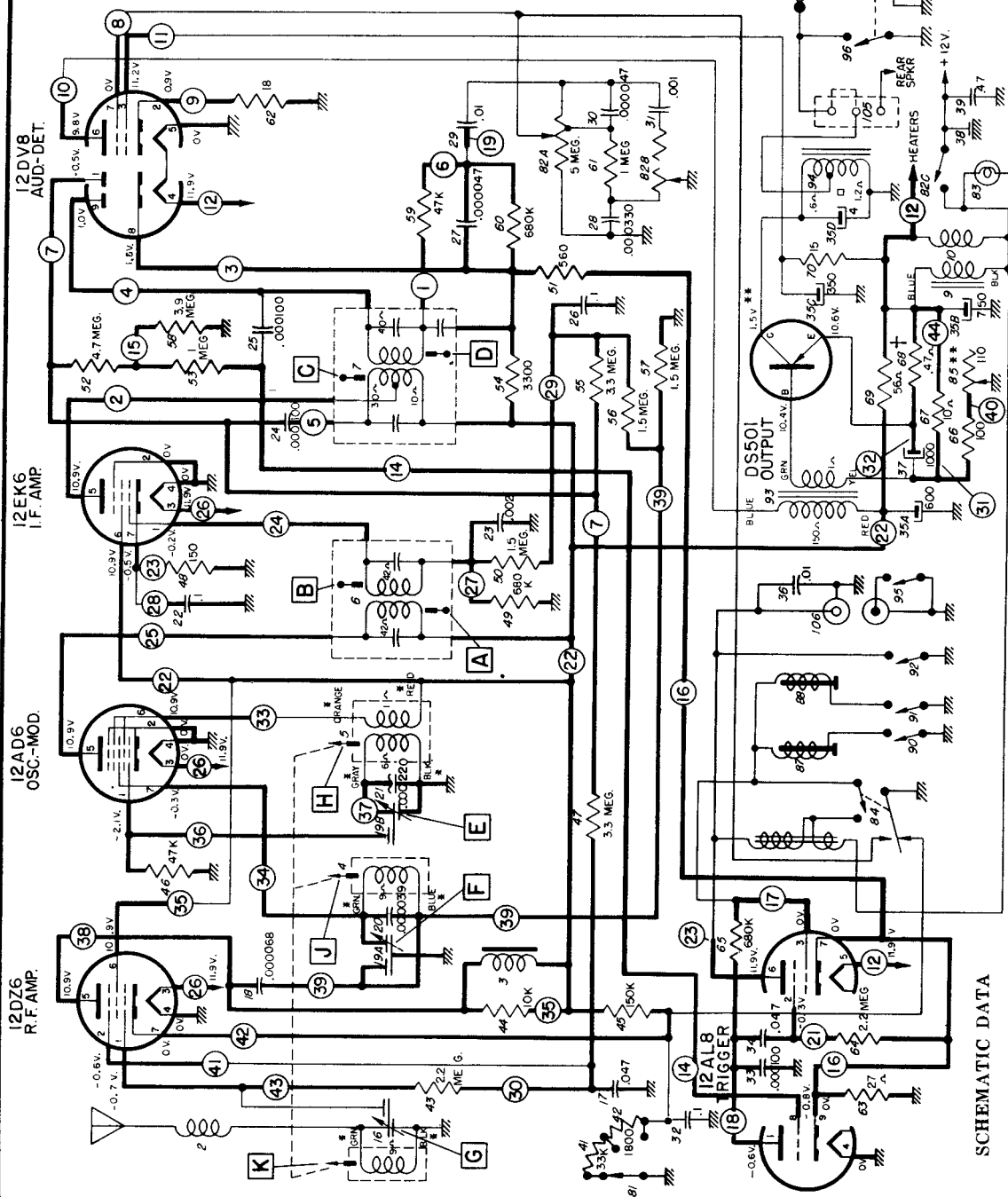
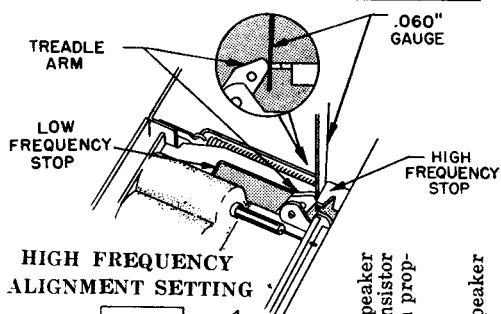
STEPS	SERIES CAPACITOR OR DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, C, D
2	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G
3	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K
4	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G
5	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1100 KC	Signal Generator Signal	L**

*Before making this adjustment check mechanical setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 1/8" from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) Core adjustment should be made with a non-metallic screwdriver.

**L is the pointer adjustment which is on the connecting link, between the pointer assembly and core guide bar (See tuner Dwg.). It should be adjusted so that when looking directly at the dial the pointer is on the 1100 KC mark. This setting is to give the correct relationship between the pointer and the dial when the radio is installed in a car.

Material below and the page adjacent at right is exact for Oldsmobile 989171. The following sets are practically the same electrically.

BUICK 981969,
CHEVROLET 987893,
PONTIAC 988977



SCHEMATIC DATA

Voltages measured terminal to chassis with a VTVM - No signal and 12.0 volts at Illustration 38.

Oscillator grid voltage taken with set tuned to 1000 kc.

Oscillator grid voltage taken with set 1

Total "A" drain at 12 volts - 2.6 amps.

Tolerance on voltages $\pm 10\%$.

*—Indicates lead from tuner coil assembly.

***—Before measuring transistor voltages, the shorting type speaker socket must be opened and a 4 ohm speaker connected. If transistor is replaced, adjust bias potentiometer (Illustration 85) to obtain proper collector voltage with 12 volts input to radio.

+—Illustration 68 is a fuse resistor for the transistor.
□—Output transformer may appear shorted if shorting socket is not held open.

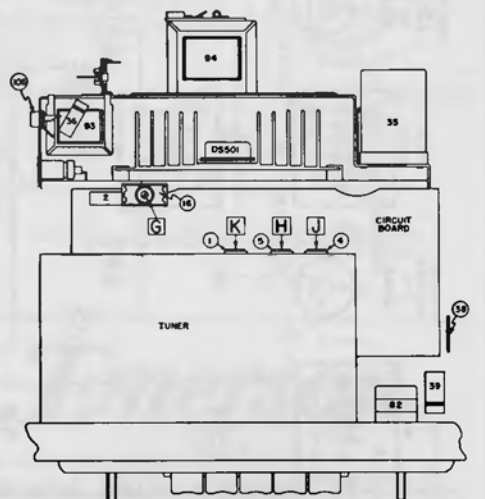
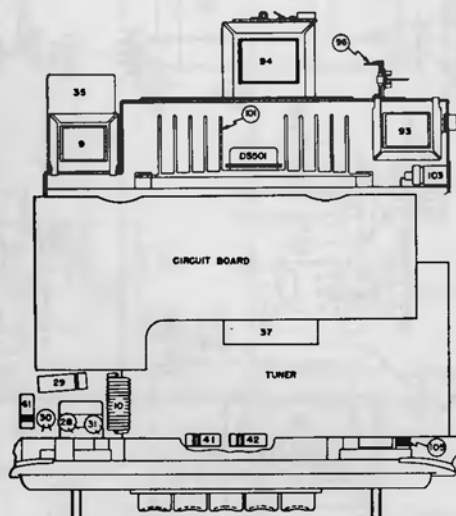
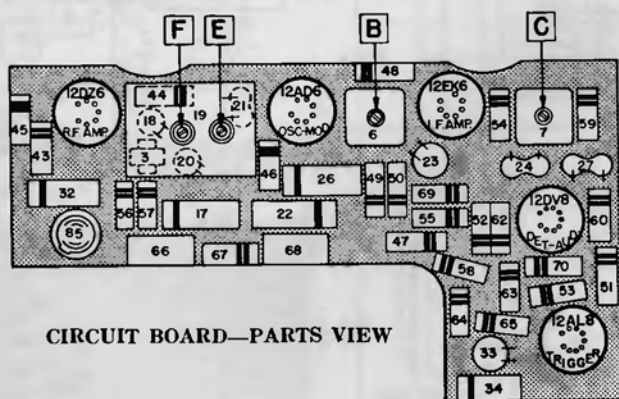
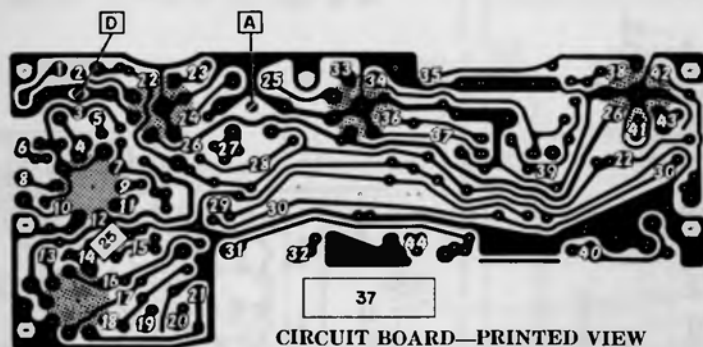
OLDSMOBILE 989171 PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

DELCO OLDSMOBILE 989171 (Continued)

For list of similar models, see preceding page.

WHITE NUMBERS ON PRINTED CIRCUIT DRAWING CORRESPOND TO THE ENCIRCLED NUMBERS ON SCHEMATIC.



SIGNAL SEEKING TUNER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

NOTE: When aligning the signal seeker tuner type radio, be sure to use a vacuum tube voltmeter as indicated.

Output Meter Connection.....VTVM from AVC line
(#27 Island-Circuit Board) To Chassis
Generator Return.....Receiver Chassis
Dummy Antenna.....In Series With Generator
Sensitivity Control.....Maximum
Volume Control.....Maximum Volume
Tone Control.....Treble
Generator Output.....Not to exceed 2 volts at VTVM

STEP	DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR OUTPUT INDICATED
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin 7)	262 KC	*High Frequency Stop	A, B, C (Max.), D (Min.)
2	.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	**E, F, G (Max.)
3	.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K (Max.)
4	.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	Signal Generator Signal	F, G (Max.)
5	.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1100 KC	Signal Generator Signal	***L

*To tune to high frequency, put a .070" feeler gauge in slot against the high frequency stop. (See Page 30. Depress station selector bar and allow the treadle bar arm to run against the feeler gauge. Turn the radio off and then back on. This positions the tuner near the point where the treadle switch closes.

**Before making this adjustment, check the setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 1 1/8" from the mounting end of the coil form. This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form. The core adjustment is made from the mounting end of the coil form with a non-metallic screwdriver.

***"L" is the pointer adjustment slot on the pointer assembly—adjust so pointer reads 1100 KC.

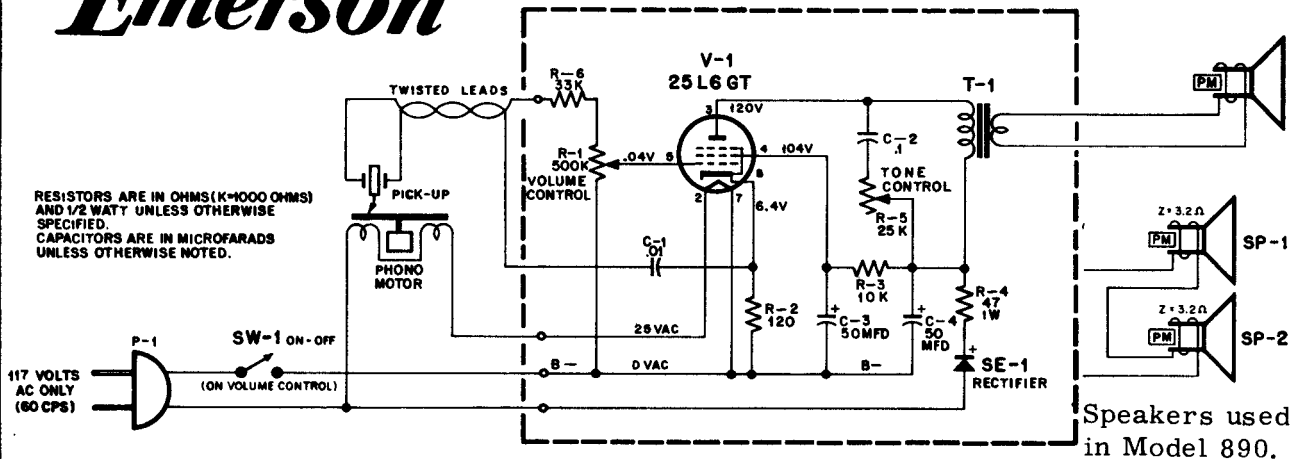
With the radio installed and the antenna plugged in, adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC (see sticker on case.)



Model 877, Chassis 120392B

Emerson

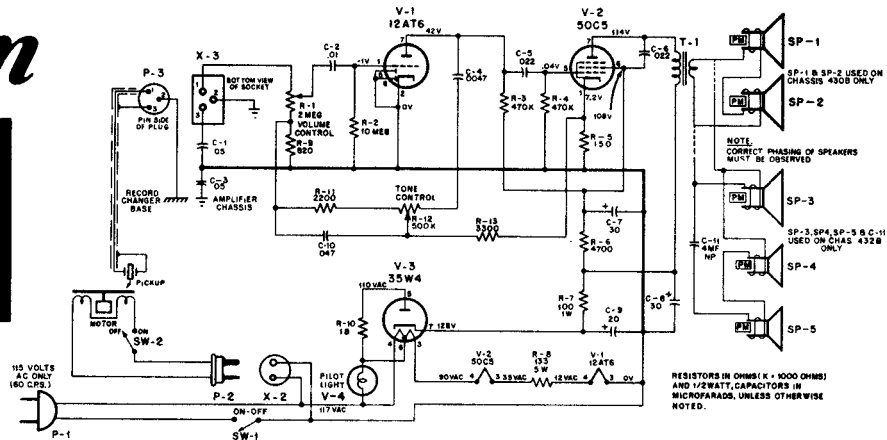
Models 834X, 890, 892A, Chassis 120394B



Emerson

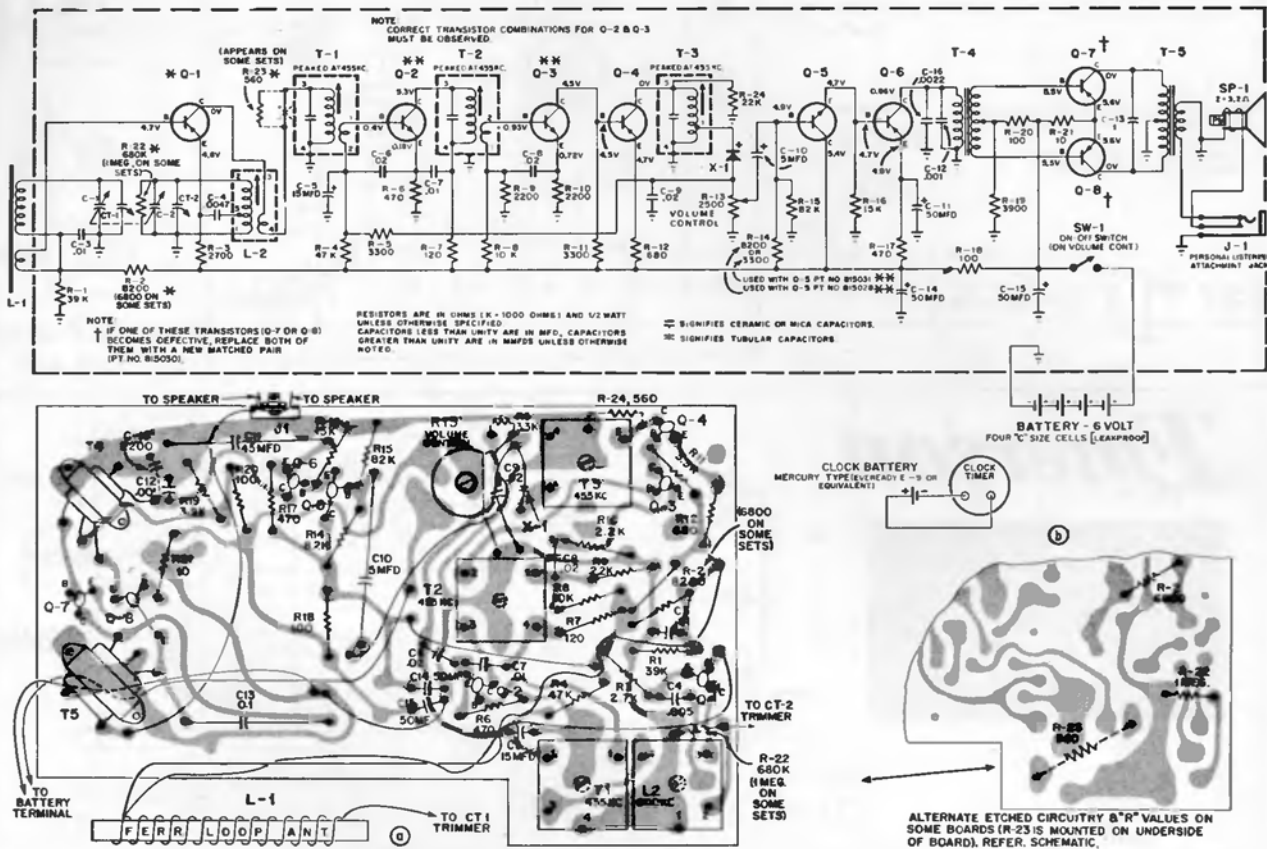
MODELS:
893B, 894B

CHASSIS:
120430B, 432B



Emerson Radio

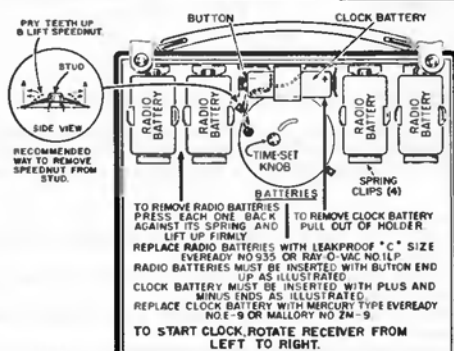
MODEL 888
"TRANSTIMER"
CHASSIS 120416



It will be seen from the schematic drawing of the 888 that certain transistors are used in pairs and are associated with specified resistors. Some individual transistors must likewise be used with specific resistors. Because of the small physical size of the transistors, the 1st three digits, "815", have been replaced by the letter, "E"

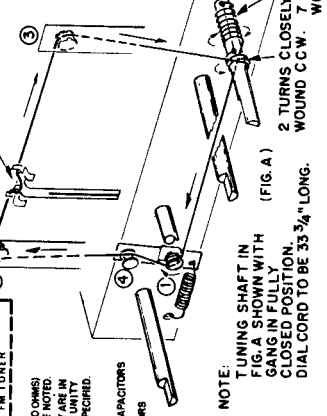
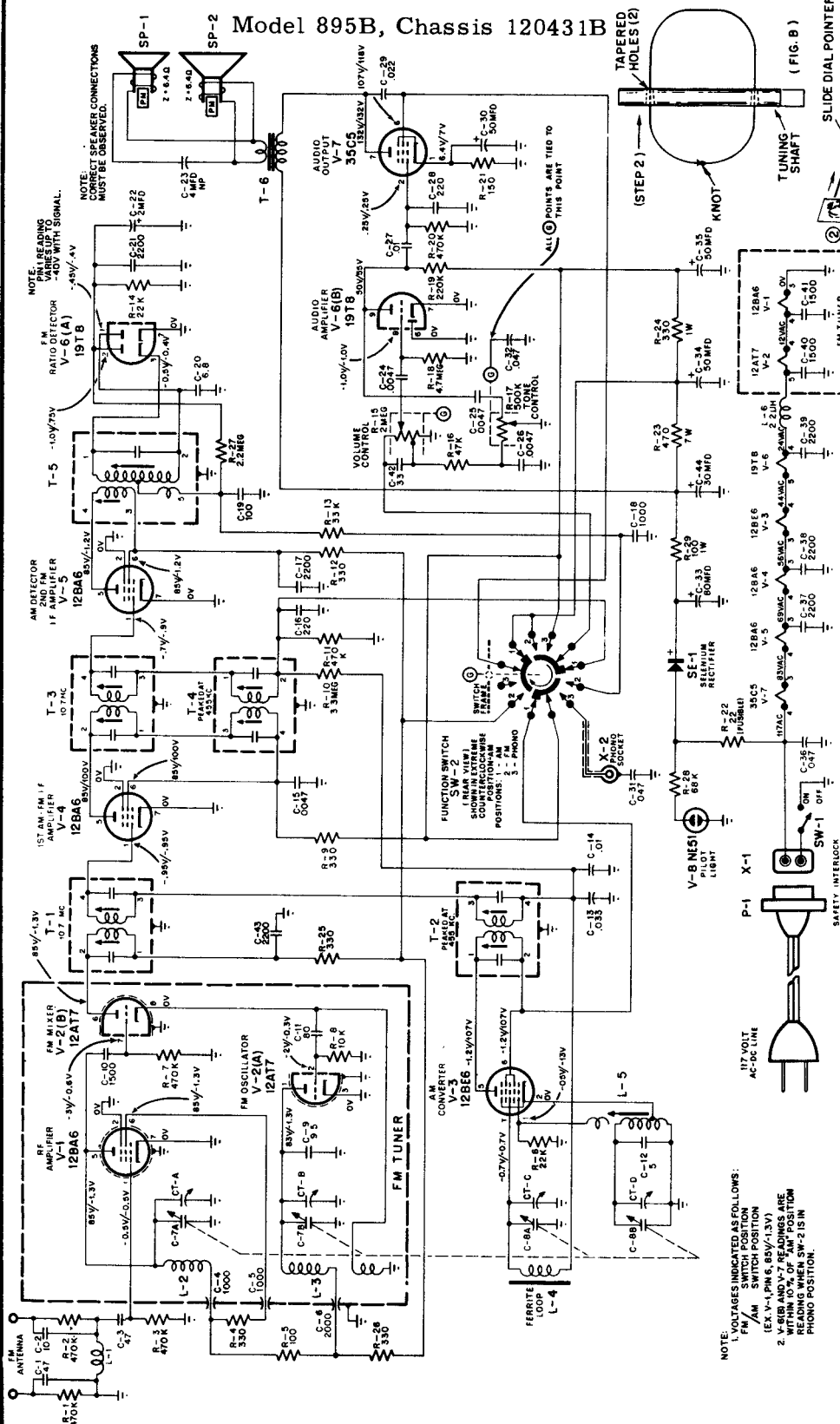
TRANSISTOR PAIRS	ASSOCIATED	TRANSISTOR PAIRS	ASSOCIATED	TRANSISTOR	ASSOCIATED	TRANSISTOR	ASSOCIATED
Q2	Q3	R12	Q2	Q3	R12	Q5	R14
815026C	815026A	680	815026C	815026E	680	815031	3800
815026B	815026B	680	815026D	815026D	680	815028	8200
815026B	815026D	680	815026C	815026F	330	815032	4700
						815033	6800
						815034	8200
						815035	10,000

TRANSISTOR SUBSTITUTES	TRANSISTOR NOS.	TRANSISTOR SUBSTITUTES	TRANSISTOR NOS.	TRANSISTOR SUBSTITUTES	TRANSISTOR NOS.
FDR	USE	FOR	USE	FOR	USE
815026B	815026D	815026F	No. Subst.	815033	815032
815026A	815026E	815028	815032	815034	815032
815026C	No Subst.	815031	815032	815035	815032



Emerson Radio

Model 895B, Chassis 120431B

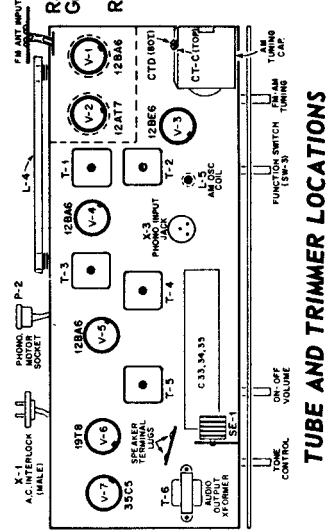


DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

Remove screws from cabinet back.
Grasp line cord at point where it is connected to back and pull free of interlock. Remove back.
Remove 3 control knobs and 1 tuning knob; disconnect built-in FM antenna and remove antenna terminal. Unsolder 2 speaker leads at chassis solder lug strip and unscrew chassis bolts from underside of cabinet.

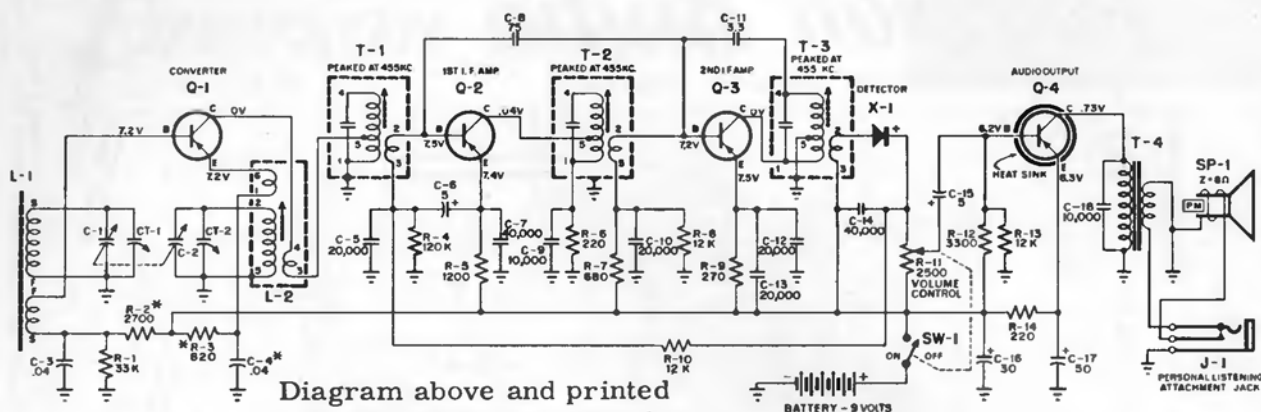
TO STRING DIAL:

1. STRING THROUGH SMALLER DIAMETER OF TAPERED HOLES (FIG. B) AND KNOT.
2. PULL KNOT THROUGH HOLE (FIG. B) AND ROTATE SHAFT COUNTERCLOCKWISE UNTIL GANG IS FULLY CLOSED.
3. WIND 7 REAR TURNS COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
4. LOOP STRING OVER PULLEY (1) AND STUDS (2) AND (3) (FIG. A).
5. WIND 2 FRONT TURNS COUNTERCLOCKWISE WORKING TOWARDS FRONT OF SHAFT.
6. STRING LOOPED CORD UNDER PULLEY (4) (FIG. A).

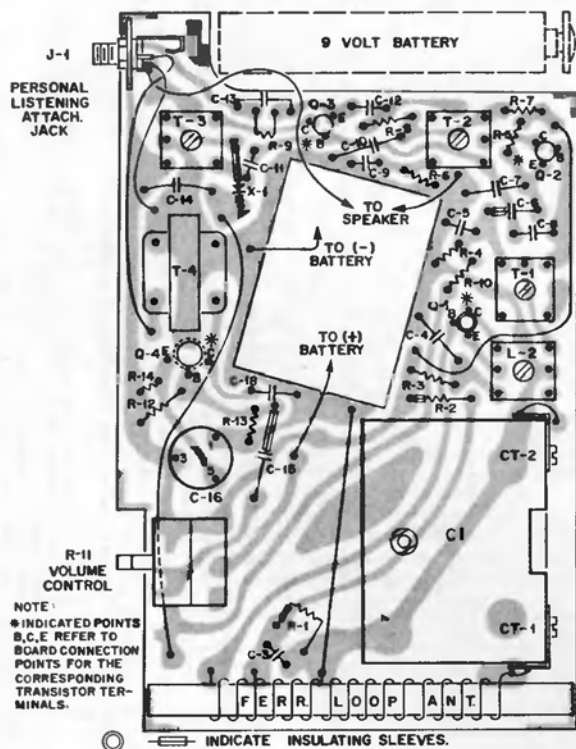


VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

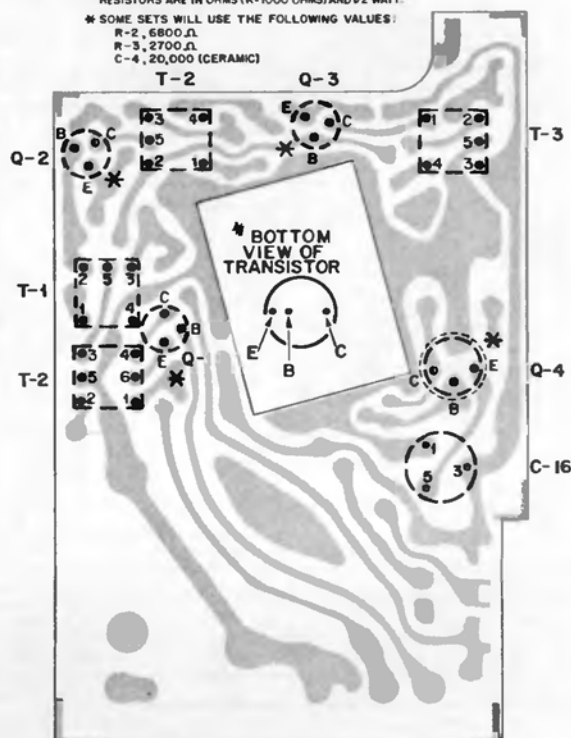
EMERSON RADIO Model 999, Chassis 120433B, and Model 999R, Chassis 120433R



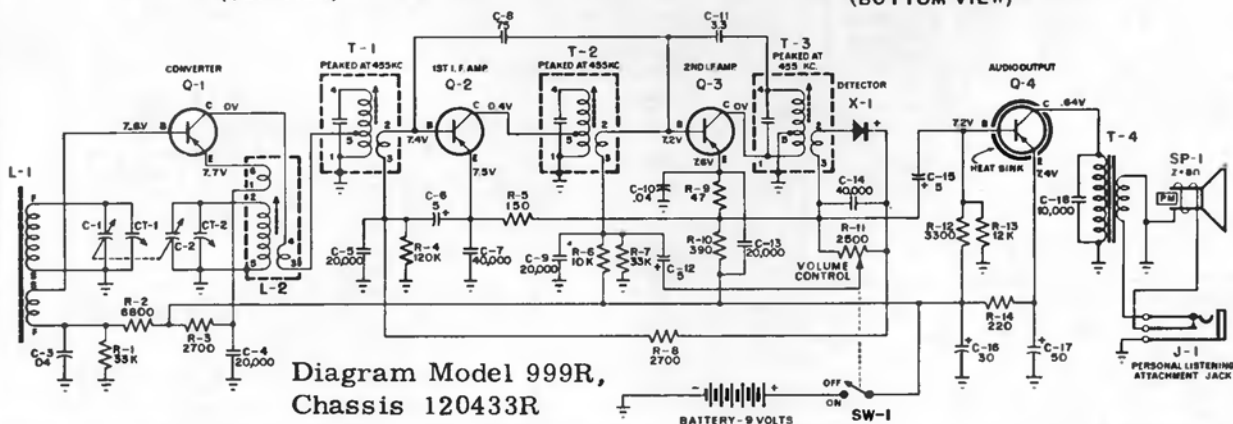
NOTES:
 * SIGNIFIES CERAMIC OR MICA CAPACITORS, CAPACITY IN MICRO-MICROFARADS.
 † SIGNIFIES TUBULAR CAPACITORS, CAPACITY IN MICROFARADS.
 ‡ RESISTORS ARE IN OHMS (K=1000 OHMS) AND 1/2 WATT.
 * SOME SETS WILL USE THE FOLLOWING VALUES:
 R-2, 6800 Ω
 R-3, 2700 Ω
 C-4, 20,000 (CERAMIC)



PRINTED CIRCUIT CHASSIS DIAGRAM (TOP VIEW)

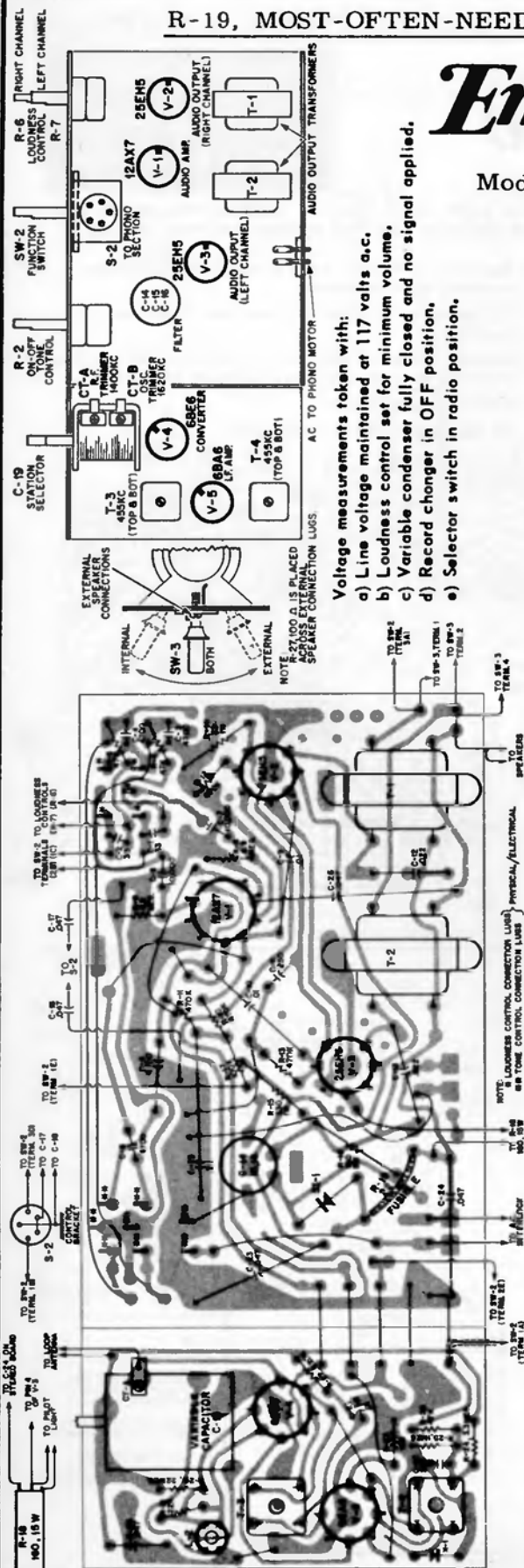


PRINTED CIRCUIT CHASSIS DIAGRAM (BOTTOM VIEW)



Emerson Radio

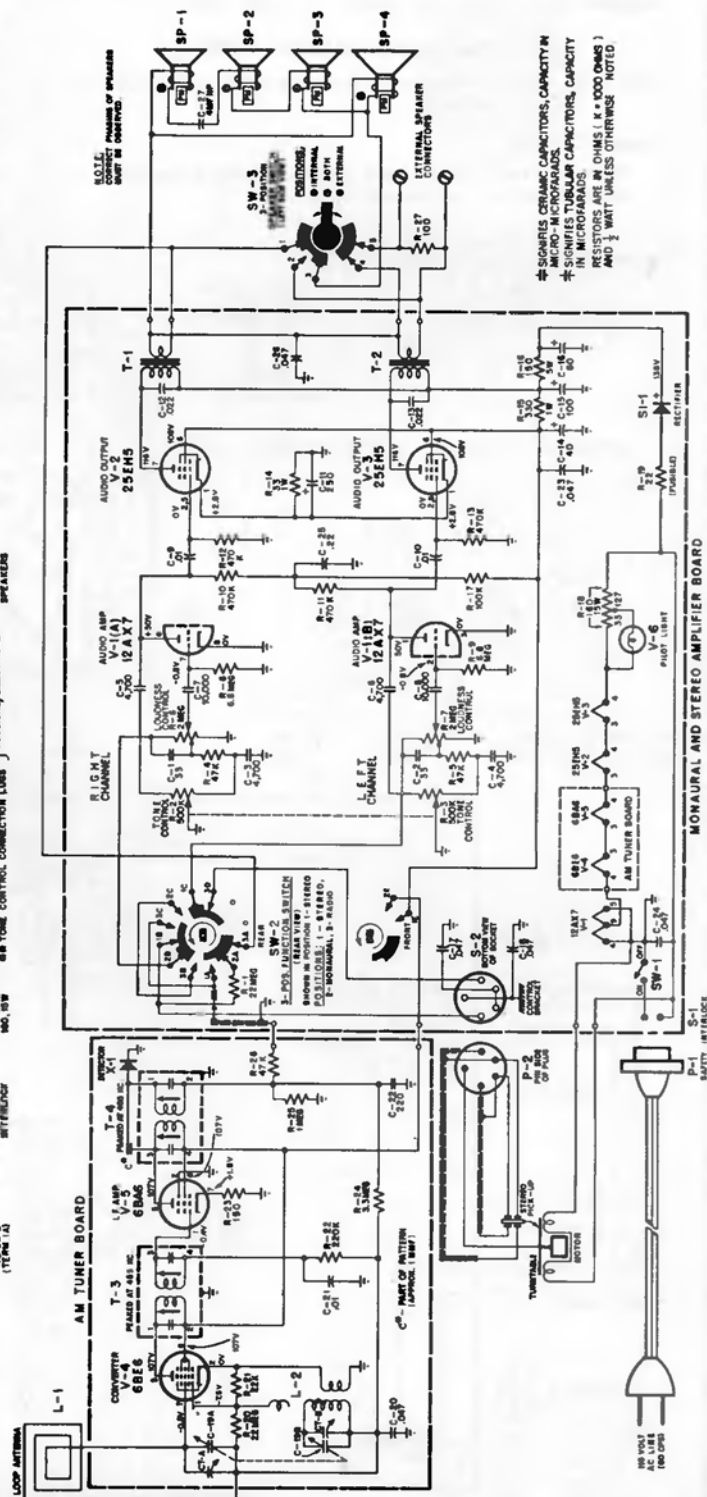
Models 896B, 970, 971, 971A, Chassis 120455B,
and Model 902, Chassis 120459B.



AC TO PHONO MOTOR

NOTE: 2500 Ω IS PLACED ACROSS EXTERNAL SPEAKER CONNECTION LUGS.

- Voltage measurements taken with:
- Line voltage maintained at 117 volts a.c.
 - Loudness control set for minimum volume.
 - Variable condenser fully closed and no signal applied.
 - Record changer in OFF position.
 - Selector switch in radio position.



NOTE: 2500 Ω IS PLACED ACROSS EXTERNAL SPEAKER CONNECTION LUGS.

Emerson Radio

MODEL 898B

CHASSIS 120456B

MODELS 970, 971, 971A

MODEL 903, chassis 120462B, is electrically similar to model 898B, chassis 120456B. Therefore, all control panel information is directly applicable, with the addition that the speaker selector switch is mounted on the control panel in model 903.

DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: To replace tubes, only masonite back within cabinet need be removed.

Record Changer:

Remove three Phillips head screws holding masonite back to cabinet and remove back.

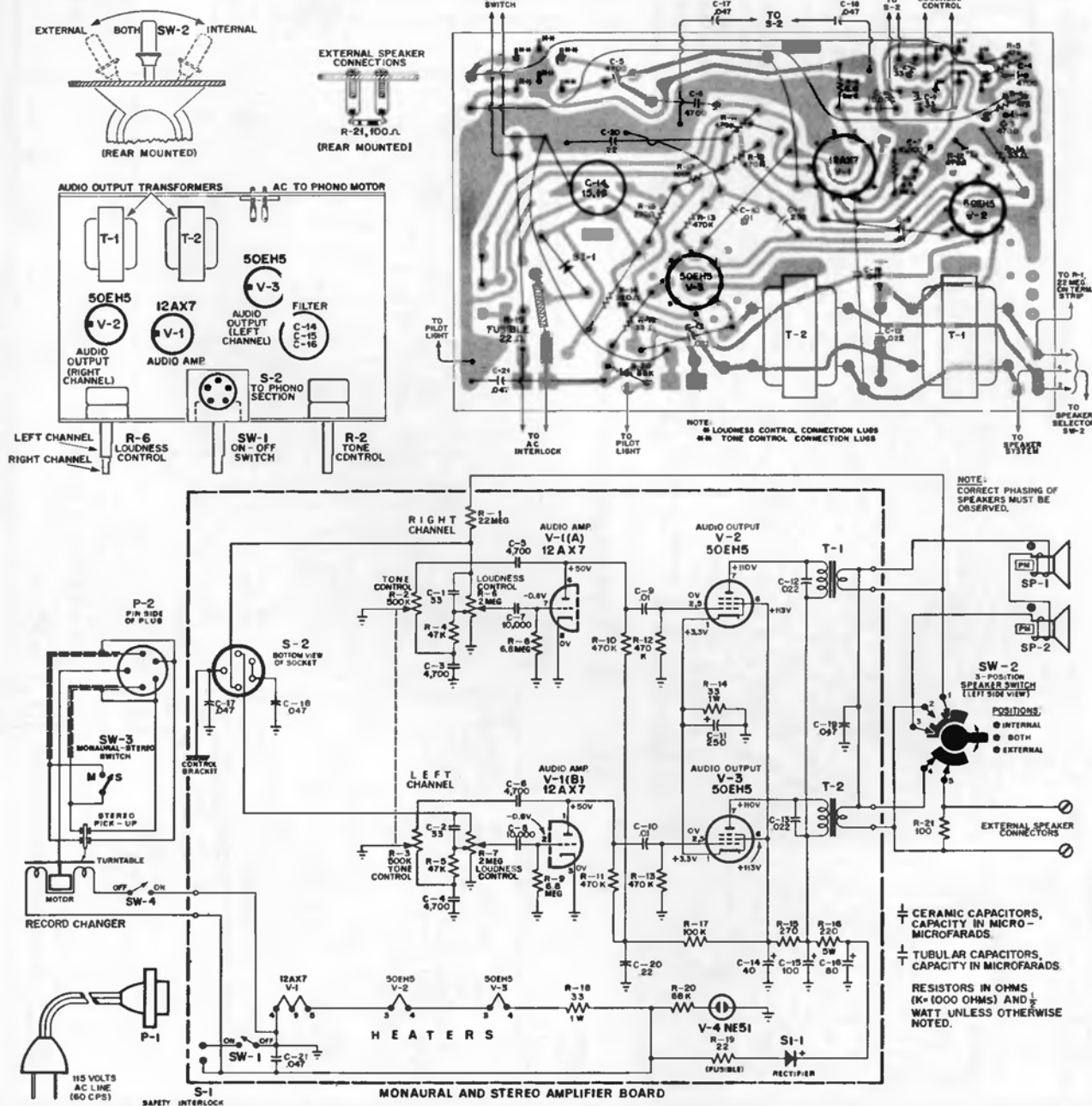
Remove four Phillips head screws holding changer mounting board to cabinet.

Tilt mounting board up and back to a stable vertical position.

Remove five-prong plug and AC plug and line cord from amplifier chassis. (Unstaple fishpaper wire holders.)

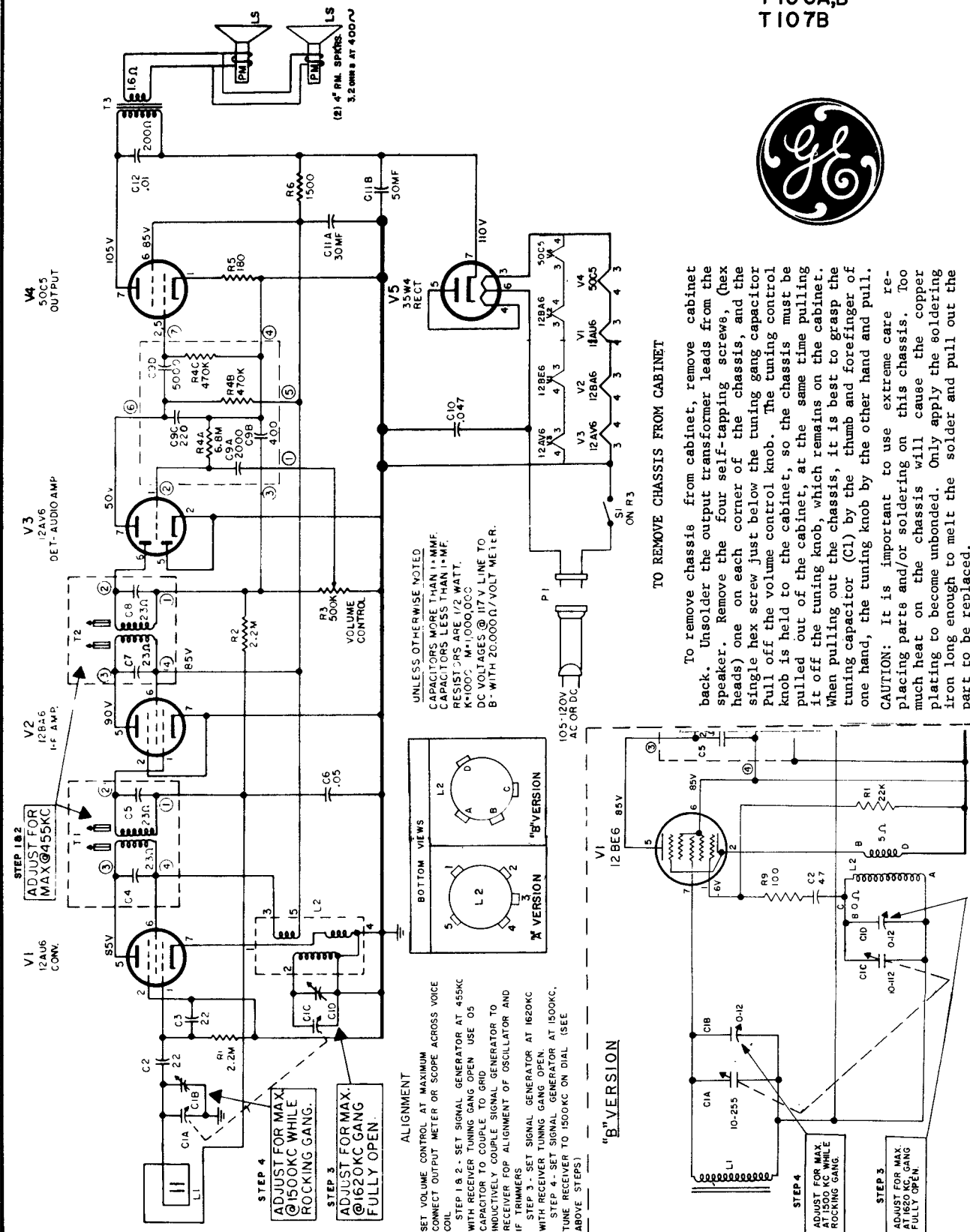
Remove record changer.

To reassemble, reverse procedure.



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

MODEL S
T105A
T106A,B
T107B



**MODELS
TII5A
TII6A**

COMPONENT WIRING DIAGRAM

TO CT OF R8

TO RADIO PH. SW.

TO R16

TO R18

TO R19

TO R20

TO R21

TO R22

TO R23

TO R24

TO R25

TO R26

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TO R308

TO R309

TO R310</

BEFORE STARTING THE STRINGING OPERATION, THE POINTER SHOULD BE MOVED TO EXTREME RIGHT WITH TUNING GANG IN A CLOSED POSITION. THE NOTCHES IN WINDLASSES MUST BE IN APPROXIMATE POSITIONS AS INDICATED BY "A" AND "D."

COMPONENT WIRING DIAGRAM

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH 20,000 OHMS
PER VOLT METER AT 117 VAC - NO SIGNAL
RESISTORS IN OHMS - K-1000 M-1,000,000
CAPACITORS LESS THAN ONE μ F
MORE THAN ONE μ F
RESISTORS ARE $\frac{1}{2}$ WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE

L.F. O. R.F.
TRANSFORMER

OSC COIL
GREEN STRIPE
REMOVES KEY

ALIGNMENT

SET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM.
CONNECT OUTPUT METER ON SCOPE ACROSS
VOICE COIL.
INDUCTIVELY COUPLE SIGNAL GENERATOR TO
RECEIVER

STEP 1.2 — SET SIG GEN AT 455 KC. WITH
RECEIVER TUNING GAIN OPEN.

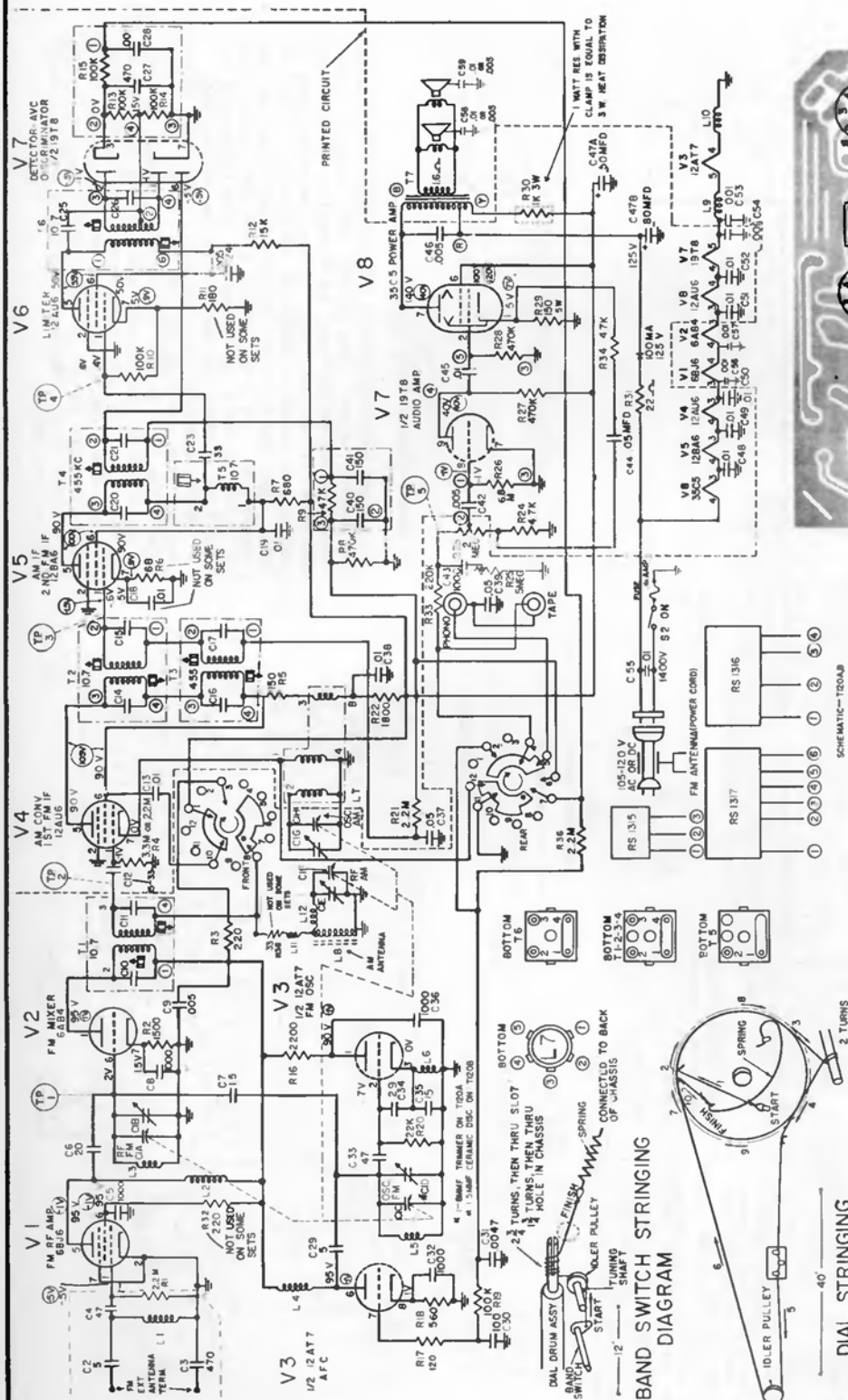
STEP 2 — SET SIG GEN AT 1620 KC. WITH
RECEIVER TUNING GAIN OPEN.

STEP 3 — SET SIG GEN AT 1500 KC. TUNE
RECEIVER TO 1500 KC.

STEP 5 — SET SIG GEN AT 800 KC. TUNE
RECEIVER TO 800 KC.

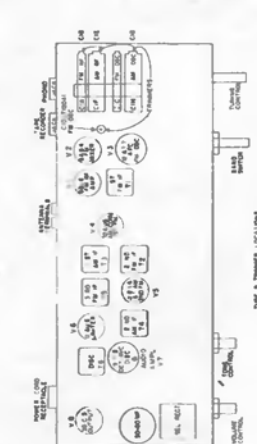
GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

MODELS
T120A,B



UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
RESISTORS IN OHMS, 1000 OHMS, 10000 OHMS, 100000 OHMS, 1000000 OHMS
CAPACITORS IN PICO FARADS, 1000 PICO FARADS, 10000 PICO FARADS, 100000 PICO FARADS, 1000000 PICO FARADS
RESISTOR VALUES ARE 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

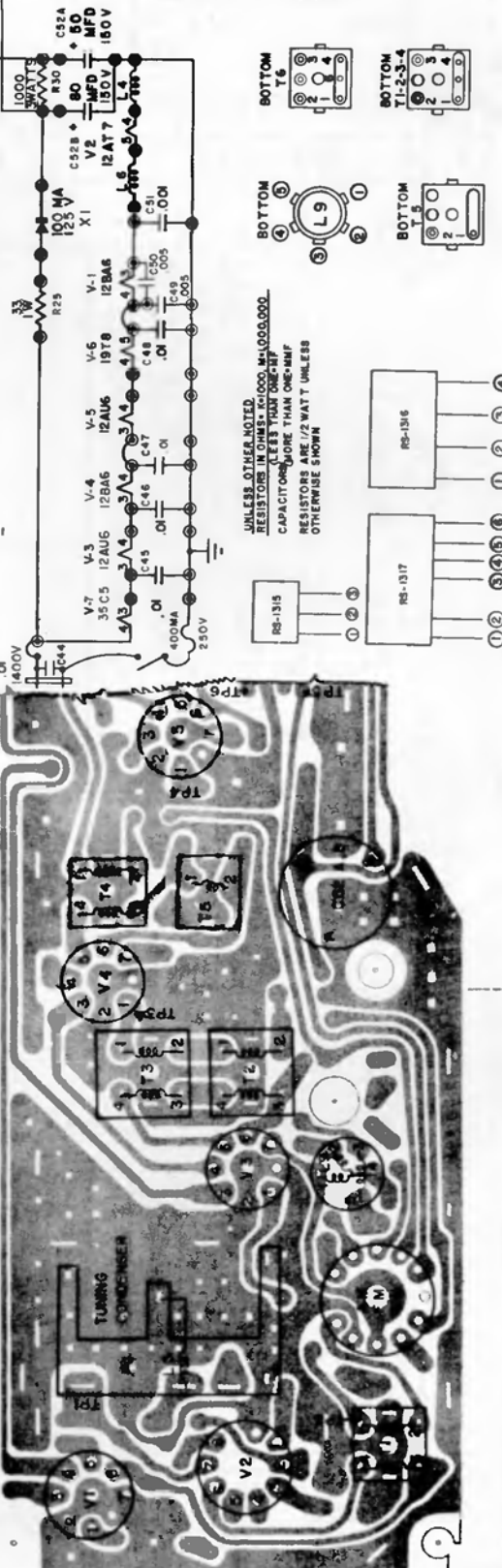
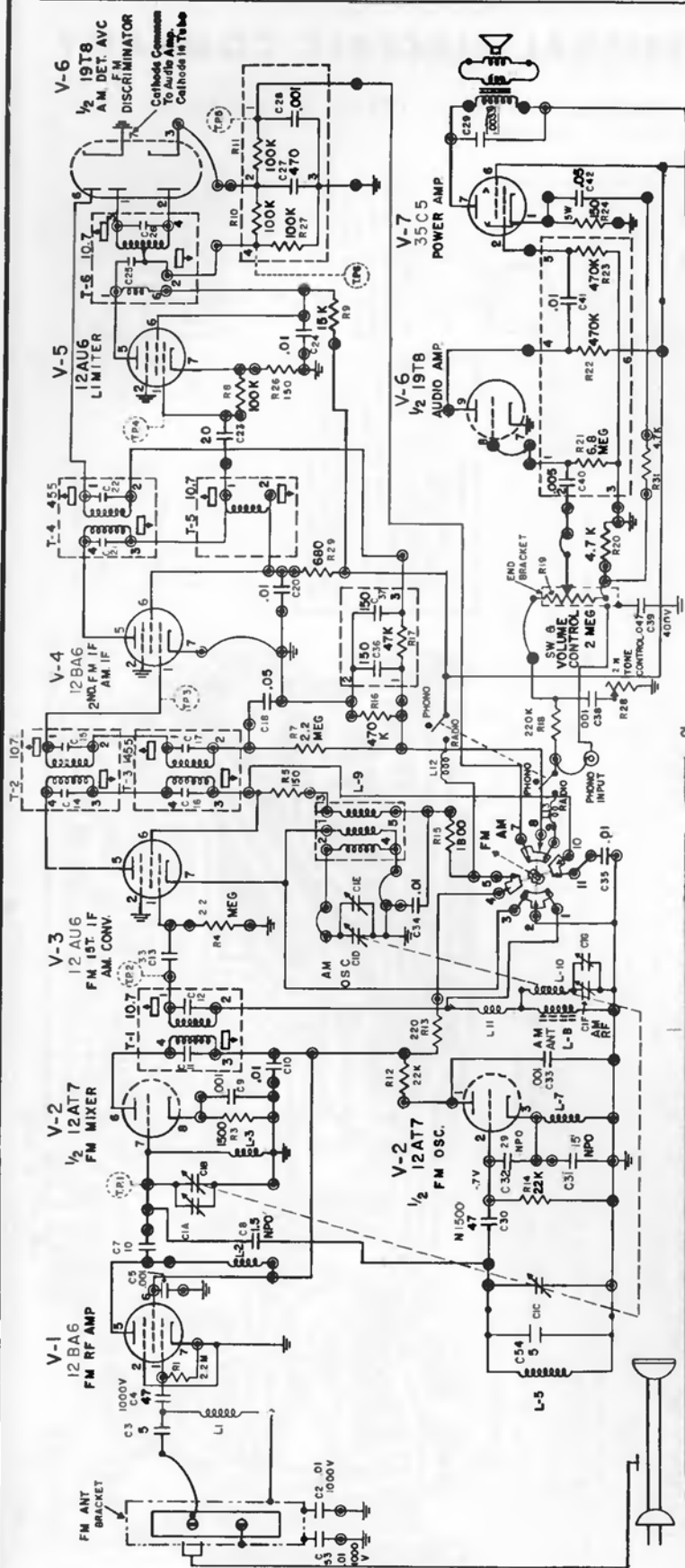
ALL D.C. VOLTAGES TAKEN AT
15 VOLTS LINE WITH A 20,000
OHMS PER VTVM
CIRCLED VOLTAGES ARE AM,
TAKEN IN AM BAND SW POS.
ALL OTHER VOLTAGES ARE FM,
TAKEN IN FM BAND SW POS.



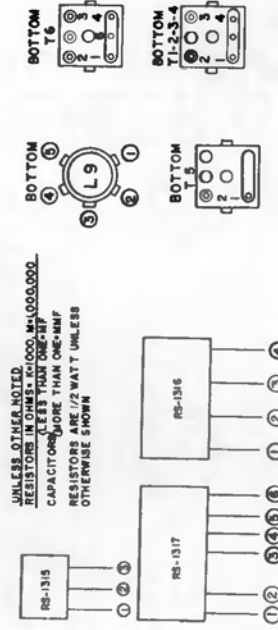
Component board, bottom view.

GENERAL ELECTRIC

Model T135A



UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
RESISTORS IN OHMS, K=1000, M=1,000,000
CAPACITORS IN PFD, M=1000,000
RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT UNLESS
OTHERWISE SHOWN

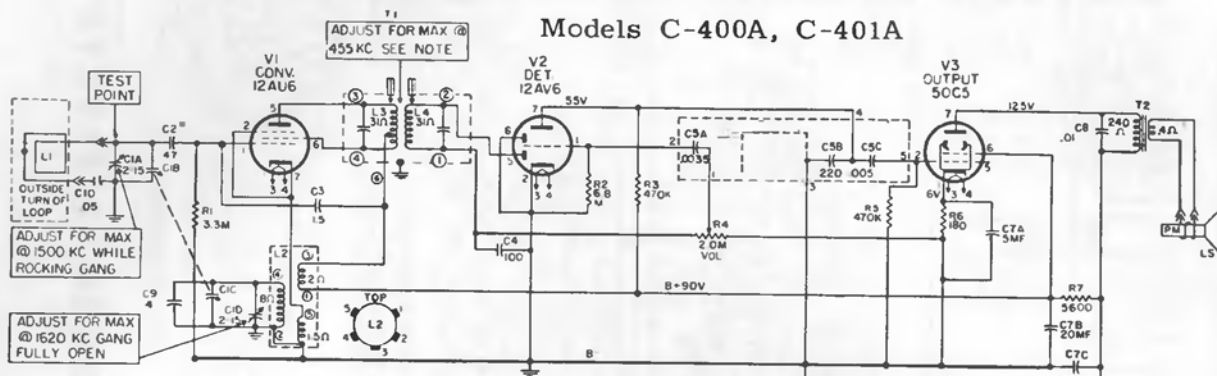


Model T210A



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

Models C-400A, C-401A



CAT. NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
CAPACITORS		
RCE-217	C7A, B, C	5mf., @25V., 20mf., & 60mf., @150V., Electro....
RCN-048	C3	1.5mmf., 20%, 500V., Ceramic
	C6	.047mf., +40-10%, 600V., Molded.....
RCT-097	C1A, B, C, D	Tuning Capacitor, Two Gang
RCW-3036	C5A, B, C	.0035mf., 220mf., .005mf. Bullplate.....
RCW-3079	C4	100mmf., 20%, 500V., Ceramic
RCW-3209	C9	4mmf., ±20%, 500V., Ceramic
RS-1022		.01mf., +40-10%, 400V. Ceramic
POTENTIOMETERS		
RS-1028	R4	Volume Control 2 meg.....
COILS & TRANSFORMERS		
RLC-135	L2	Oscillator Coil C400.....
RS-1414	L2	Oscillator Coil C401.....
RS-1027	T1	I.F. Trans. C400-C401.....
RTO-176	T2	Output Trans. C400-C401..

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
K=1000 M=1,000,000
CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1-MF.
CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1-MF.
RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT
DC VOLTAGES @ 117V LINE, TO B-

105-120V
AC 60Hz

P1

C6 .047

V2 12AV6

V1 12AV6

V3 50C5

M1

CLOCK MOTOR

B SWITCH

ALIGNMENT NOTE

R.F.

STEP-1 ADJUST C1D

STEP-2 ADJUST C1A

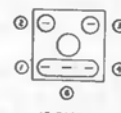
STEP-3 READJUST C1D

IF

INPUT SIGNAL TO TEST POINT

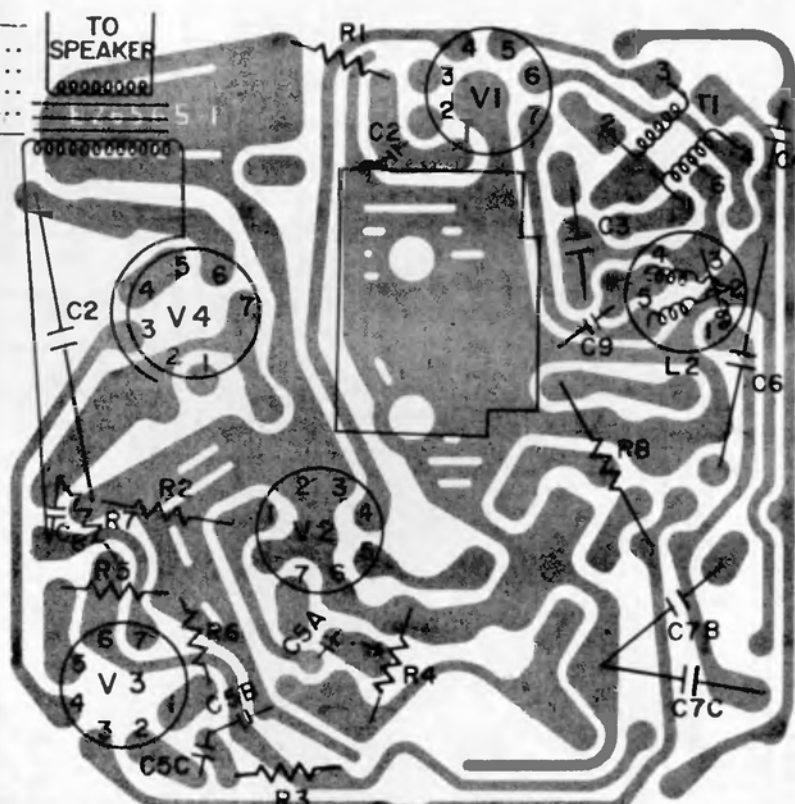
STEP-1 ADJUST L4.

STEP-2 ADJUST L3.



TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET:
Remove cabinet back and interlock. Remove the five self-tapping screws (hex heads), one on each corner of the chassis, and the single hex screw just below the tuning gang capacitor. Pull off the volume control knob.
The tuning control knob is a captive knob which remains with the cabinet. The chassis must be pulled out of the cabinet and separated from the tuning knob simultaneously. When pulling out the chassis, first close the tuning capacitor, grasp the tuning capacitor with the thumb and forefinger of one hand and the tuning knob with the other and pull the chassis out of the cabinet.

CAUTION:
It is important to use extreme care while replacing parts and or soldering on this chassis. Too much heat on the chassis will cause the copper plating to become unbonded. Only apply the soldering iron long enough to melt the solder and pull out the part to be replaced. A 35 watt soldering iron is recommended.



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

Models C405A,B, C406A,B

SPECIFICATIONS

CABINET:	Model C405A,B--Gray and White Model C406A,B--Pink
ELECTRICAL RATING:	105-120 volts AC 30 Watts @117 Volts AC
OUTPUT:	Undistorted .9 Watts Maximum 1.5 Watts

GENERAL INFORMATION

The main difference in the "A" and "B" versions of the C405 series of clock-radios is the oscillator-converter stage (V1). The "A" version uses a 12AU6 tube as V1 and the "B" version uses a 12BE6 as V1. The V1 stage for the "B" version is shown as a separate stage on the schematic.

The tuning knob is held to the cabinet and cannot be removed without first removing the chassis.

SERVICE NOTE

Always use an isolation transformer when servicing or aligning this receiver to protect personnel and test equipment.

When aligning, keep the signal input low so the AVC will not affect the output.

TO REMOVE CABINET FRONT

Remove the two screws located on each side of the cabinet back; unscrew the clock set knob; separate the cabinet front from the back. When separating the cabinet, the speaker leads must be unsoldered before complete separation of the cabinet can be accomplished. The speaker is mounted on the cabinet back with the radio chassis and clock mounted on the cabinet front.

TO REMOVE CHASSIS

Remove the volume control knob. Take out the four hexhead screws, one on each corner of the chassis board and one hexhead screw below the tuning condenser. Unsolder the one wire to switch on the clock and one to the clock motor.

Close the tuning condenser C1, and with the thumb and forefinger grasp the condenser and pull. The chassis will separate from the tuning knob which is left attached to the cabinet front.

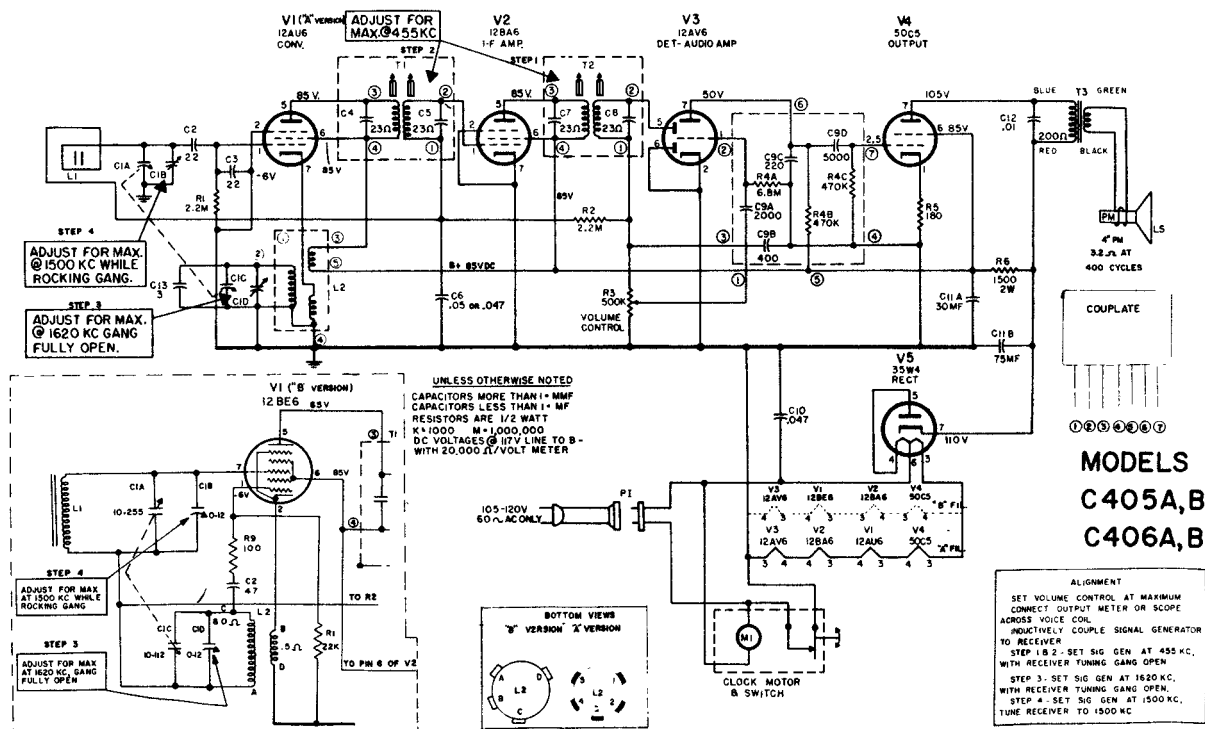
TO REMOVE THE CLOCK

Separate the cabinet as described above. Unsolder the two leads, one from the switch to the circuit board and one from the clock motor to the circuit board. Remove the two screws holding the AC interlock to the cabinet. Remove the two clock knobs. Snap out the clock crystal starting from the left side. Then, remove the two nuts holding the clock to the cabinet and remove the clock.

TROUBLESHOOTING

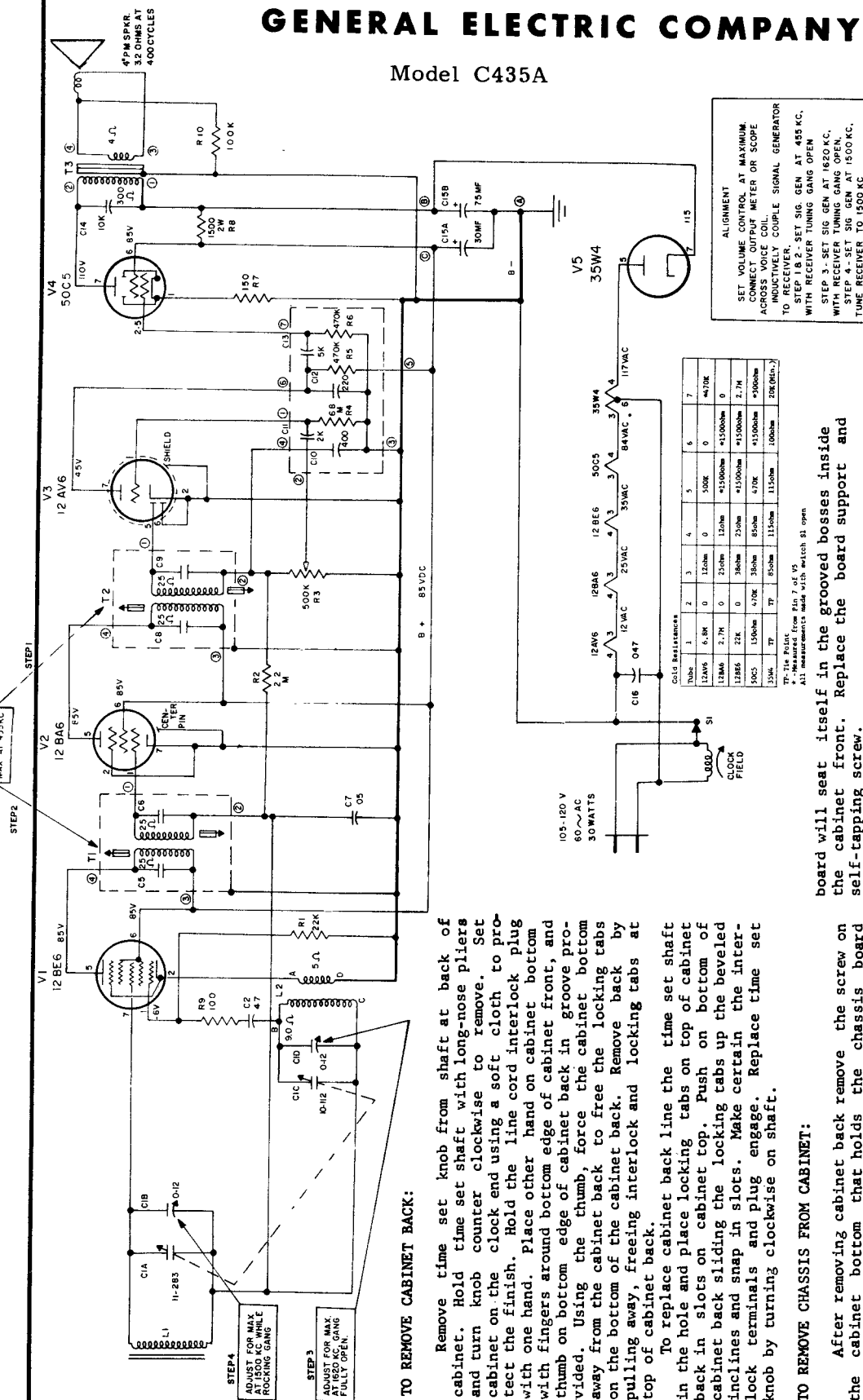
Excessive loudness when adjusting the volume level to minimum is caused by excessive capacity between terminals 2 and 3 of RCW-3207. The excessive capacity can be eliminated without replacing the couplate or by removing the circuit board in the following manner:

1. Clip off couplate lead #3.
2. Solder a 220 mmf. capacitor (Cat. No. RS-1203) across the two outside terminals of the volume control. located on the component side of the chassis board.



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

Model C435A

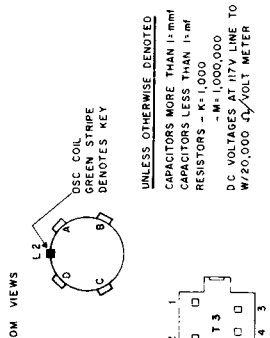


ALIGNMENT
SET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM.
CONNECT OUTPUT METER OR SCOPE
ACROSS VOICE COIL.
TO RECEIVER, SET SIG. GEN. AT 455 KC.
WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN.
STEP 1 - SET SIG. GEN. AT 455 KC.
WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN.
STEP 2 - SET SIG. GEN. AT 1500 KC.
WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN.
STEP 3 - SET SIG. GEN. AT 1500 KC.
WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN.

Cold Resistances

Tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
12AV6	6.9K	0	120ohm	0	500K	0	40.7K
12BA6	2.7K	0	250ohm	12ohm	4150ohm	4150ohm	0
12BE6	22K	0	36ohm	25ohm	1500ohm	2.7K	0
50C5	150ohm	470K	35ohm	85ohm	470K	4150ohm	4150ohm
35W4	TP	TP	85ohm	115ohm	115ohm	100ohm	30K (600.2)

* - 100 ohm tolerance.
† - Measured from Pin 7 of V5.
‡ - All measurements made with switch S1 open.



TO REMOVE CABINET BACK:
Remove time set knob from shaft at back of cabinet. Hold time set knob with long-nose pliers and turn counter clockwise to remove. Set cabinet on the clock end using a soft cloth to protect the finish. Hold the line cord interlock plug with one hand. Place other hand on cabinet bottom with fingers around bottom edge of cabinet front, and thumb on bottom edge of cabinet back in groove provided. Using the thumb, force the cabinet bottom away from the cabinet back to free the locking tabs on the bottom of the cabinet back. Remove back by pulling away, freeing interlock and locking tabs at top of cabinet back.
To replace cabinet back line the time set shaft in the hole and place locking tabs on top of cabinet back in slots on cabinet top. Push on bottom of cabinet back sliding the locking tabs up the beveled inclines and snap in slots. Make certain the interlock terminals and plug engage. Replace time set knob by turning clockwise on shaft.

TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET:
After removing cabinet back remove the screw on the cabinet bottom that holds the chassis board support. The tuning knob is a captive knob and remains in the cabinet front. Close the tuning gang to prevent any possible damage to the plates. Slide one hand under the printed chassis board placing the fingers over the front edge. Slide the board back out of the grooves on either end simultaneously removing the tuning gang shaft from the tuning knob. When replacing the chassis, close the tuning gang and line the flat side of the tuning gang shaft up with the flat in the tuning knob. Place the ends of the board in the grooves and push on the edge of the board, not on the components. The tuning shaft will enter the tuning knob and the front edge of the

TO REMOVE VOLUME CONTROL:
The volume control is attached to the cabinet and may be removed by pulling the knob straight off and removing the palmnut. When replacing the volume control place the tab on the control in the groove provided.

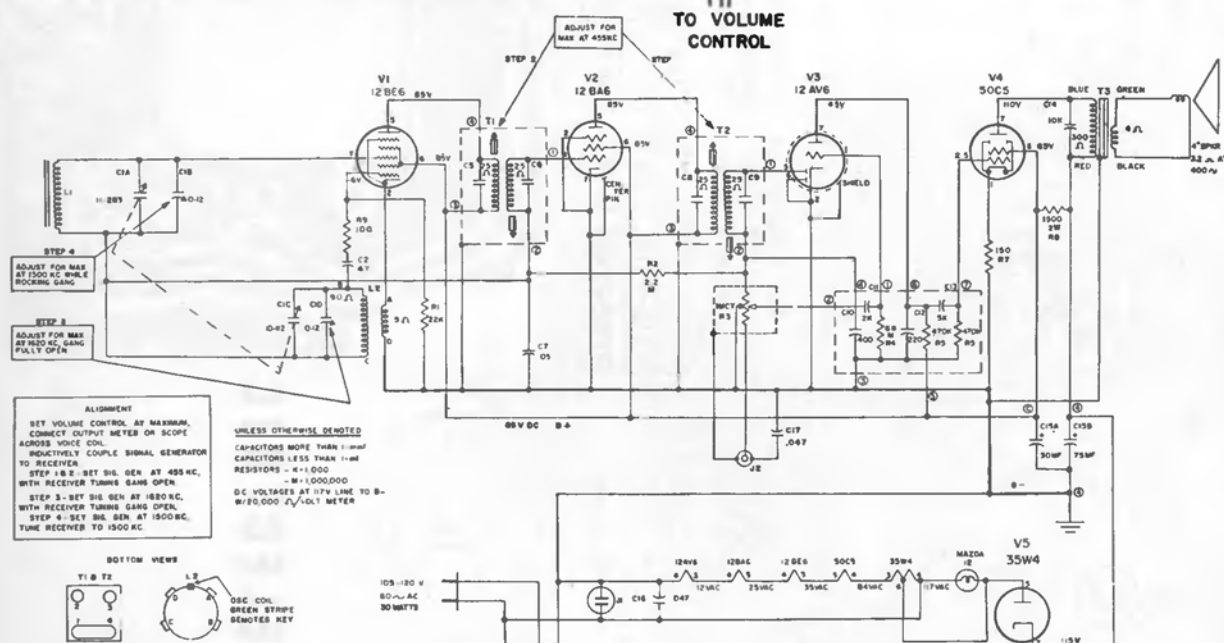
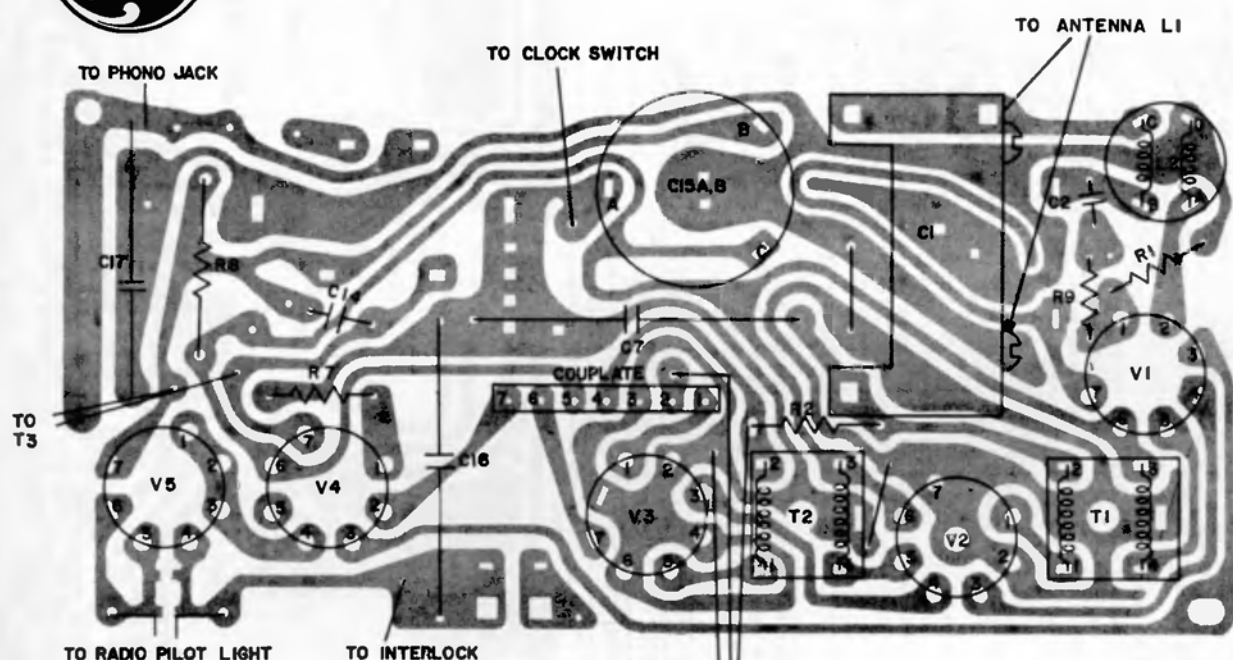
TO REMOVE SPEAKER:
After removing the chassis board remove four tubular speaker clips and lift the speaker out of the cabinet.

UNLESS OTHERWISE DENOTED
CAPACITORS MORE THAN 11mmf
CAPACITORS LESS THAN 11mmf
RESISTORS - K=1,000
- M=1,000,000
DC VOLTAGES AT 117V LINE TO B-
W/20,000 Ω/VOLT METER



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

Models C440A and C441A



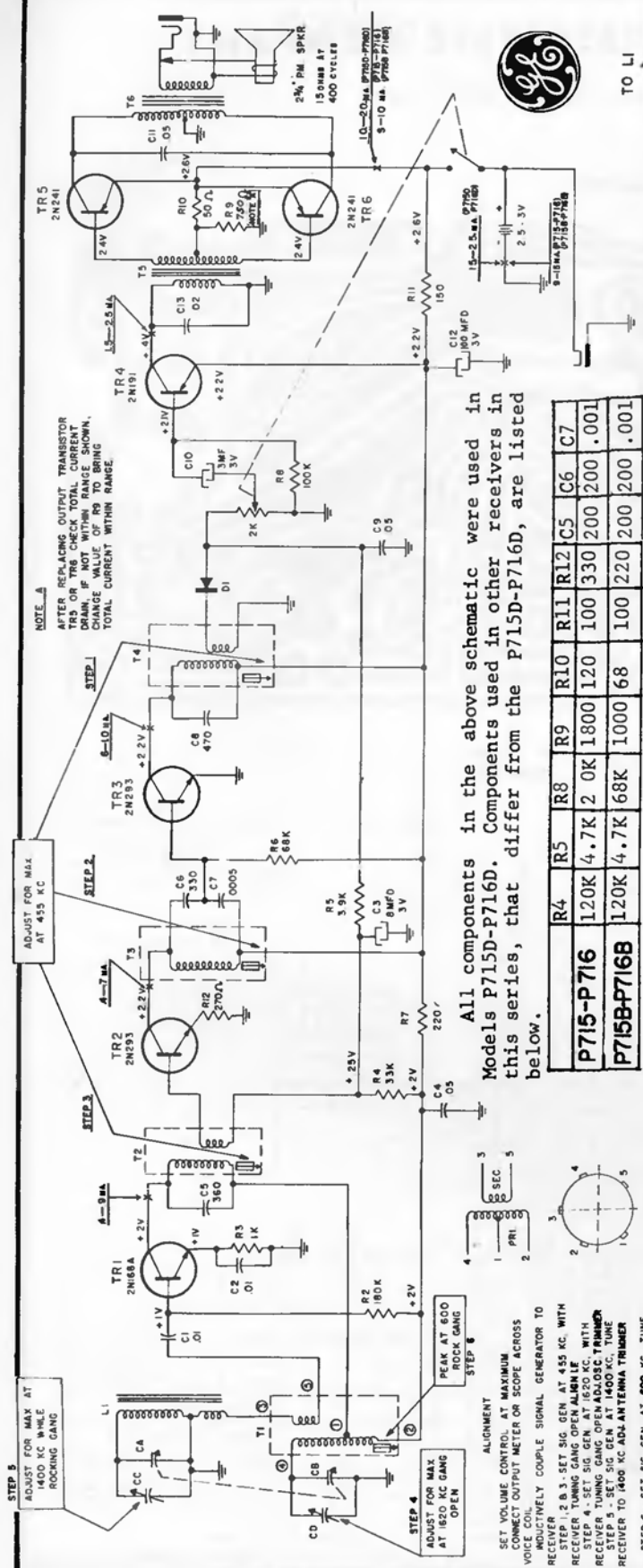
Tube	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
12AV6	6.8M	0	15	0	500K	0	*470K
12BA6	2.7M	0	25	15	*1500ohm	*1500ohm	0
12BE6	22K	0	35	25	*1500ohm	*1500ohm	2.7M
50C5	150ohm	470K	35	80	470K	*1500ohm	*300ohm
35W6	TP	TP	80	110	105	105	20% (min.)

TP-Tie Point

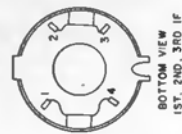
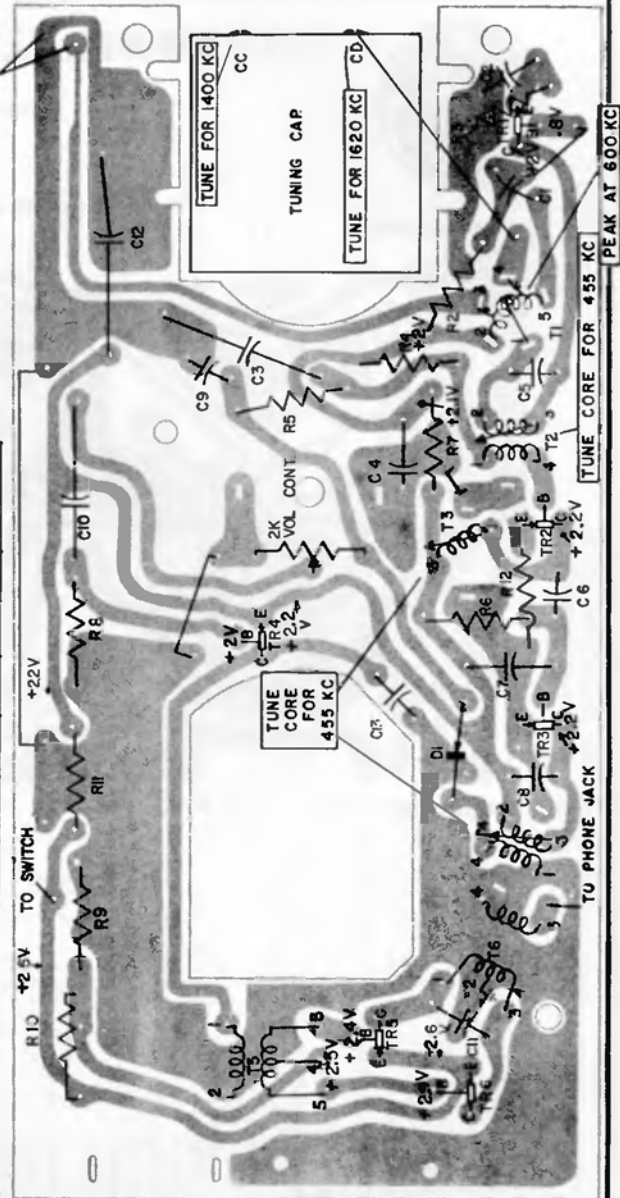
* Measured from Pin 7 of VS

Resistances measured with pilot light(Mazda # 12) in socket

All measurements taken with respect to 3- unless otherwise designated.



	R4	R5	R8	R9	R10	R11	R12	C5	C6	C7
P715-P716	120K	4.7K	2 0K	1800	120	100	330	200	200	.001
P715B-P716B	120K	4.7K	68K	1000	68	100	220	200	200	.001

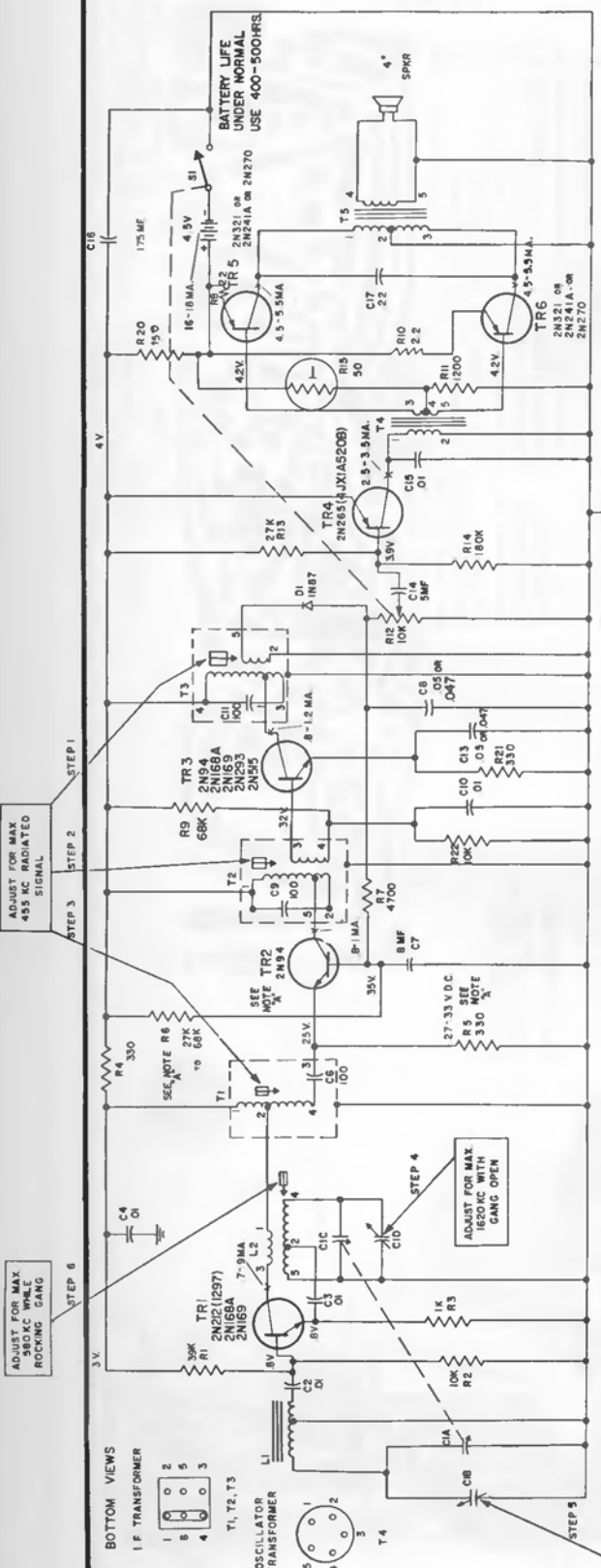


GENERAL ELECTRIC

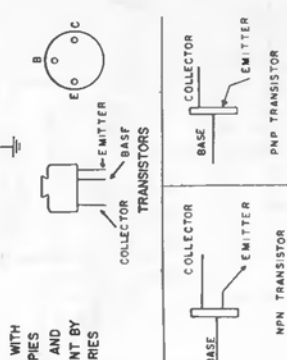
MODELS
P715-P716
P715B-P716B
P715D-P716D

GENERAL ELECTRIC

MODELS
P725B
P726B



ALIGNMENT
SET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM
CONNECT OUTPUT METER OR SCOPE ACROSS
INDUCTIVELY COUPLED SIGNAL GENERATOR TO
RECEIVER
STEP 1 - SET SIG GEN AT 455 KC, WITH
RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN
STEP 2 - SET SIG GEN AT 1620 KC, WITH
RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN
STEP 3 - SET SIG GEN AT 1500 KC, TUNE
RECEIVER TO 1500 KC
STEP 4 - SET SIG GEN AT 580 KC, TUNE
RECEIVER TO 580 KC



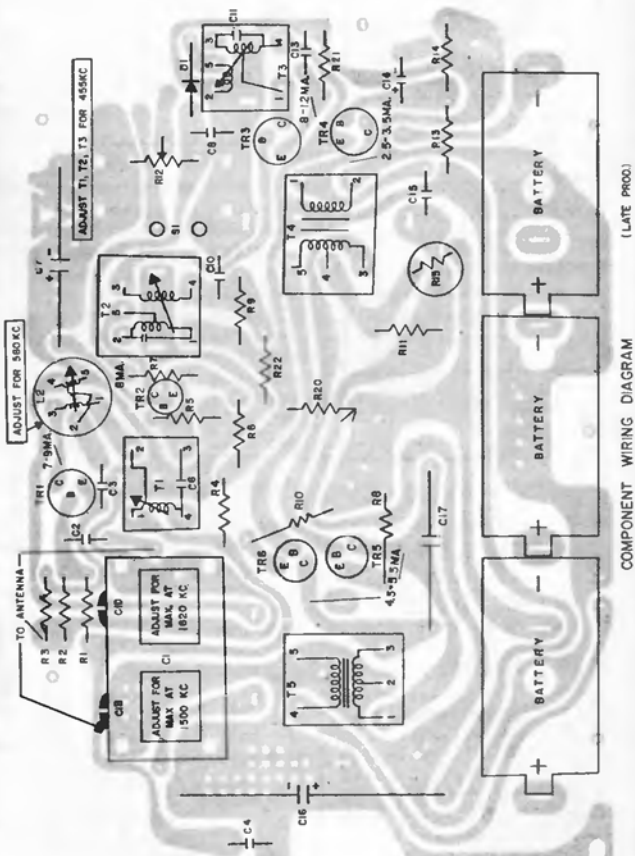
MEASURE COLLECTOR CURRENTS WITH A MILLIAMMETER INSERTED IN SERIES WITH THE CIRCUITS MARKED "X" AND ALSO MEASURE BATTERY CURRENT BY INSERTING METER LEADS IN SERIES WITH BATTERIES

NOTE: 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED—CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1 μF ARE 50V. CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1 μF ARE 25V. RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT.

VOLTAGES ARE POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO GROUND

TROUBLESHOOTING

A check of battery condition and total current drain of the receiver should be made first. All current measurements are made at quiescence with the receiver turned on, volume control at maximum, tuning gang closed, and with no signal conditions. The total receiver current drain is 16 to 18 mls. This is measured by inserting a milliammeter in series with the batteries. If an excessive total current drain is recorded, the individual collector currents of each transistor should be checked. An excessive current reading may mean a shorted transistor; no current will indicate that a transistor or associated circuit component is defective. A single-edge razor blade is a satisfactory tool for cutting the copper circuit wiring so that a milliammeter can be inserted in series with the break to measure the current flow. After each current check is completed, solder the cut carefully to complete the circuit again.



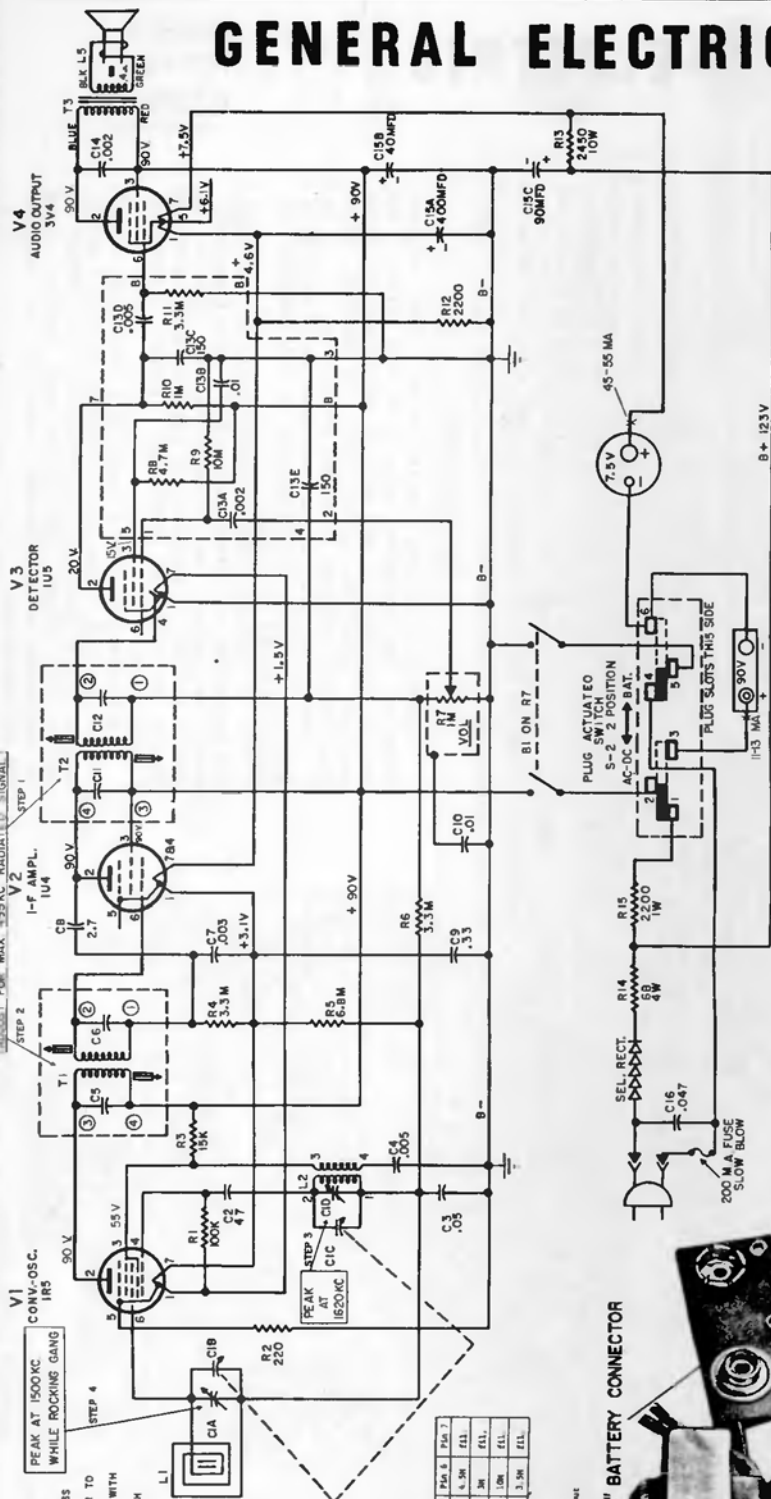
COMPONENT WIRING DIAGRAM (LATE PROD.)

GENERAL ELECTRIC

MODELS

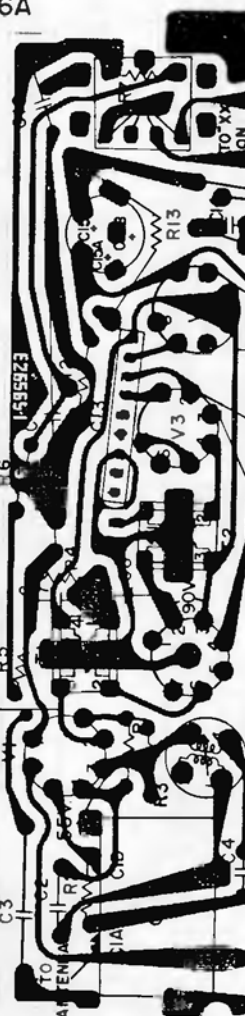
P735A

P736A

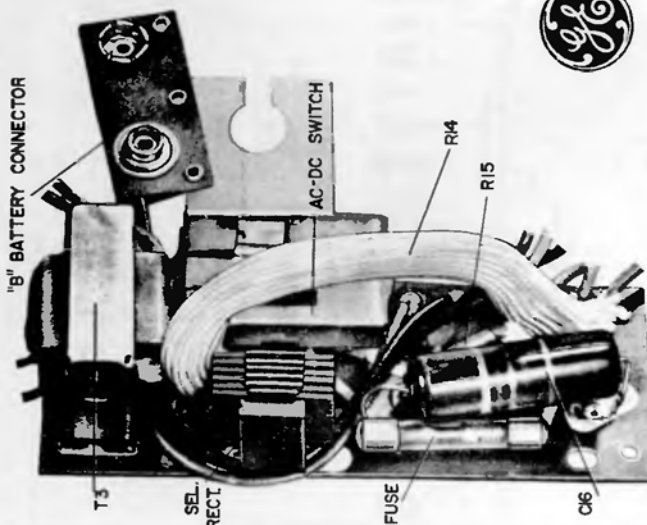


OPERATING FREQUENCIES:	Tuning range 540-1600 KC
AUDIO POWER OUTPUT:	I-F Amplifier..... 455 KC
	150 Milliwatts 10% distortion
	Maximum - 250-300 Milliwatts

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
K=1,000 M=1,000,000
CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1 μMFD
CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1 μMFD
RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT



TO "X" ON POWER SUPPLY BOARD.
TO "A" BATTERY CONNECTION ON MAIN CHASSIS - COMPONENT LOCATION
BOTTOM VIEW



POWER CHASSIS TOP VIEW

Tube	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6	Pin 7
180	ELL	2100	15K	100K	ELL	4.5K	ELL
181	ELL	2100	2.5K	ELL	ELL	3K	ELL
182	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
183	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
184	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
185	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
186	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
187	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
188	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
189	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
190	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
191	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
192	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
193	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
194	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
195	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
196	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
197	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
198	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
199	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL
200	ELL	2100	1.5K	ELL	ELL	1.5K	ELL

See notes for all readings.
11 in "V" portion.
Blow out all solder.
Solder in place with one lead on sel. rect. rect. rect.
(as shown in component location view)

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

Models P671A,B, P672A,B, P673A,B, P674B

SPECIFICATIONS

CABINETS: (Plastic)	Models P671A,B - Black and White Models P672A,B - White and Terra Cotta Models P673A,B - Turquoise and White Model P674B - Green
ELECTRICAL RATING:	105-120 Volts A-C (50 to 60 cycles) or DC 1 "A" Battery — 7 1/2 Volt Eveready No. 717 or equivalent 1 "B" Battery — 90 Volt Eveready No. 479 or equivalent
OPERATING FREQUENCIES:	Tuning range 540-1600 KC I-F 455 KC

CHASSIS REMOVAL:

The chassis is easily removed by means of the following procedure:

1. Swing down cabinet front by grasping front at top edge under handle.
2. Remove tuning and volume control knobs by pulling straight off their shafts.
3. Remove the two small Phillips-head screws from the top rear edge of the metal chassis mounting bracket.
4. Slide chassis and bracket out of cabinet.
5. Remove bracket from chassis by unscrewing the 1/4" mounting screw from the bracket.

The power supply chassis is removed from the cabinet by removing the four small hex-head mounting screws.

The speaker is mounted on the cabinet front and may be removed by taking off the four speaker mounting clips which secure the speaker to the four bosses on the inside of the cabinet front.

IMPORTANT: Use care when replacing defective parts. Apply as little heat to terminals and connections as possible to remove parts, as excessive heat will damage the plated wiring on the chassis boards.

When replacing knobs, do not force them on, as too much pressure may cause circuit board to bend and crack.

VOLUME CONTROL REPLACEMENT:

The chassis must first be removed from the cabinet as described under CHASSIS REMOVAL, then replace volume control as follows:

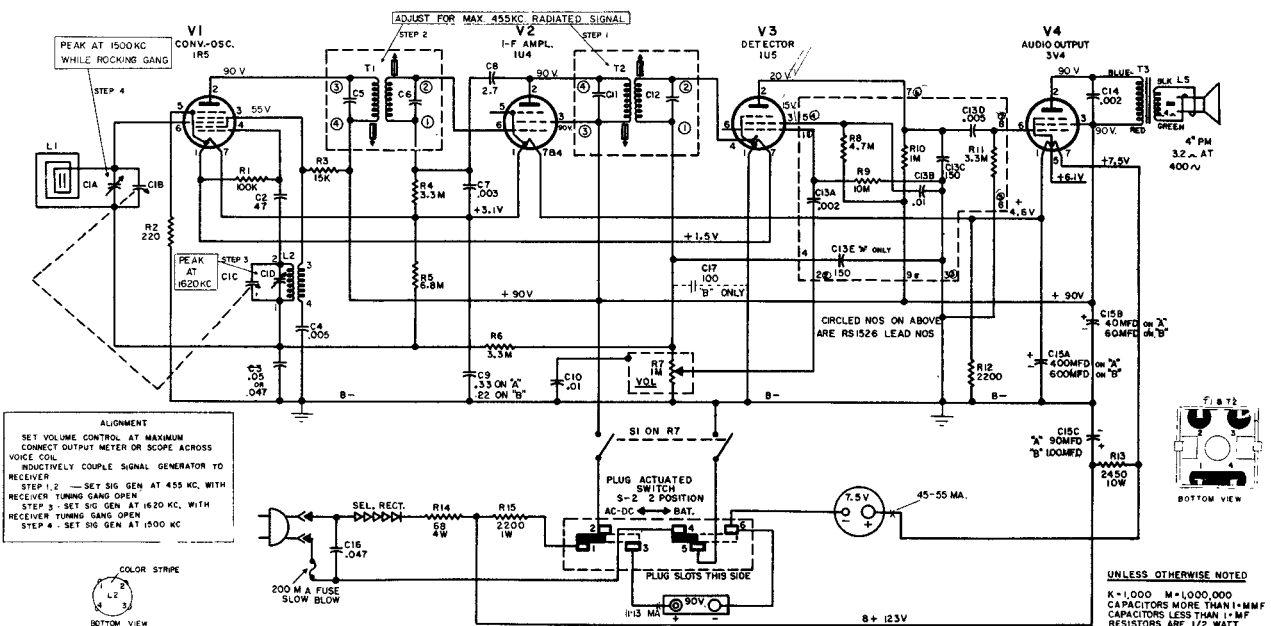
1. Cut off the three control lugs and the four on-off lugs.
2. Heat the remaining part of the lugs on the circuit board and pull out with long-nose pliers.
3. Clean all mounting holes of all excess solder.
4. The volume control on-off switch (catalog no. RRC-367) is used as the replacement. This control has a combined mounting bracket which can be mounted with the control on the circuit board. There are four holes on the board in which the mounting bracket can be inserted and soldered on the dip-soldered side of the circuit board.

TO REPLACE A TUBE SOCKET:

Cut the socket free by cutting all of the socket terminals at the chassis. One socket (V2) has a center terminal which must be unsoldered. Now, heat the pieces of terminals remaining in the board only enough so they may be pushed out. The new socket can now be inserted into the holes left by the old one and soldered into place.

BATTERY INSTALLATION:

Insert batteries in place as shown in the Tube and Battery location illustration. Make sure the battery connections are well seated.



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

Model RP1110A

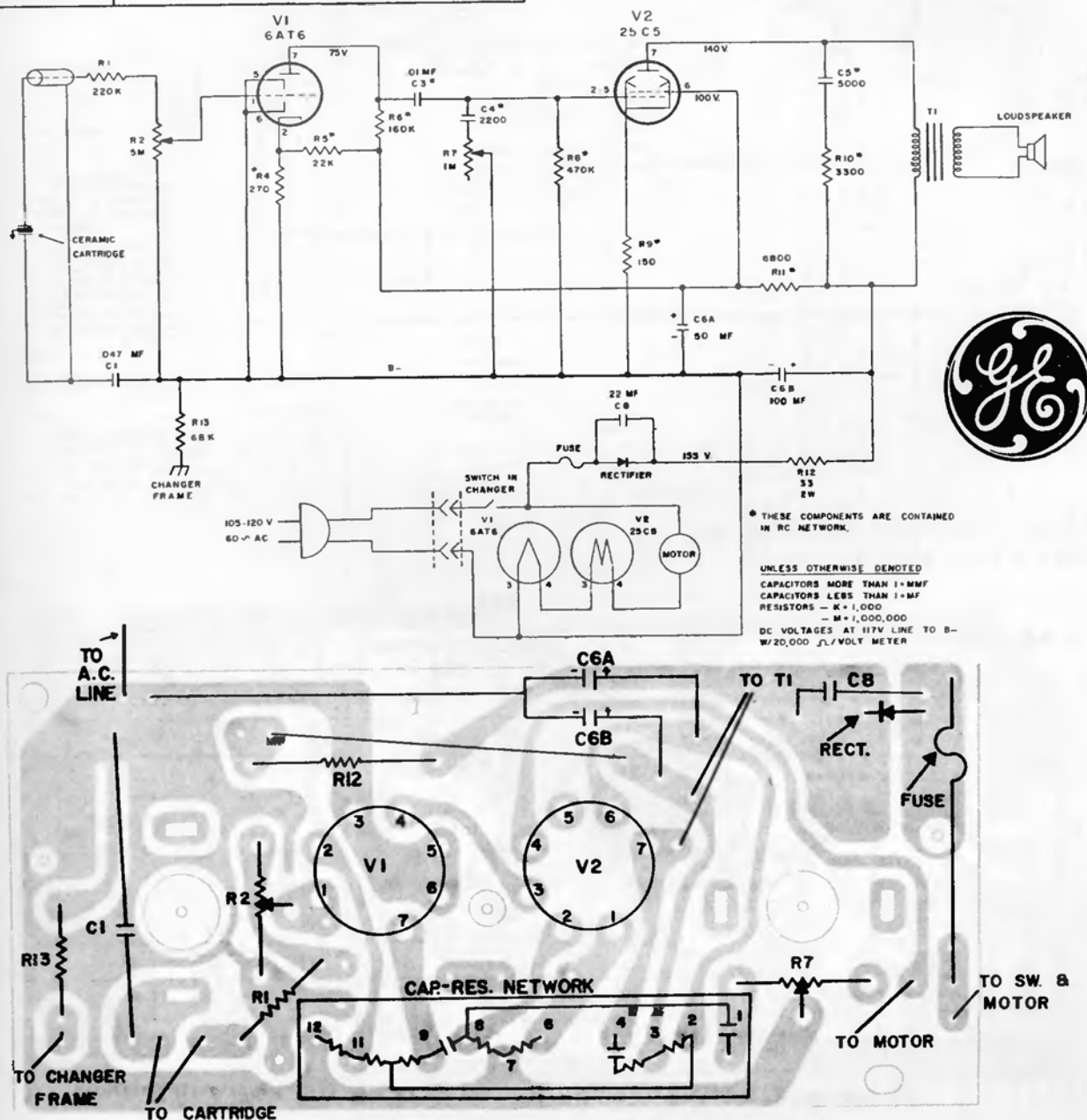
SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL RATING:	105-120 Volts 60 Cycle AC 45 Watts
POWER OUTPUT:	Undistorted: 1.5 Watts Maximum: 2 Watts
RECORD CHANGER:	Model CH10 four speed automatic with 90 Volt AC motor
PHONOGRAPH PICK-UP:	Dual Sapphire Stylus Astatic 81T or equivalent

TROUBLESHOOTING

The tube filaments and changer motor are connected in series. An open filament in an amplifier tube will prevent the operation of the changer motor. Be sure the tubes are operating properly before troubleshooting changer.

The input AC voltage rating of the changer is 90 volts. When testing a changer disconnected from amplifier, a 100 ohm 10 watt resistor may be used as a substitute in place of tube filaments, or a variac set at 90 volts must be inserted between changer and power line. Do not plug changer into a 105-120 volt outlet.



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY Models RP1120A, RP1120B

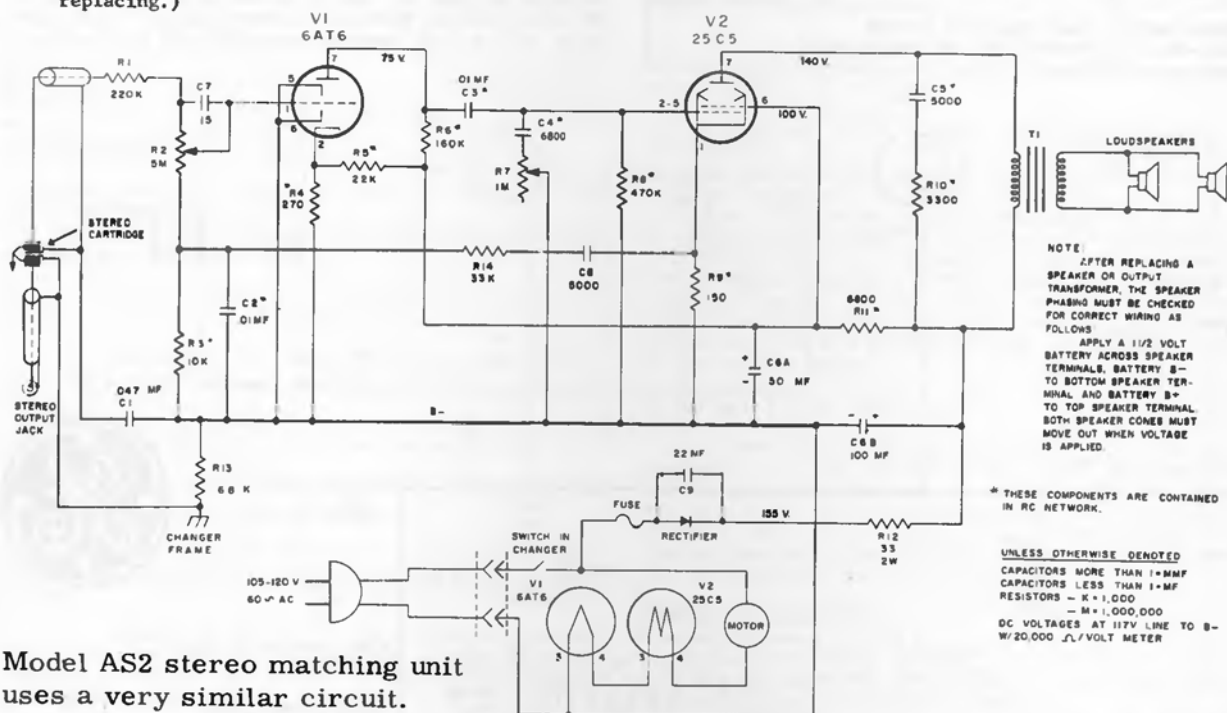
TO REPLACE TUBES

1. Open cabinet lid.
2. Remove screws holding vent panel board and interlock.
3. Remove vent panel board (interlock is automatically disconnected.)

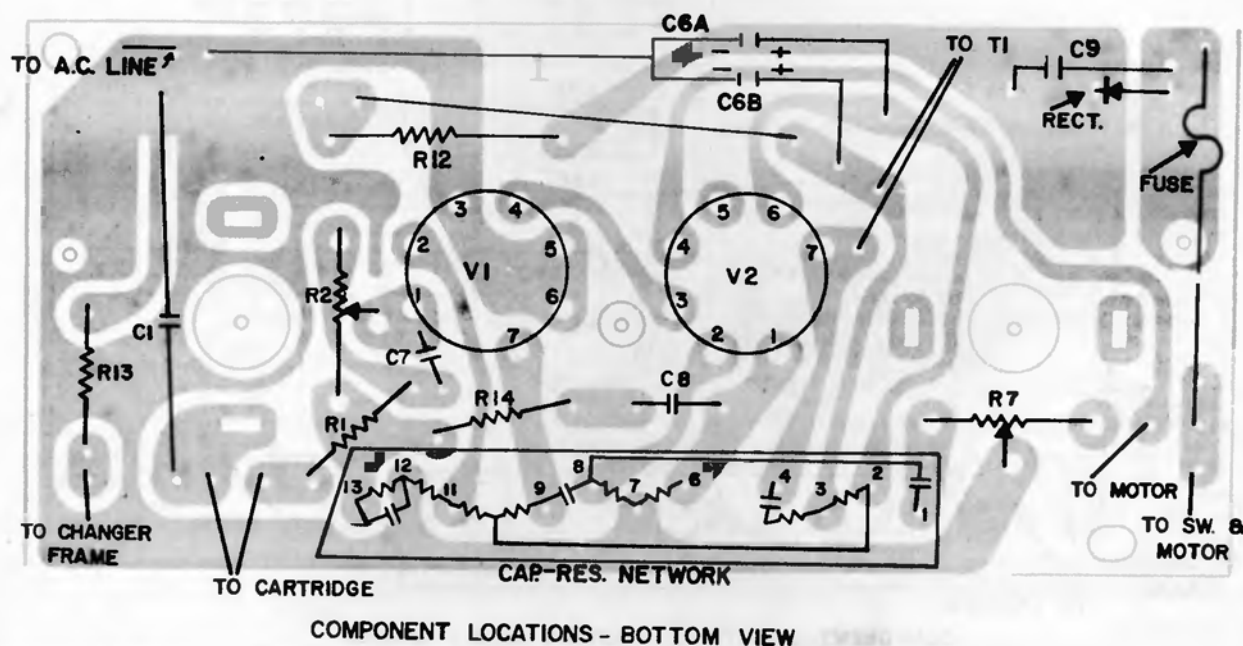
TO REMOVE AMPLIFIER CHASSIS

1. Follow steps 1 through 3 as above.
2. Remove loudness and tone knobs.
3. Loosen screws on interlock bracket; slide interlock out of mounting slot. (Mark location of bracket on cabinet before removing so that bracket can be "keyed" to correct location when replacing.)

4. Remove the three hexhead nuts from screws on cabinet brace above speakers and the three hexhead nuts from screws on cabinet brace under speakers.
5. Lift out grille (with all electronic components) and place down in front of cabinet carefully.
6. Unscrew two clamps holding wires from chassis to changer.
7. Remove amplifier chassis by unscrewing the three screws holding chassis to grille.
Before replacing knobs, turn control shafts fully counterclockwise; press on knobs with the knob indicator dot to the left of center at the bottom.

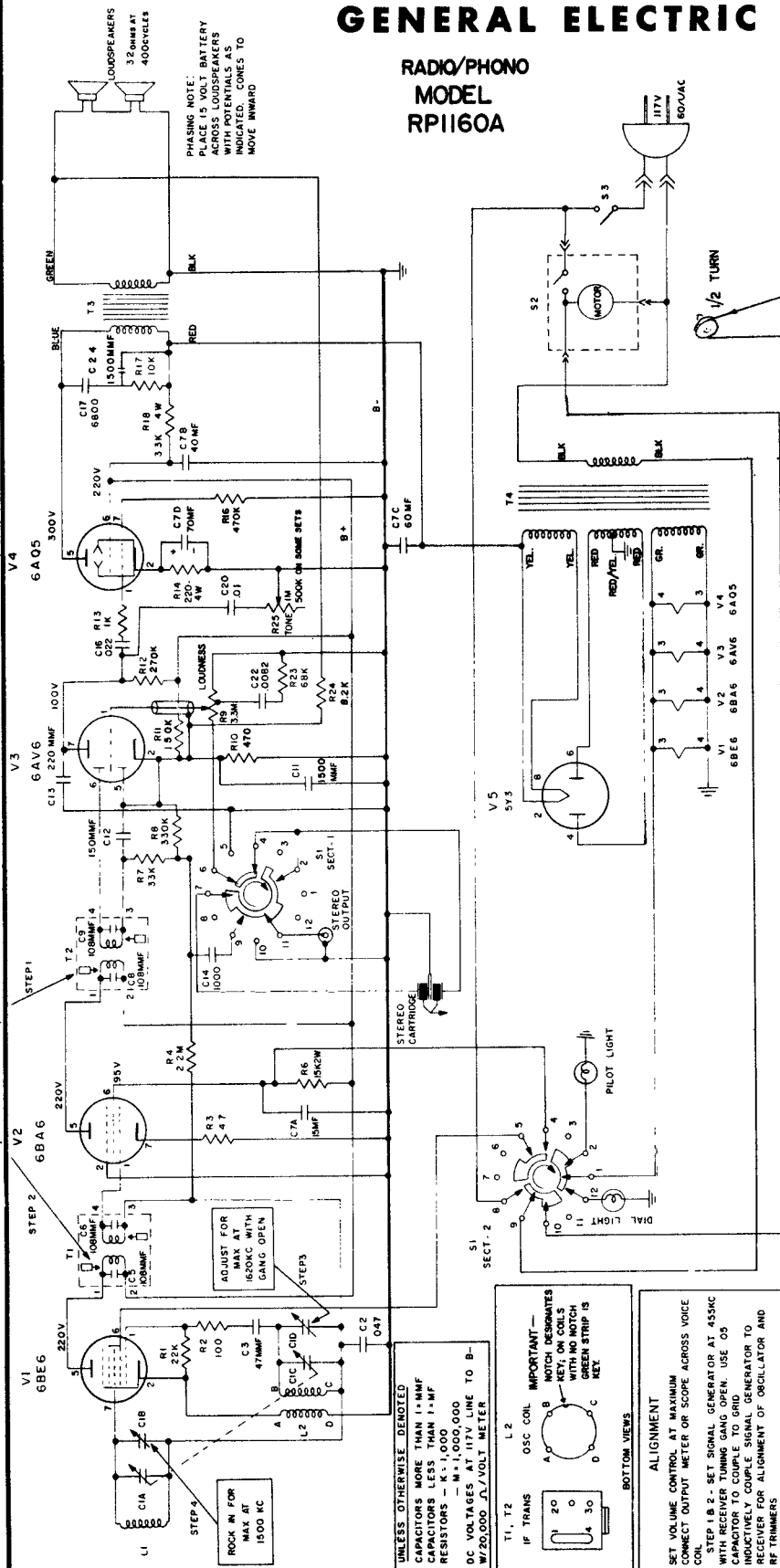


Model AS2 stereo matching unit uses a very similar circuit.

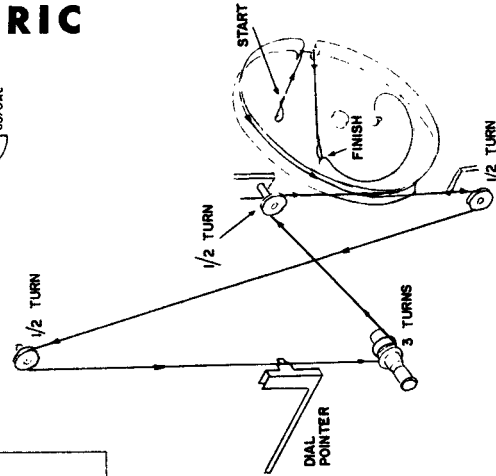


GENERAL ELECTRIC

RADIO/PHONO
MODEL
RP1160A

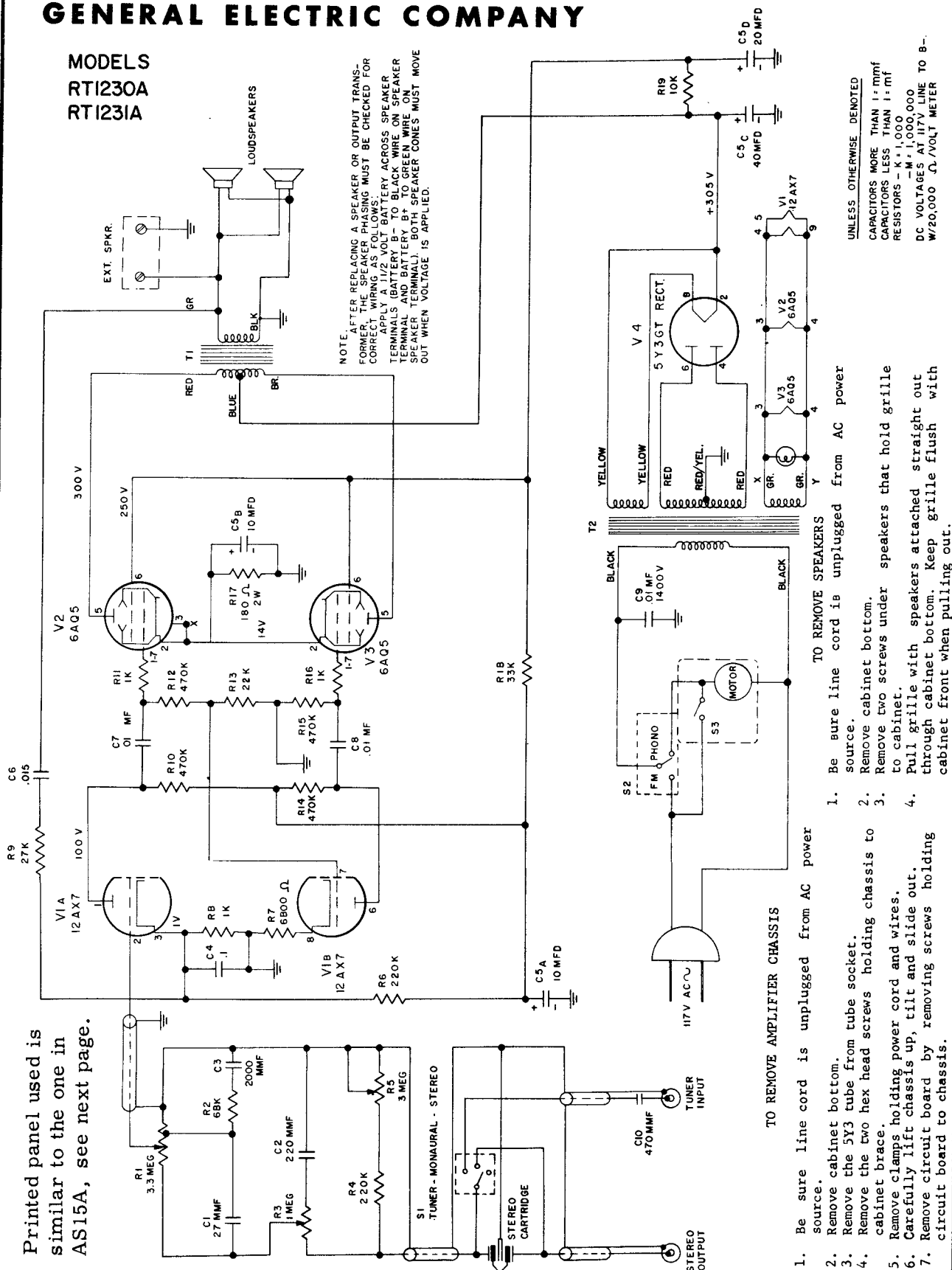


6. Remove grille by sliding out and down from bottom, be careful not to break speaker and antenna wires.
7. Remove compartment light from antenna bracket.
8. Remove antenna screws from top and bottom of metal chassis front plate. (It is not necessary to remove plastic dial assembly from chassis front plate.)
10. Turn clips on bottom of the shipping screws parallel to the screws.
11. Lift record changer free of mounting board.
12. Remove screw holding electrolytic.
13. Disconnect plug.
14. Unsolder and label the shielded signal wires (that go to the Stereo-Mono-Radio switch) from the terminal board on bottom of changer.
15. Loosen nuts holding power transformer mounting plate and slide chassis, electrolytic, antenna and compartment light out the front.



GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

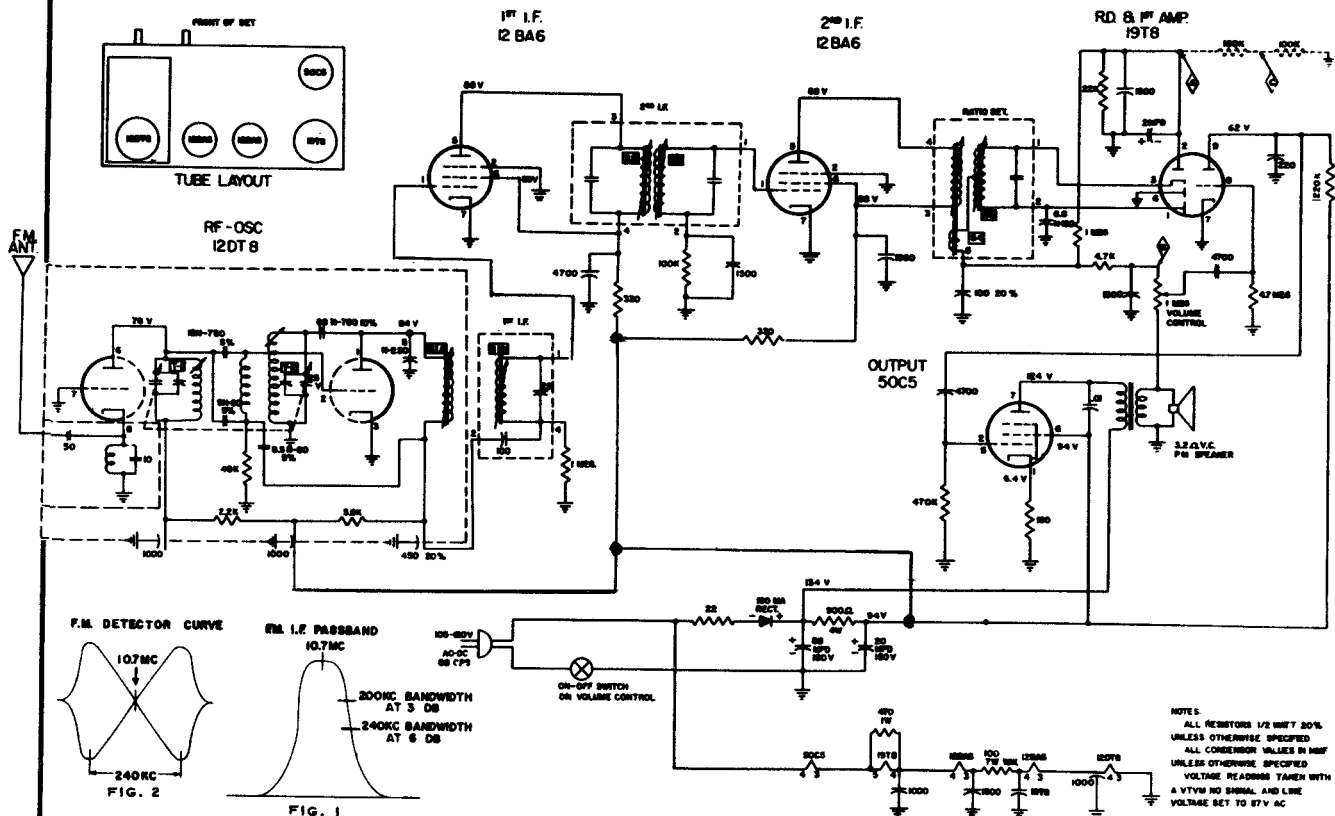
MODELS
RTI230A
RTI231A



Printed panel used is similar to the one in AS15A, see next page.

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

GRANCO PRODUCTS INC. MODEL 601 FM RADIO



NOTE #1 - To remove chassis from cabinet, place receiver face down on flat surface. Remove bottom screw and proceed to remove rear portion of cabinet by slapping sides of cabinet with palm of hands and at same time lifting set. The chassis, which is mounted on the front portion of cabinet, should fall out. Proceed to service chassis.

NOTE #2 - This chassis is connected to one side of the power line. On AC operation an isolation transformer should be used to prevent shock hazard. To protect the signal generator, if no isolation transformer is available or if the radio is operated on DC, connect a 0.1 MFD capacitor between the high side of the signal generator and the radio.

The output of the signal generator should be no higher than necessary to obtain a usable output reading. Use a non-metallic type alignment screw-driver for adjustments. Connect signal generator ground to chassis.

FM IF ALIGNMENT USING FM SIGNAL GENERATOR AND OSCILLOSCOPE

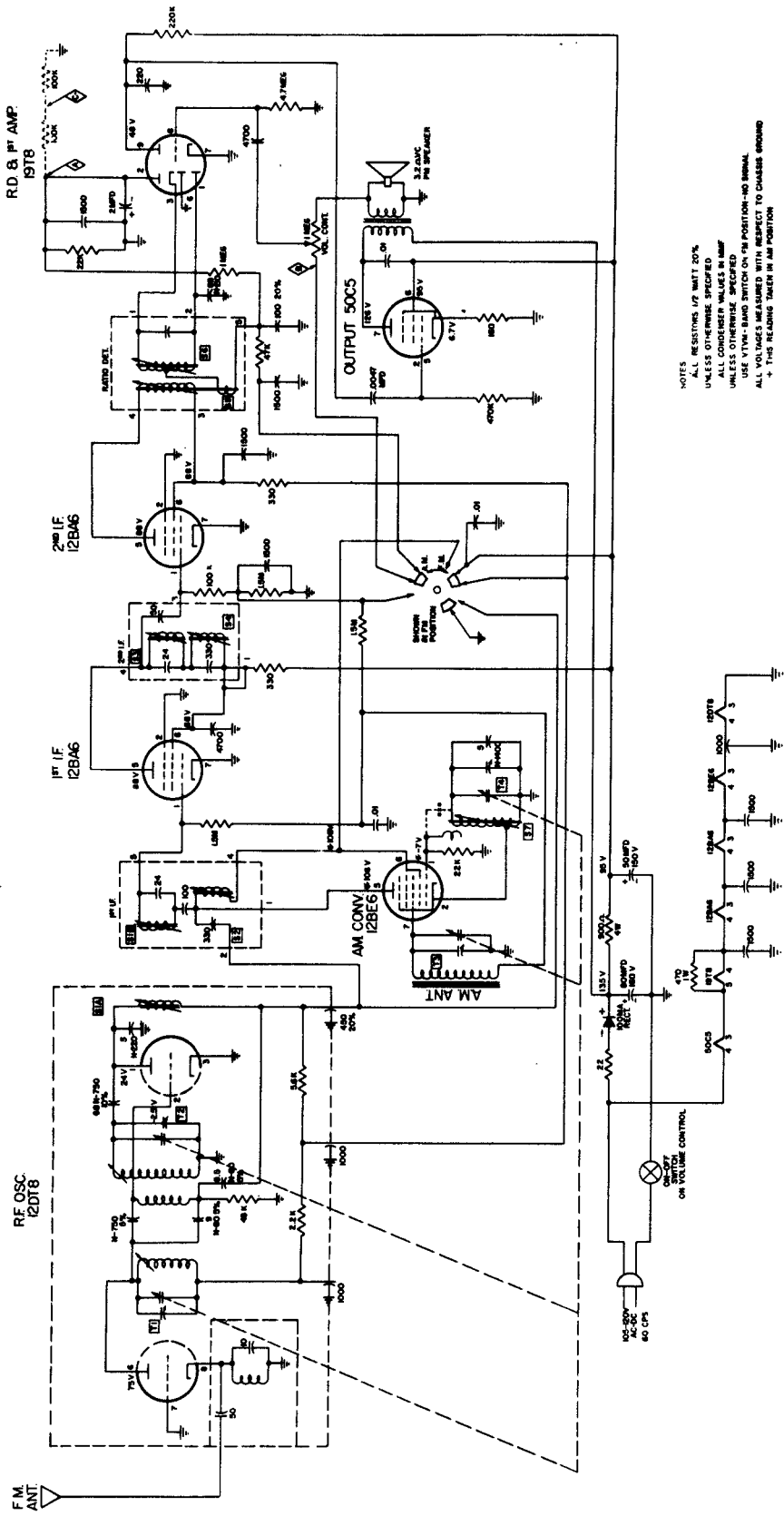
FREQUENCY MODULATE THE IF SIGNAL WITH A 60 CYCLE SINE WAVE TO A TOTAL DEVIATION OF 450 KC. ADJUST THE OSCILLOSCOPE INTERNAL HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION VOLTAGE TO 120 CYCLES, AND SYNCHRONIZE IT WITH THE 60 CYCLE SINE WAVE.

	SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING	SIGNAL GEN. FREQ.	BAND SWITCH POS.	RADIO DIAL SETTING	CONNECT SCOPE	ADJUST	REMARKS
6.	TO PIN 8 (CATHODE) OF 12DT8 THROUGH A 50 MMF (REMOTE ANT. HANK)	10.7 MC (450 KC TOTAL DEV.)	FM	POINT OF NON-INTERFERENCE	VERT. AMP TO POINT LOW SIDE TO CHASSIS.	S4, S3, S2, S1B, S1A.	DISCONNECT STABILIZER CAPACITOR 2MFD. ADJUST FOR CURVE OF MAXIMUM AMPLITUDE AND SYMMETRY SIMILAR TO FIG. 1.
7.	"	"	"	"	VERT. AMP TO POINT LOW SIDE TO CHASSIS.	S5	RECONNECT STABILIZER CAPACITOR 2MFD. ADJUST SO THAT 10.7 MC OCCURS AT CENTER OF CROSSOVER LINES, SIMILAR TO FIG. 2. SLIGHTLY RETOUCH S-4 FOR MAXIMUM AMPLITUDE AND STRAIGHTNESS OF CROSSOVER LINES, PROCEED WITH STEP 8.

FM RF ALIGNMENT

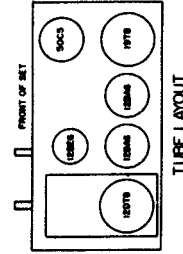
	SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING	SIGNAL GEN. FREQ.	BAND SWITCH POS.	RADIO DIAL SETTING	CONNECT VTVM	ADJUST	REMARKS
8.	TO PIN 8 (CATHODE) OF 12DT8 THROUGH A 50 MMF (REMOTE ANT. HANK)	108 MC	FM	108 MC (SLUGS OUT)	DC PROBE TO POINT COMMON TO CHASSIS.	T1, T2	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM DEFLECTION.
9.	"	88 MC	"	88 MC (SLUGS IN)	"	PADDER FLAPS	MOVE PADDER FLAPS CLOSER OR FURTHER FROM OSC. & RF COILS FOR MAX. DEFLECTION. REPEAT STEPS 8 & 9 FOR HIGHEST READING.

GRANCO PRODUCTS INC. MODEL 701 FM-AM RADIO



AM IF & RF ALIGNMENT

SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING	SIGNAL GEN. FREQ.	BAND SWITCH POS.	RADIO DIAL SETTING	CONNECT VTVM	ADJUST	REMARKS
1. TO PIN 7 (GRID) OF 12BE6.	485KC (400 MOD.)	AM	TUNING GANG FULLY OPEN.	ACROSS VOICE COIL	S4, S2	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM DEFLECTION.
2. LOOP (RADIATED)	610KC	"	TUNE TO 610KC SIGNAL	"	S7	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM DEFLECTION. WHILE ROCKING TUNING GANG.
3. "	1650KC	"	TUNING GANG FULLY OPEN.	"	T3, T4	ADJUST FOR MAXIMUM DEFLECTION. REPEAT STEPS 1, 2, & 3.



For FM alignment information see instruction under Model 601, on preceding page, which can be applied to this set as well.



POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE: 105-120 volts AC/DC or 7.5 volts "A" supply and 67.5 volts "B" supply

POWER CONSUMPTION: 15 Watts an electrical operation.

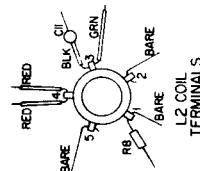
BATTERY DRAIN: 50 mA at 7.5 V and 12 mA at 67.5 V.

TUNING RANGE: 540 KC-1620 KC

I.F. STAGE: 455 KC

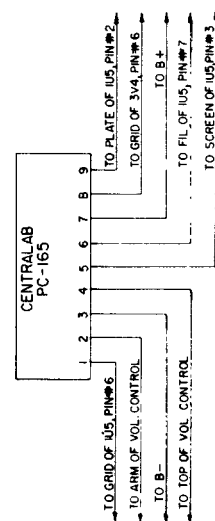
LOUDSPEAKER: 4' PM

VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE: 3.2 ohms at 400 CPS



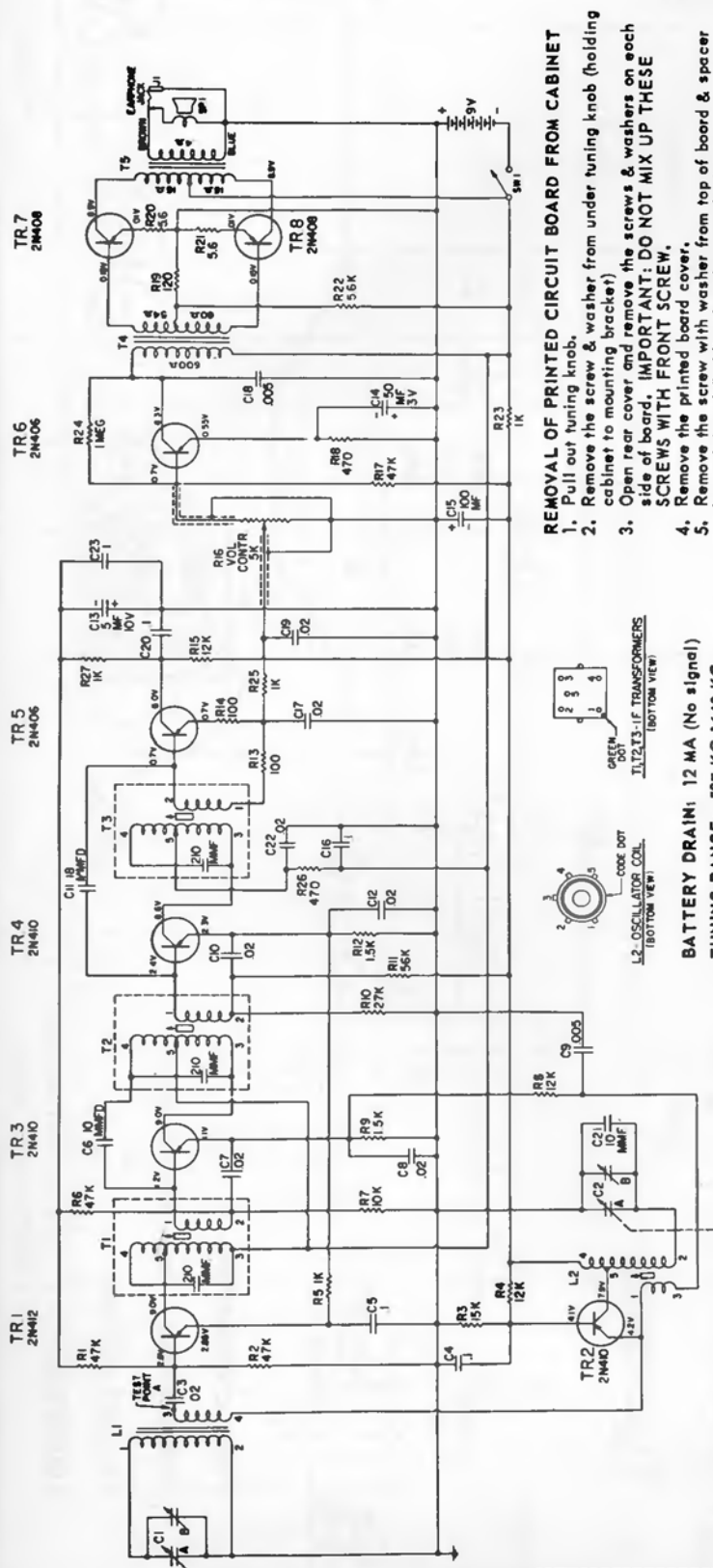
	OFF	<u>BLACK</u> SW-1	<u>RED</u> SW-2
	BATTERY	IN	IN
	AC/DC	IN	OUT
		OUT	IN

NOTE:
ALL VOLTAGE READINGS MADE WITH VTVM.
GROUND OF VTVM AT B- LINE VOLTAGE
117 VOLTS 60 CYCLES VOLUME CONTROL
AT MAXIMUM CLOCKWISE POSITION WITH
NO SIGNAL. ALL RESISTANCE READINGS
MADE WITH RESPECT TO B-.



MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

Model 1120A, -B



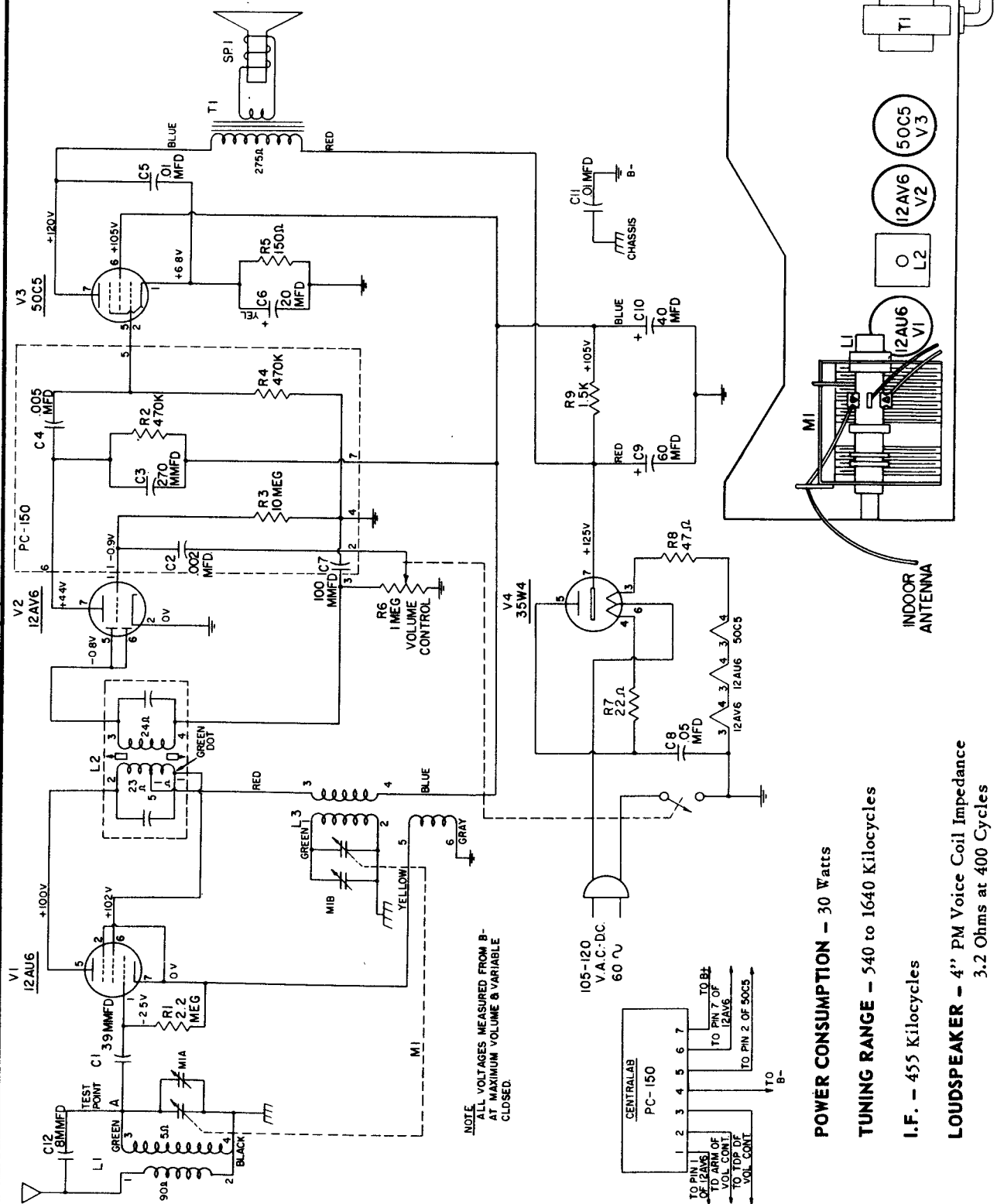
TOP VIEW OF BOARD SHOWING ALIGNMENT ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS.

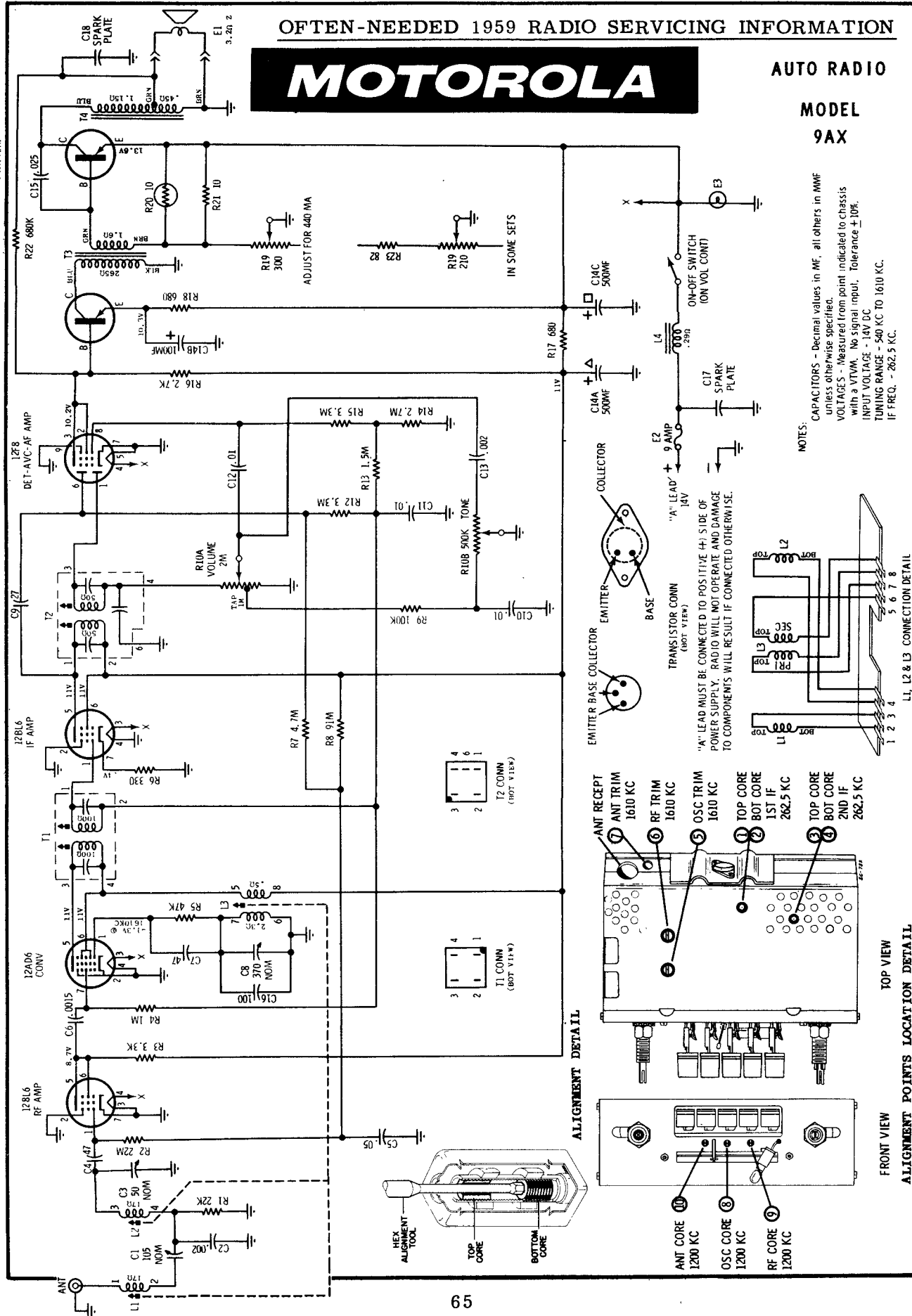
- 1) 1st I.F.
- 2) OSC. COIL
- 3) TRIM. CIB
- 4) TRIM. C2B
- 5) 2nd I.F.
- 6) 3rd I.F.



MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

Model GEN-1628A

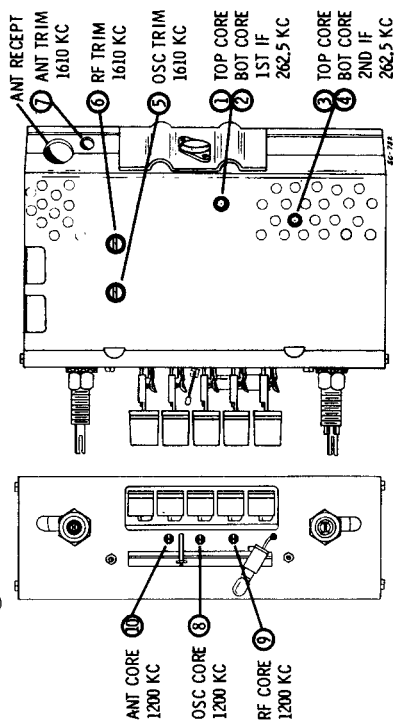


MOTOROLA**AUTO RADIO****MODEL
9AX**2N176
PWR AMP
MM53 OR 2N652
DRIVER

NOTES:

CAPACITORS - decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM. No signal input. Tolerance $\pm 10\%$.
INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC.
TUNING RANGE - 540 KC TO 1610 KC.
IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC.

ALIGNMENT DETAIL



TOP VIEW

FRONT VIEW

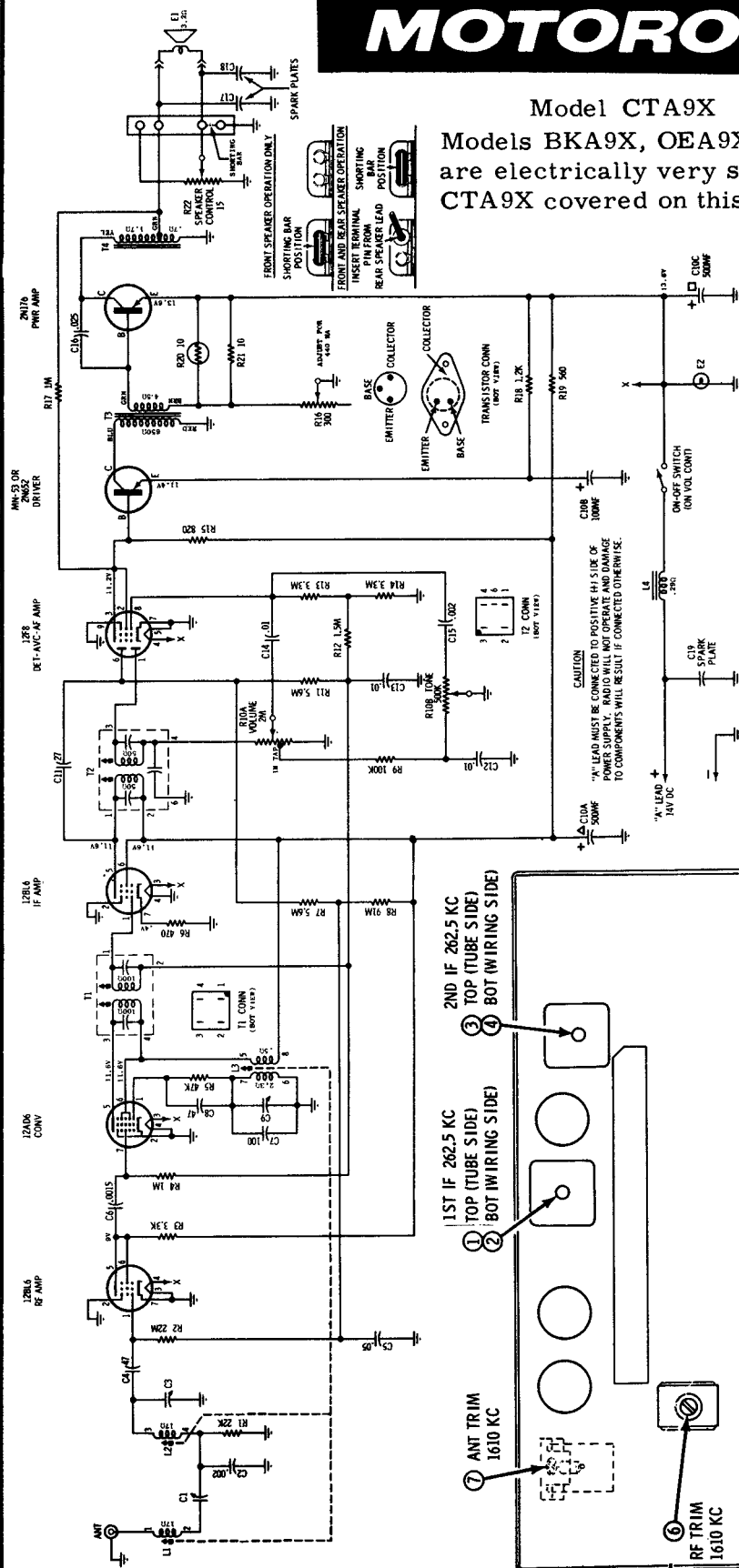
ALIGNMENT POINTS LOCATION DETAIL

L1, L2 & L3 CONNECTION DETAIL

MOTOROLA

Model CTA9X

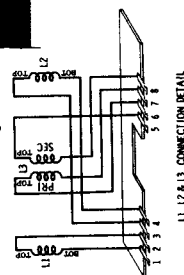
Models BKA9X, OEA9X, PCA9X, are electrically very similar to CTA9X covered on this page.



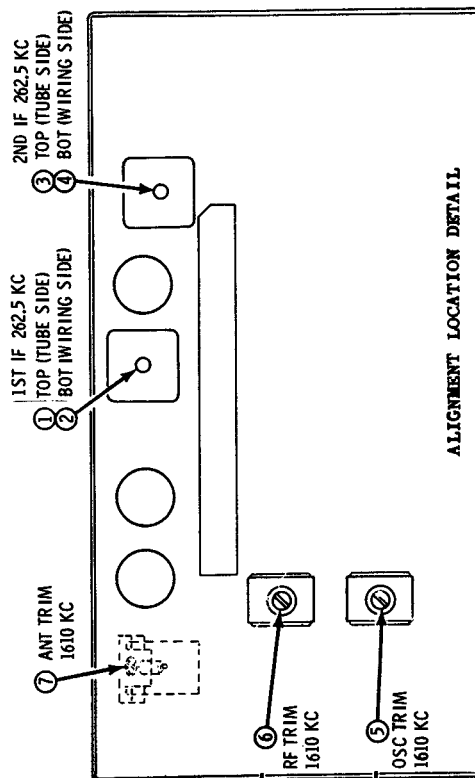
POWER TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT - After a power transistor has been replaced, the collector current should be checked and adjusted for proper operation.

- Connect a 0-3 amp DC ammeter in series with the "A" lead.
- Remove output transistor from its socket.
- Turn radio on and read ammeter with 12.6 volts input to "A" lead (approximately 800 ma). **NOTE READING.**
- Turn radio off and replace transistor
- Turn radio on and adjust R-16 for a 360 ma increase over reading noted in step c with 12.6 volts input to "A" lead.

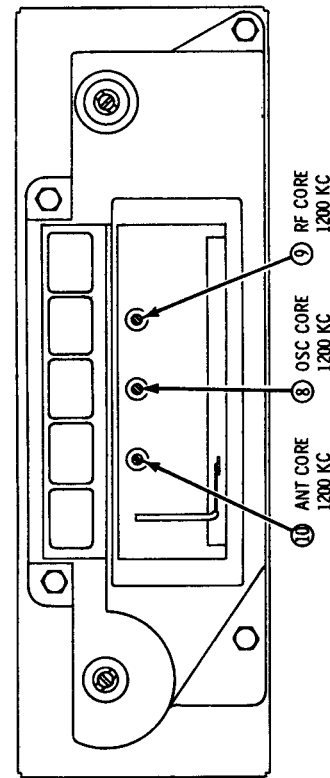
NOTE: Two values of radio input voltage are given as a convenience to service personnel in order to accommodate different power sources. The current value of 440 ma stated on the schematic is for 14 volts DC input to receiver "A" lead.



NOTES:
CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
RESISTORS - Values in ohms indicated in chassis with a VOM. No signal input. Tolerances $\pm 10\%$.
INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC.
TUNING RANGE - 540 KC to 1610 KC.
IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC.

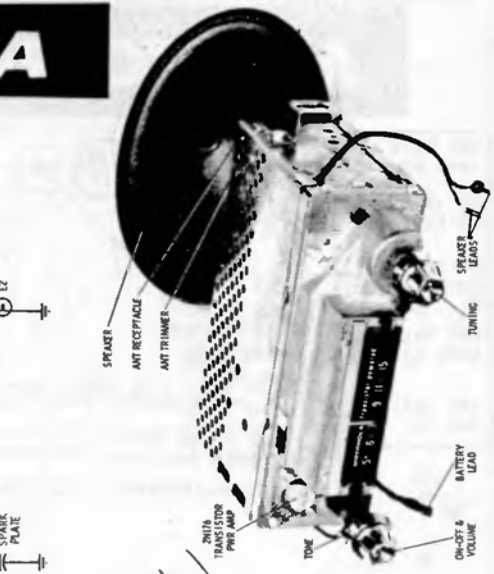
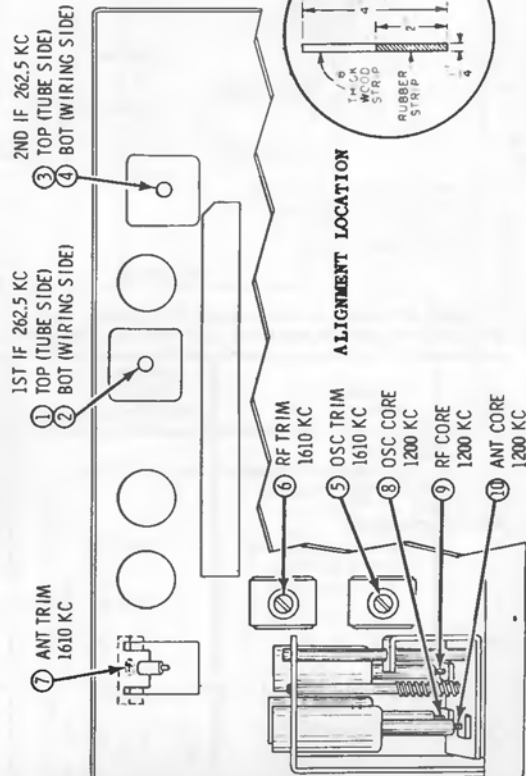
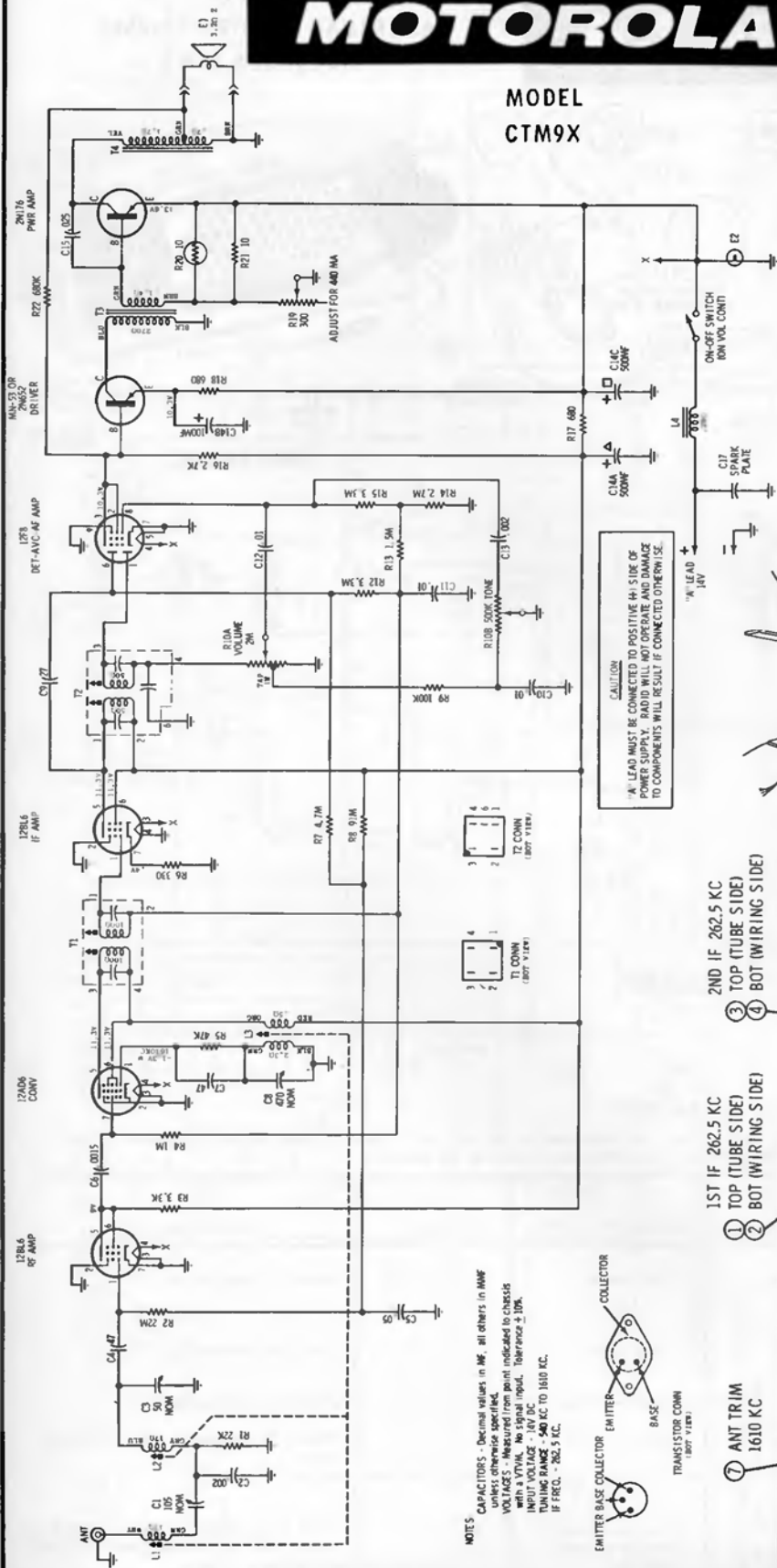


ALIGNMENT LOCATION DETAIL



MOTOROLA

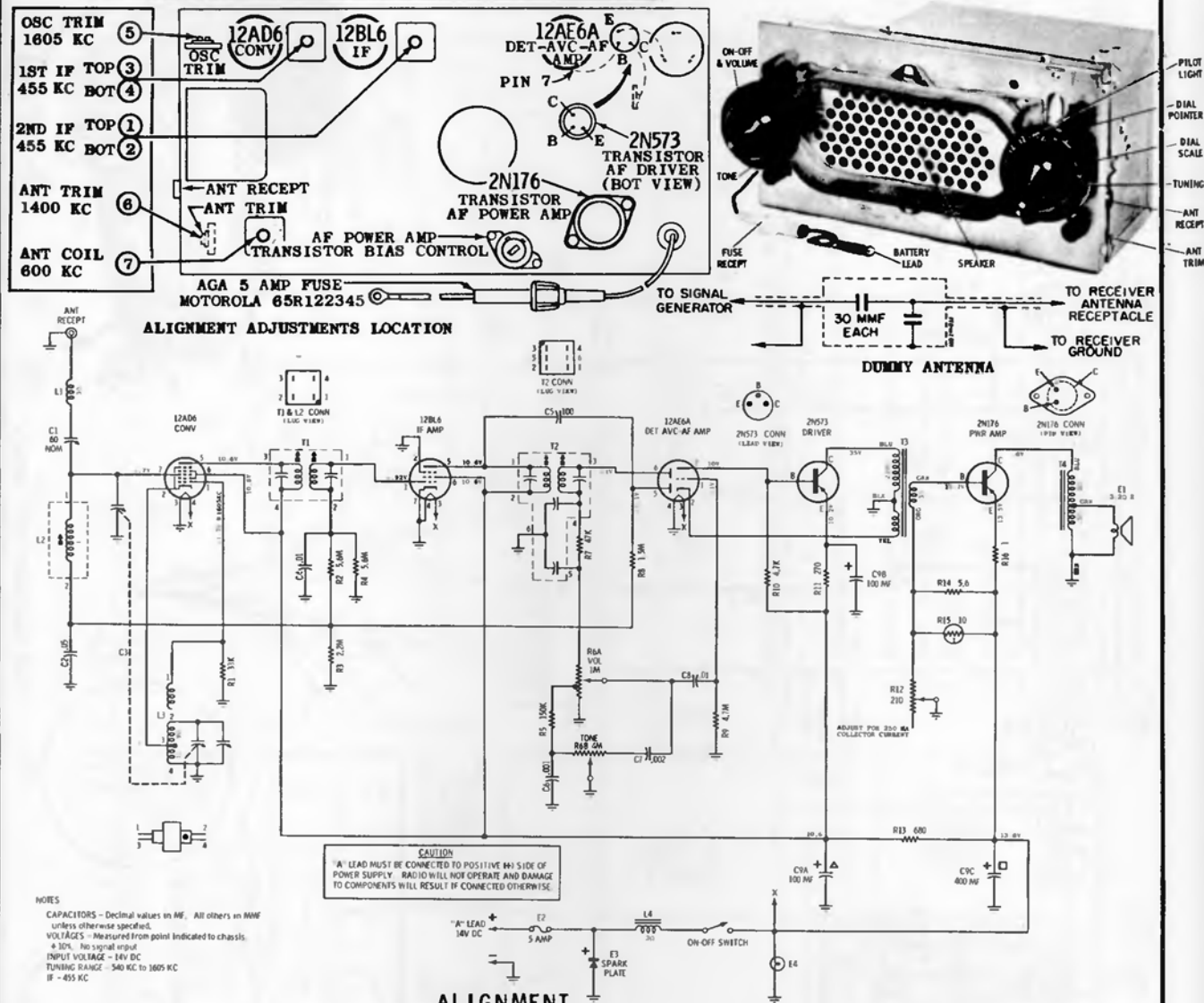
MODEL CTM9X



CORE ALIGNMENT TOOL DETAIL

MOTOROLA

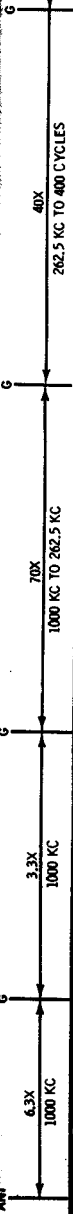
MODEL
AMERICAN MOTORS 8990582
MOTOROLA 93MR



Connect an output meter across the speaker voice coil. Set tone control to high and volume to maximum. Attenuate signal generator output to maintain 1.3 volts on output meter to prevent overloading the receiver.

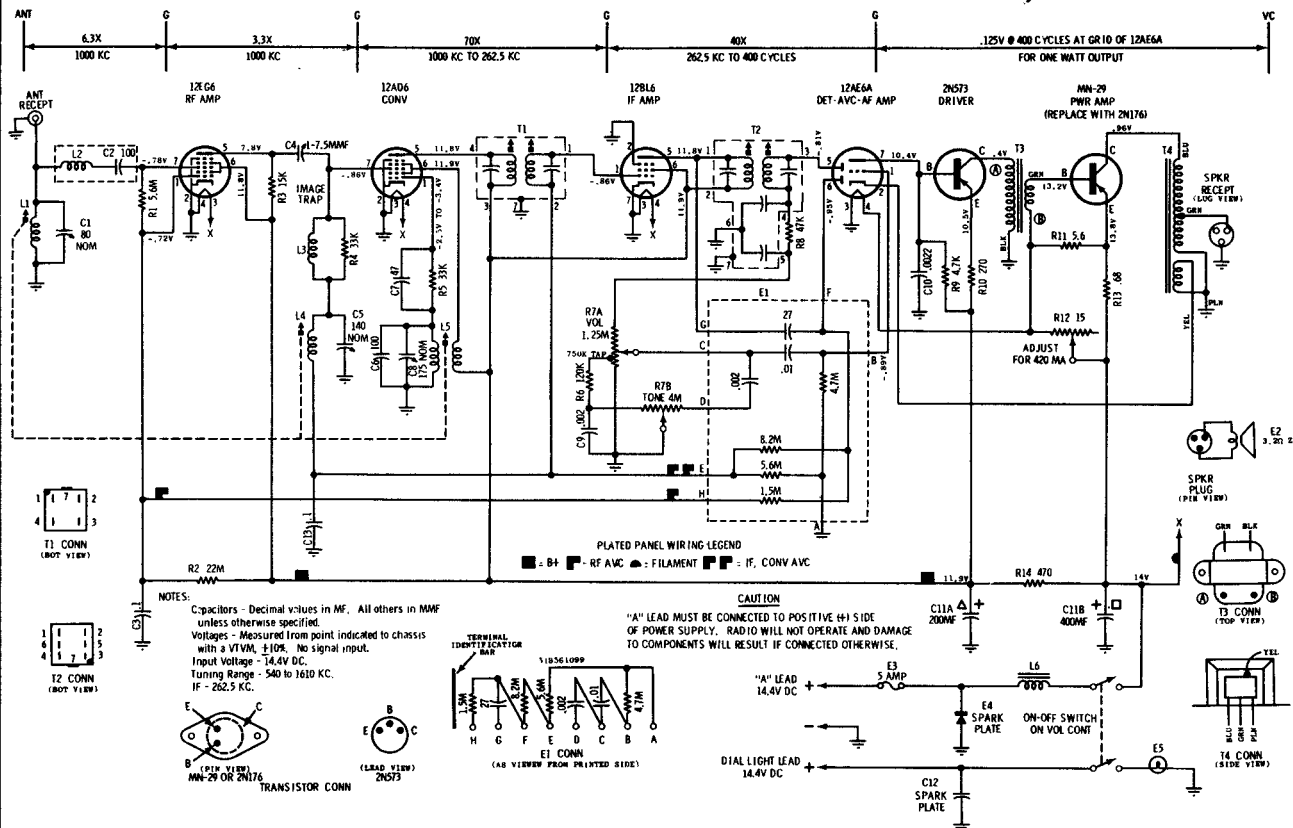
STEP	GENERATOR CONNECTION	GENERATOR FREQUENCY (400 cycle mod)	GANG SETTING	ADJUST	REMARKS
IF ALIGNMENT					
1.	Ant recept through .1 mf & chassis	455 Kc	Fully open	1, 2, 3 & 4	Peak for maximum.
RF ALIGNMENT					
2.	Ant recept through dummy antenna	1605 Kc	Fully open	5	Peak for maximum.
3.	"	1400 Kc	Tune for max	6	Peak for maximum.
4.	"	600 Kc	Tune for max	7	Peak for maximum while rocking gang.
5.	Repeat steps 3 & 4 until no further increase. The last adjustment should be the trimmer (6).				
ANTENNA TRIMMER					
6.	-	-	Tune to a weak station around 1400 Kc	6	With radio installed in car and antenna fully extended, peak antenna trimmer for max.

MODEL
AMERICAN MOTORS 8990576
MOTOROLA 94MA

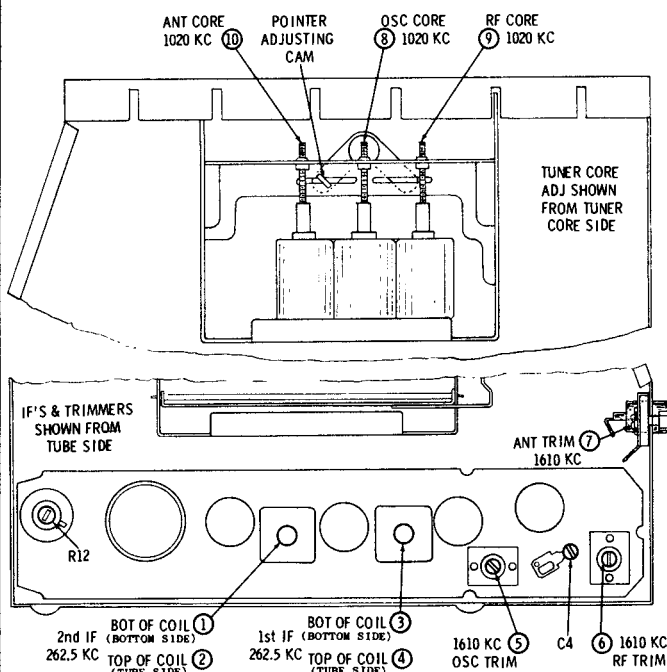


MOTOROLA

MODELS
MOTOROLA 94MF, 94MFM
FORD B9FA-18806-C, B9FA-18805-E



ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATION DETAIL



NOTE: Do not perform steps 3, 4, 5 & 6 unless tuner has been tampered with or components have been replaced. Before proceeding with step 3, back tuning cores 1-3/8" out of tuning coils to eliminate their effect on trimmer adjustment.

PLATED CIRCUIT COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

Most of the components can be removed from the panel with the aid of a soldering iron. When using a soldering pot, it may be difficult to dip some of the components close to the edge of the panel because of interference from the radio housing. To use a soldering pot on these components, it will be necessary to partially drop the panel from the housing, to do this proceed as follows:

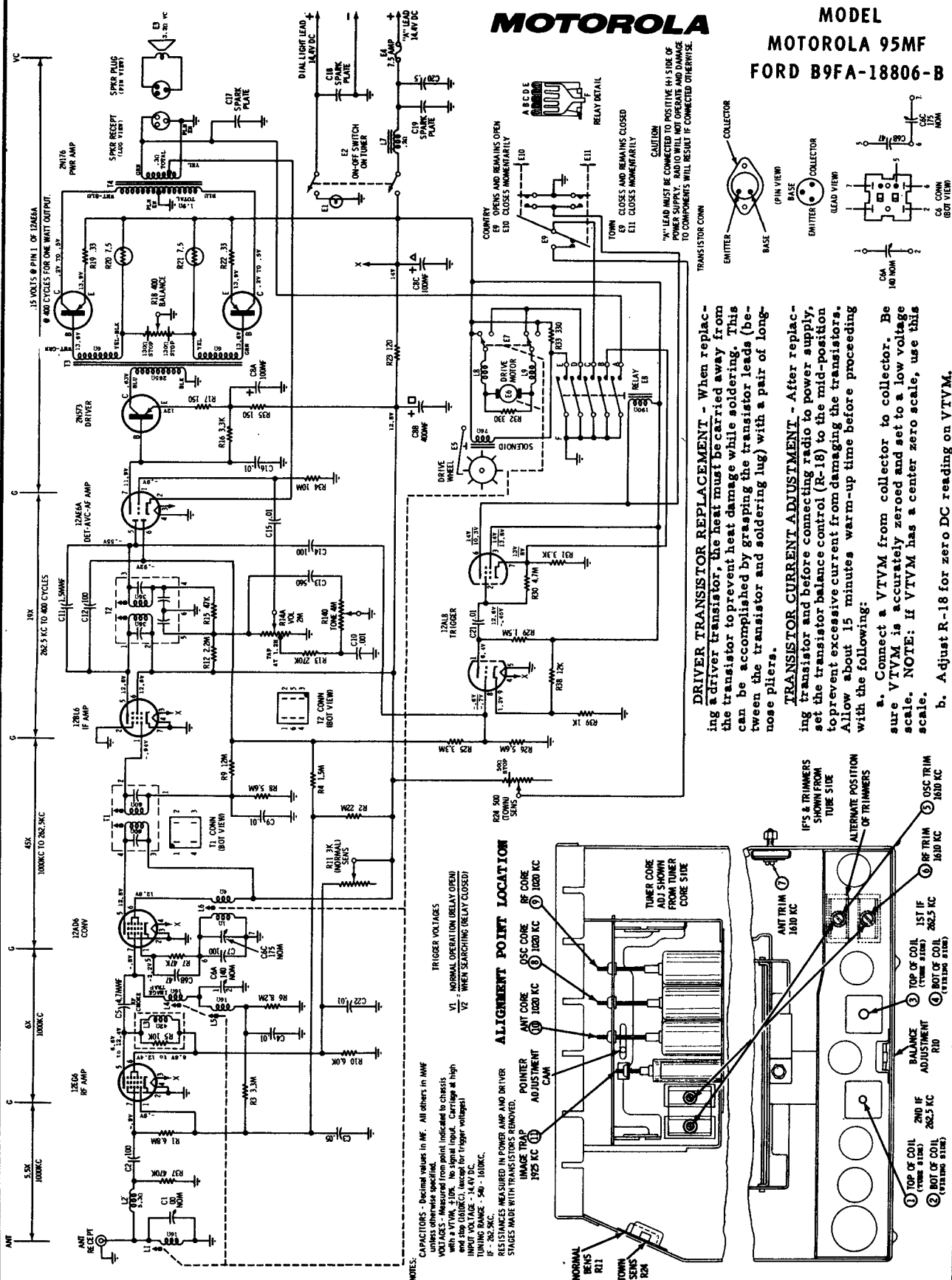
- Remove two screws which hold radio housing to front plate (on volume control side of housing).
- Unsolder connecting lead from antenna spark choke at trimmer side.
- Unsolder plated panel support bracket from housing and panel, bend ears straight, and carefully remove from plated panel.
- Carefully remove plated panel from housing and drop below edge of housing.
- Replace screws removed from housing in step "a." s o panel and housing will be more solid during soldering operation.

PLATED CHASSIS REMOVAL - If necessary to remove the plated panel completely from radio housing, proceed as follows:

- Remove two screws which hold radio housing to front plate (on volume control side of housing).
- Unsolder connecting leads to free panel. Where possible, avoid unsoldering leads at plated panel.
- Unsolder plated panel support bracket from housing and panel, bend ears straight, and carefully remove bracket from panel and housing.
- Plated panel will now be free for careful removal from housing.

MOTOROLA

MODEL
MOTOROLA 95MF
FORD B9FA-18806-B



These are 12-volt sets designed for universal underdash installation. Model 300X, circuit on this page, is for use in cars with a negative ground electrical system. Model 301X, diagram on next page adjacent at right, is for cars with positive ground electrical system. Other material applies to both models.

NOTES:
CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM. No signal input. Tolerance $\pm 10\%$.
INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC.
TUNING RANGE - 540 KC TO 161D KC.
IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC.

NOTE: Two values of radio input voltage are given as a convenience to service personnel in order to accommodate different power sources. The current value of 440 ma stated on the schematic is for 14 volts DC input to receiver "A" lead.

POWER TRANSISTOR INSULATOR - When replacing a power transistor or power transistor insulator, be sure to coat both sides of insulator with DC-4 grease (Motorola Part No. 11M490487) to insure proper heat dissipation.

TRANSISTOR CHECK - The transistors used in this receiver can be expected to give unusually long trouble-free life. However, the following transistor checks are provided to facilitate servicing:

Substituting a known good transistor for a suspected one is the simplest and most positive way of checking transistors. When a transistor is not available for substitution, make a resistance check of the stage. If the values are within the tolerance rating, the bias network can be eliminated as a source of defect and the transistor safely substituted. Bias network defects can be located by resistance checks.

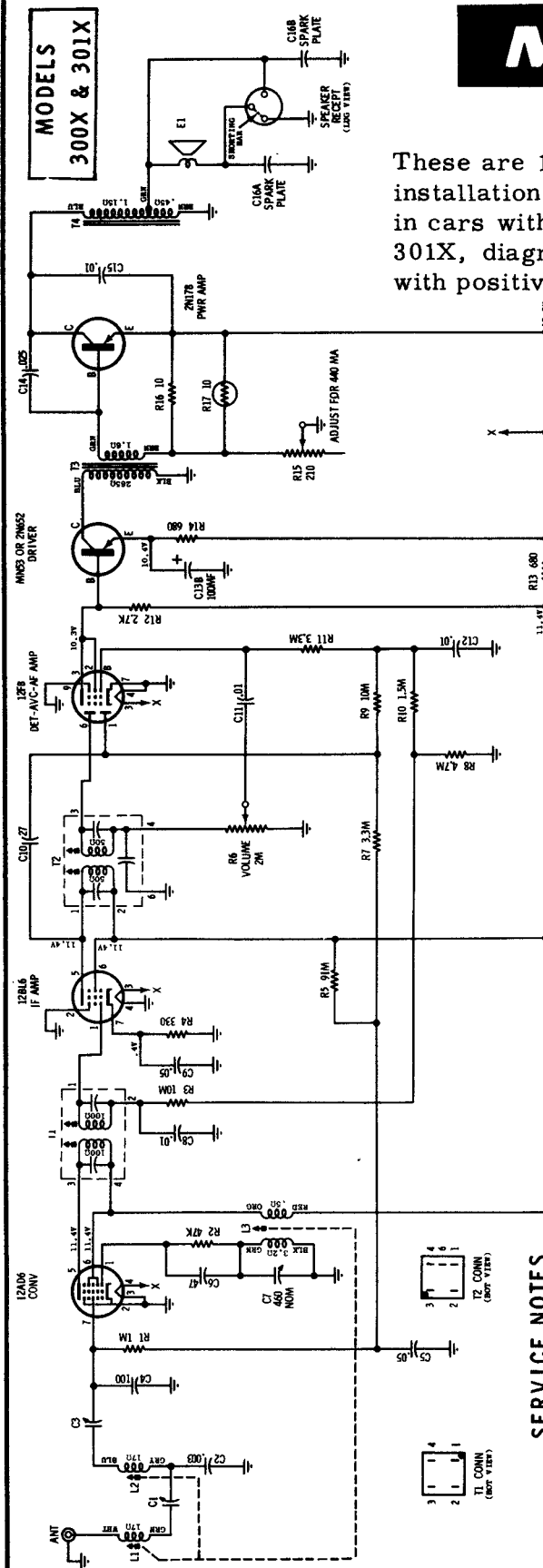
RADIO POLARITY - WHEN SERVICING THESE RECEIVERS, NOTE THE MODEL OF RADIO AND BE SURE TO CONNECT "A" LEAD TO THE PROPER POLARITY OF POWER SOURCE. CONNECT "A" LEAD OF MODEL 300X TO POSITIVE SIDE OF POWER SOURCE AND HOUSING TO POSITIVE SIDE. CONNECT "A" LEAD OF MODEL 300LX TO NEGATIVE SIDE. CONNECT "A" LEAD OF MODEL 300LX TO NEGATIVE SIDE OF POWER SOURCE AND HOUSING TO POSITIVE SIDE. IF THESE RECEIVERS ARE NOT PROPERLY CONNECTED, THE RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS MAY RESULT.

POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS - It is preferable to use a storage battery (without a battery charger) in place of a battery eliminator when servicing this receiver, because the average eliminator has an extremely high AC ripple content which may damage the transistor and other low voltage components.

POWER TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT - After a power transistor has been replaced, the collector current should be checked and adjusted for proper operation.

- c. Connect a 0-3 amp DC ammeter in series with the "A" lead.
- d. Remove output transistor from its socket.
- e. Turn radio on and read ammeter with 12.6 volts input to "A" lead (approximately 800 ma). NOTE READING.
- f. Turn radio off and replace transistor
- g. Turn radio on and adjust R-15 for a 360 ma increase over reading noted in step c with 12.6 volts input to "A" lead.

MODEL 300X SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



CAUTION

CAUTION

ON-OFF SWITCH
ON VOLUME (CONT.)

550

"A" LEA0 +
14V DC

D OF MOI E AND HO FIVEBS A

CONNECT "A"
POWER S
IF THIS

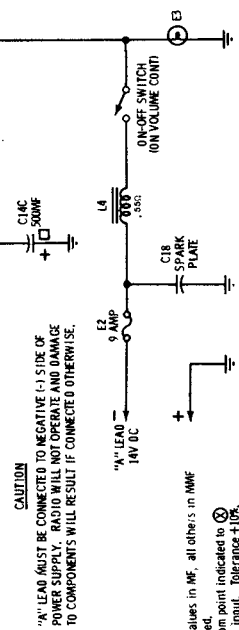
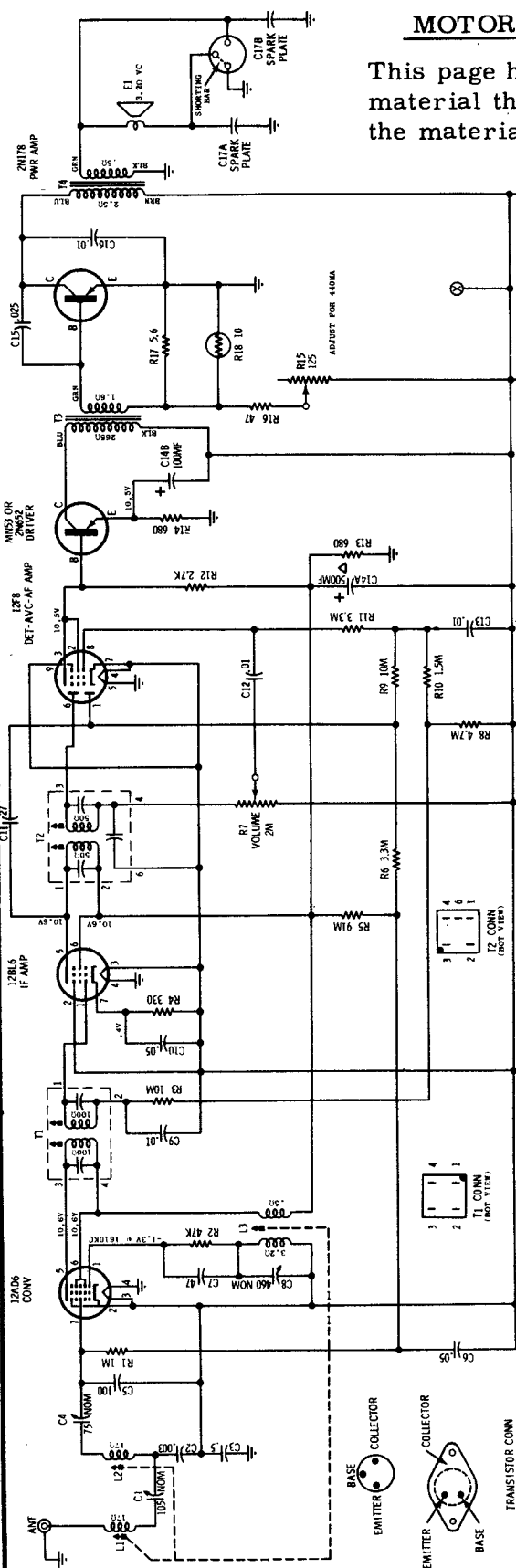
WAVE SIDE.
WAVE SIDE.
WAVE SIDE.

THE NEW YORK TIMES

MOTOROLA Models 300X and 301X, Continued

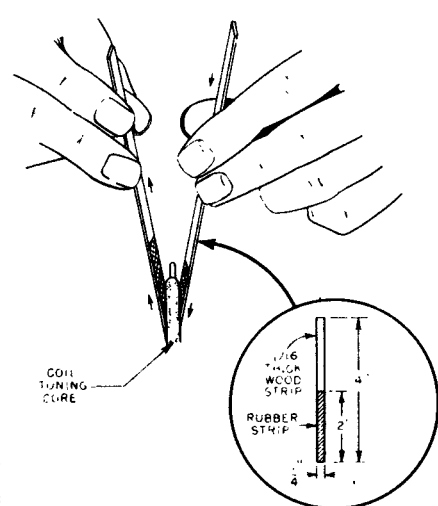
This page has the circuit of Model 301X, and other service material that is applicable to both 300X and 301X. See also the material on previous page, at left.

MODEL 301X SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

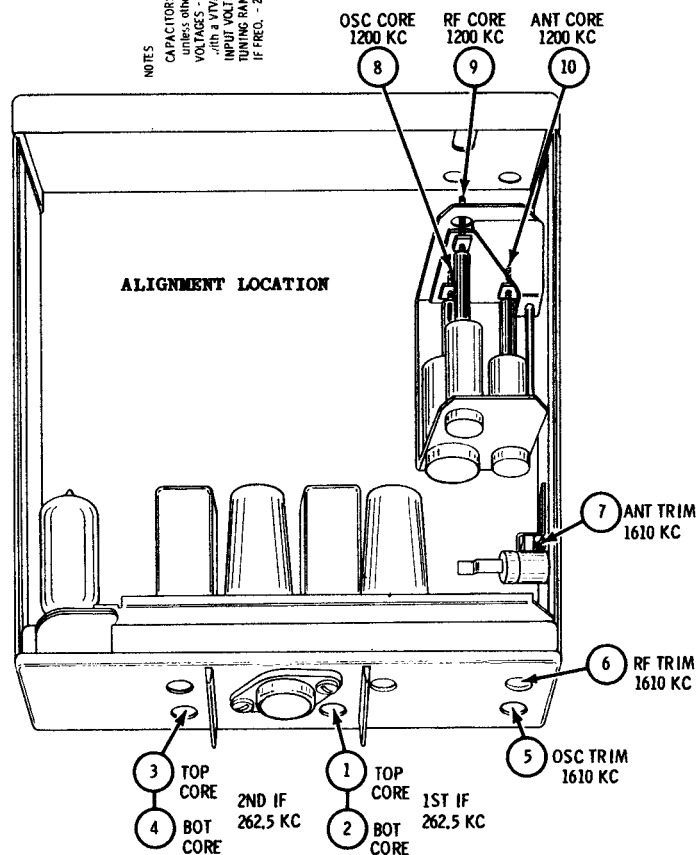


CAUTION
"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO NEGATIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

NOTES
CAPACITORS - decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to Ⓢ with a VTVM. No signal input. Tolerance $\pm 10\%$.
INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC.
TUNING RANGE - 540 KC to 1610 KC.
IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC.

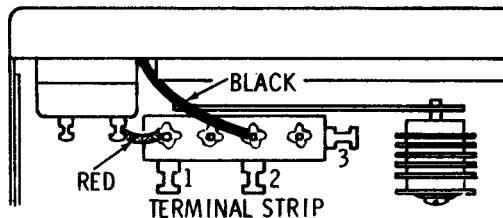


CORE ALIGNMENT TOOL DETAIL



MOTOROLA

MODEL
406



RADIO WIRING FOR CARS WITH A NEGATIVE GROUND ELECTRICAL SYSTEM - RED LEAD MUST BE SOLDERED TO TERMINAL NO. 1: BLACK LEAD TO TERMINAL NO. 2.

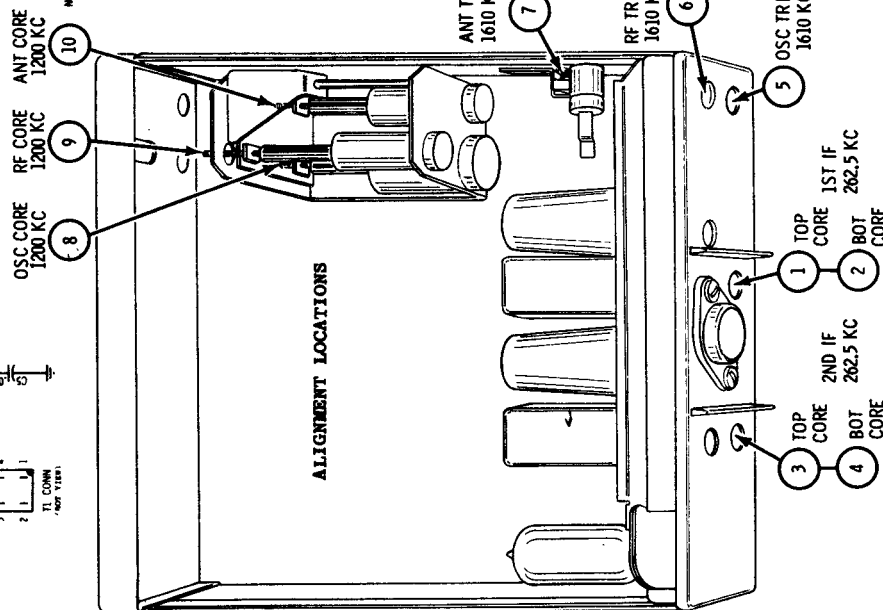
RADIO POLARITY - BEFORE CONNECTING RADIO TO A 6 VOLT POWER SOURCE, REMOVE BOTTOM COVER AND CHECK POLARITY WIRING AGAINST DETAIL. THEN CONNECT RADIO TO POWER SOURCE PER DETAIL. IF THIS RECEIVER IS NOT PROPERLY CONNECTED, IT WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS MAY RESULT.

OUTPUT TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT - After an output transistor has been replaced, the collector current should be checked and adjusted for proper operation.

- Connect a 3 amp DC ammeter in series with the "A" lead.
- Remove output transistor from its socket.
- Turn radio on and read ammeter with 6.3 volts input to "A" lead (approximately 2.0 amp). **NOTE READING.**
- Turn radio off and replace transistor
- Turn radio on and adjust R-14 for a 600 ma increase over reading noted in step c with 6.3 volts input to "A" lead.

NOTE: Two values of radio input voltage are given as a convenience to service personnel in order to accommodate different power sources. The current value of 720 ma stated on the schematic is for 7 volts DC input to receiver "A" lead.

ALIGNMENT LOCATIONS



MOTOROLA

MODEL

GV-701

TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT - After replacing a transistor, the collector current must be adjusted to insure proper operation of the output stage. Adjustment of the collector current must be made within one minute after the receiver has been turned on - before it has time to warm up. If the receiver is warm from operation, it will have to be cooled before adjusting the collector current.

A. Set R-21 to maximum resistance position (fully counter-clockwise when viewed from the wiring side) so that the new transistor does not draw excessive collector current and "run away".

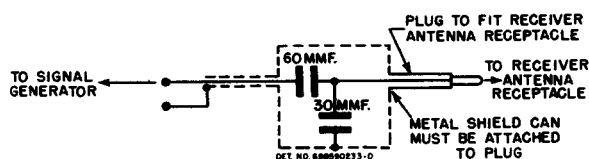
B. Unsolder output transformer (T-4) black lead and grounded speaker lead from chassis; connect the two leads together. Be sure speaker is connected while making adjustment; volume control must be set to minimum. Connect the positive side of a 0 - 1.0 amp DC ammeter to the two leads just removed and the negative side to chassis. The

meter used must have an internal resistance of .05 ohms or less; if higher, meter will act as a current limiter and cause an incorrect adjustment.

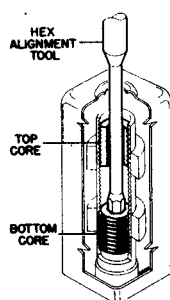
C. Adjust R-21, within one minute, after turning on a cold receiver for a total collector current reading of 160 ma with 12.6 volts input to receiver's "A" lead. Resolder two leads to chassis after adjustment.

NOTE: Two values of receiver input voltage are given as a convenience to service personnel to accommodate different power sources. The schematic total collector current value of 200 ma is stated with 14 volts DC input to receiver's "A" lead.

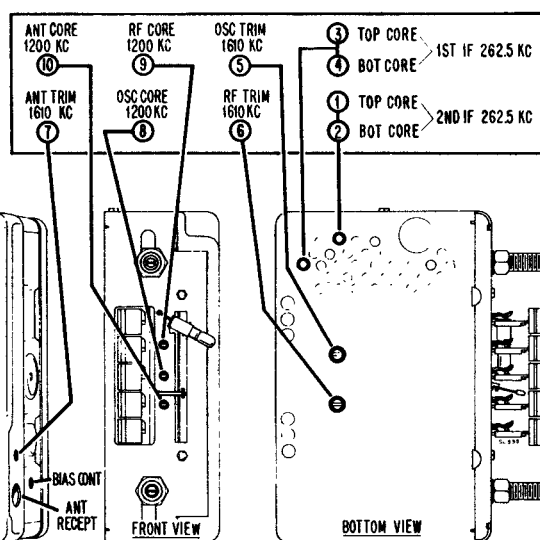
POWER TRANSISTOR INSULATOR - When replacing a power transistor or power transistor insulator, be sure to coat both sides of insulator with DC-4 grease (Motorola Part No. 11M490487) to insure proper heat dissipation.



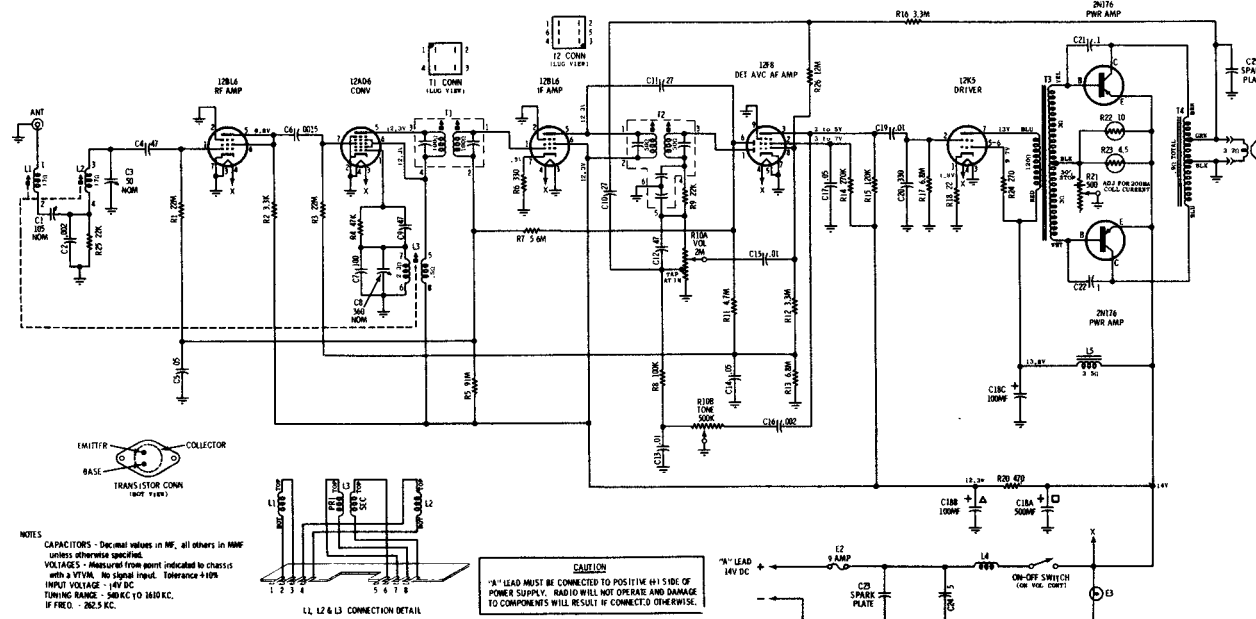
DUMMY ANTENNA DETAIL



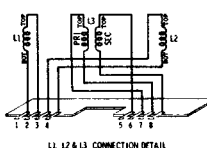
IF ALIGNMENT DETAIL



ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS DETAIL



NOTES:
CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF, unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM. No signal input. Tolerance $\pm 10\%$.
INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC
TUNING RANGE - 530KC TO 1610 KC, IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC.



CAUTION:
"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

ANT RECEPT

V1 2N140 RF AMP

V2 2N139 1ST IF AMP

V3 2N139 2ND IF AMP

V4 2N109 AF AMP

V5 2N270 AF DRIVER

V6 2N176 AF PWR AMP

V7 2N176 AF PWR AMP

V8 2N176 AF PWR AMP

E3 3.2V Z

C29A SPARK PLATE

NOTES:

CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.

VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM $\pm 10\%$. No signal input. Tuner carriage at high frequency end stop.

INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC

TUNING RANGE - 540 KC to 1610 KC.

IF - 262.5 KC.

RESISTANCES MEASURED WITH TRANSISTORS REMOVED FROM ASSOCIATED CIRCUITRY.

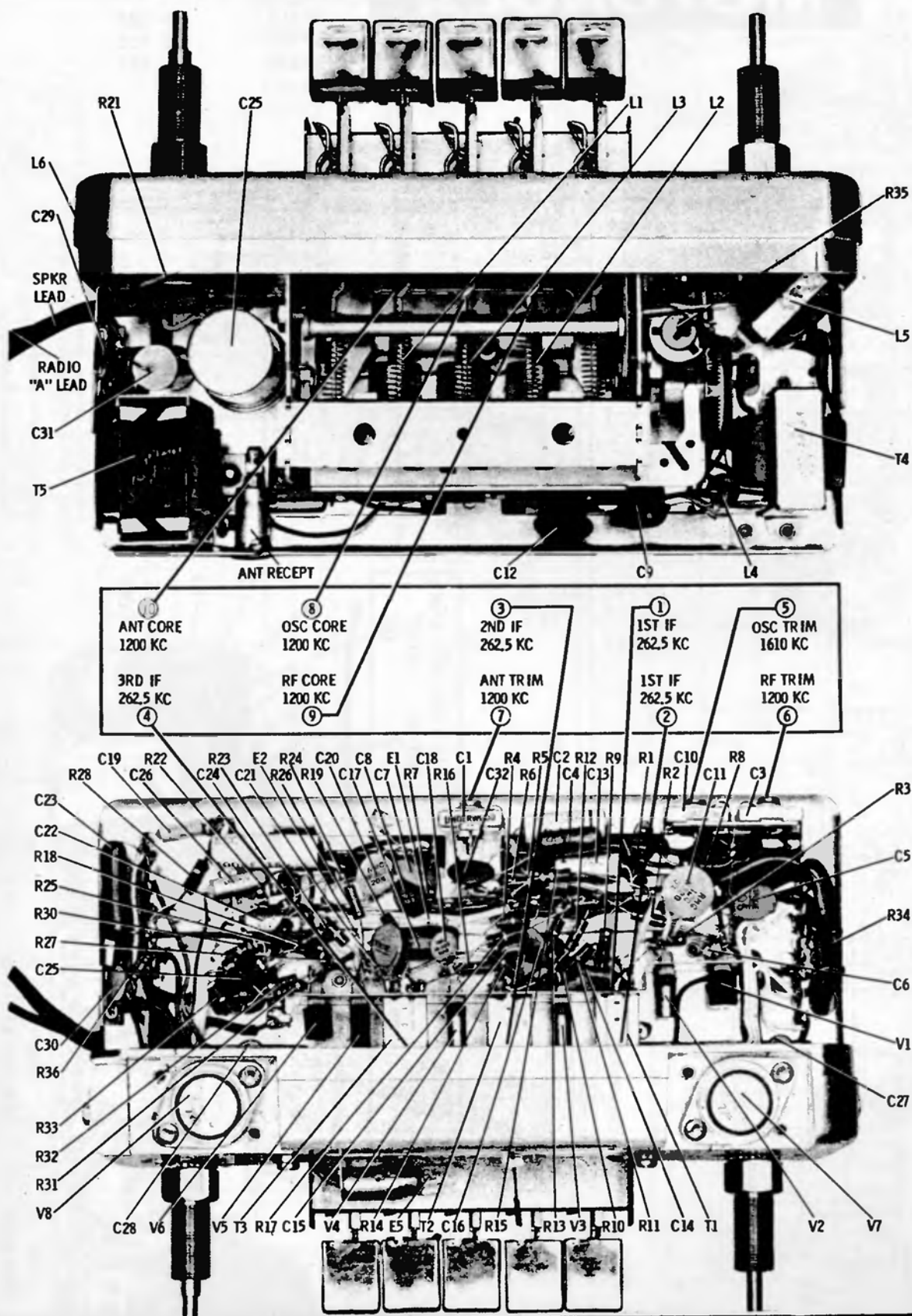
"A" LEAD 14V DC

ON-OFF SW (ON VOL CONT)

"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

MOTOROLA Model GV-800, Alignment Adjustments & Parts Location. Continued.

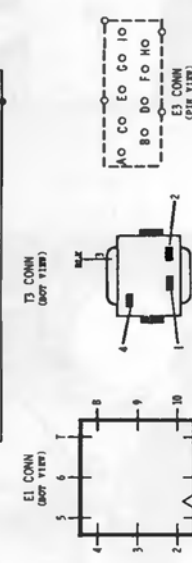


CHASSIS

HS-633

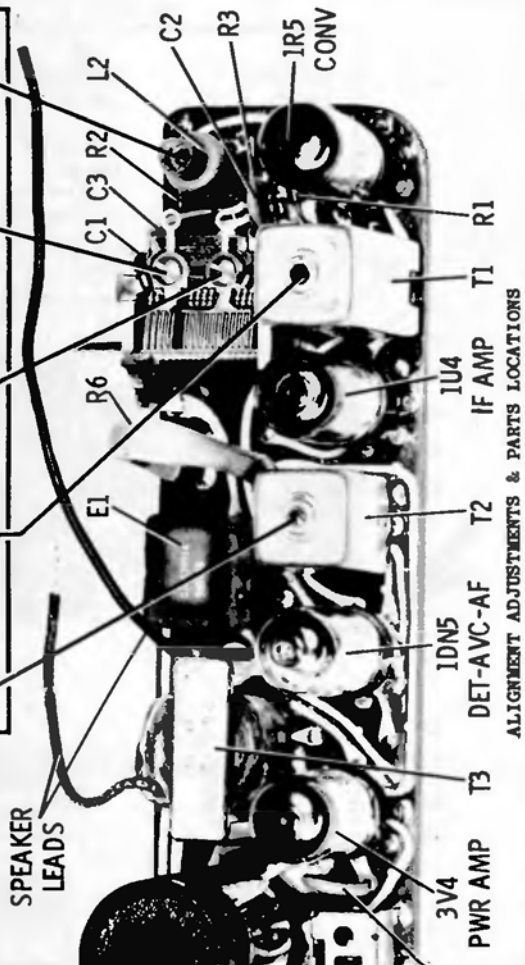
HS-633

HS-633



TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET

1. Pull the control knobs from front of radio.
2. Remove the volume control mounting palmnut and the machine screws under tuning knob of radio.
3. Unsolder speaker leads.
4. Unsolder antenna leads.
5. Remove chassis from cabinet.



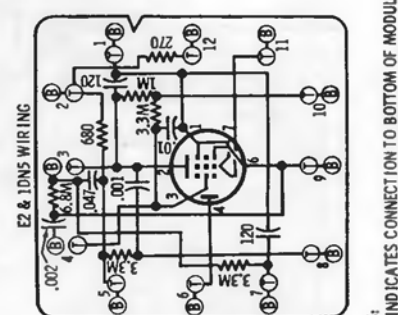
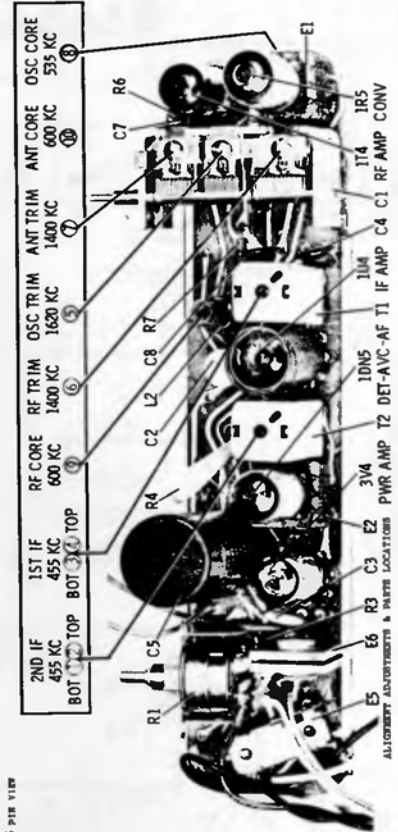
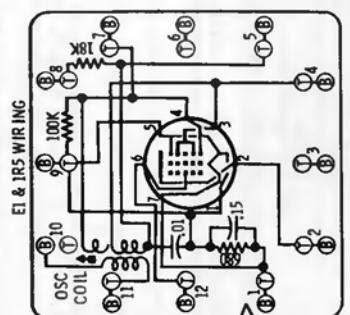
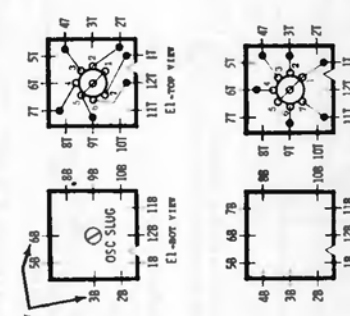
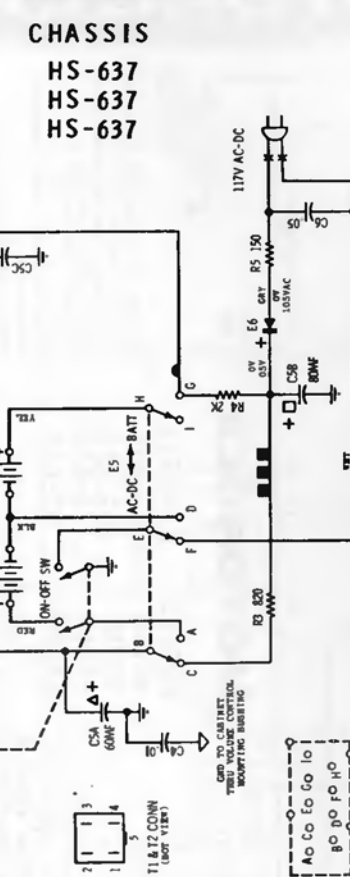
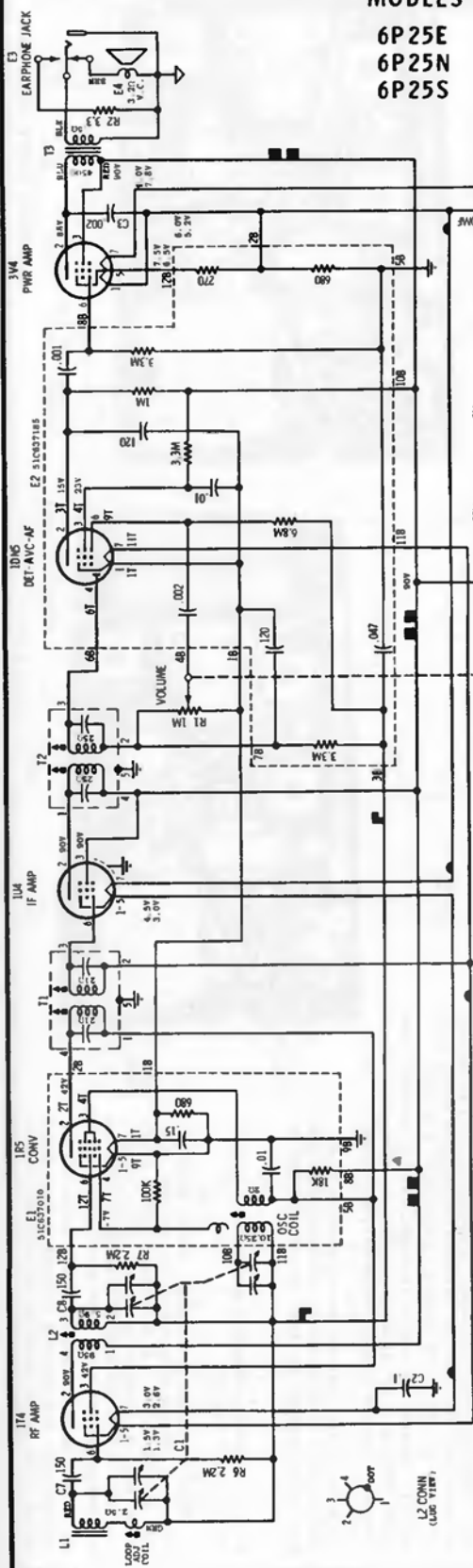
ALIGNMENT ADJUSTMENTS & PARTS LOCATIONS

NOTE 5: CAPACITORS - Decimal values in μF , all others in $\text{M}\mu\text{F}$ unless otherwise indicated.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to B ($\frac{-}{+}$) with a VTVM. No signal input. $\pm 10\%$. Where two readings are shown, upper value is for battery operation and lower value for AC operation.
INPUT VOLTAGE ON AC OPERATION - 120V AC.
TUNING RANGE - 532 KC TO 1620 KC.
IF - 455 KC.

■ = 8+ ■ = AVC ● = FILAMENT

MOTOROLA

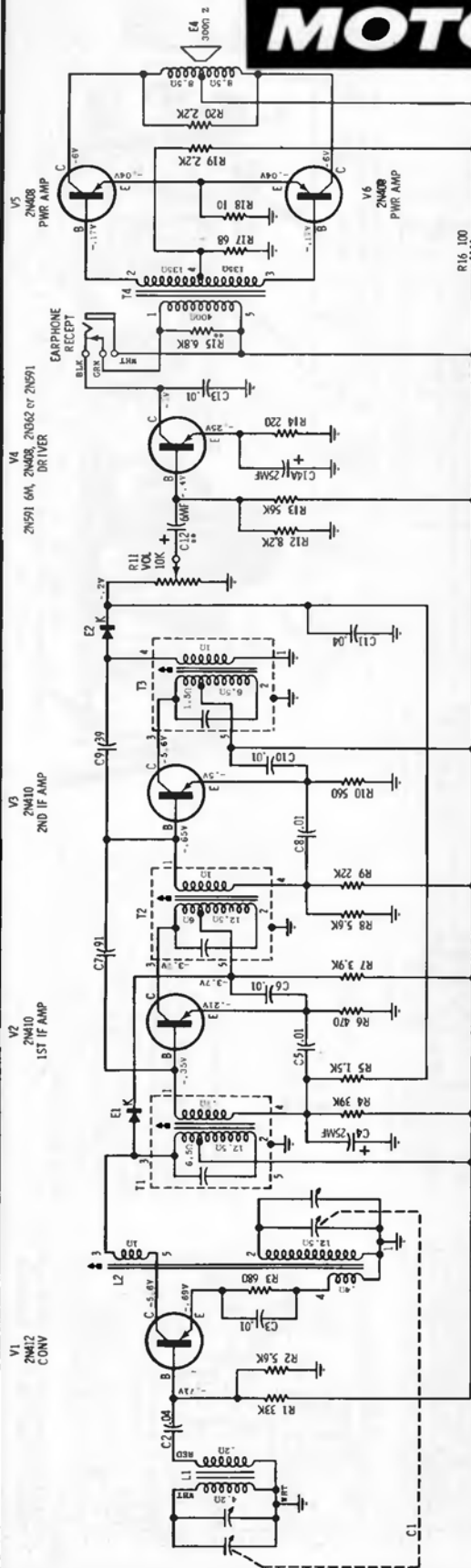
MODELS CHASSIS
 6P25E HS-637
 6P25N HS-637
 6P25S HS-637



NOTES:
 CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MAF unless otherwise specified.
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM $\pm 10\%$. No signal input. Where two voltages are shown, upper value is for battery operation and bottom value for A.C. operation.
 INPUT VOLTAGE ON AC OPERATION - 117V AC.
 TUNING RANGE - 55 KC to 1600 KC.
 I.F. - 455 KC.
 ∇ = GROUND TO CABINET.
 ∇ = B.

NOTES:
 B INDICATES CONNECTION TO BOTTOM OF MODULE;
 T INDICATES CONNECTION TO TOP OF MODULE.

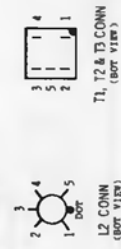
MOTOROLA



MOTOROLA

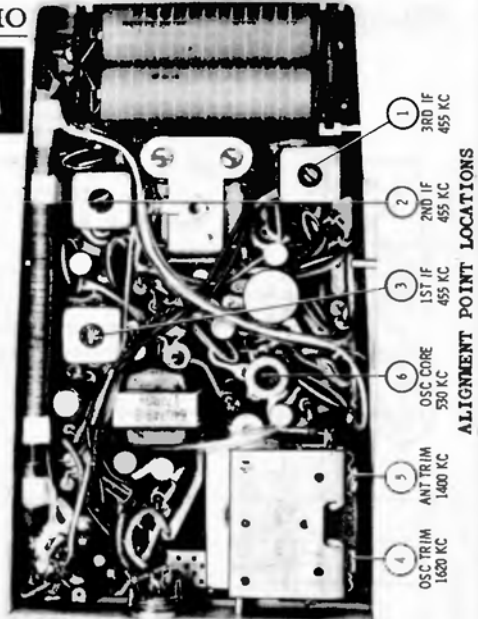
MODELS	CHASSIS
6X28B	HS-638
6X28N	HS-638
6X28P	HS-638
6X28W	HS-638

Power 8 Series

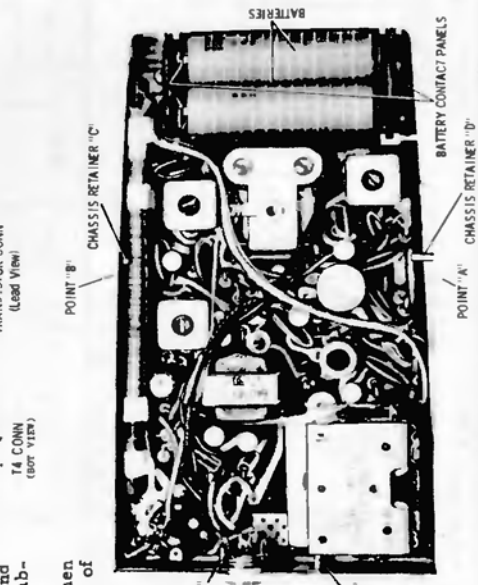


PLATED PANEL CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Remove cabinet back by inserting a coin into the cover opening slot and twisting until cabinet back is free.
2. Remove earphone jack mounting nut and washer.
3. From inside cabinet, remove batteries.
4. Remove battery contact panels by pulling straight out (note position of rounded corners on panels to insure correct positioning when chassis is replaced later).
5. Spread cabinet slightly at top and bottom (points A & B) until chassis is free of chassis retainers (C & D) at top and bottom of cabinet; then lift up chassis at speaker end of cabinet until it clears the chassis retainers (C & D).
6. Lift chassis up until it is slightly above speaker, then slide chassis over speaker so that the chassis is free of chassis retainers (E & F) below earphone jack.
7. From under chassis, loosen speaker mounting screws until speaker mounting brackets are loose enough so that the speaker can be removed.
8. Lift chassis, speaker, and battery contact panels out of cabinet.
9. Before replacing chassis, mount speaker, then insert tuning gang end of chassis into cabinet, spread points A & B of cabinet, then lower other end of chassis into place under chassis retainers C & D (make certain battery leads are dressed under and away from antenna).
10. Place battery contact panels back into the cabinet slots with rounded corners of each panel facing in the same direction as originally found.



ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS



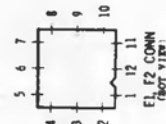
REMOVAL OF PLATED PANEL CHASSIS

MOTOROLA

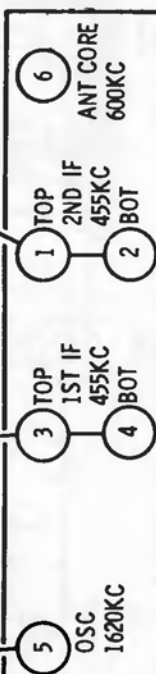
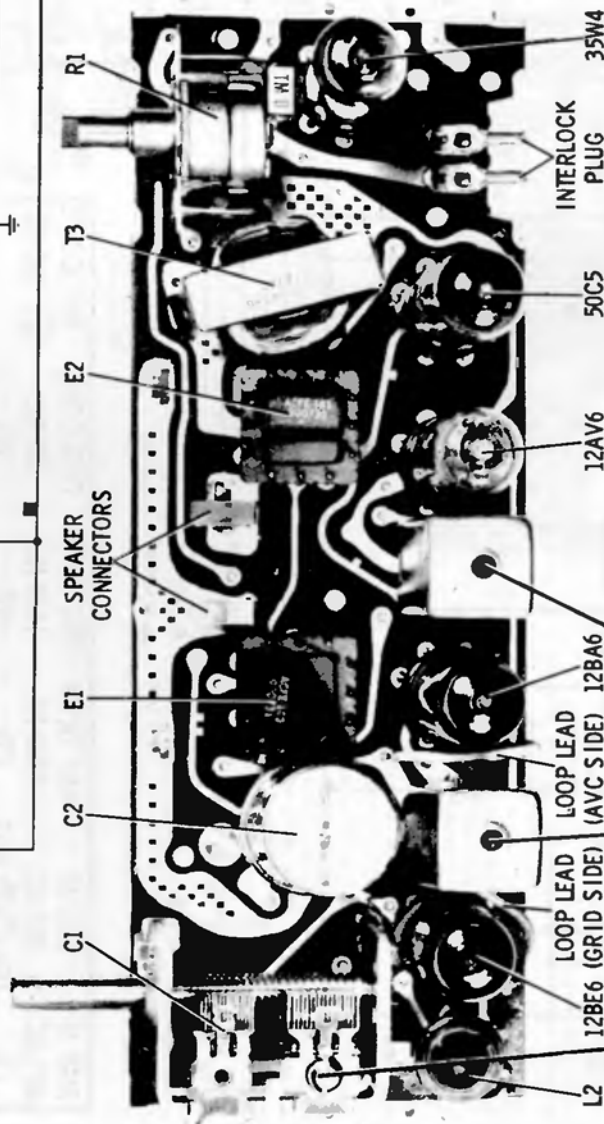
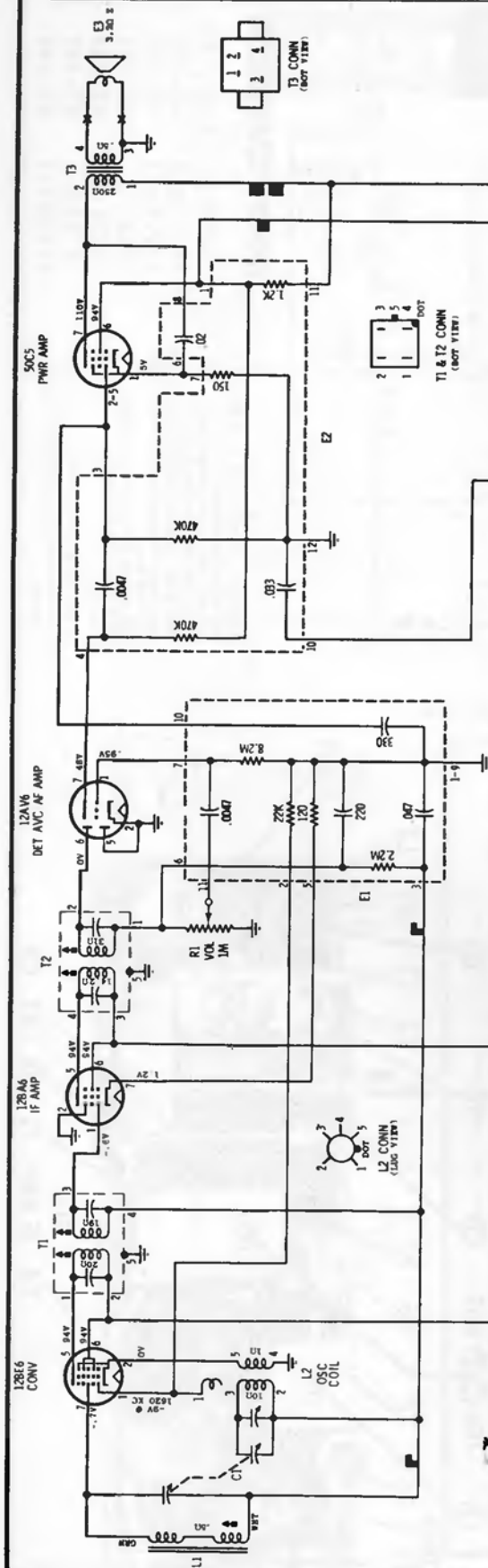
MODELS	CHASSIS
5T11G	HS-652
5T11M	HS-652
5T11R	HS-652
5T11W	HS-652

PLATED PANEL WIRING LEGEND

□ = PA
■ = ACC
● = FILAMENT

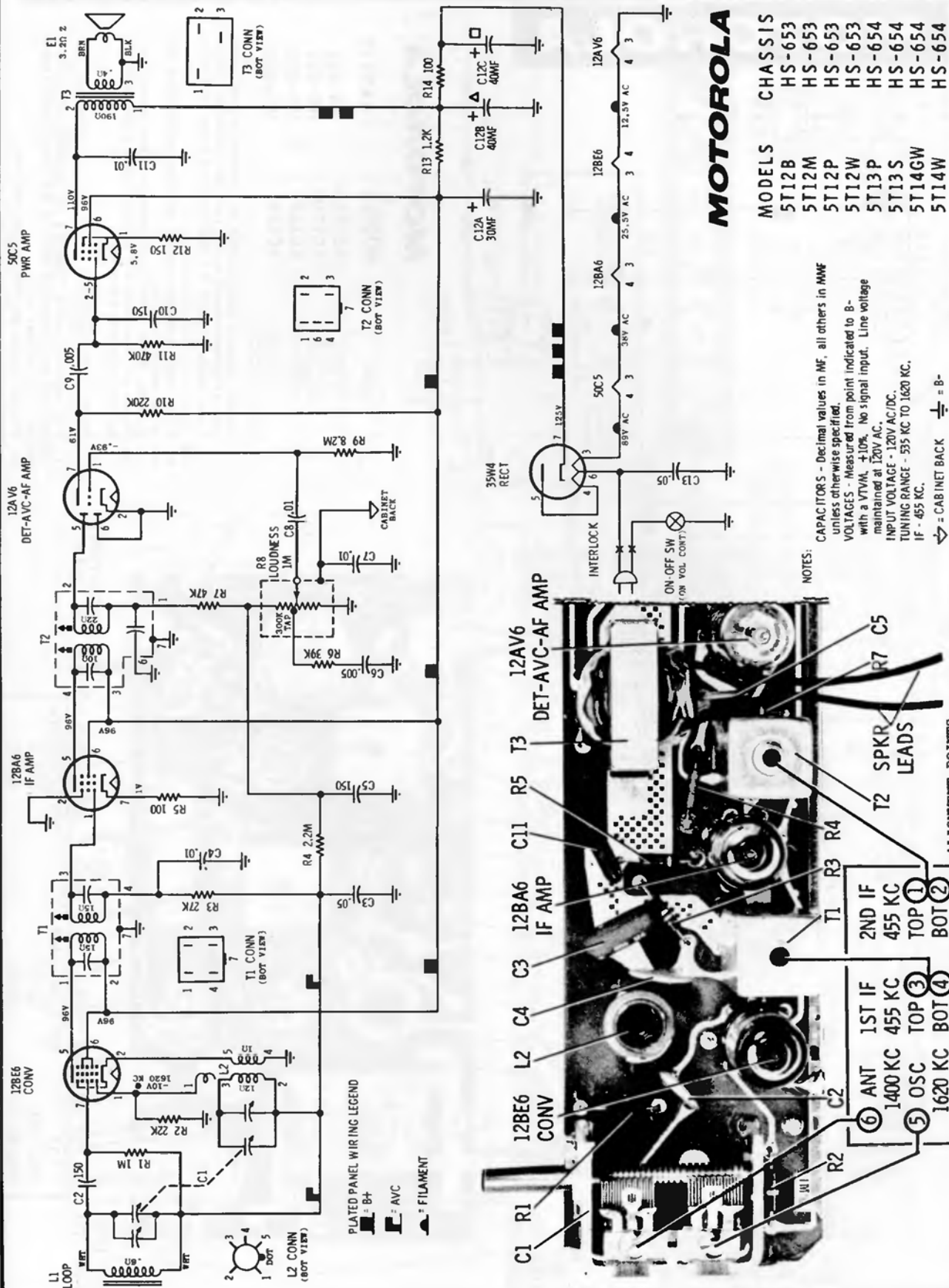


NOTES:
CAPACITORS - Decimal values in μ F, all others in MMF
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis
with a VTVM, $\pm 10\%$. No signal input. 120V AC IN
INPUT VOLTAGE - 120V AC/DC
TUNING RANGE - 535KC TO 1600KC
IF - 455KC



ALIGNMENT POINTS & PARTS LOCATIONS

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



MOTOROLA

MOTOROLA

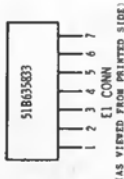
MODELS	CHASSIS
5C11E	HS-658
5C12M	HS-658
5C12P	HS-658
5C12W	HS-658

To Remove Chassis

1. Remove cabinet back screws and remove cabinet back.
2. Pull off the two control knobs from the front of the radio.
3. From front, remove the Phillips head screw near tuning shaft.
4. From rear, remove chassis mounting screw from the rear of the volume control.
5. Unsolder power leads from connector strip located behind clock and also unsolder speaker leads from speaker.
6. Remove chassis from cabinet.

To Remove Clock Crystal

1. Pull off clock knobs. Insert a screwdriver between the cabinet and the right-hand edge of the clock crystal (near number 3) to release catch.
2. Pry the crystal out with the screwdriver.



CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.

VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM. $\pm 10\%$. No signal input.

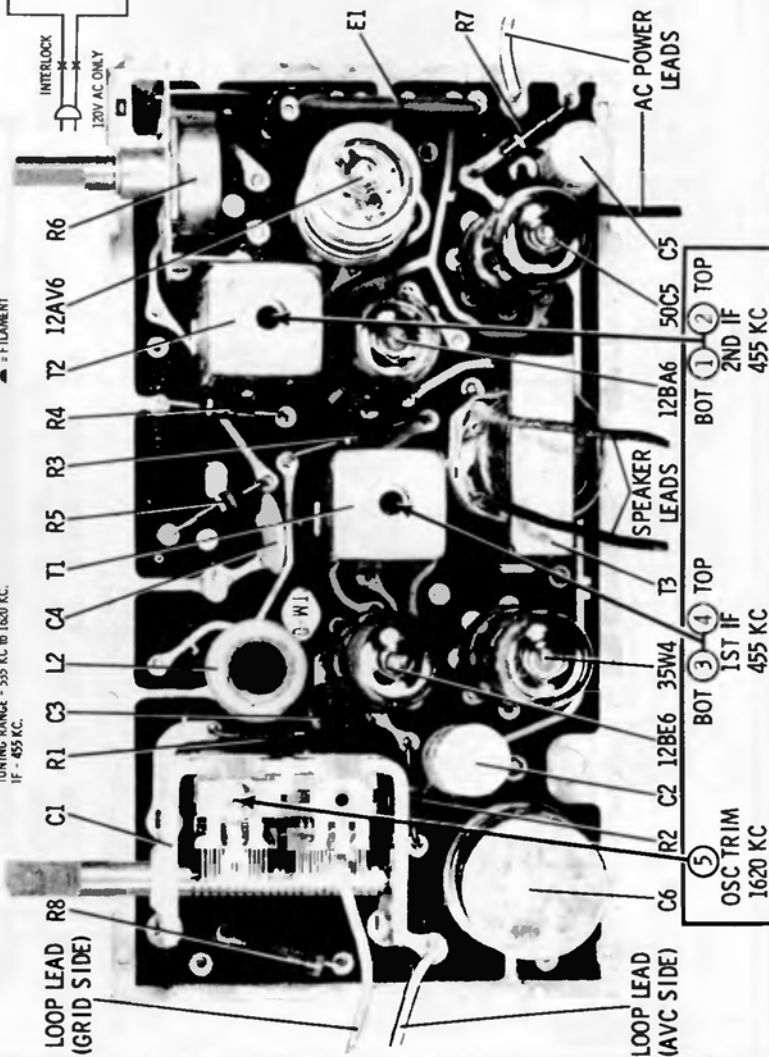
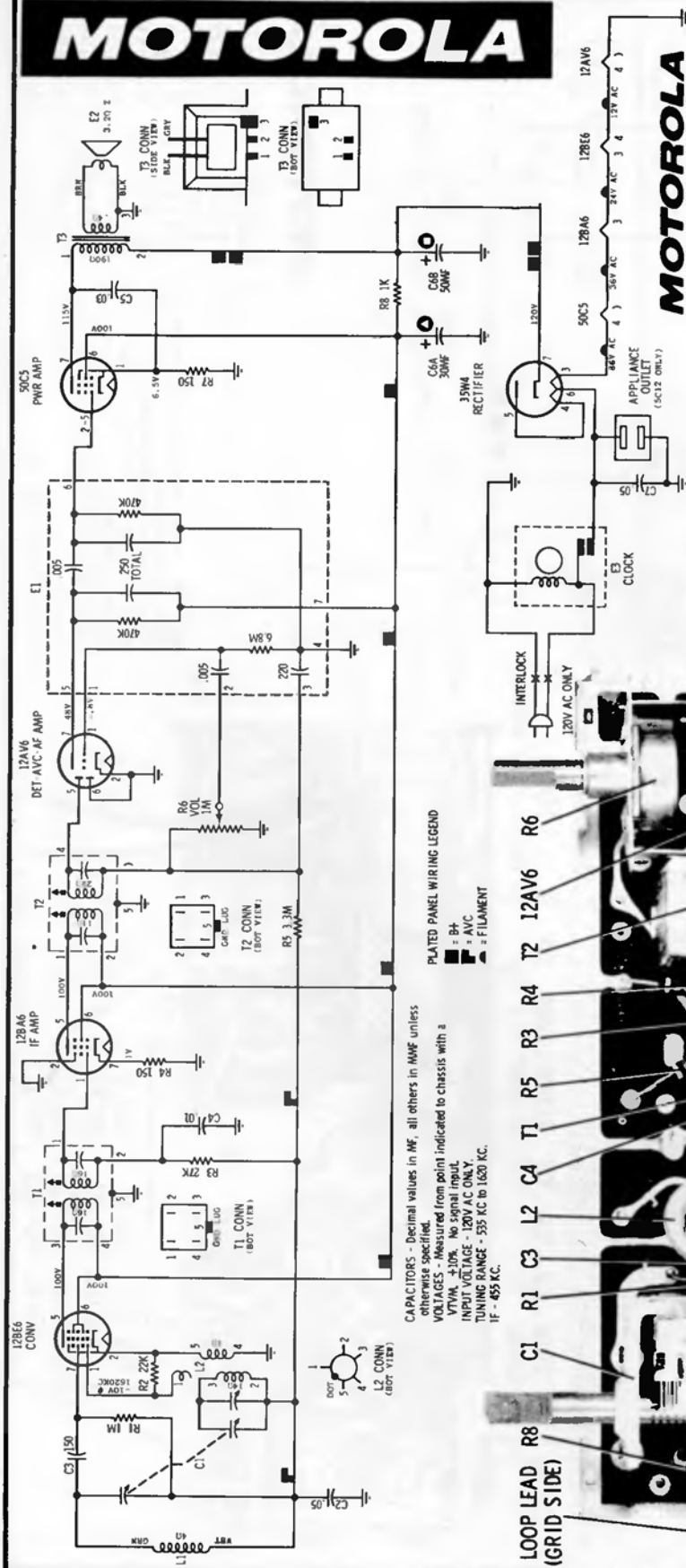
INPUT VOLTAGE - 120V AC ONLY.

TUNING RANGE - 535 KC to 1620 KC.

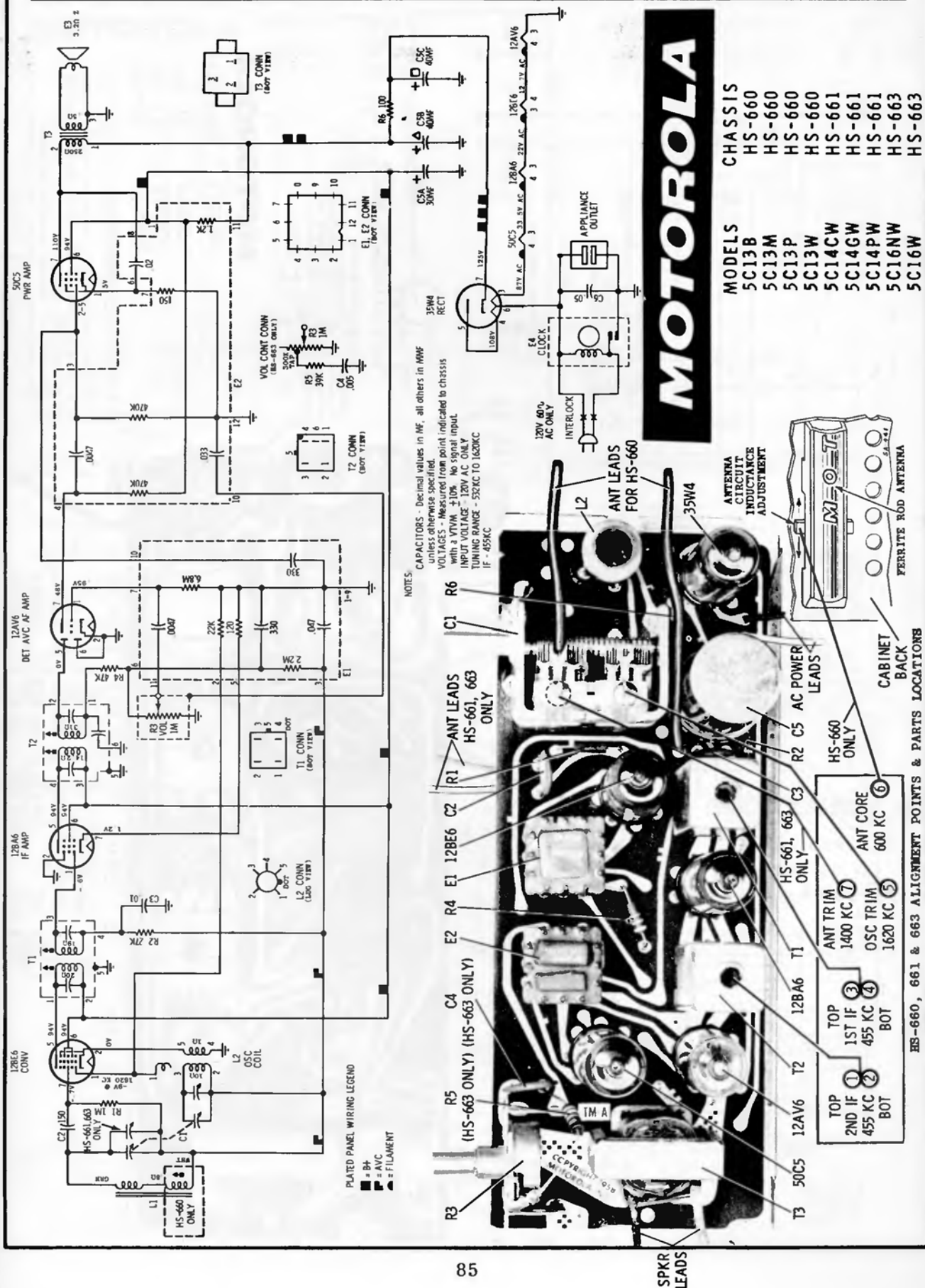
IF - 455 KC.

PLATED PANEL WIRING LEGEND

- - B+
- - AVC
- - FILAMENT



ALIGNMENT POINTS & PARTS LOCATIONS

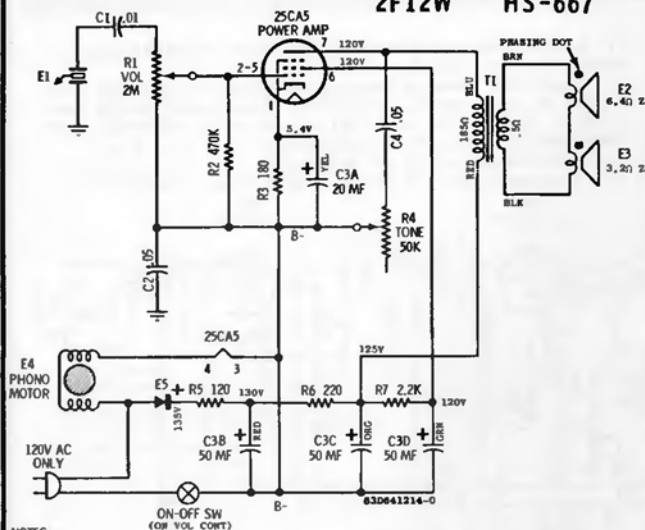


MOTOROLA

MODELS CHASSIS

2F12N HS-667

2F12W HS-667



NOTES:

CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to B- with a VTVM. $\oplus$ = CHASSIS

DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

To Remove Chassis from Cabinet

1. Pull off two knobs from front of cabinet.
2. Remove four (4) motorboard and three (3) baffle retainer screws.
3. Remove baffle.
4. Lift rear of motorboard slightly and slide out.
5. Remove two screws which hold chassis to motorboard and remove chassis.

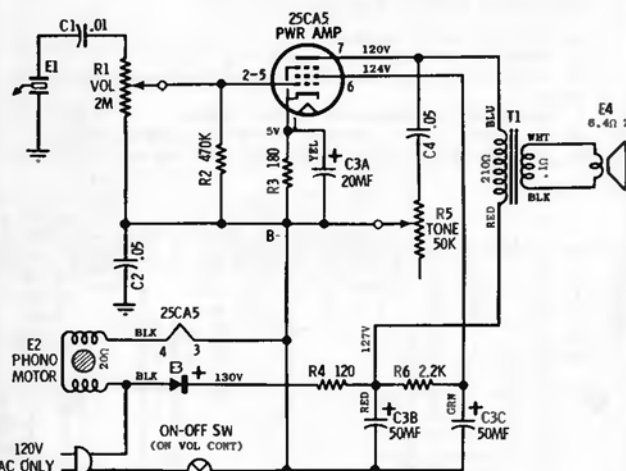
To Remove Turntable

1. Remove "C" washer from spindle.
2. Remove turntable by pulling up - off of spindle.

MODELS CHASSIS

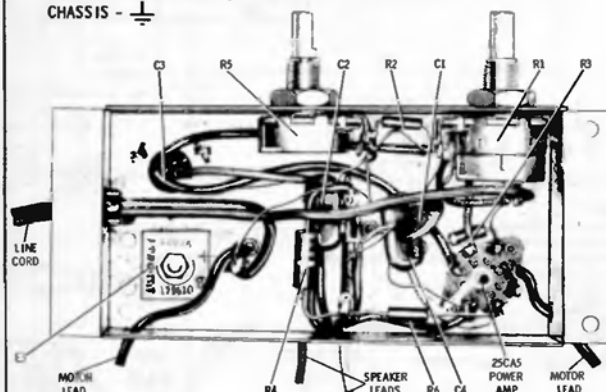
2F11B HS-666

2F11R HS-666



NOTES:

CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to B- with a VTVM.
CHASSIS - $\oplus$



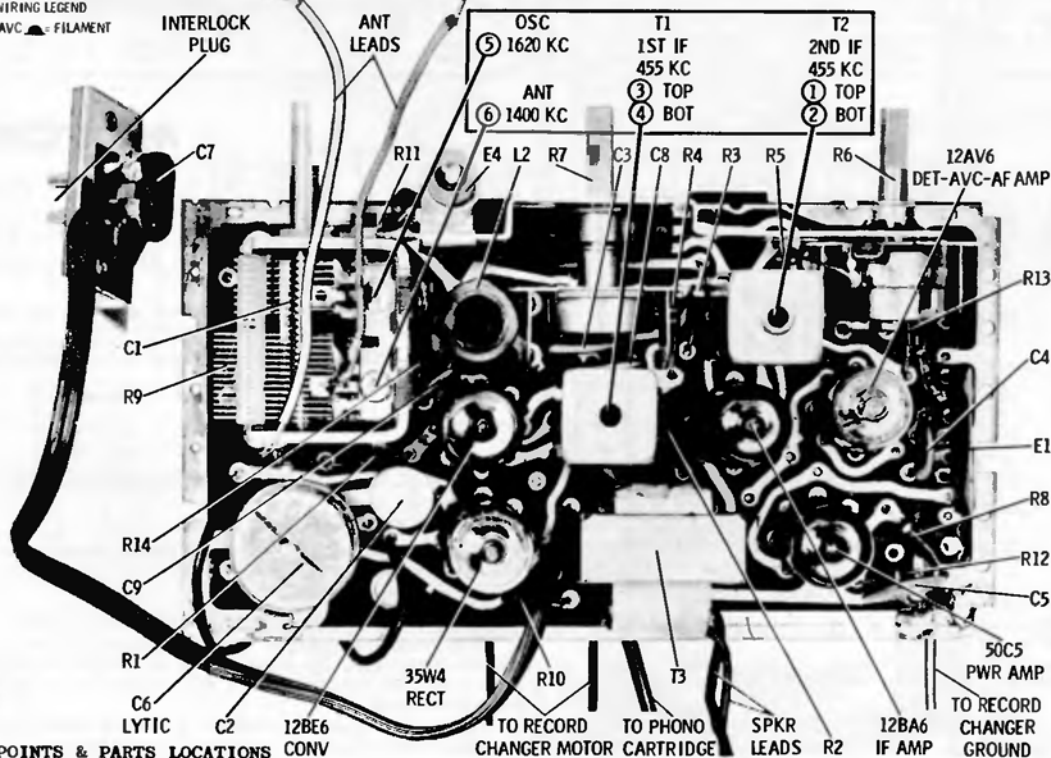
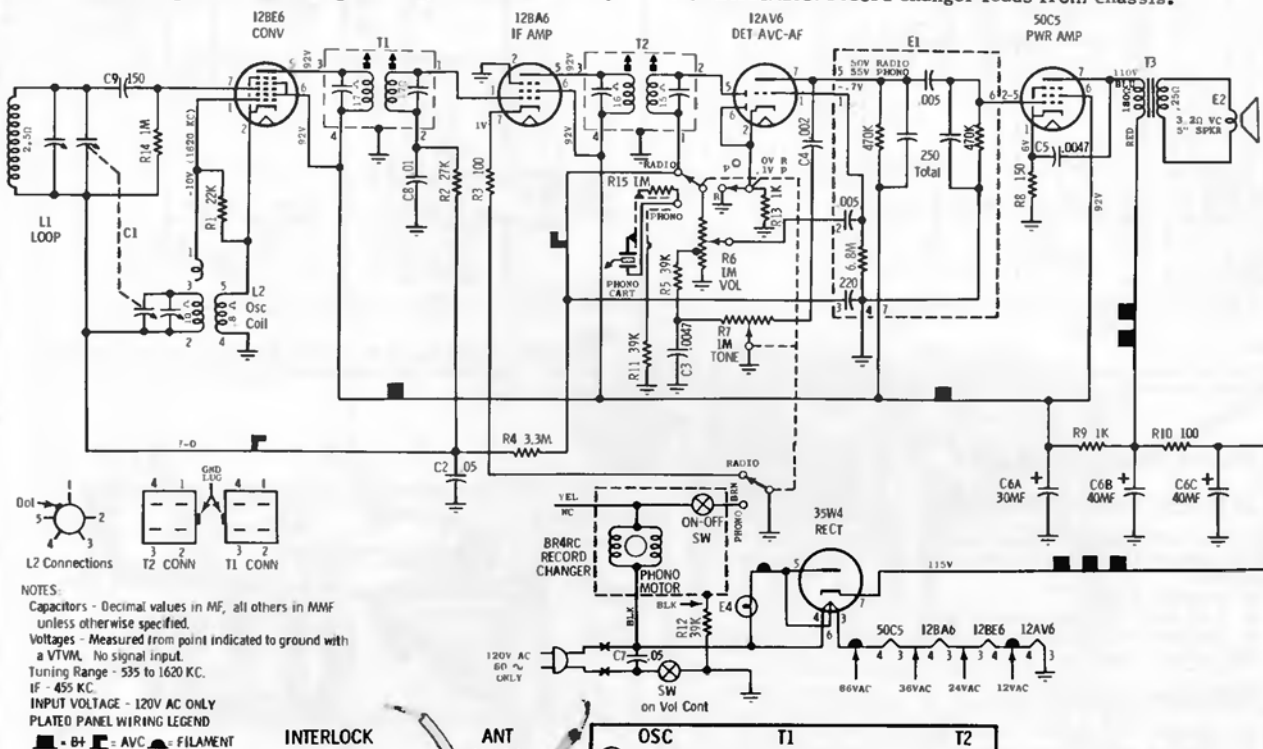
MOTOROLA

MODELS	CHASSIS
5R14N	HS-670

To Remove Chassis From Cabinet

1. Pull off control knobs.
2. Remove 3 antenna panel mounting screws.
3. Remove antenna panel (disconnect line cord from interlock).
4. Disconnect antenna and speaker leads.
5. Remove 4 record changer board mounting screws.
6. Lift changer and mounting board up and out of the way.

7. Loosen 2 screws which hold interlock to cabinet; remove interlock from cabinet.
8. "Uncrimp" ends of chassis mounting brackets and melt solder at these points. CAUTION: Apply only enough heat to allow chassis to slide out of brackets; too much heat may damage the plated circuit board.
9. Slide chassis out of the brackets.
10. Disconnect record changer leads from chassis.

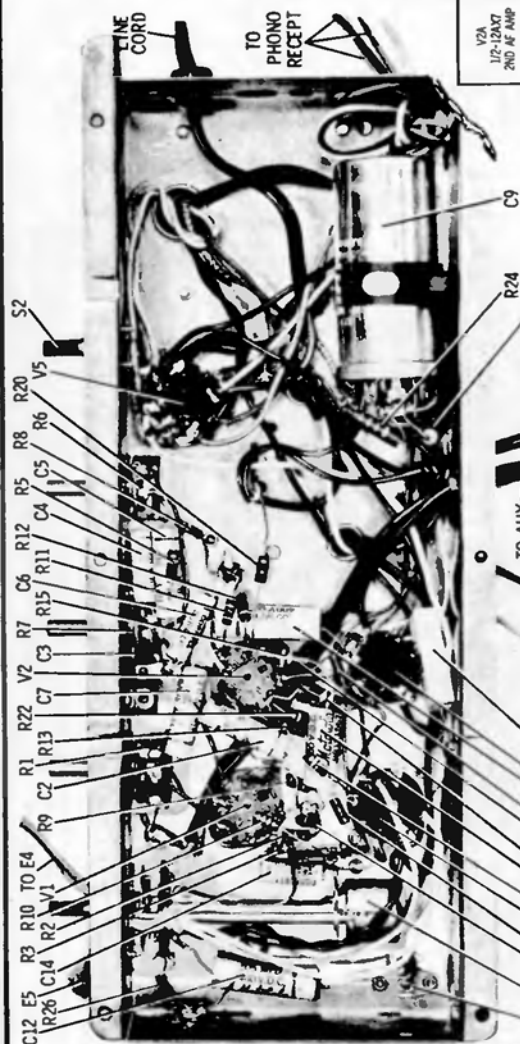
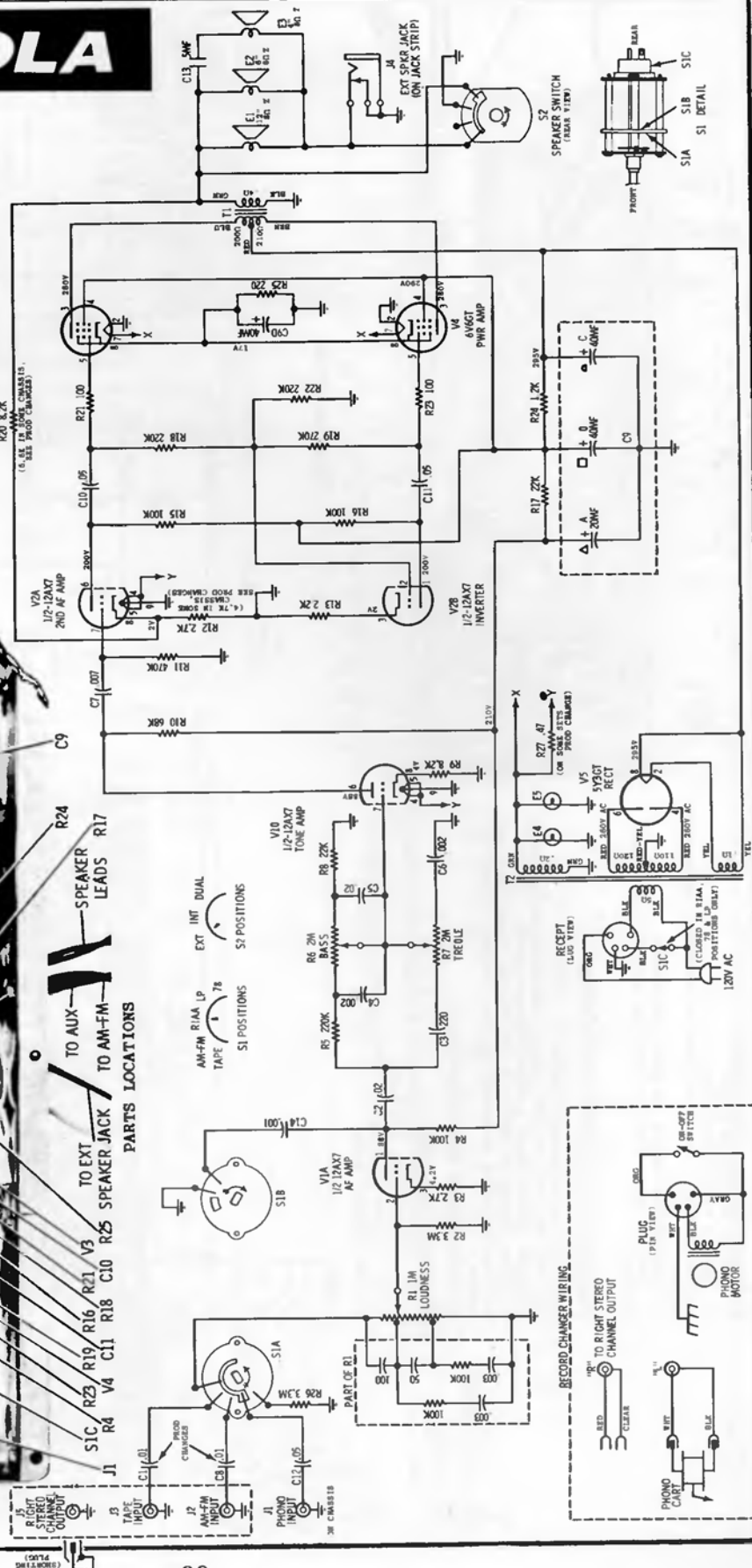


MOTOROLA

MODELS	CHASSIS
5K11B	HS-673
5K11M	HS-673
5K11MC	HS-673
5K11W	HS-673

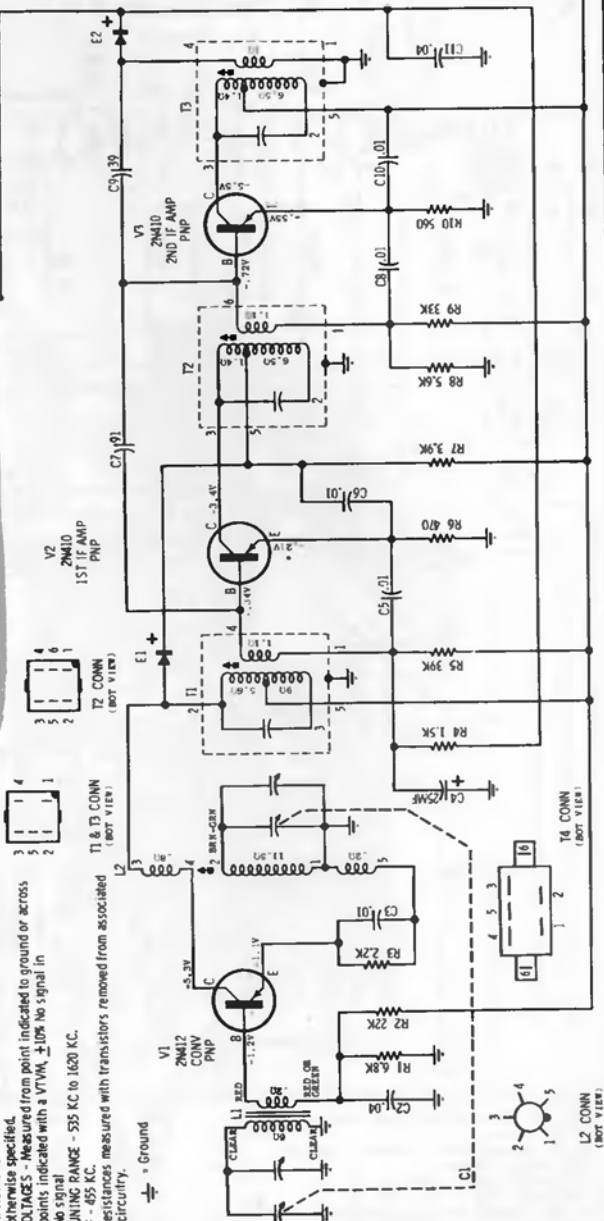
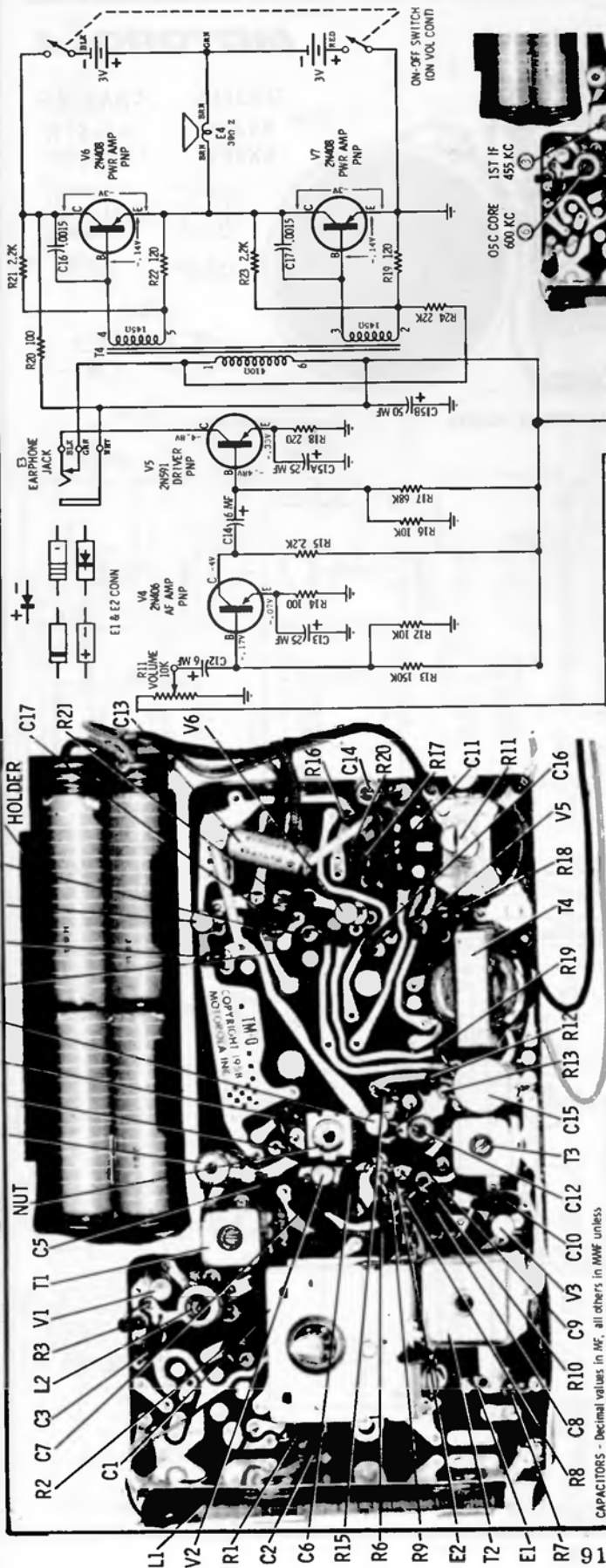
NOTES

CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM, $\pm 10\%$. No signal in.
S1 & S2 conn details viewed from indicated sides with arrow indicating clockwise rotation as viewed from front of control.
S1 SHOWN IN PHONO POSITION IRRAAI
S2 SHOWN IN EXT SPKR POSITION



VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

RETAINER C4 R5 R4 V4 R23 R14 V7 R22 BATTERY

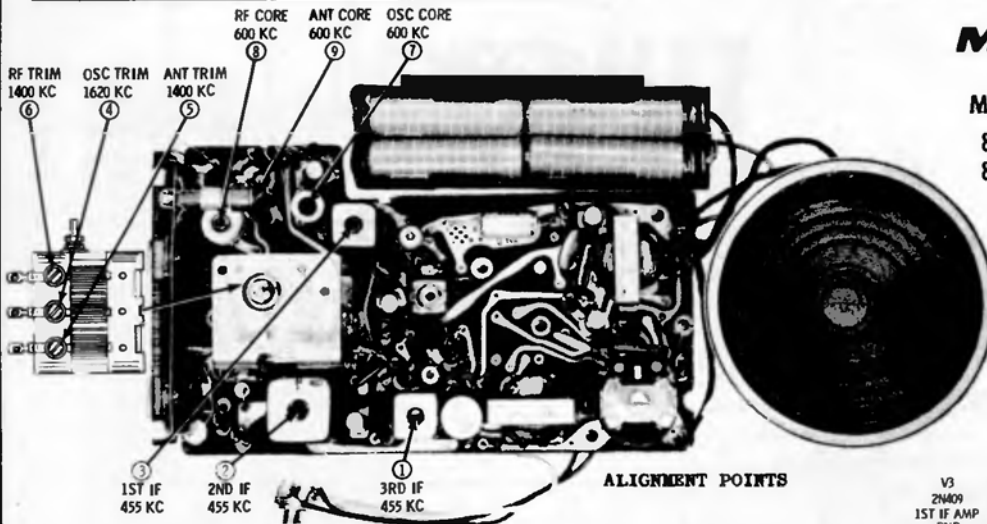


CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground or across points indicated with a VTM, $\pm 10\%$ No signal in IF - 455 KC.
TUNING RANGE - 535 KC to 1620 KC.
Resistances measured with transistors removed from associated circuitry.

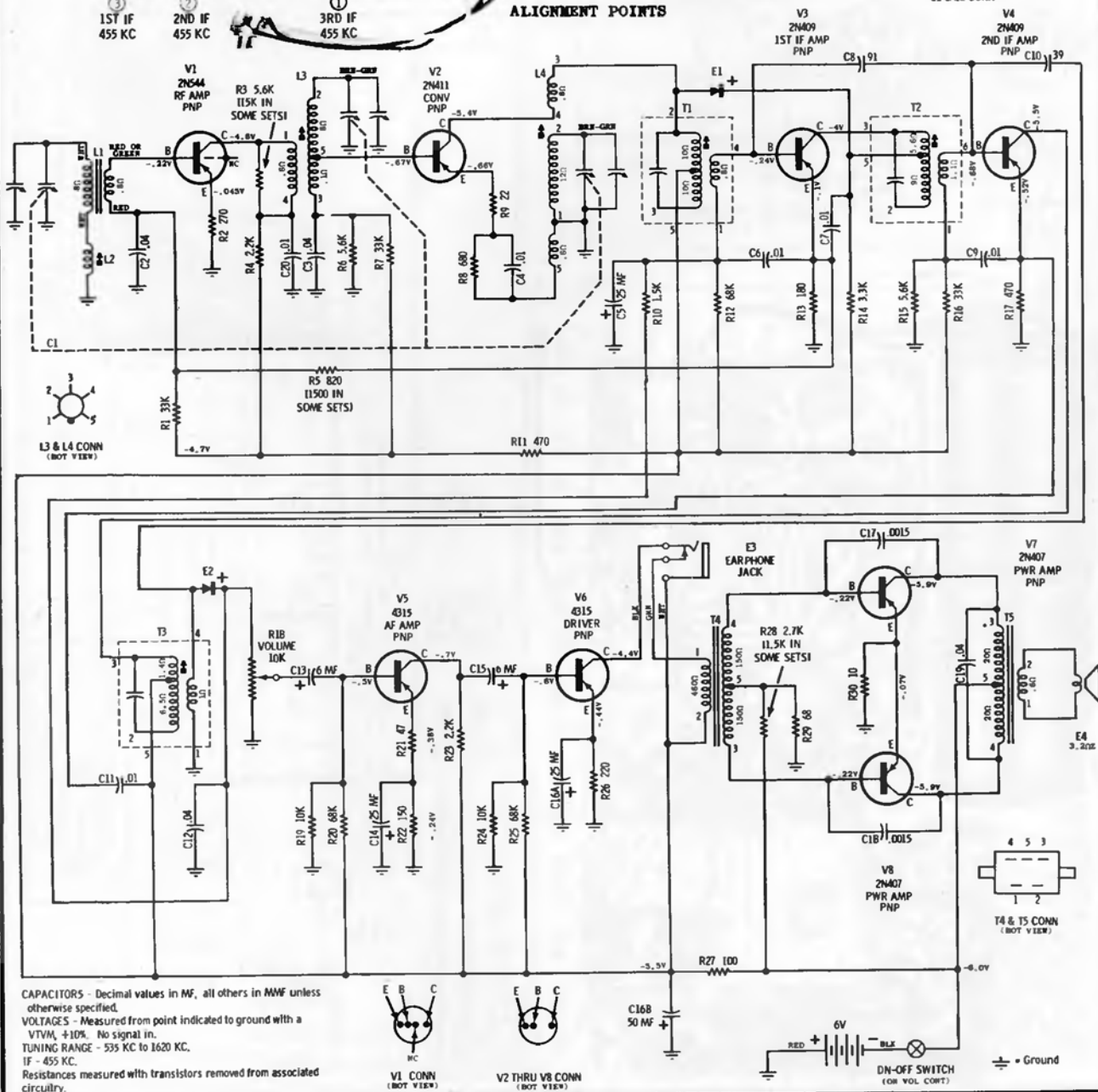
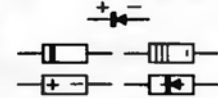
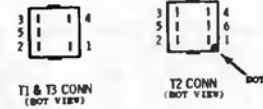
MOTOROLA

MODELS
8X26E
8X26S

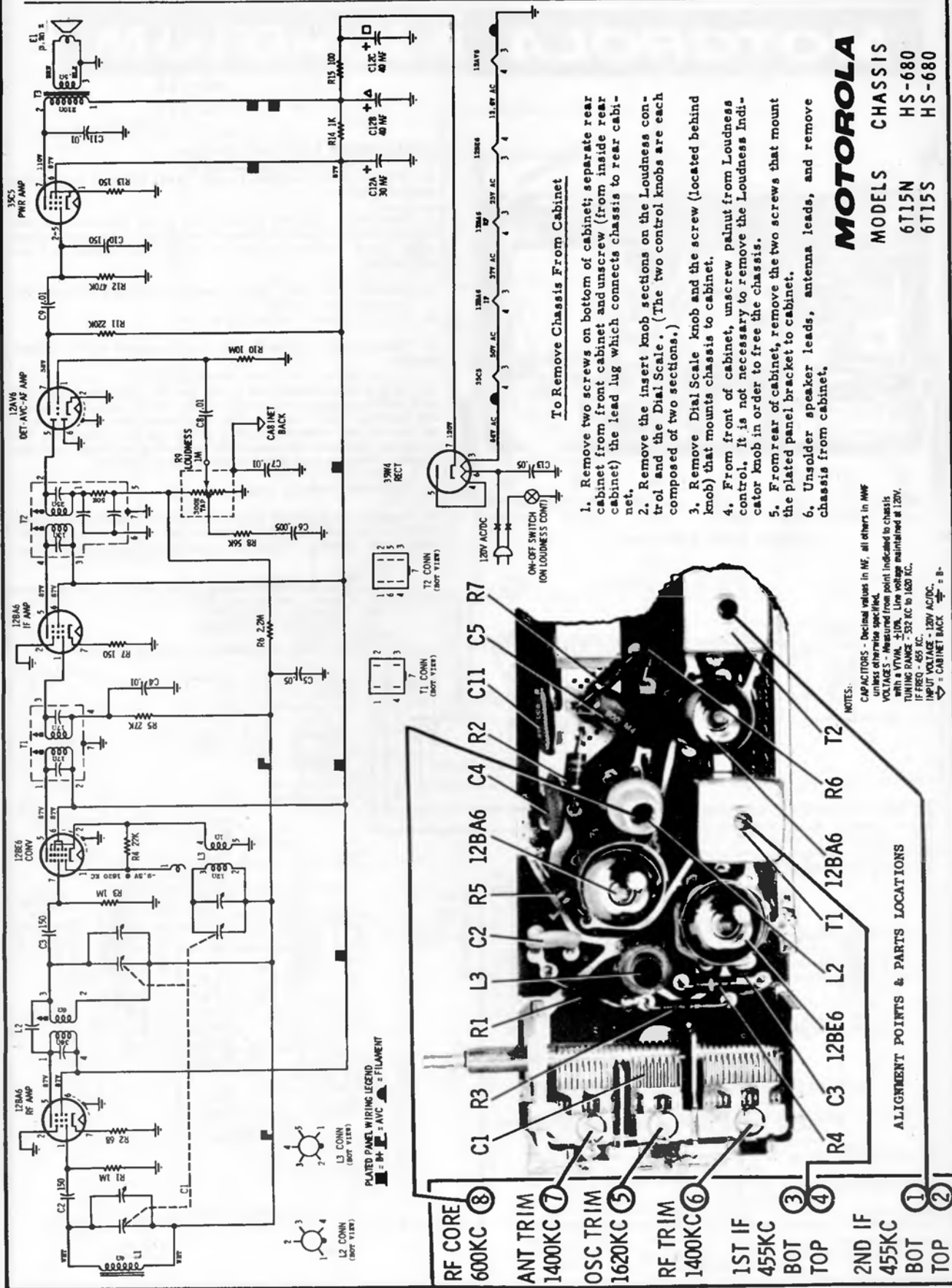
CHASSIS
HS-679
HS-679



ALIGNMENT POINTS



CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM, $\pm 10\%$. No signal in.
TUNING RANGE - 535 KC to 1620 KC.
IF - 455 KC.
Resistances measured with transistors removed from associated circuitry.



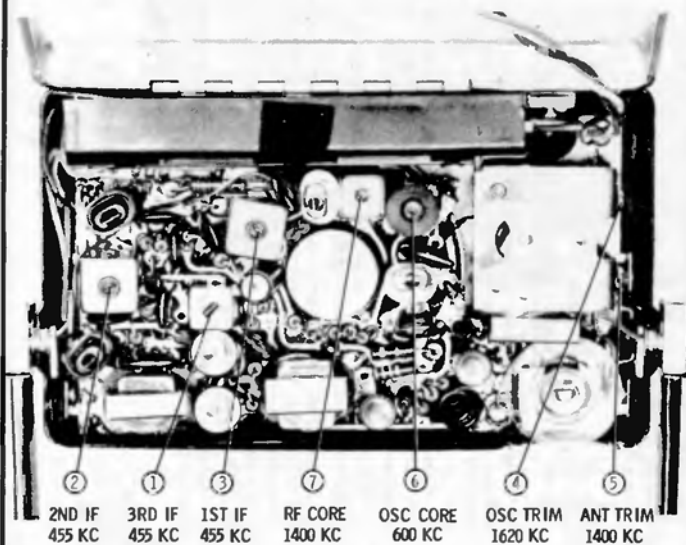
MOTOROLA

MODELS CHASSIS

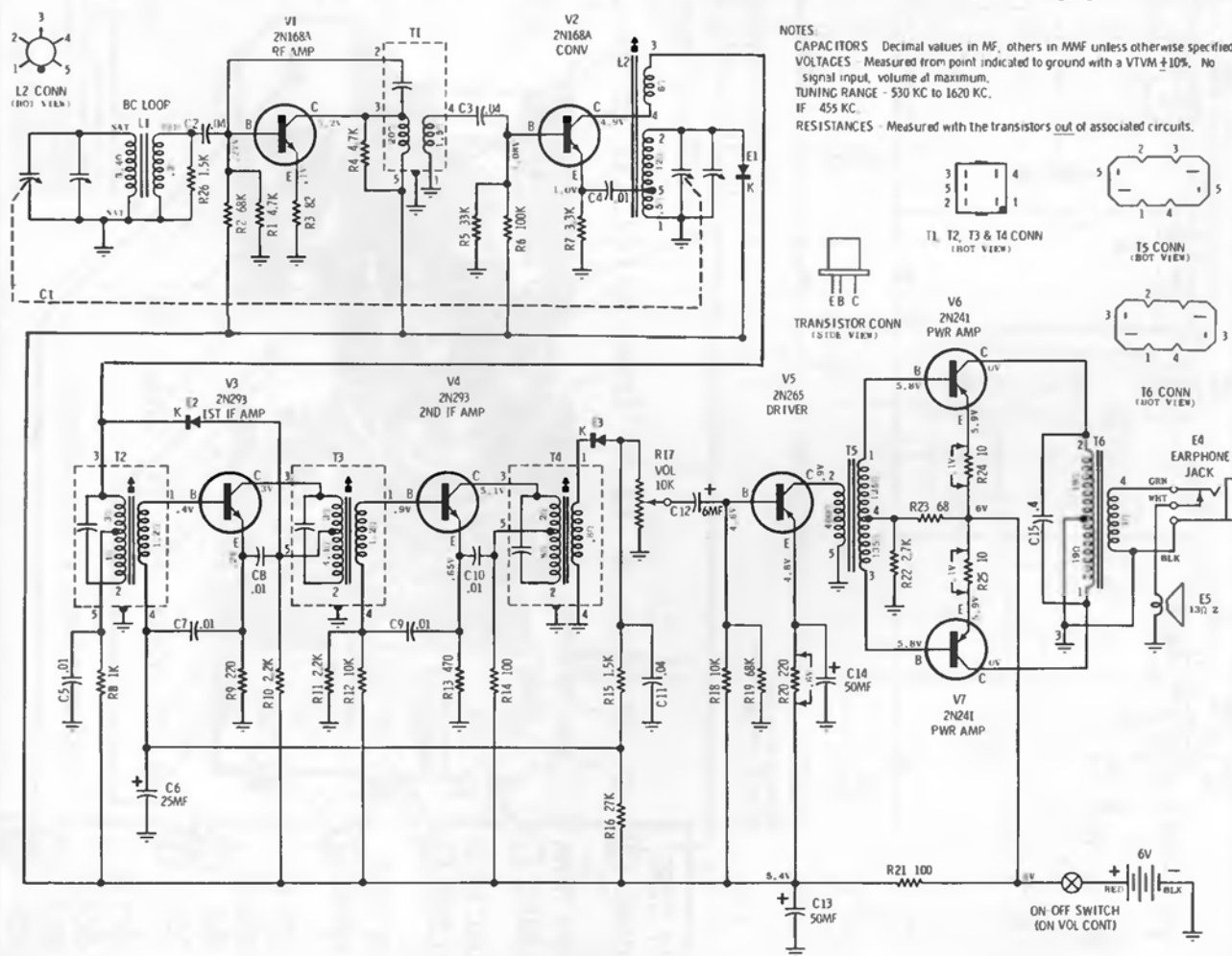
7X23E	HS-688
7X24S	HS-688
7X24W	HS-688

ESCUTCHEON & CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. From inside cabinet (below gang) remove escutcheon mounting screw.
2. Remove escutcheon by inserting small screwdriver into detent on edge of escutcheon and prying up. Work escutcheon free (use caution to prevent scratching cabinet and escutcheon.)
3. Remove dial and tuning knobs by pulling straight off.
4. Remove chassis mounting screw.
5. Turn handle perpendicular to component side of plated panel.
6. Grasp handle near one of its two mounting bushings and pull out from side of cabinet until the round portion of mounting bushing clears hole in side of cabinet, then lift this side of handle and chassis slightly out of cabinet. Perform the same procedure on the other mounting bushing, then lift handle, chassis and speaker plate out of cabinet.
7. Unscrew earphone jack.
8. Separate the plated chassis from the speaker mounting plate as follows: unsolder the wire that connects the gang to the plated chassis. Unsolder speaker lug, green lead from



ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS



MOTOROLA

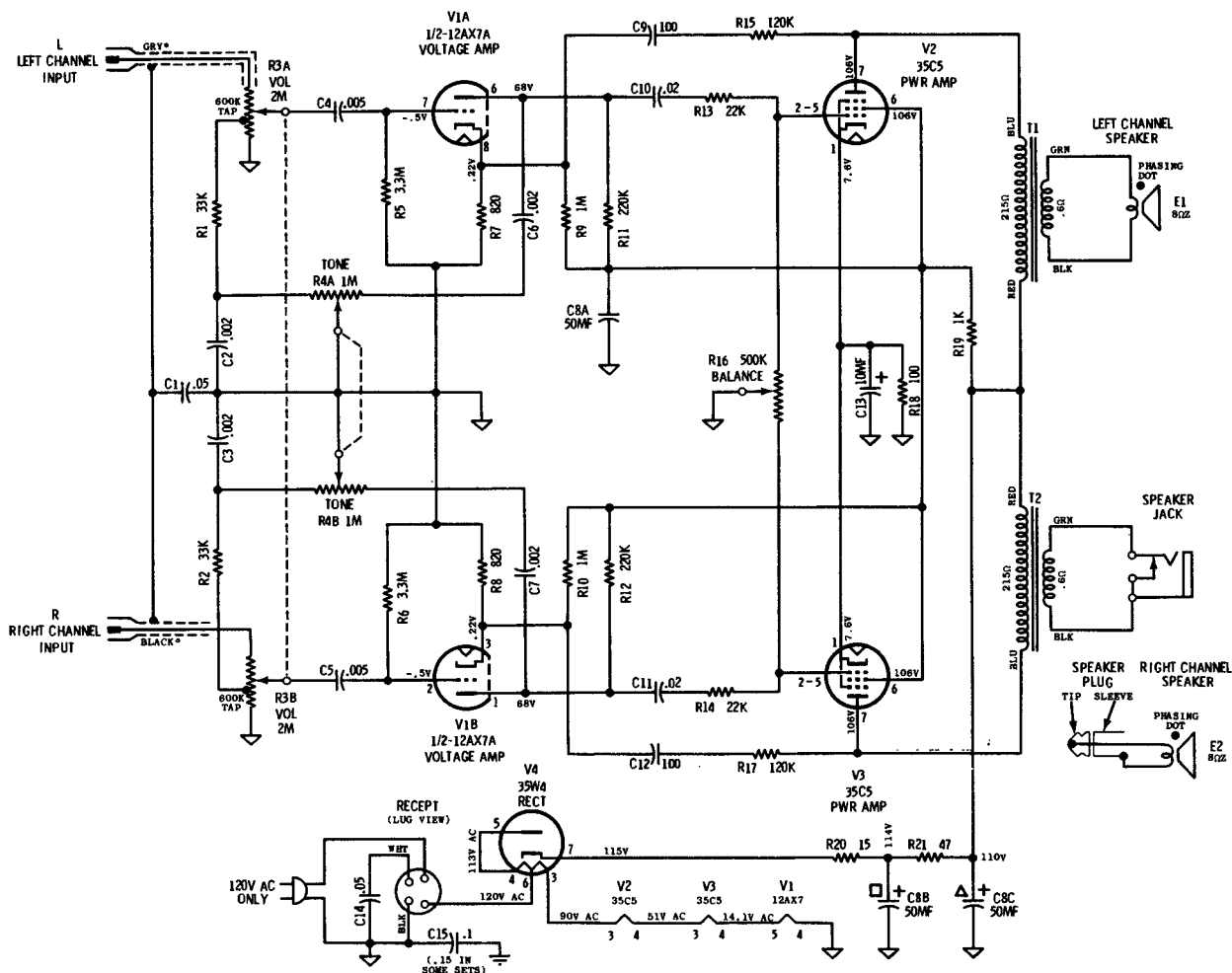
MODELS CHASSIS

SF11B

HS-703

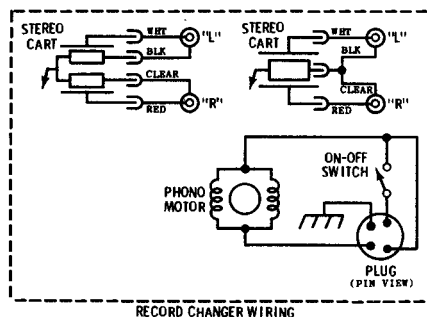
SF11N

HS-703



NOTES:

CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to B- with a VTVM, $\pm 10\%$. No signal in.
 ∇ - B- ∇ - Chassis ∇ - Record changer frame
 *On some units, the phono input cable colors were reversed.



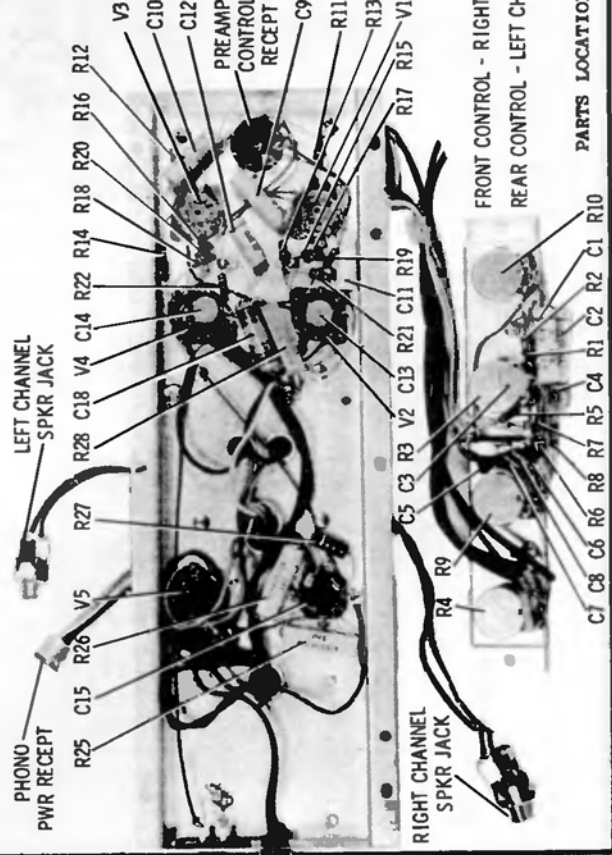
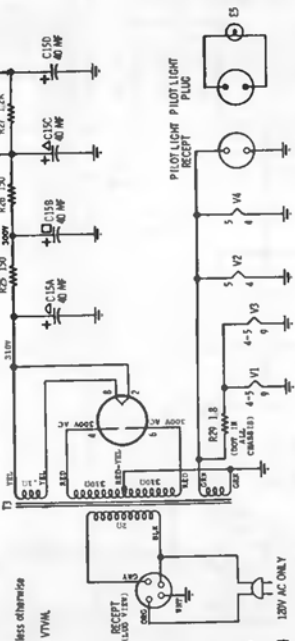
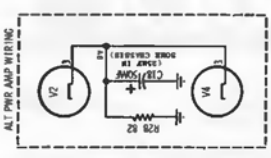
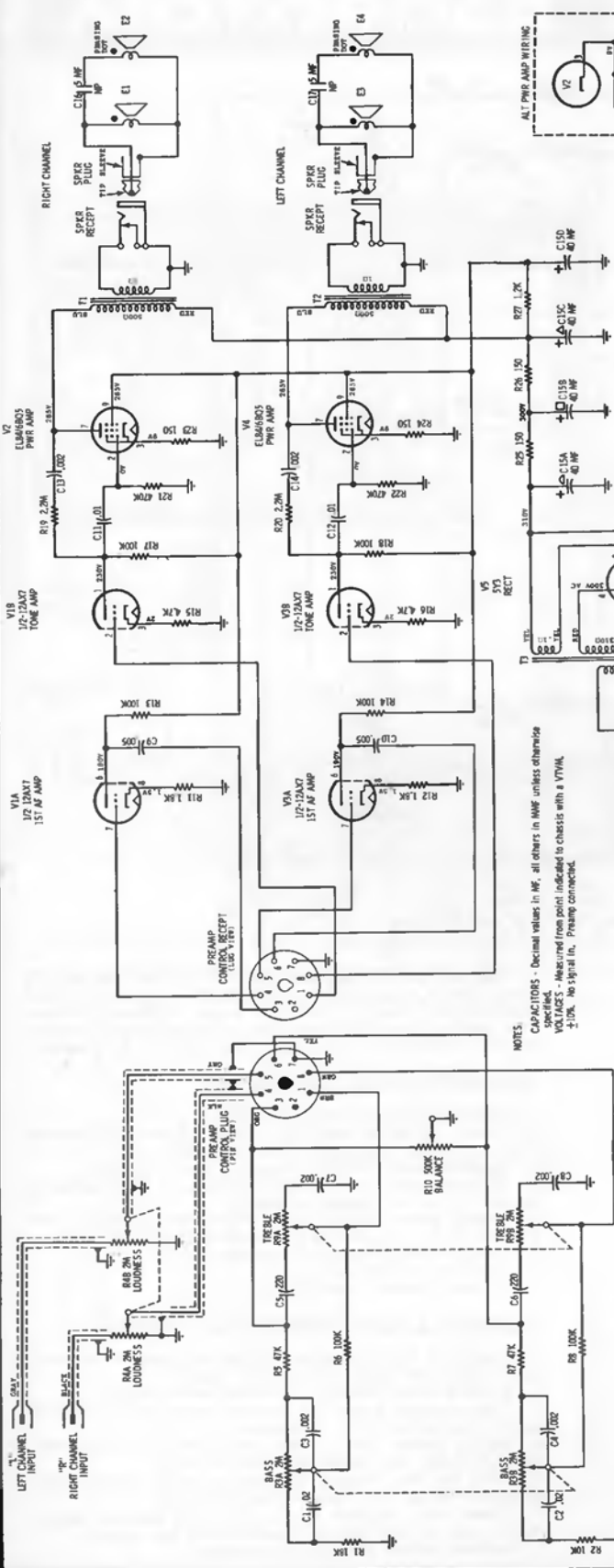
The chassis of this amplifier is isolated from the AC power line by a capacitor to eliminate the shock hazard when handling the chassis. However, as an additional precaution, when servicing this amplifier, an isolation transformer should be inserted between the power line and the chassis.

TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET

1. Remove 3 control knobs.
2. Remove 3 baffle mounting screws and unscrew speaker jack mounted on baffle; then remove baffle.
3. Remove record changer mounting board screws.
4. Lift mounting board and record changer high enough to permit access to bottom of changer.
5. Unplug phono cables connected to record changer "R" and "L" jacks, also unplug phono power plug.
6. Remove 4 chassis mounting nuts.
7. Unsolder speaker leads.
8. Remove chassis from cabinet.

TO REMOVE RECORD CHANGER FROM CABINET

1. Remove 3 baffle mounting screws and unscrew speaker jack mounted on baffle; then remove baffle.
2. Remove record changer mounting board screws.
3. Lift mounting board and record changer high enough to permit access to bottom of changer.
4. Unplug phono cables connected to record changer "R" and "L" jacks, also unplug phono power plug.
5. Turn the two record changer mounting screws fully clockwise (down flush against changer base).
6. Place clips, located at ends of record changer mounting screws, so that they are parallel with the screws.
7. Remove record changer from cabinet.



MOTOROLA

MODELS

SH12E

SH12N

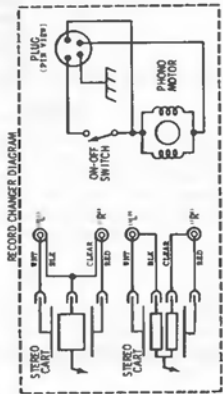
SH12S

CHASSIS

HS-704

HS-704

HS-704



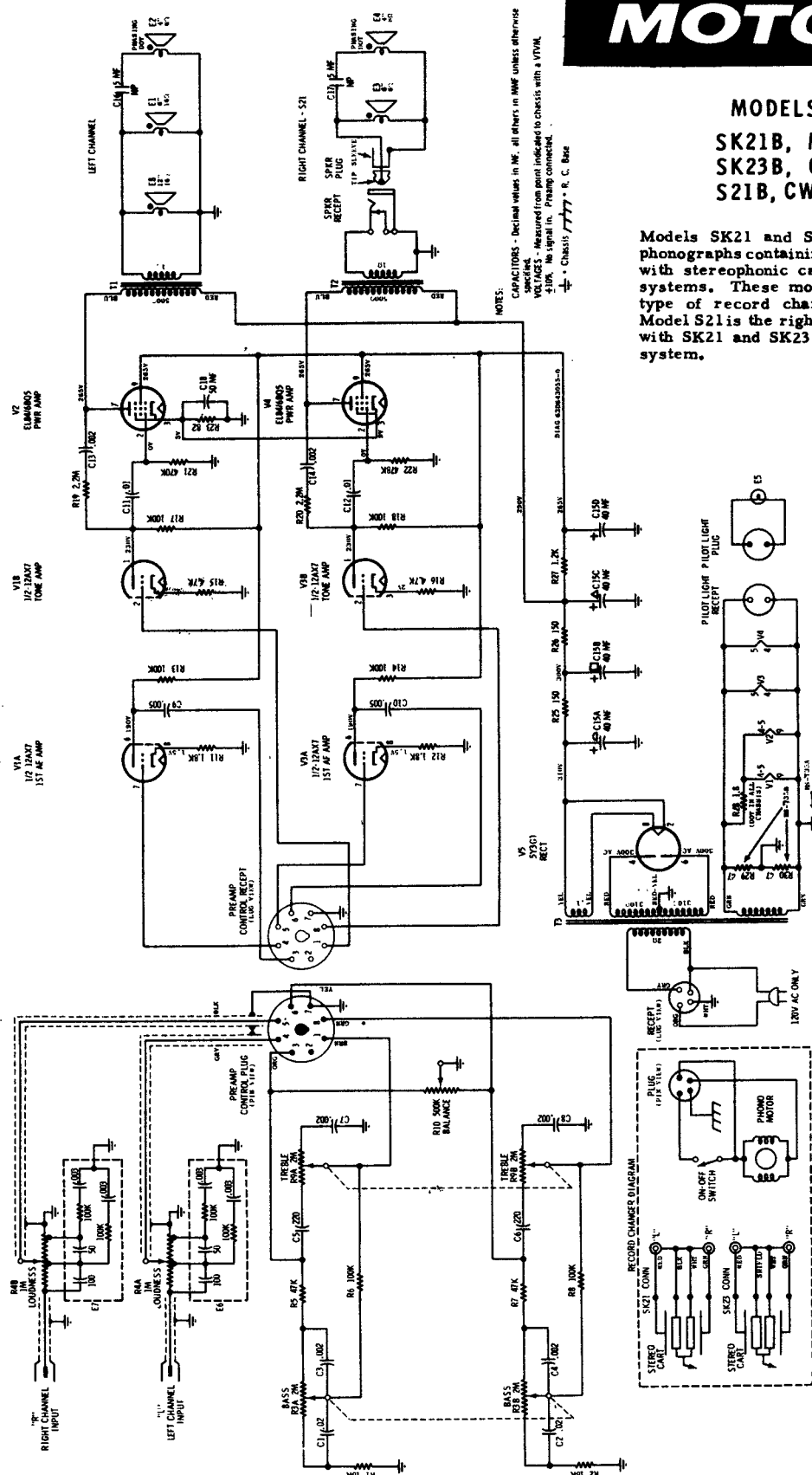
MOTOROLA

MODELS CHASSIS

SK21B, M	HS-735
SK23B, CW, M	HS-735
S21B, CW, M	-

Models SK21 and SK23 are console stereophonic phonographs containing four-speed record changers with stereophonic cartridge and multiple speaker systems. These models differ from each other in type of record changer used and cabinet design. Model S21 is the right channel speaker system used with SK21 and SK23 to complete the stereophonic system.

NOTES: CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified. Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM.
4.0KΩ = 40KΩ in PRAMP connected.
C = Chassis
R = R. C. Box



To Remove Record Changer from Cabinet (SK23 Series)

1. Remove back cover.
2. Disconnect all changer leads.
3. Turn two record changer mounting screws fully clockwise.
4. From bottom of changer, turn the two mounting clips located at mounting screw ends so they are parallel with the screws.
5. Grasp changer by base and lift up.

To Replace Pilot Light (All Models)

1. Remove cabinet rear cover.
2. From inside cabinet, unclip pilot light socket from mounting bracket.
3. Remove pilot light.

DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

To Remove Chassis from Cabinet (All Models)

1. Pull off control knobs.
2. Remove cabinet back cover.
3. Disconnect all leads from changer and speakers.
4. Unplug pilot light at chassis.
5. Unplug control plug at chassis.
6. Remove nut from output jack and remove jack from mounting bracket.
7. Remove chassis mounting screw and slide chassis out rear of cabinet.
8. Remove 2 nuts from control unit mounting screws.
9. Remove control unit.

ALIGNMENT:

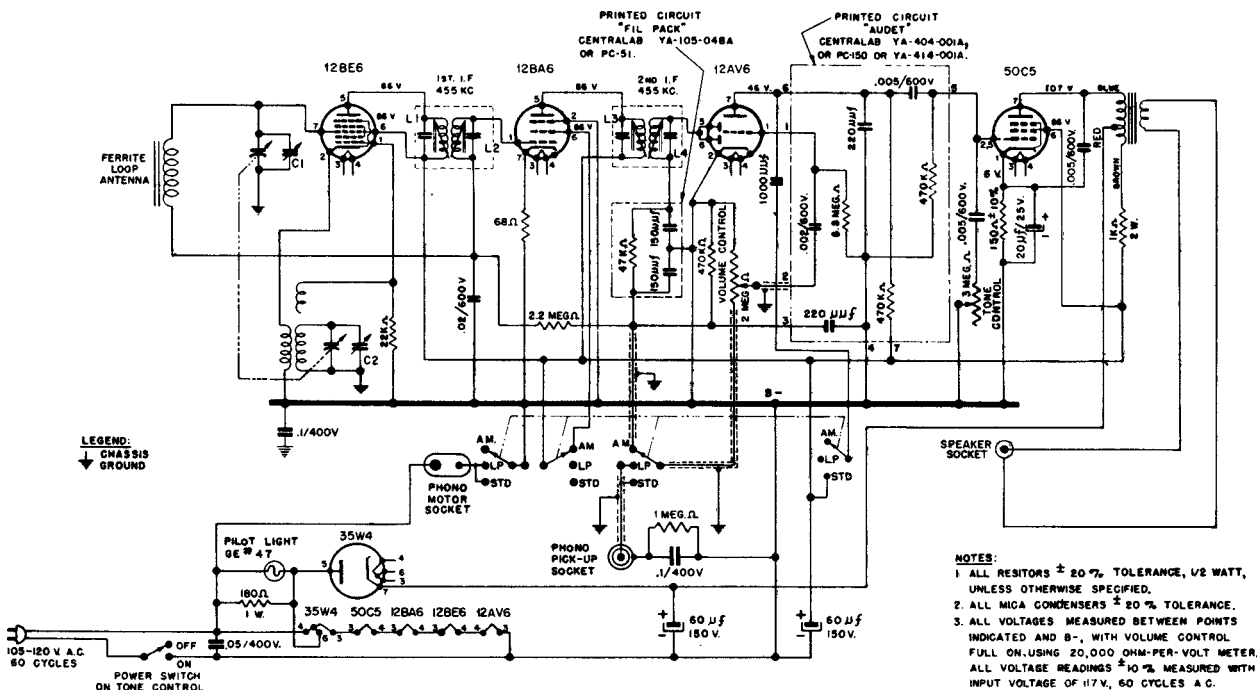
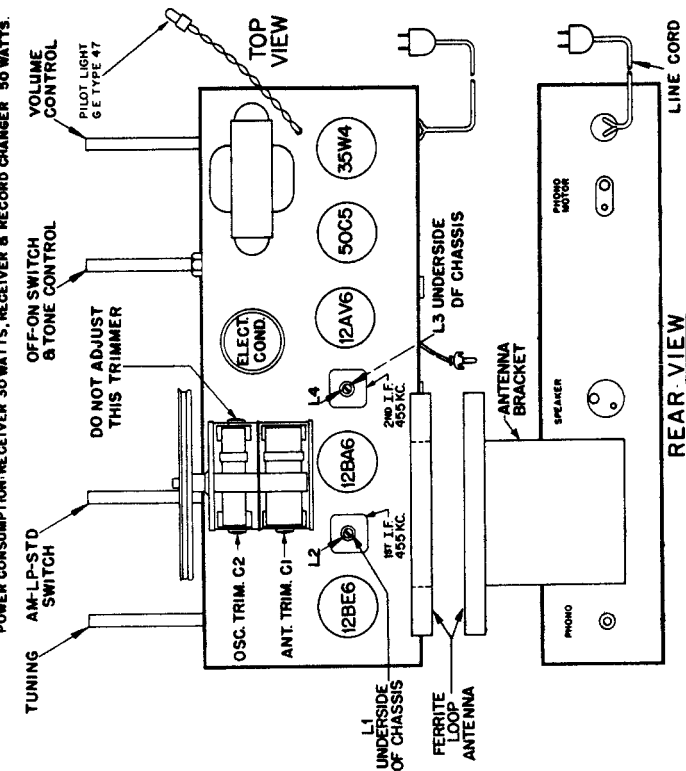
Equipment required: Modulated RF signal generator; output meter; insulated screw-driver; two .1 mfd 400 volt condensers.

To insure proper alignment, a radiated signal will be required during part of the alignment procedure. To radiate a signal, connect a loop of about 6 inches in diameter (one turn of #14 or #12 wire) across the output of the signal generator, and place this loop perpendicular to the Ferrite stick antenna of the receiver to be aligned, at a distance of about 10 or 12 inches.

Connect the output meter and signal generator as follows:

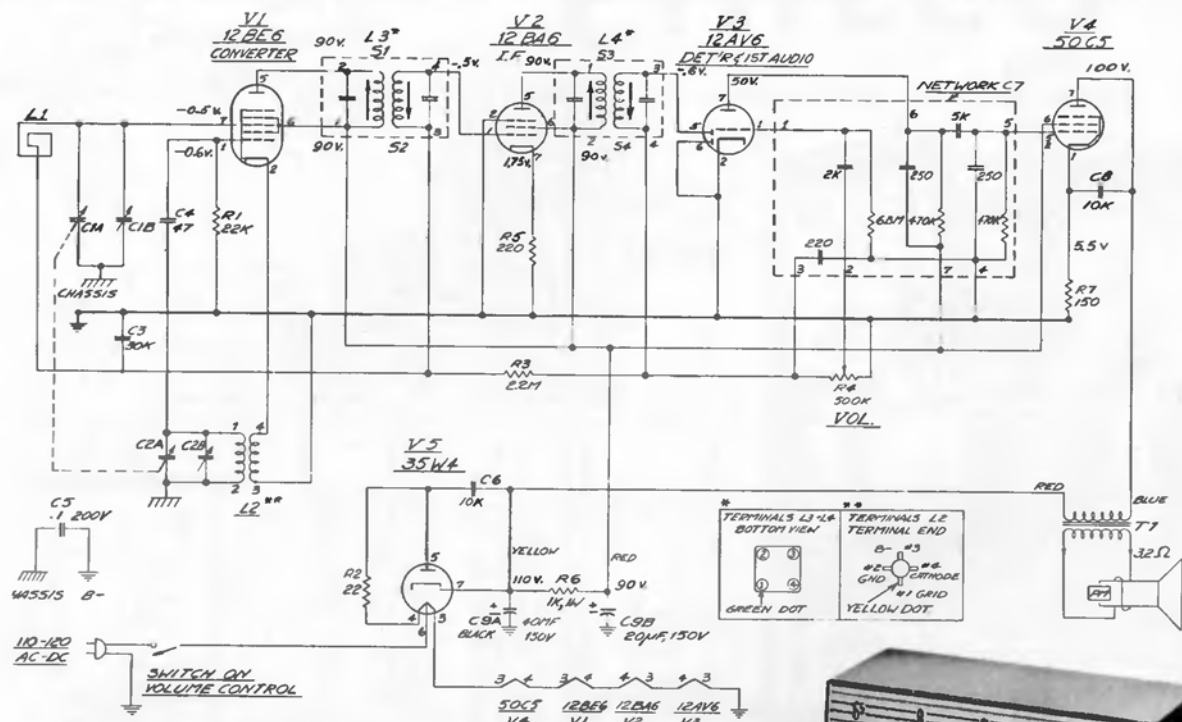
Output meter: Connect across the speaker voice coil and turn the volume control to maximum (extreme clockwise position).

STEP	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	TURN RECEIVER DIAL TO -	ADJUST THE FOLLOWING FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT. (KEEP SIGNAL FROM SIGNAL GENERATOR AS LOW AS POSSIBLE.)
1	ANTENNA SECTION TUNING CONDENSER IN SERIES WITH I.F. COND.	455 KC.	FULL CLOCKWISE POSITION (CONDENSER PLATES FULLY OPEN)	L ₄ , L ₃ , L ₂ , L ₁ AND REPEAT IN SAME ORDER (1ST. AND 2ND. I.F. TRANSFORMERS)
2	USE RADIATED SIGNAL	1500 KC.	1500 KC. (150 ON DIAL)	C ₂ (OSCILLATOR)
3		1500 KC	MAXIMUM SIGNAL (APPROX. 150 ON DIAL)	C ₁ (ANTENNA)
4	REPEAT STEPS 2 AND 3			



PACKARD BELL

TABLE MODEL RADIO 5R5



DC RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS:

1st I-F Coil:

- Primary, 19 ohms
- Secondary, 19 ohms

2nd I-F Coil:

- Primary, 19 ohms
- Secondary, 19 ohms

Oscillator Coil:

- Primary, 1 ohm
- Secondary, 10 ohms

Socket voltages measured as follows:

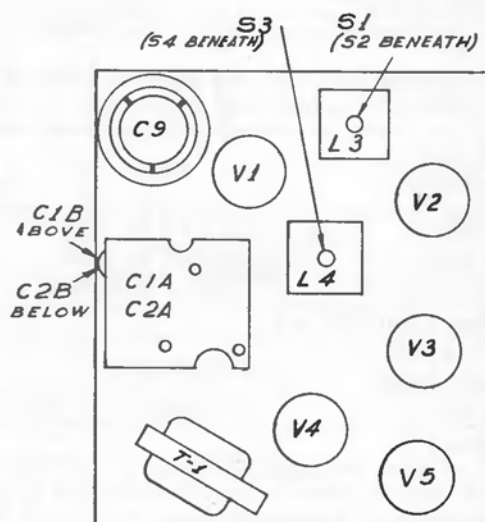
1. Line voltage, 117 volts AC.
2. Volume control at maximum.
3. VTVM between socket terminal and B minus bus.
4. Only DC voltages measured. Allow 10% tolerance.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE:

The alignment of the set is accomplished by following the steps in the chart below. Connect output meter to speaker voice coil. Use isolation transformer, if available, for shock protection.

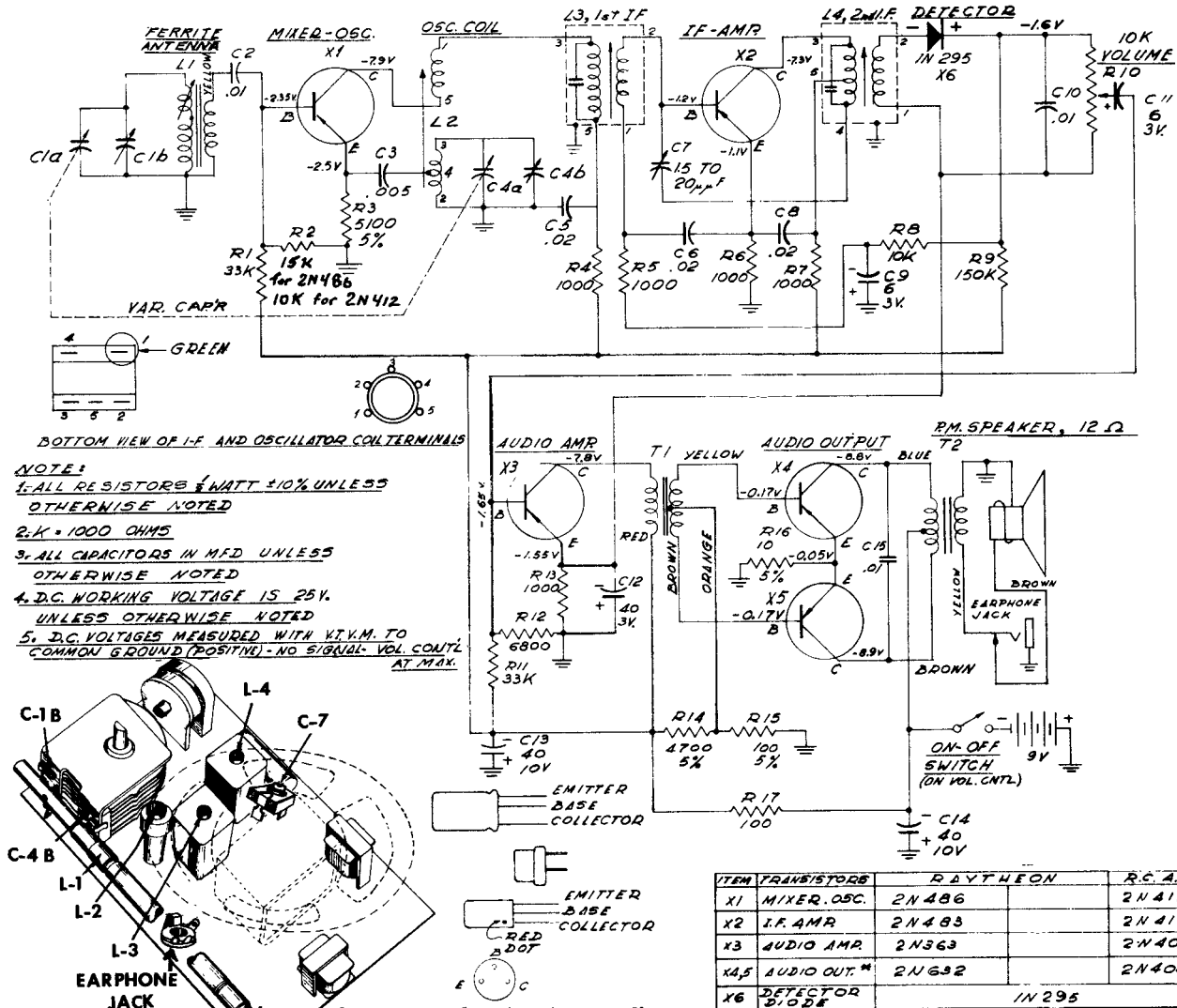
Each adjustment should be made using a minimum input signal. Connect oscillator through a .01 mfd capacitor in step one; loose-couple oscillator lead in steps two and three.

Step	Connect Test Oscillator To	Test Oscillator Frequency	Radio Dial Setting	Adjust
1.	Pin 1, V-1 (12BE6)	455 Kc.	540 Kc.	S-1, S-2, S-3, & S-4 for MAX.
2.	Loose-couple to antenna	1620 Kc.	1620 Kc.	C-2B for MAX.
3.	ditto	1500 Kc.	Tune to Osc. Signal	C-1B for Max.



PACKARD BELL

MODEL 6RT2 PERSONAL TRANSISTOR RADIO



Step 1. Preset I-F amplifier neutralizer capacitor C-7 by turning completely clockwise (maximum

capacity) then back one eighth of a turn (45 degrees). See note after step seven.

Step	Connect Test Oscillator To	Test Oscillator Frequency	Radio Dial Setting	Adjust
2.	Variable, antenna section	455 kc	535 kc	L-3 & L-4 for MAX
3.	Couple to antenna	600 kc	600 kc	L-2 (osc) for MAX
4.	Couple to antenna	1620 kc	1620 kc	C-4B for MAX
5.	Repeat steps two and three and check calibration at low end of dial (535 kc)			
6.	Couple to antenna	1500 kc	Tune to test osc. signal	C-1B for MAX
7.	Couple to antenna	600 kc	600 kc	L-1 (antenna) for MAX

NOTE: Optimum setting of neutralizing capacitor C-7 depends upon parameters X-2 and L-4. If, after alignment, regeneration occurs on stations near the high end of the dial, capacity of C-7 should be decreased (ccw). Too low a value, however, will result in loss of

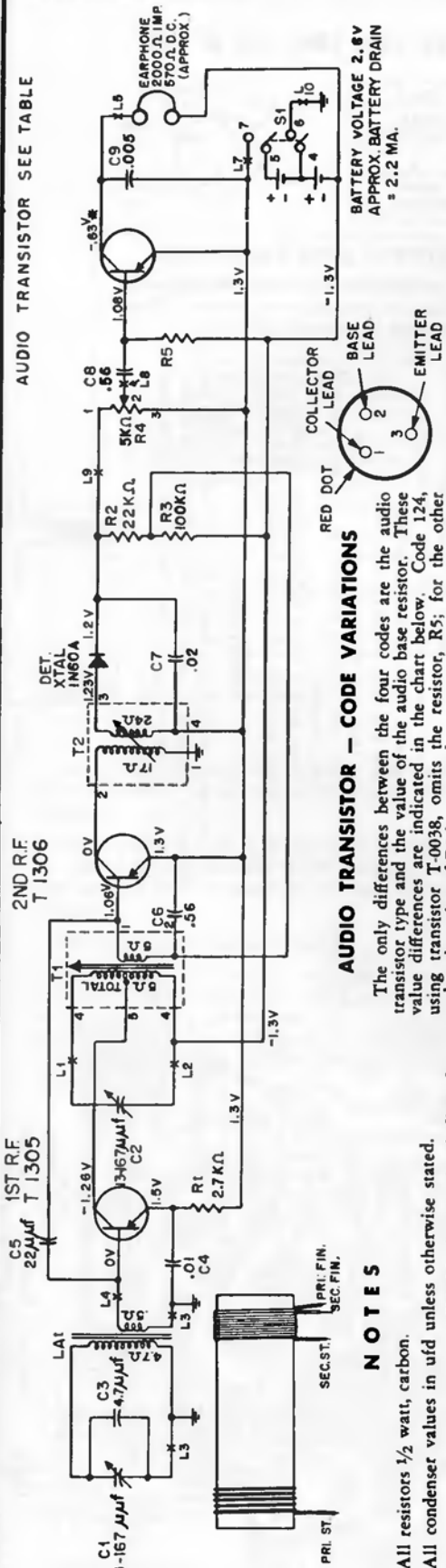
sensitivity.

If it has been necessary to change the setting of C-7 more than 45 degrees after completing the alignment, then the I-F adjustment (step two) should be repeated.

PHILCO

MODEL T-3 — CODES 124, 126, 128 & 130

AUDIO TRANSISTOR SEE TABLE



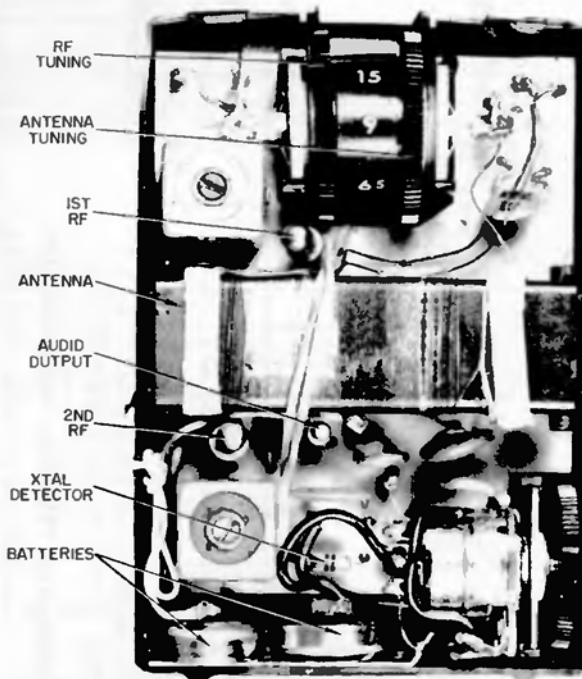
AUDIO TRANSISTOR — CODE VARIATIONS

The only differences between the four codes are the audio transistor type and the value of the audio base resistor. These value differences are indicated in the chart below. Code 124, using transistor T-0038, omits the resistor, R5; for the other codes, the value of R5 is as stated.

For audio transistor replacement purposes, only one type is used, the T-0041 of code 130, part number 34-6001-21. When this transistor is used as replacement in codes 124, 126 or 128, R5 must be changed in value as indicated in the chart.

There will be no difference in performance between the four audio transistors provided the base resistor, R5, is of the correct value.

CODE	AUDIO TRANSISTOR	BASE RESISTOR R5
124	T-0038	NONE
126	T-0039	100K Ω
128	T-0040	330K Ω
130	T-0041	180K Ω



The T-3 Radio with Back Removed

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

GENERAL—Allow the test equipment to warm up for fifteen minutes before starting the alignment procedure.

OUTPUT INDICATOR—Connect the output indicator (a V.T.V.M. using the low voltage AC range or a calibrated oscilloscope) across the ear phone terminals.

SIGNAL GENERATOR—Use an AM r-f signal generator. Radiate the signal to the radio antenna. Use a 6 to 8 turn, 6-inch diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals and place about one foot from the radio antenna.

OUTPUT LEVEL—During alignment, attenuate the signal-generator output so as to maintain the output level at 0.63 volts.

RADIO CONTROLS—Set the volume control to maximum. Set the antenna tuning knob (the right-hand knob with the dial scale) to 600 KC. Without moving the antenna tuning, adjust the RF tuning knob to the mid-position of its fine-tuning range. **DO NOT DISTURB** the radio tuning once it is set.

Step #1—Set generator to 600 KC. Adjust the core of T1 (the 1st RF transformer) for peak. Rock the generator — NOT the radio tuning — and adjust for maximum.

Step #2—Set generator to 600 KC. Adjust the core of T2 (the 2nd RF transformer) for maximum. This transformer is very broad; there will be only a slight peak. The core may not extend above the top of the can.

NOTES

All resistors 1/2 watt, carbon.

All condenser values in μ f unless otherwise stated.

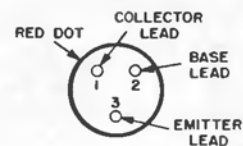
Voltages measured with a V.T.V.M. from point indicated to ground, under "No Signal" condition, with volume control at minimum and 2.6 volts from the battery supply.

*Audio collector voltage may vary between —.6 and —1.0 volt depending upon the transistor.

Coil resistances measured with coil in the circuit.

PHILCO RADIO MODEL T-3 — CODES 132, 134, 136 & 138

138	T-0041	120K Ω
136	T-0040	220 K
134	T-0039	470 K
132	T-0038	1M
CODE	AUDIO TRANSISTOR	BASE RESISTOR RB



AUDIO TRANSISTOR — CODE VARIATIONS

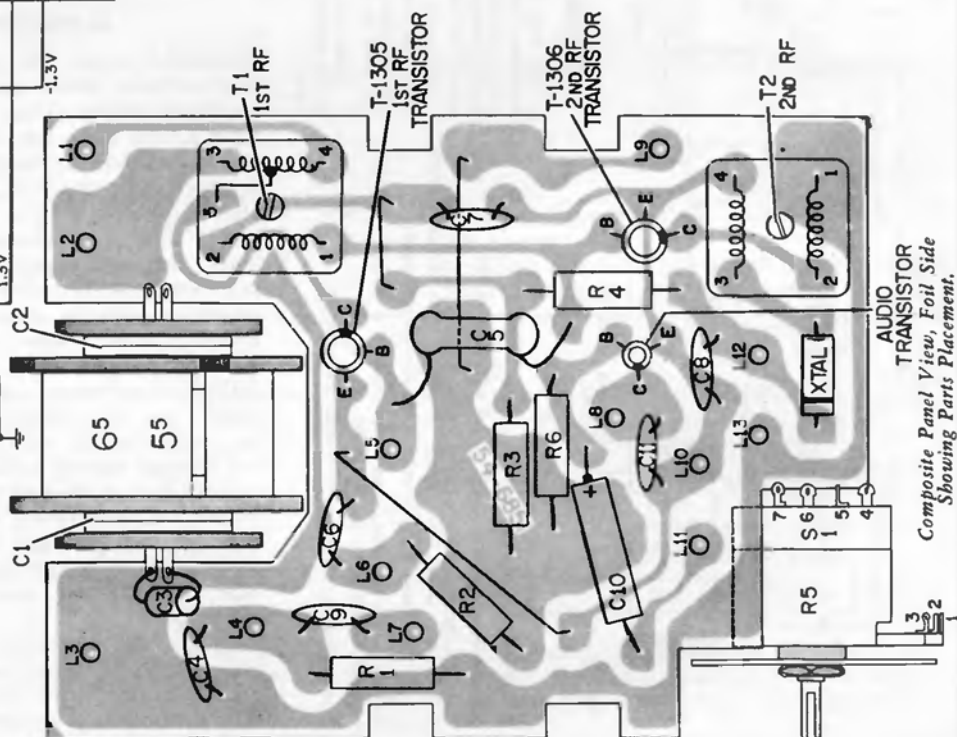
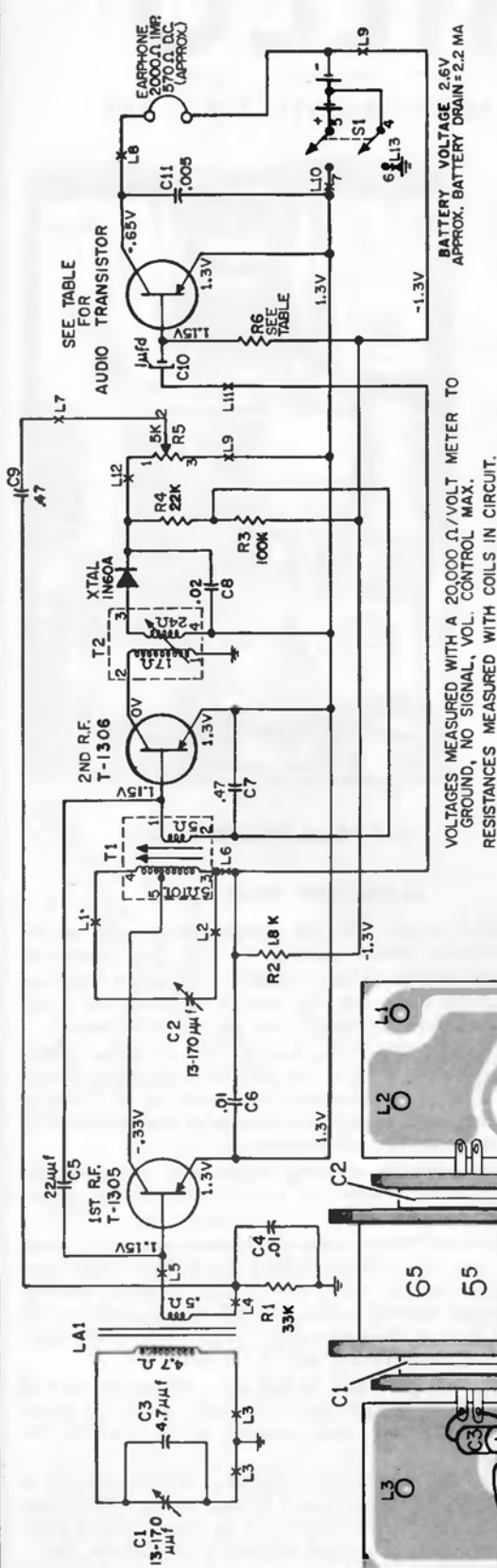
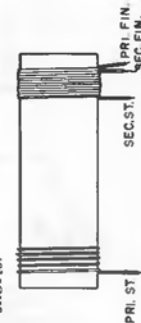
The only differences between the four codes are the audio transistor type and the value of the audio base resistor. These value differences are indicated in the chart above.

PANEL-WIRE TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION

- L1 Orange lead from r-f tuning, C2, to T1 lug 4.
L2 Black lead from r-f tuning, C2, to T1 lug 3 and red jumper to terminal 6.
L3 Orange lead from ant. tuning, C1, and plain lead from bottom of ant. pri. (LA1) to panel ground.
L4 Red lead from bottom of ant. sec. (LA1) to junction of R1, C4 and C5.
L5 Red lead from top of ant. sec. (LA1) to 1st r-f base.
L6 Red jumper from terminal 2, black jumper to terminal 11 and junction of C6 and R2.
L7 Yellow lead to arm of volume control (R5).
L8 Earphone lead to audio collector.
L9 Black lead from battery, —1.3 volts.
L10 Red lead from switch S1 lug 7, +1.3 volts.
L11 Black jumper from terminal 6 to C10, the 1uF audio coupling.
L12 Orange lead to top of volume control, R5 lug. 1.
L13 Black lead from switch, S1, lug 6 to panel ground.

SHIELDING

To suppress possible regeneration, the leads of T1 are shielded by wrapping a small piece of aluminum tape around the can so as to cover the cut-outs. When replacing be careful not to cause shorts.



PHILCO

MODELS T-4 and T-4J — CODE 124

ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RADIO		ADJUST
	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
1	Panel must be removed from cabinet. Connect signal generator through a .1 uf condenser to antenna section of gang. Use the least generator signal necessary to give an output indication.	455 KC	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust for maximum output in order given.	Z3—3rd IF Z2—2nd IF Z1—1st IF
2	Use radiating loop (See note 1 below).	1620 KC	1620 KC (gang fully open)	Pre-set C2A (Ant.) 1/2 turn from tight. Adjust for maximum output.	C1B—osc. trimmer
3	Same as step 2.	1400 KC	1400 KC	Adjust for maximum output.	C1A—ant. trimmer
4	Same as step 2. Panel MUST be re-mounted in cabinet.	600 KC	600 KC	Adjust for maximum output. Rock tuning gang while making this adjustment.	T1—osc. core
5	Repeat steps 2, 3 and 4 until no further improvement is obtained. Always stop on step 2.				

NOTE 1. Use a 6-to-8 turn, 6-inch diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

SCHEMATIC NOTES

Due to 2nd IF transistor variations the values of resistors R6 and R7 must be selected, within limits, for optimum performance.

When transistor R186 is defective, kit number 324-8003 must be ordered. This kit contains a R186 transistor and two resistors (R6 and R7) properly matched. All three components must be replaced.

The stage may be checked as follows:

The value of R6 is selected to allow the 2nd IF transistor collector to draw 2 milliamps. This is checked by measuring the voltage across R11, the 560 ohm collector return resistor. This voltage should be 1.12 volts, with a tolerance of approximately $\pm .12$ volts. The value of R6 falls within the limits of 27K to 390K.

All resistors are 1/2 watt, 10%, carbon.

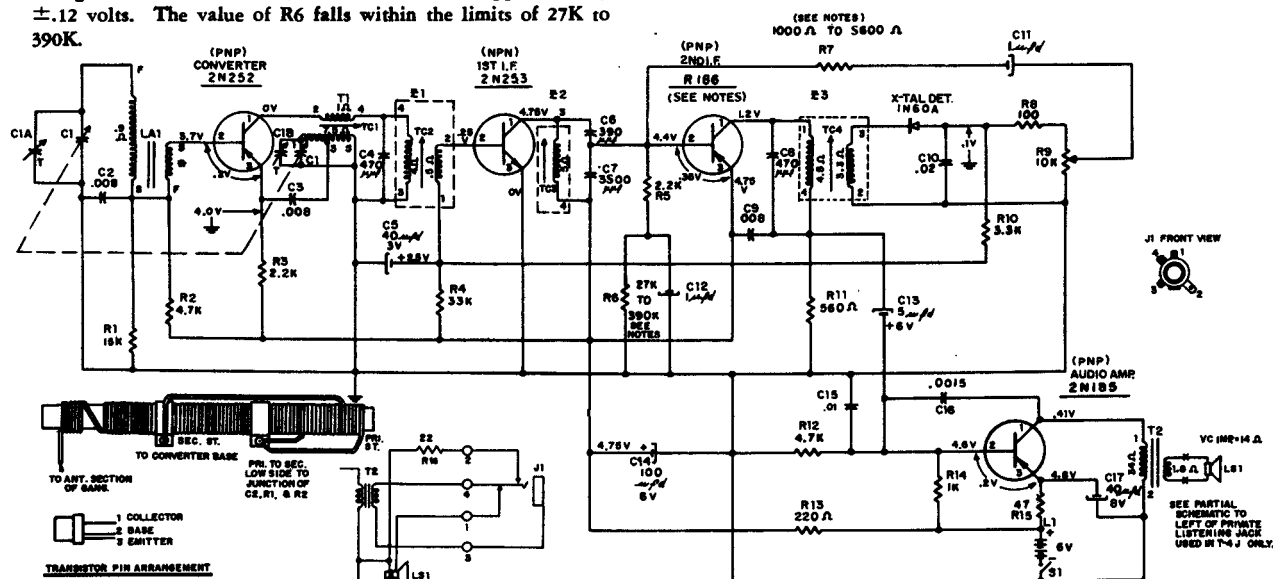
Coil resistances read with coil in circuit.

Voice coil impedance = 14 ohms.

Voltages measured to ground with a 20,000 ohms/volt meter under no signal condition.

Emitter to base voltages were measured with positive lead to emitter, except for the 1st IF which is an NPN type and measured with the positive lead to the base.

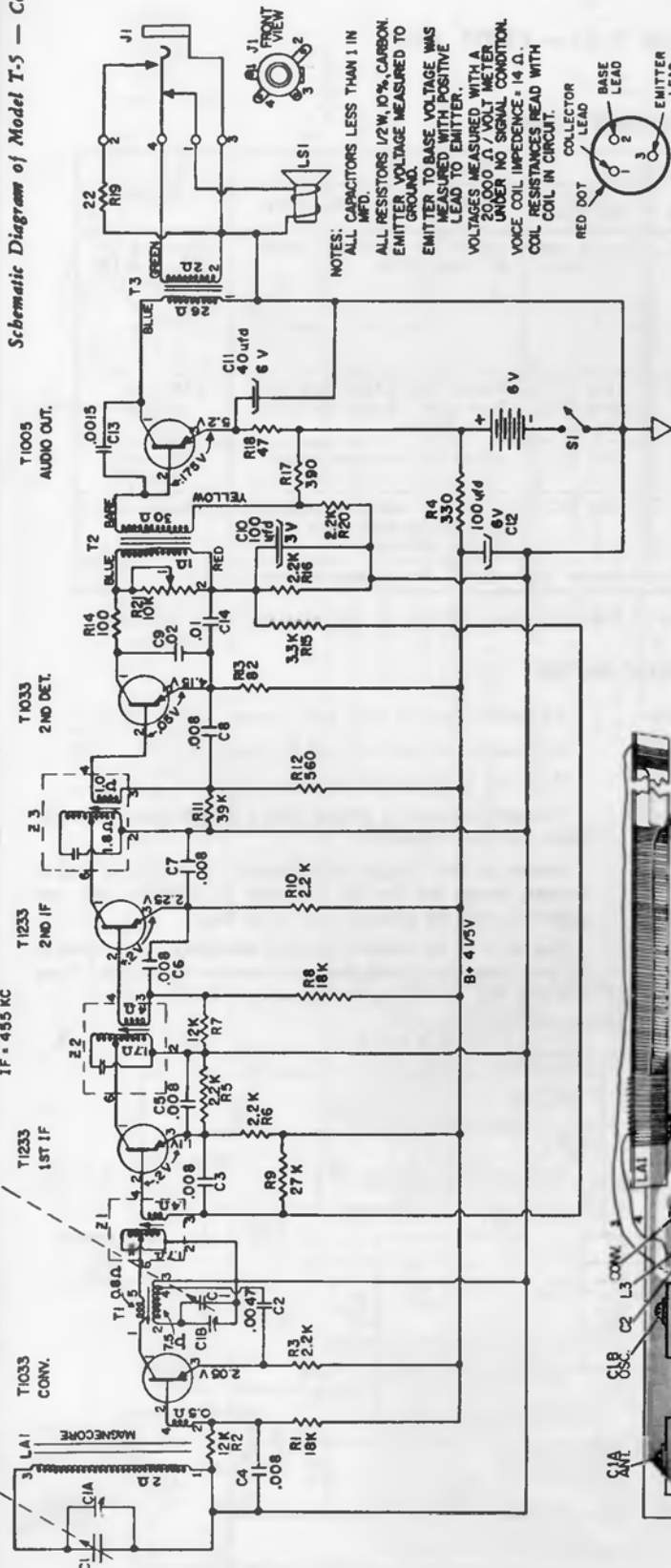
Run #51 — to improve low end sensitivity. The value of R1 was changed to 15,000 ohms, part number 66-3158340. Some few sets may have a 10,000 ohm resistor for R1.



PHILCO

PHILCO TRANSISTOR RADIO MODEL T-5 — CODE 124

Schematic Diagram of Model T-5 — Code 124



BATTERY VOLTAGE AND TYPE—6.0 volts from 4 penlight cells, type "AA", P-15, or mercury type "AA", P-9.

FREQUENCY COVERAGE—535 to 1620 KC.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY—455 KC.

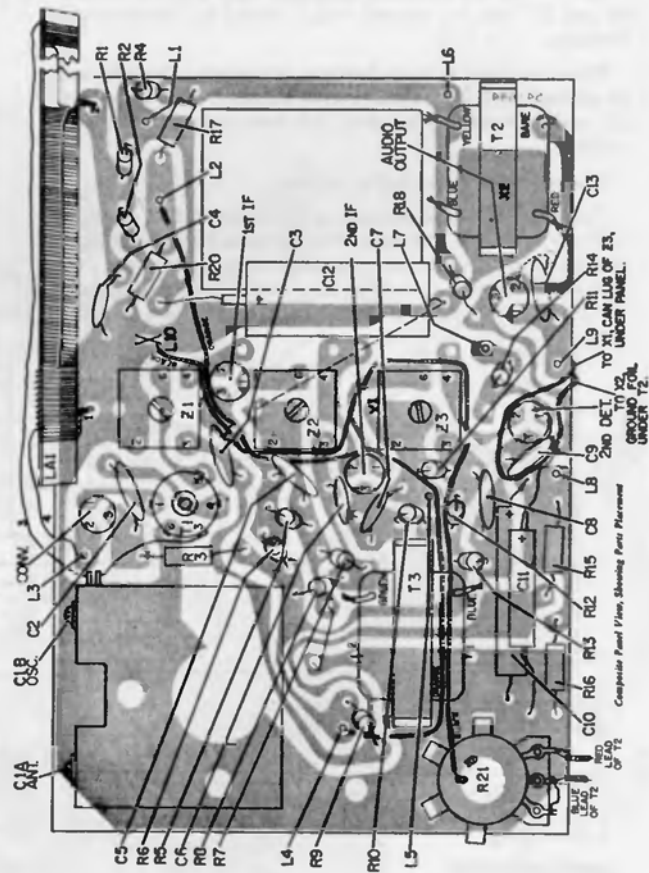
TERMINAL LUG IDENTIFICATION

- L1 Orange jumper to L4, 5 volt B+.
- L2 Yellow lead to T2.
- L3 To short antenna lead no. 4.
- L4 Orange jumper to L1, 4.5 volt B+.
- L5 Black jumper to ground lug L10.
- L6 Black lead to positive battery terminal (6 volts).
- L7 Green lead to arm of R21.
- L8 Orange lead to end (No. 2) of R21.
- L9 Blue lead of T3.
- L10 Ground lug: black lead to speaker, black lead to L5 and black lead to on-off switch.

PRIVATE LISTENING JACK TERMINAL LEADS

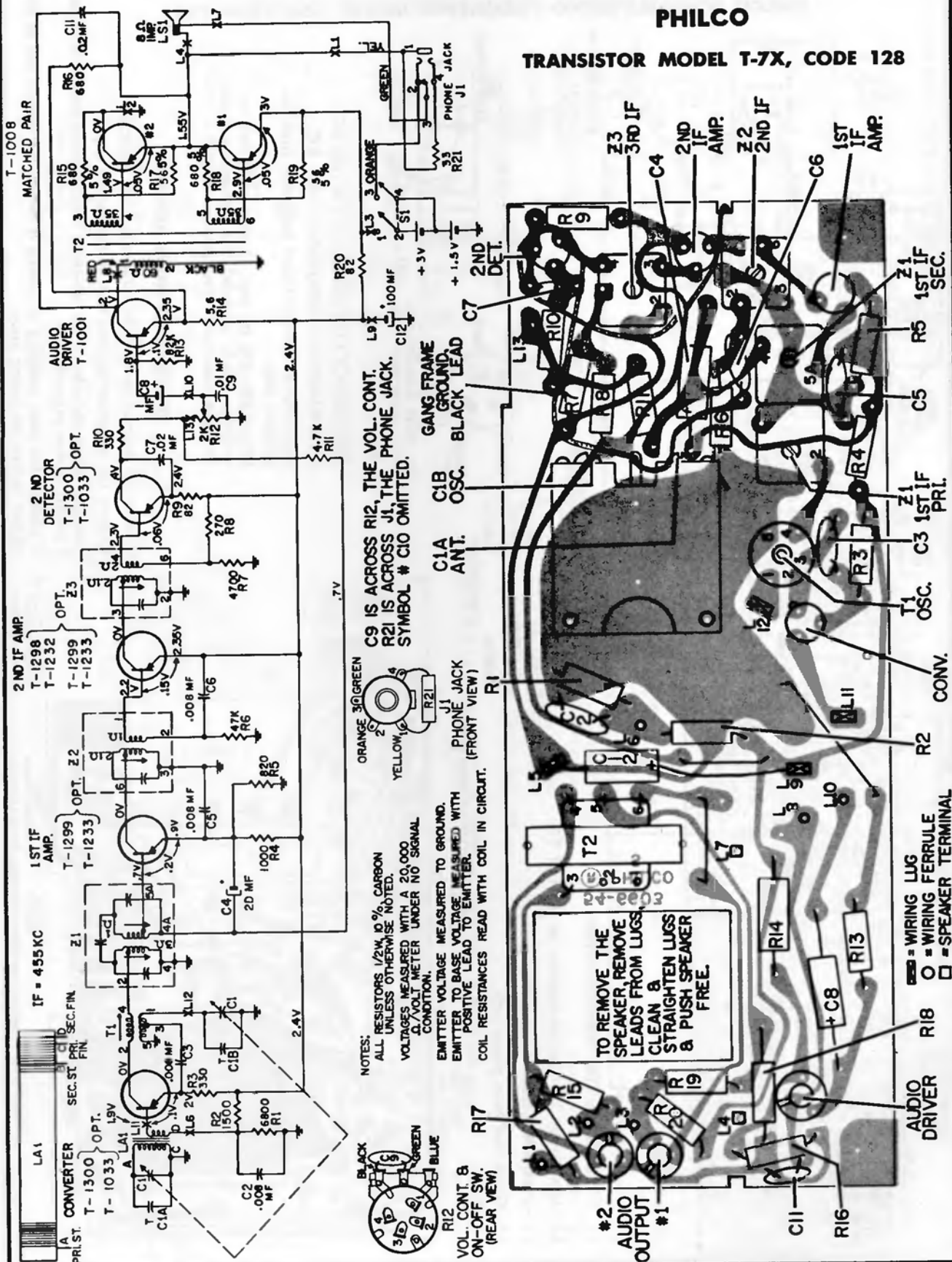
- Terminal 1—Brown lead to speaker.
- Terminal 2—One end of R19, P.L. shunt resistor.
- Terminal 3—Black ground lead to on-off switch and other end of R19.
- Terminal 4—Green lead of T3.

NOTE: C14 wires under the panel, from L8 to the junction of C9 and the emitter (No. 3) of the 2nd detector.



PHILCO

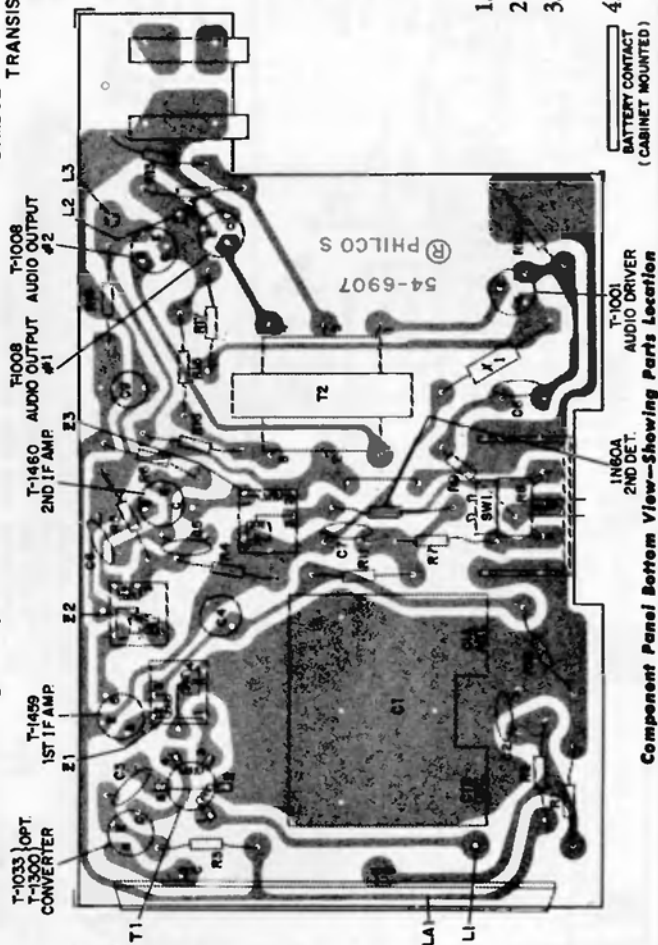
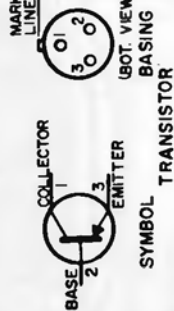
TRANSISTOR MODEL T-7X, CODE 128



Schematic Diagram of Philco Transistor Model T-7X, Code 128



- L1—Lead from C1B trimmer capacitor to lug 1 of T1.
L2—Orange lead from switch SW1 lug 1.
L3—Green lead from phone jack.



FREQUENCY COVERAGE—535 to 1620 KC.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY—455 KC.

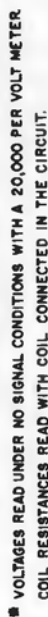
ANTENNA—Self-contained magnecor, high-impedance loop.

SPEAKER—2¾ in. pm., 15 ohm voice coil impedance. Jack provided for optional private listening attachment, part number 42-1975-4.

PRINTED-WIRE PANEL REMOVAL

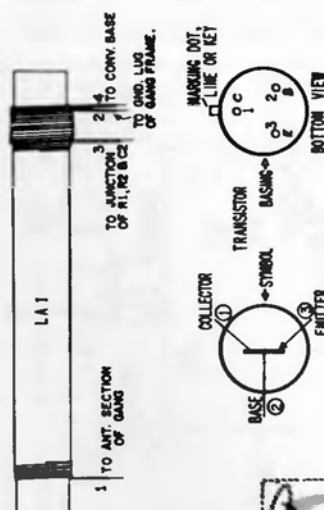
1. Remove the snap-on back of the cabinet and the batteries.
2. Remove the tri-mount fastener next to the battery clips.
3. Carefully spread the sides of the cabinet to free the panel from each of the 4 slotted cabinet supports.
4. Withdraw the panel assembly by sliding it toward the speaker end of the cabinet to free the tuning knob.

☐ BATTERY CONTACT
(CABINET MOUNTED)



WIRING TERMINAL LUG IDENTIFICATION

- L1 Black lead, battery ground.
- L2 Orange lead, 1.5V battery.
- L3 Red lead, 3.0V battery.
- L4 Green lead, audio output to speaker.
- L5 Red antenna lead, low side of secondary, lead #3.
- L6 Red antenna lead, high side of secondary, lead #4.
- Antenna lead, high side of primary to ant. section of gang, lead #1.
- Antenna lead, low side of primary to gang ground lug, lead #2.
- Orange lead from speaker to terminal #7 of S1.

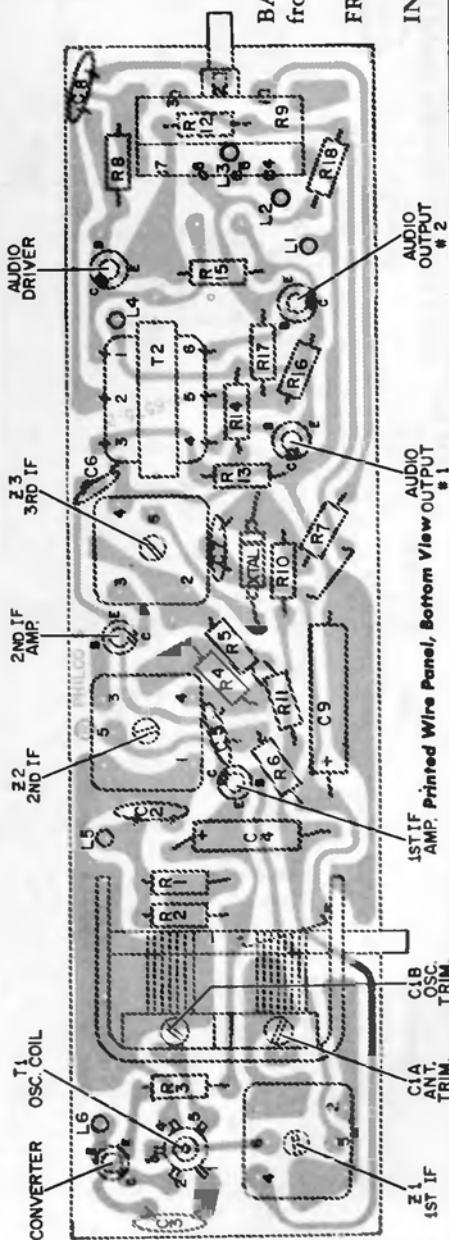


AUDIO OUTPUT—0.1 watt.

BATTERY VOLTAGE AND TYPE—3.0 volts from 2 standard "D" cells.

FREQUENCY COVERAGE—535 - 1620 KC.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY—455 KC.



PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL T-75, CODE 124

FREQUENCY COVERAGE—535 to 1620 KC.

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY—455 KC.

BATTERY SUPPLY—2 standard "D" cells, in 3 volt supply center tapped at 1-1/2 volts. Battery type P-907 or P-920 (metal clad).

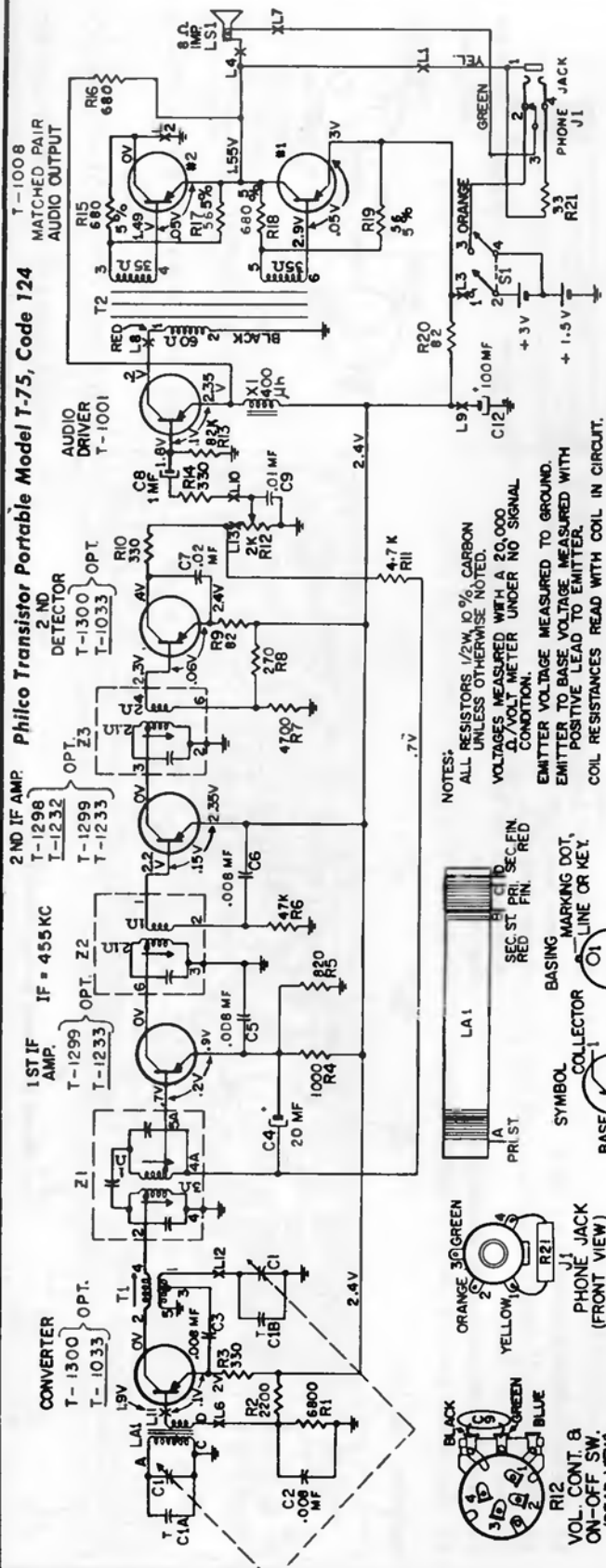
SERVICE NOTES

When signal tracing, inject signal at transistor collector and limit input to keep signal across speaker below .6 volts.

Normally, the transistors should be the last item suspected.

If C12 opens serious audio oscillation will result.

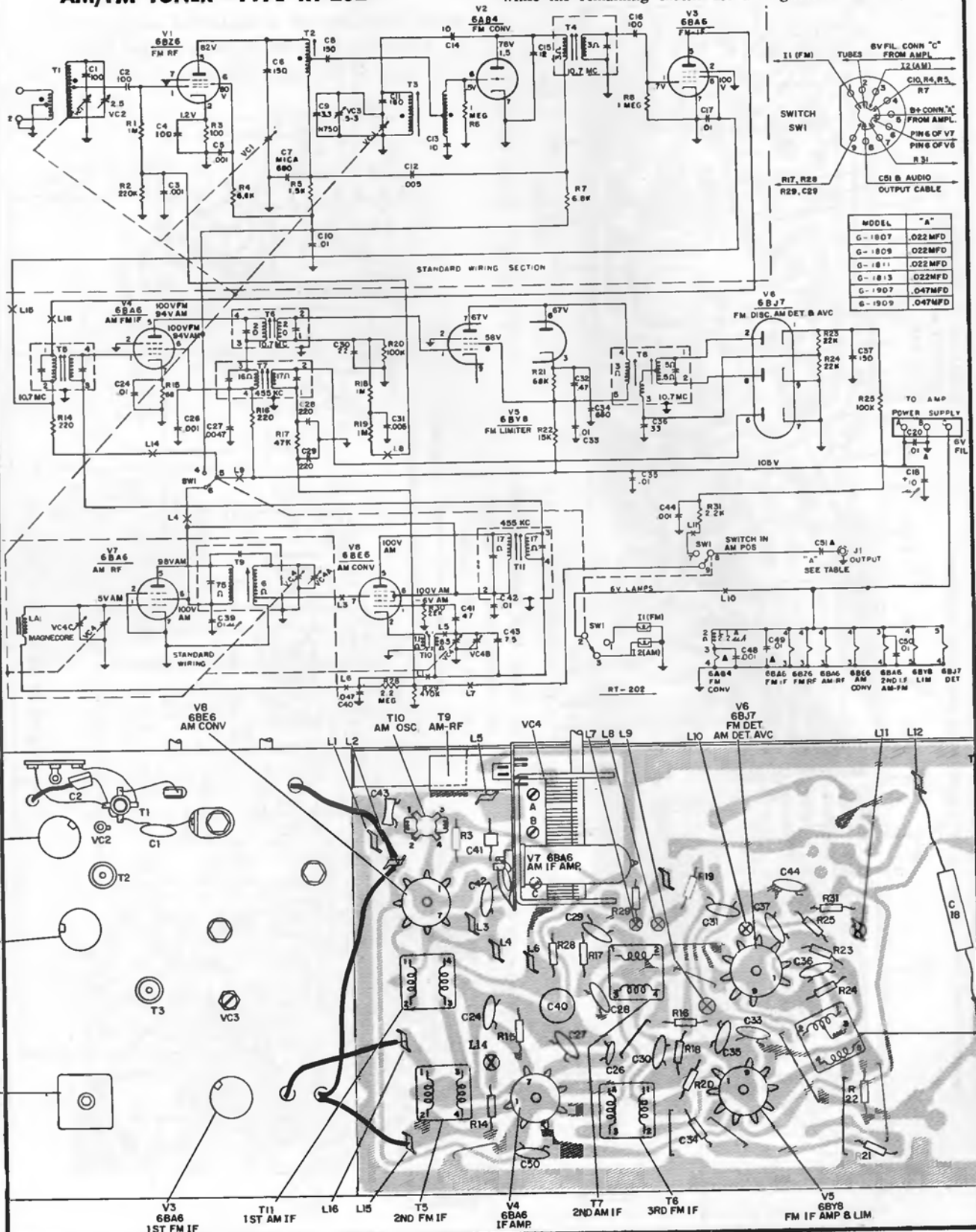
Dress of black lead from top, center, frame lug of gang to end ground lug is important to reduce beat. See base layout for lead dress.



PHILCO RADIO

AM/FM TUNER—TYPE RT-202

Electrically all chassis are identical except the RT-202-2 and the RT-202-4. The RT-202-4 chassis contains a 560 ohm resistor and .01 mfd capacitor from the cathode of the AM-RF amplifier (V7) to ground. Lug L1 on the printed wire panel of the RT-202-4 chassis is grounded, thus returning the secondary of T10 and condenser C43 to ground instead of the AVC circuit. The RT-202-2 chassis uses an AM antenna coil while the remaining chassis use a magnecore antenna.

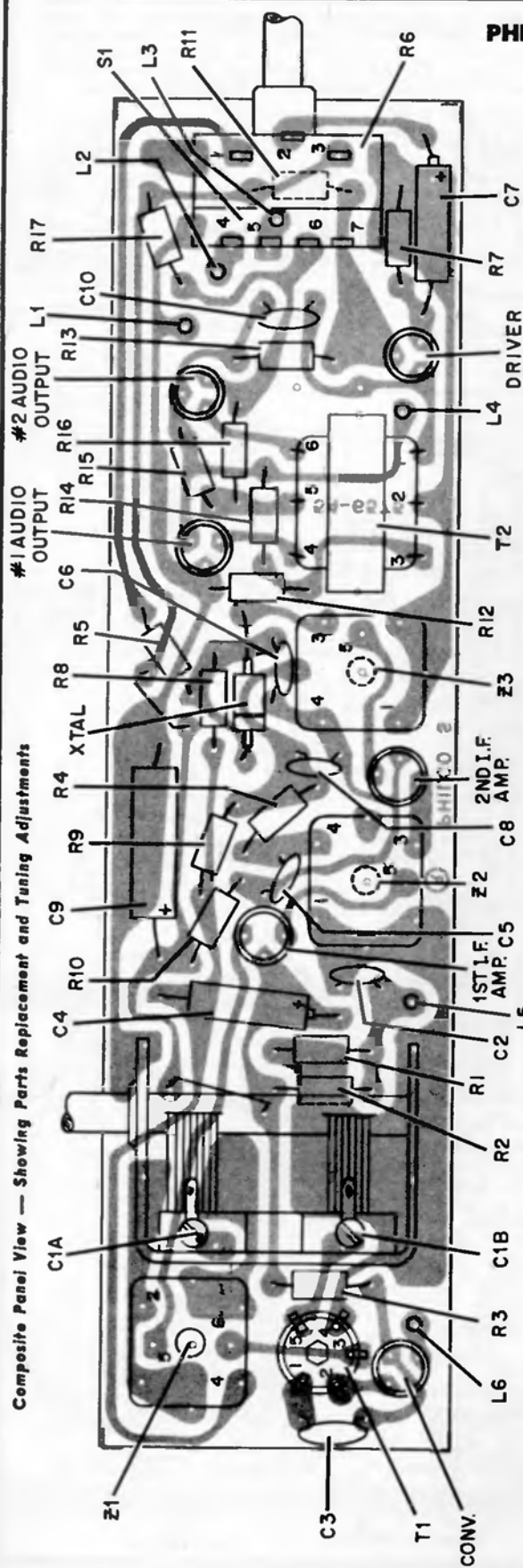


PHILCO TRANSISTOR RADIO — MODEL T-6 — CODE 124

MODEL T-600 — CODE 124

Model T-600 identical to Model T-6 except C10 has been deleted and R5 has been changed from 1000 ohms to 330 ohms, part no. 66-1338340.

Composite Panel View — Showing Parts Replacement and Tuning Adjustments



INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY—455 KC.

L1 Black lead, battery ground.

L2 Orange lead, 1.5V battery.

L3 Red lead, 3.0V battery.

L4 Orange lead, audio output to speaker.

L5 Antenna lead, low side of secondary, lead #3.

* VOLTAGES READ UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS WITH A 20,000 PER VOLT METER. COIL RESISTANCES READ WITH COIL CONNECTED IN THE CIRCUIT.

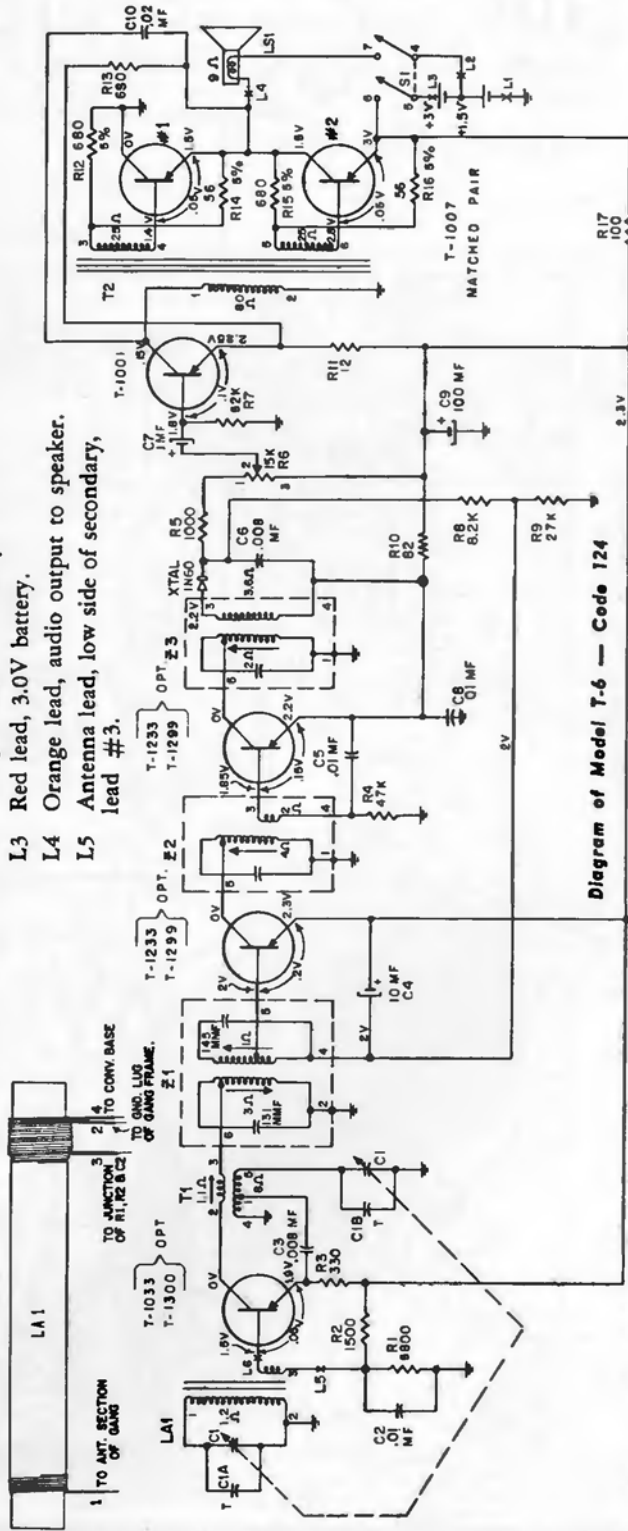
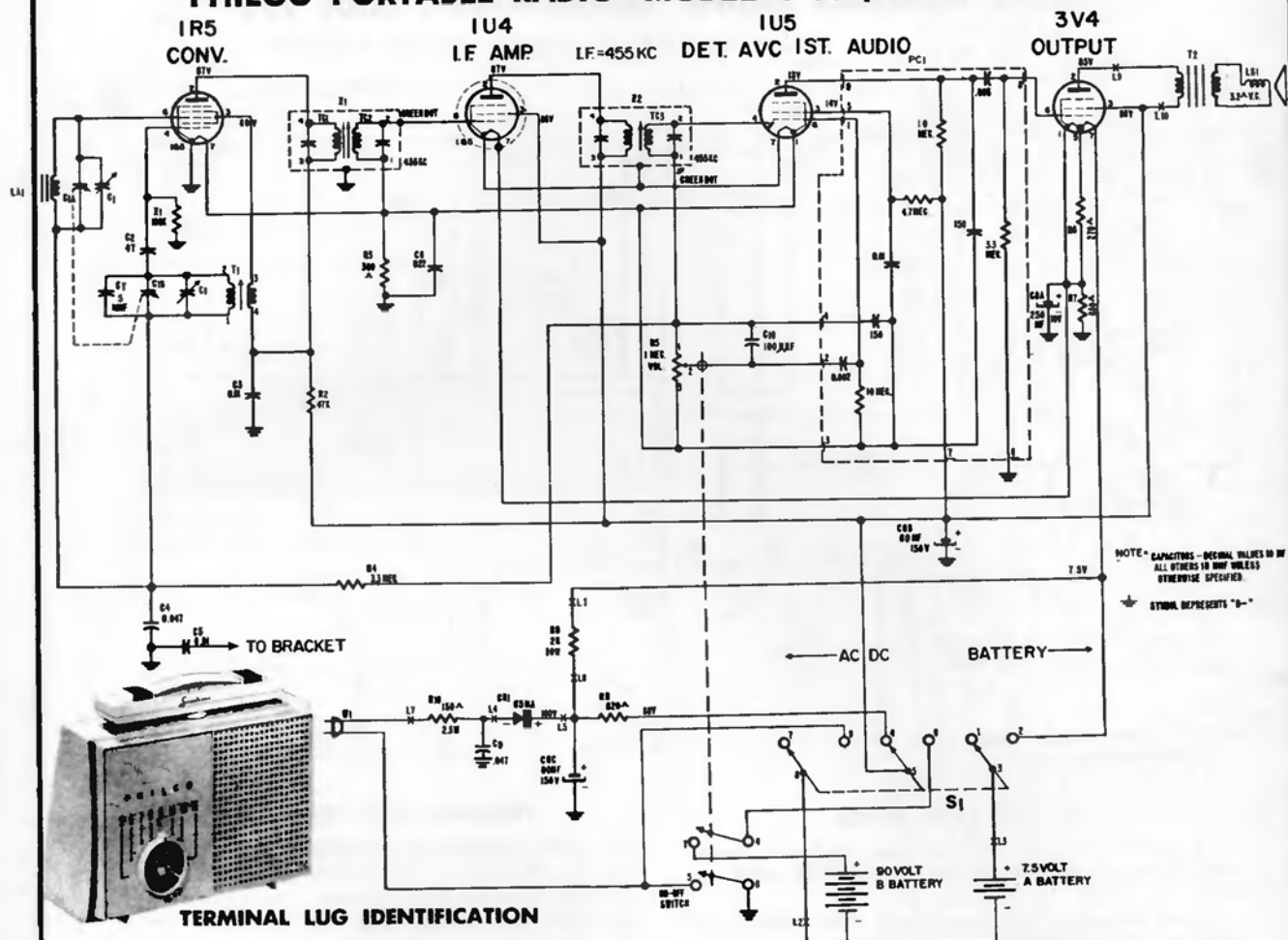
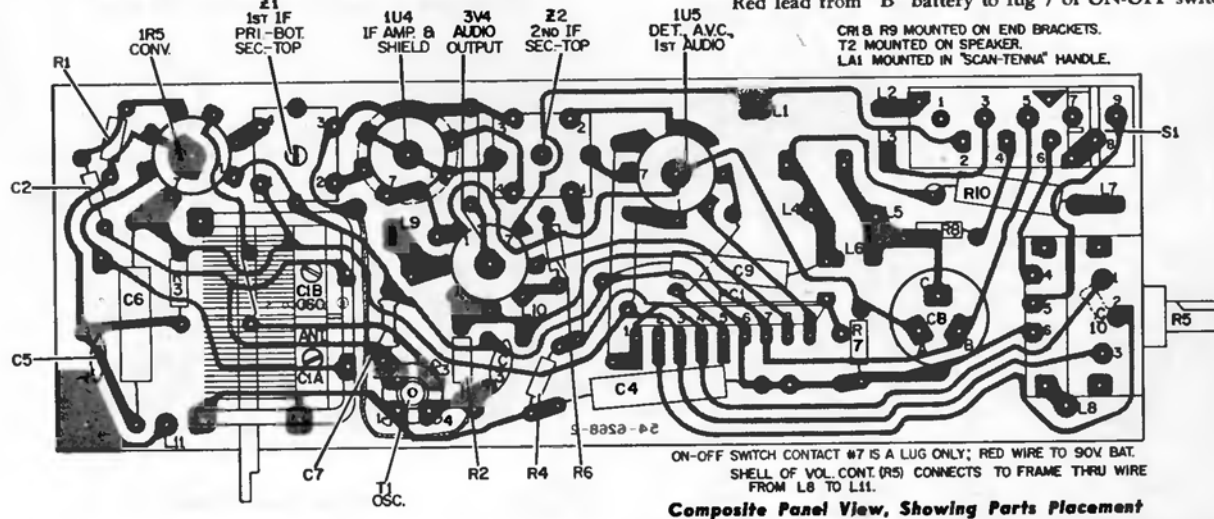


Diagram of Model T-6 — Code 124

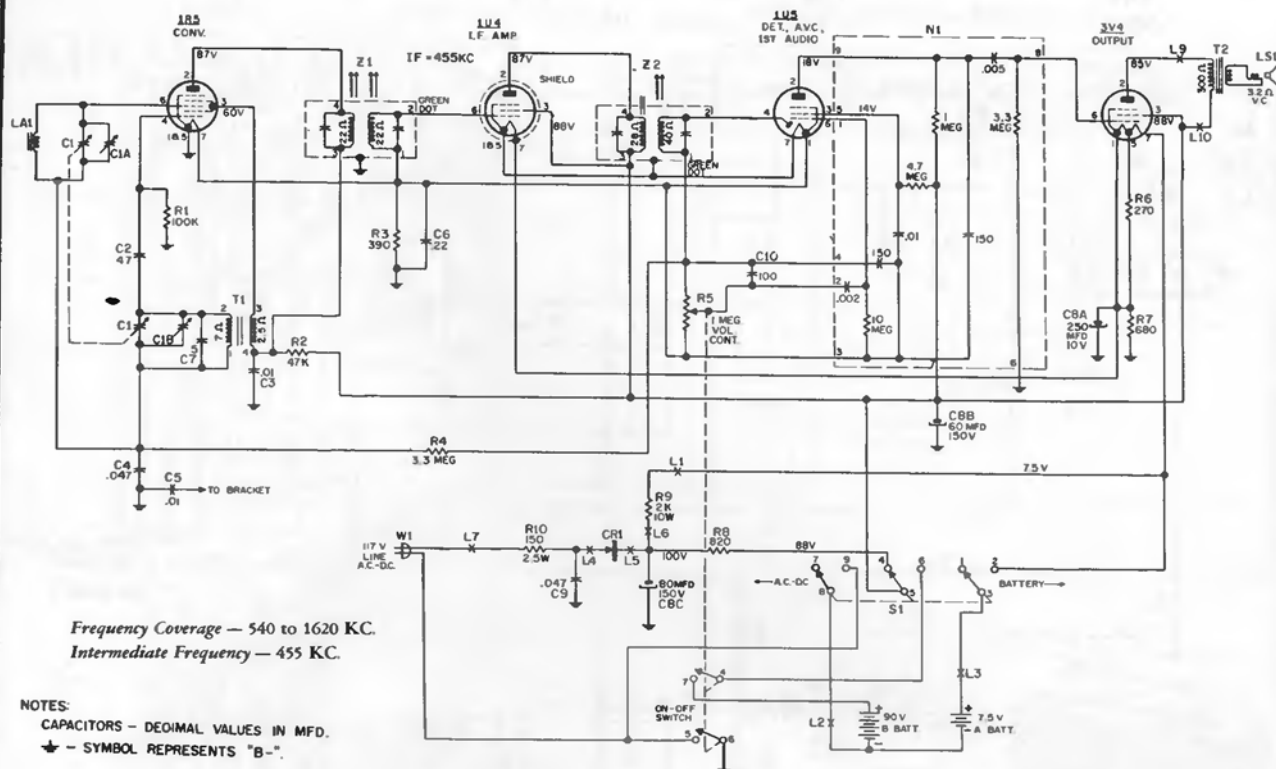
PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL G-681, CODE 124



- | | | | |
|----|---|-----|---|
| L1 | Black lead from R9, filament dropping resistor. | L7 | White lead from AC interlock to R10. |
| L2 | B-, black lead from "A" battery and yellow lead from "B" battery. | L8 | Blue lead to L11, ground. |
| L3 | A+, brown lead from "A" battery. | L9 | Blue lead from 3V4 plate to output trans., T2. |
| L4 | Black lead to selenium rectifier, CR1. | L10 | Red lead to output transformer, T2. |
| L5 | B+, red lead from CR1. | L11 | Blue lead to L8, ground. |
| L6 | Brown lead to filament dropping resistor, R9. | | White lead from AC interlock to lug 5 of ON-OFF switch. |
| | | | Red lead from "B" battery to lug 7 of ON-OFF switch. |



PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL H-691, CODE 124

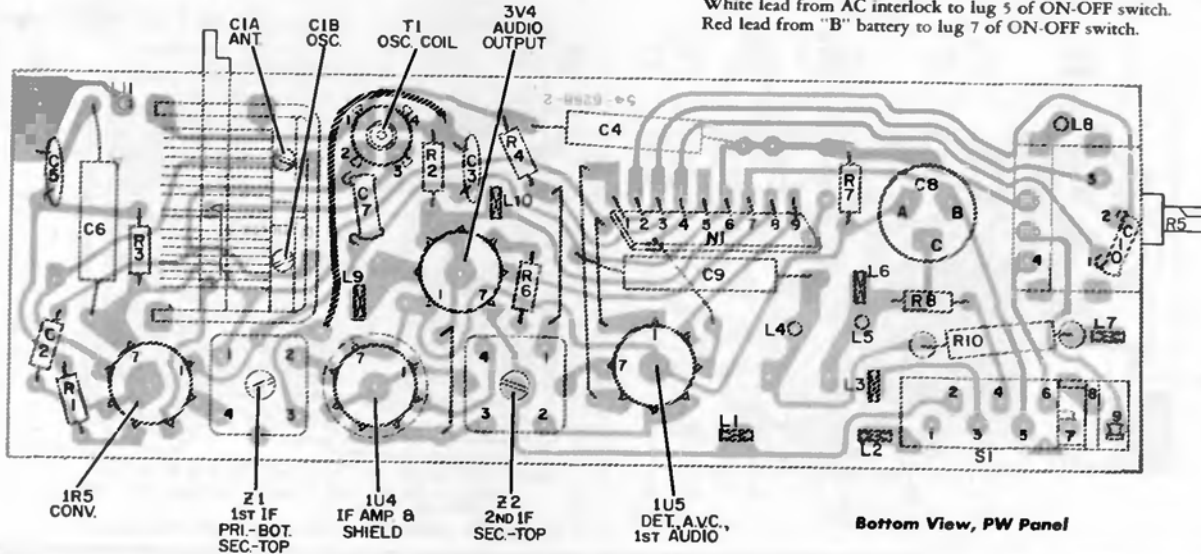


CRITICAL LEAD DRESS

1. Brown and black wires, from wiring panel on bracket, must be dressed below and away from R9 and in front of the tuning condenser, C1.
2. Brown and black "A" battery leads must be dressed over the output transformer, T2, and through the dress lug.
3. Red and yellow "B" battery leads must be dressed up through the AC interlock mounting bosses.
4. White AC interlock leads must be dressed toward the front panel.
5. All wires must be dressed clear of the current limiting resistor, R10.
6. C6, the filament condenser, must be dressed toward the bracket, away from C1, the tuning gang.

TERMINAL LUG IDENTIFICATION

- L1 Black lead from R9, filament dropping resistor.
 - L2 B-, black lead from "A" battery and yellow lead from "B" battery.
 - L3 A+, brown lead from "A" battery.
 - L4 Black lead to selenium rectifier, CR1.
 - L5 B+, red lead from CR1.
 - L6 Brown lead to filament dropping resistor, R9.
 - L7 White lead from AC interlock to R10.
 - L8 Blue lead to L11, ground.
 - L9 Blue lead from 3V4 plate to output trans., T2.
 - L10 Red lead to output transformer, T2.
 - L11 Blue lead to L8, ground.
- White lead from AC interlock to lug 5 of ON-OFF switch.
Red lead from "B" battery to lug 7 of ON-OFF switch.

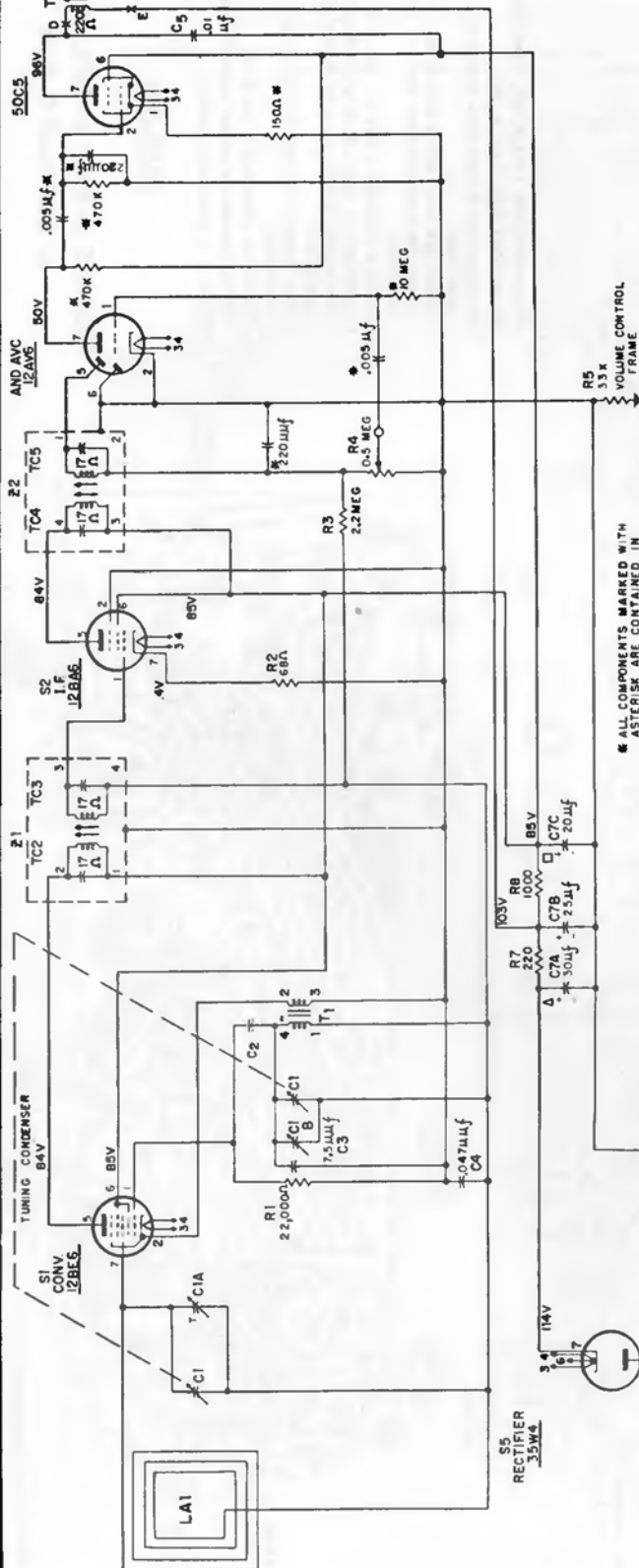


MODELS G-749, G-751, G-753 and G-755



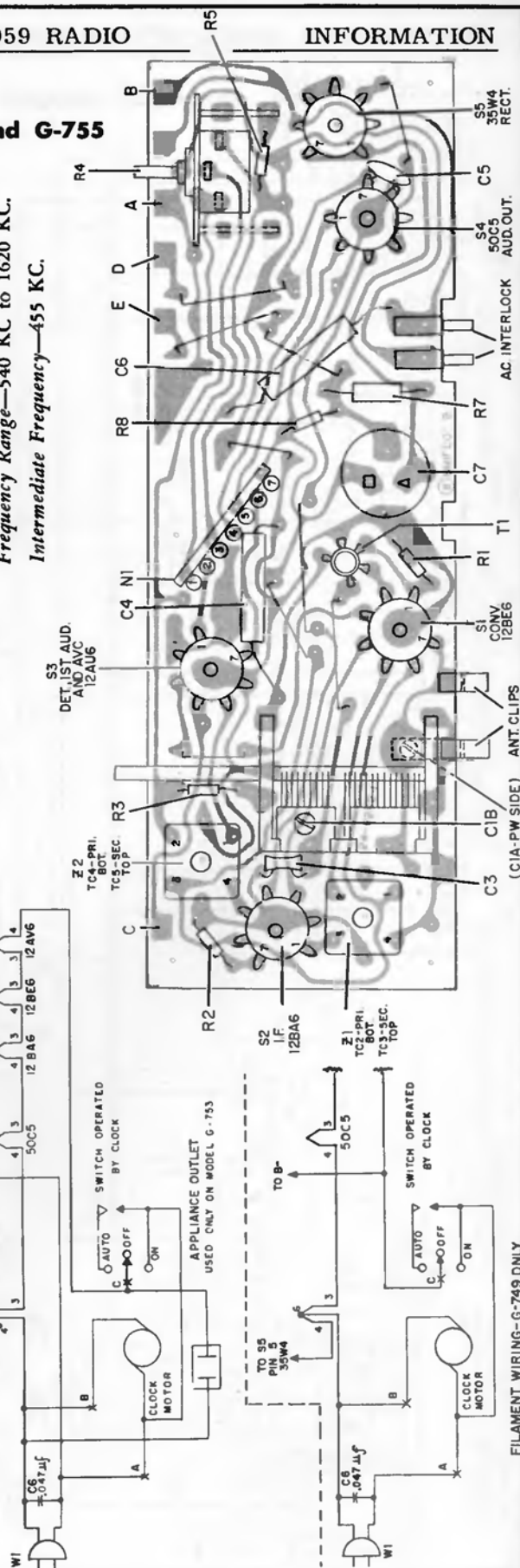
S3
DET-1ST AUDIO

Schematic Diagram — Models G-749, G-751, G-753 and G-755



ALL COMPONENTS MARKED WITH
ASTERISK ARE CONTAINED IN
1 UNIT, N1
C2 IS PART OF OSC. COIL.

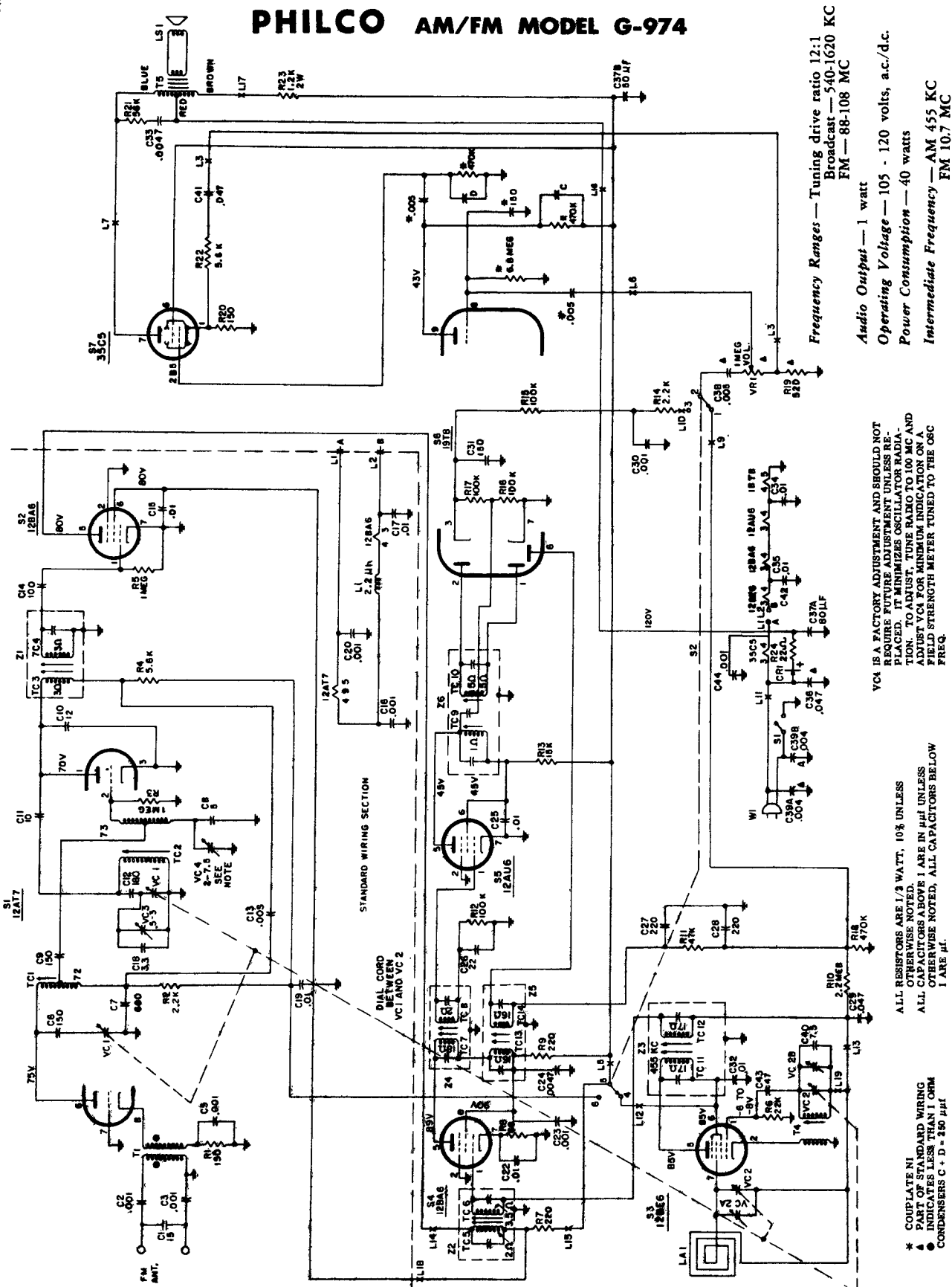
Frequency Range—540 KC to 1620 KC.
Intermediate Frequency—455 KC.



FILAMENT WIRING-G-749 ONLY.

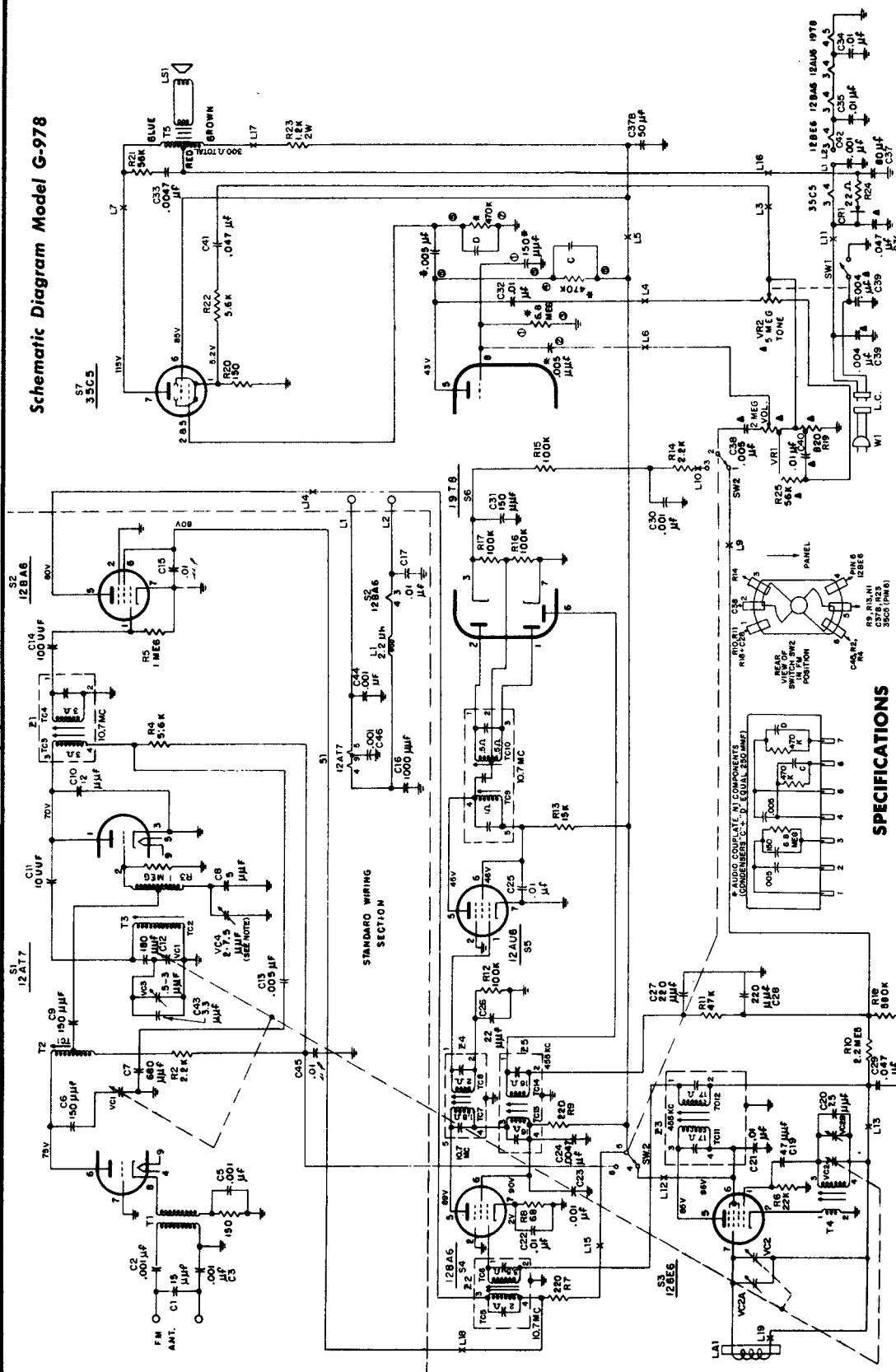
Printed Panel Component Layout — Models G-751, G-753 and G-755

PHILCO AM/FM MODEL G-974



PHILCO RADIO AM/FM MODEL G-978

Schematic Diagram Model G-978



SPECIFICATIONS

Frequency Ranges—Tuning drive ratio 12:1
Broadcast—540-1620 KC
FM—88-108 MC

Audio Output—1 watt

Variable bass boost or treble cut tone control.

Power Consumption—40 watts.

Intermediate Frequency—AM 455 KC.

FM 10.7 MC.

Components marked ▲ are part of chassis wiring.

● indicates less than 1 ohm.

All resistors are 1/2 watt, 10% unless otherwise noted.

VC4 is a factory adjustment and should not require future adjustment unless replaced. It minimizes oscillator radiation. To adjust, tune radio to 100 MC and adjust VC4 for minimum indication on a field strength meter tuned to the oscillator frequency.

KNOB REMOVAL—The control knobs of the Model G-978 are mounted on the notched control shafts with spring clips which lock the knobs in position. To remove the knobs, release the spring clip with a screw driver blade before pulling the knob from the shaft.

PHILCO RADIO MODEL G-978 AM/FM RECEIVER

PHILCO PHONOGRAPH

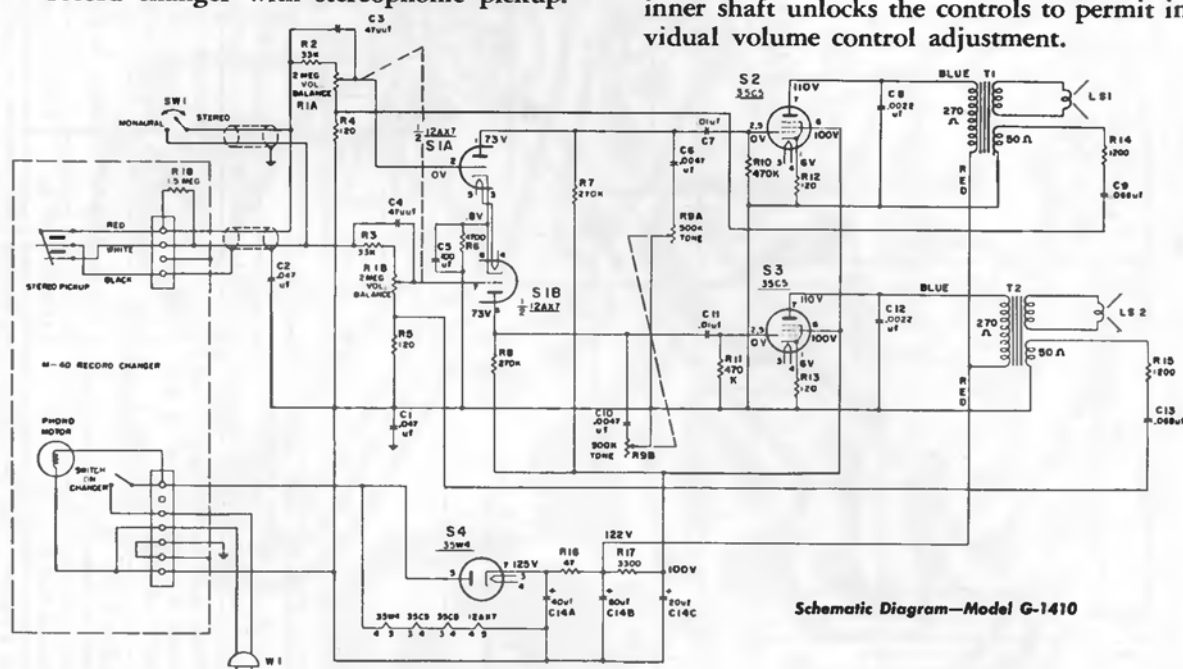
MODEL G-1410

SPECIFICATIONS

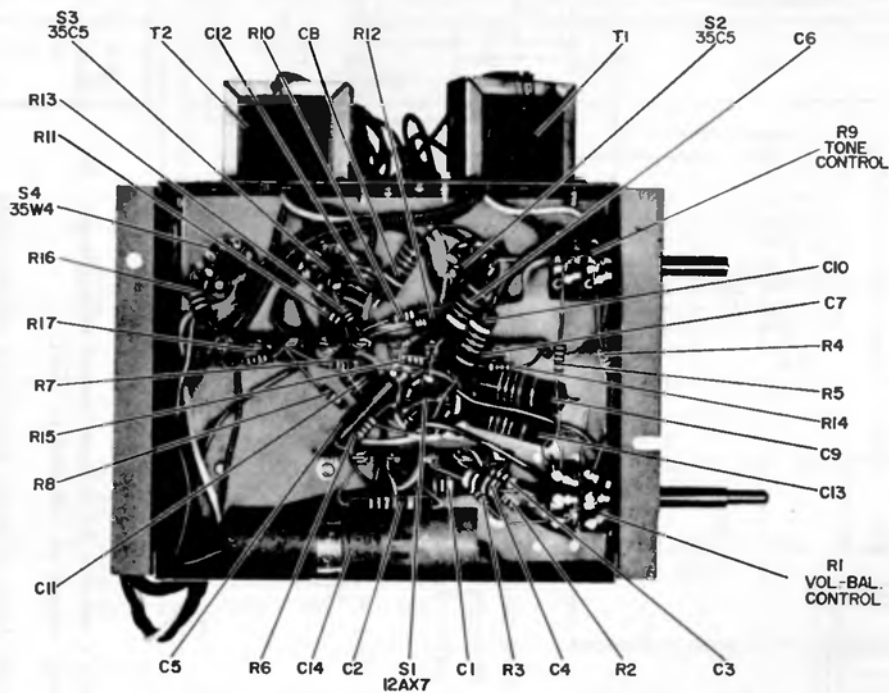
AUDIO OUTPUT—1.0 watt each channel.
 OPERATING VOLTAGE—105-125 volts, 60 cycles a.c.
 POWER CONSUMPTION—60 watts.
 RECORD CHANGER—M-40, 4 speed automatic record changer with stereophonic pickup.

VOLUME-BALANCE CONTROL

The volume-balance controls for the two amplifier channels are mounted in tandem with concentric shafts. The inner shaft is spring loaded and locked to the outer shaft. Turning the shaft of one control simultaneously turns the shaft of the other control. Pushing in the inner shaft unlocks the controls to permit individual volume control adjustment.

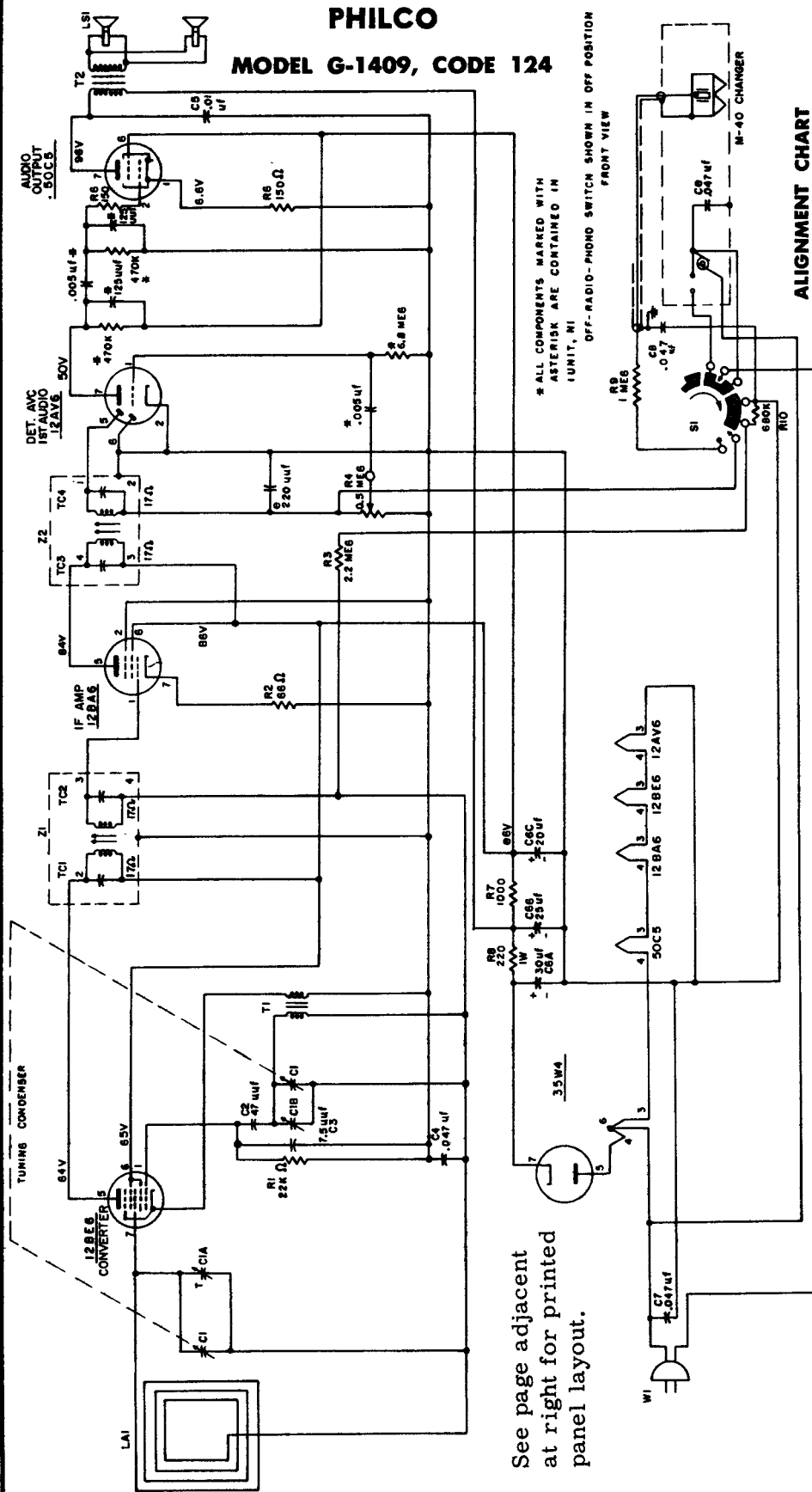


Schematic Diagram—Model G-1410



Base View, Components Layout—Model G-1410

PHILCO MODEL G-1409, CODE 124



ALIGNMENT CHART

STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RADIO	
	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
1.	Ground lead to B-; output lead through .1 mf condenser to grid (pin 7) of 12BE6.	455 kc.	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust tuning cores, in order given, for max. output. TC2 and TC4 are located on top of transformers.
2.	Radiating loop (See note below).	1620 kc.	1620 kc.*	Adjust for maximum output.
3.	Same as Step 2.	1500 kc.	1500 kc.	Adjust for maximum output.

NOTE: Make up a 6-8 turn, 6 inch diameter loop from insulated wire, connected to signal-generator leads, and place near radio loop.
* For proper adjustment of the oscillator trimmer, fully open the tuning gang and insert a .005 inch non-metallic shim between the heel of the rotor and the top of the stator plates. Close the tuning gang sufficiently to hold the shim in place, and then remove

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

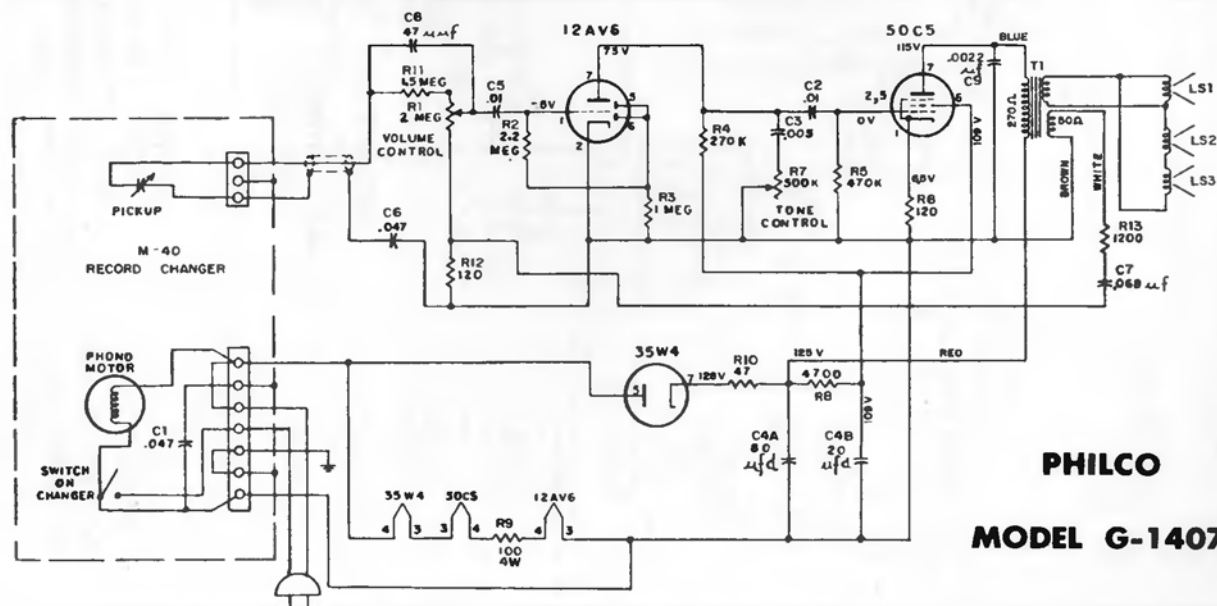
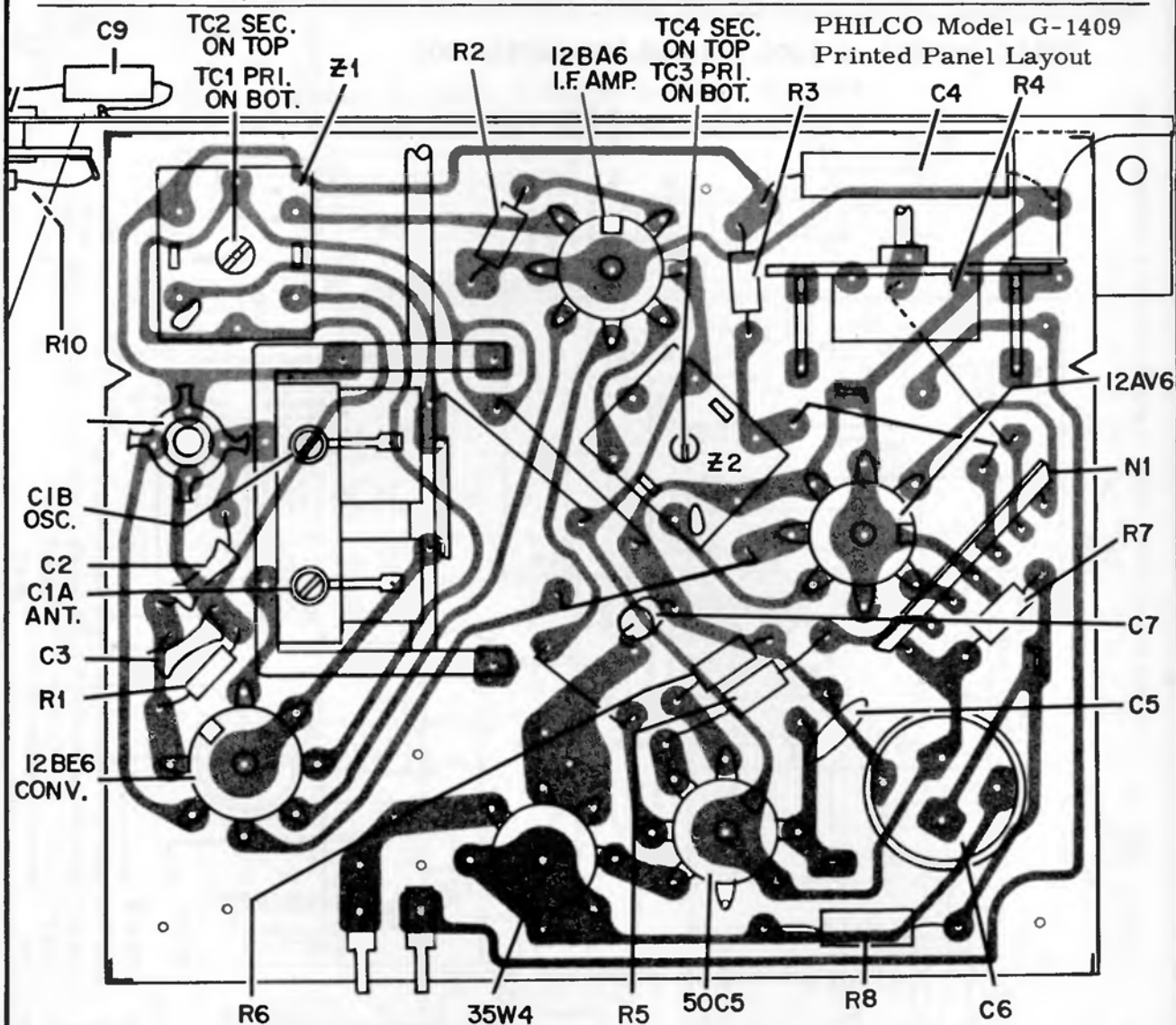
Radio Controls—Set volume control to maximum. Set tuning control as indicated in chart.

Output Meter—Connect across voice coil terminals.

Signal Generator—Connect generator and set frequency as indicated in chart. Use modulated output, 30%.

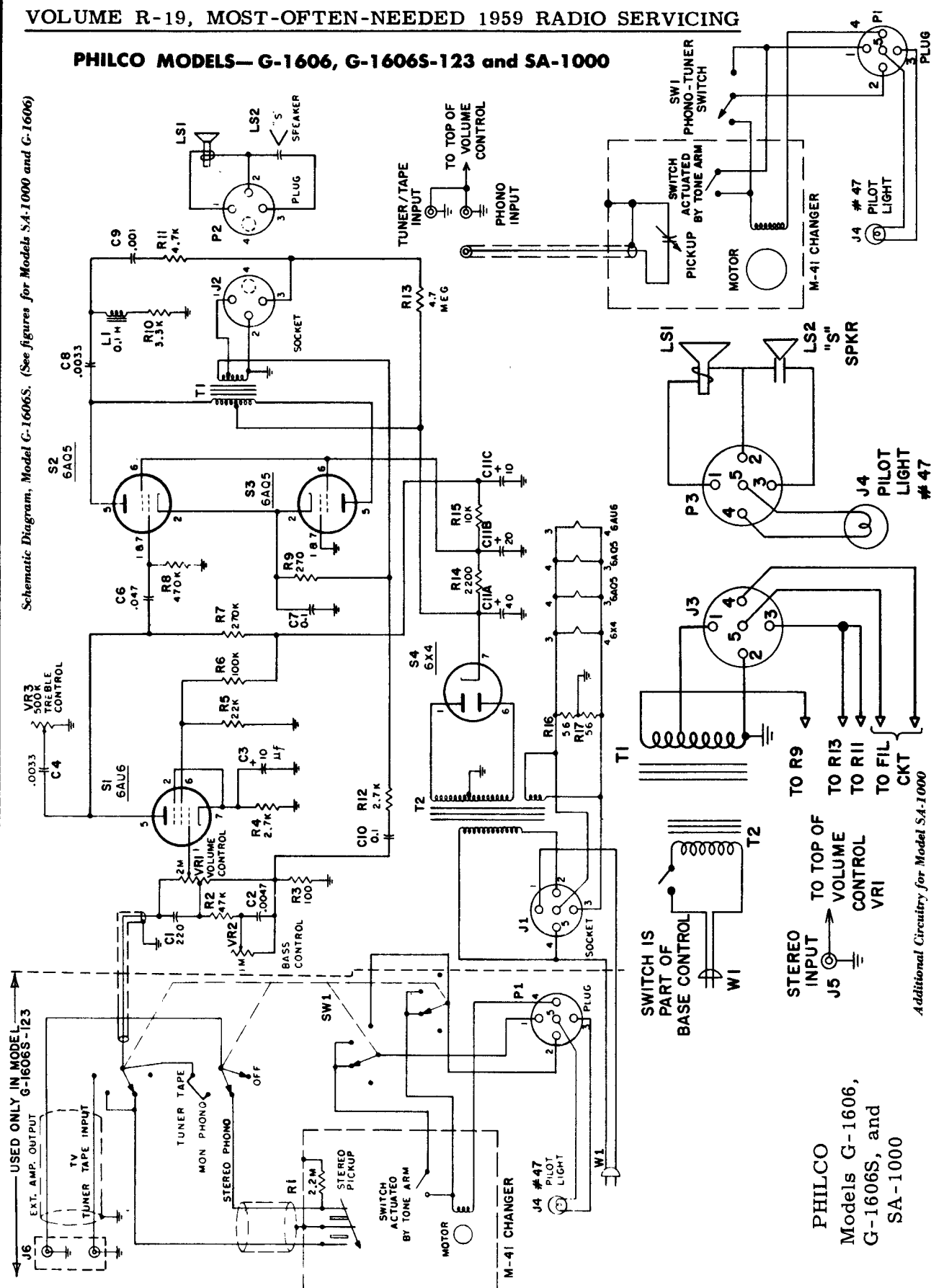
Output Level—During alignment, adjust signal-generator output to hold output-meter reading below .5 volts.

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



PHILCO MODELS—G-1606, G-1606S-123 and SA-1000

Schematic Diagram, Model G-1606S. (See figures for Models S.A. 1000 and G-1606)

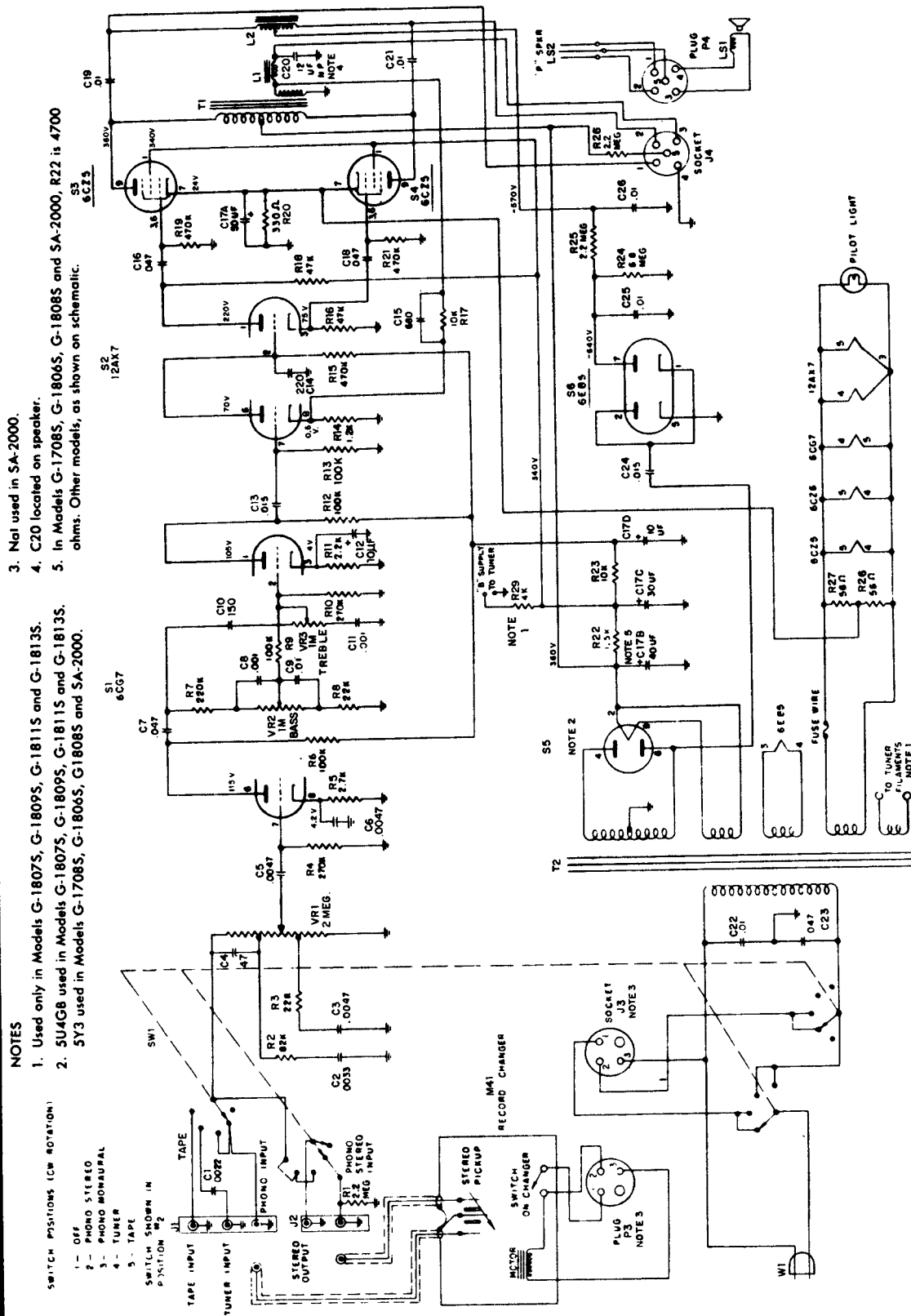


Additional Circuitry for Model C-1606

Additional Circuitry for Model SA-1000

PHILCO

MODELS G-1708S, G-1806S, G-1807S, G-1808S,
G-1809S, G-1811S, G-1813S, and SA-2000



PHILCO HI-FIDELITY PHONOGRAPH MODELS—
G-1708S, G-1806S, G-1807S, G-1808S, G-1809S, G-1811S, G-1813S and SA-2000

PHILCO HI-FIDELITY PHONOGRAPHS MODELS G-1706, G-1706S, G-1707, G-1707S, SA-1500 and RT-150

(Continued on the page adjacent at right)

SPECIFICATIONS

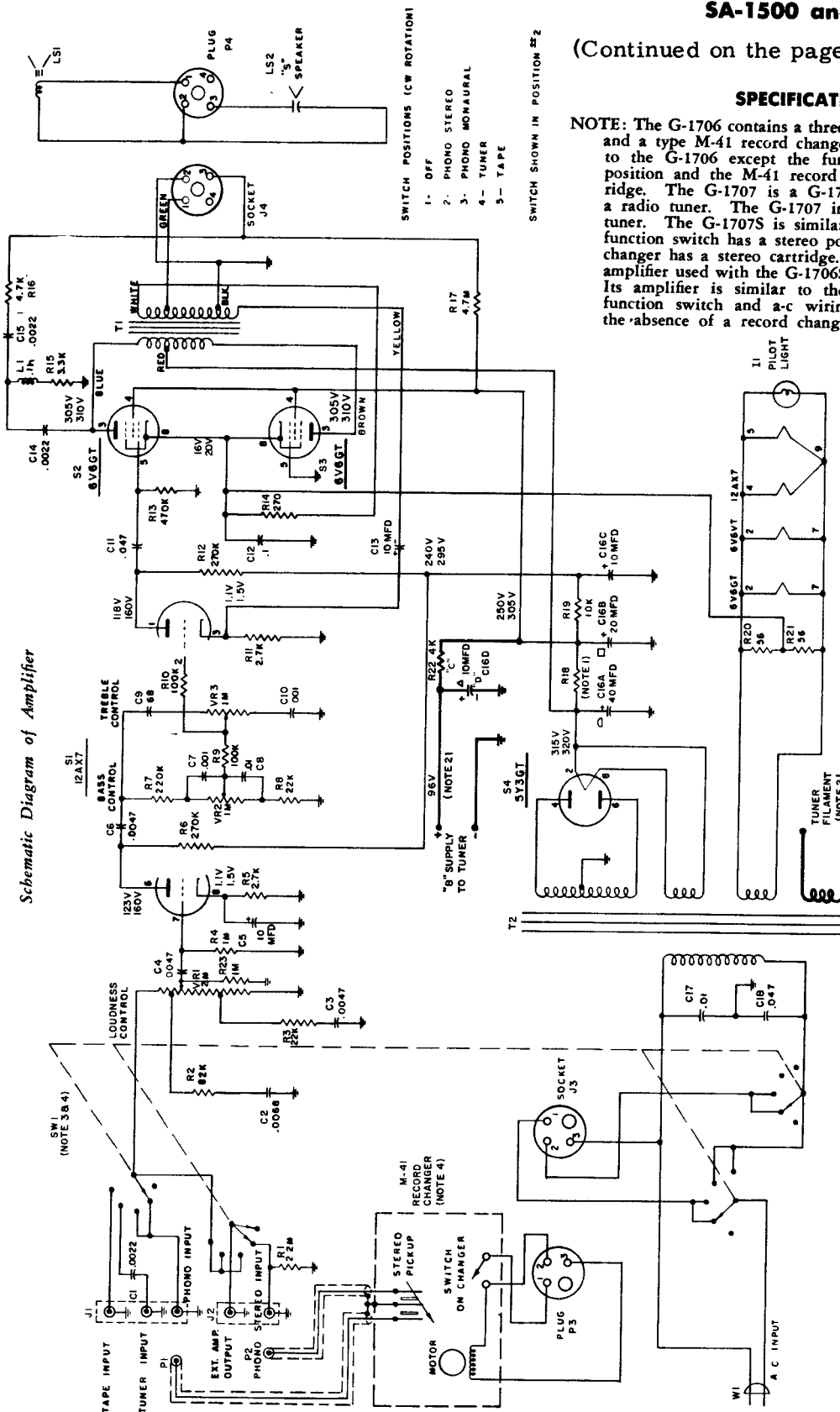
NOTE: The G-1706 contains a three-tube-plus rectifier amplifier and a type M-41 record changer. The G-1706S is similar to the G-1706 except the function switch has a stereo position and the M-41 record changer has a stereo cartridge. The G-1707 is a G-1706 with changes to accept a radio tuner. The G-1707 includes an RT-150 AM-FM tuner. The G-1707S is similar to the G-1707 except the function switch has a stereo position and the M-41 record changer has a stereo cartridge. The SA-1500 is the slave amplifier used with the G-1706S or the G-1707S for stereo. Its amplifier is similar to the G-1706 with a different function switch and a-c wiring changes necessitated by the absence of a record changer.

PRODUCTION CHANGE

In later models, C7, C8, C9, C10, R7 and R8 of the amplifier are replaced by network, Philco part no. 58-1893. The physical location of C4 and R10 are changed to accommodate the network.

Circuit — Three-tube audio amplifier plus a rectifier. The amplifier includes bass, treble and loudness controls and a selector switch. Inputs are provided for phono stereo, (G-1706S and G-1707S only) phono monaural, tuner and tape recorder. Models G-1707 and G-1707S use the RT-150 AM-FM tuner. This tuner contains a six-tube superheterodyne circuit. Its operating voltages, B+ and filament, are supplied by the amplifier.

Schematic Diagram of Amplifier

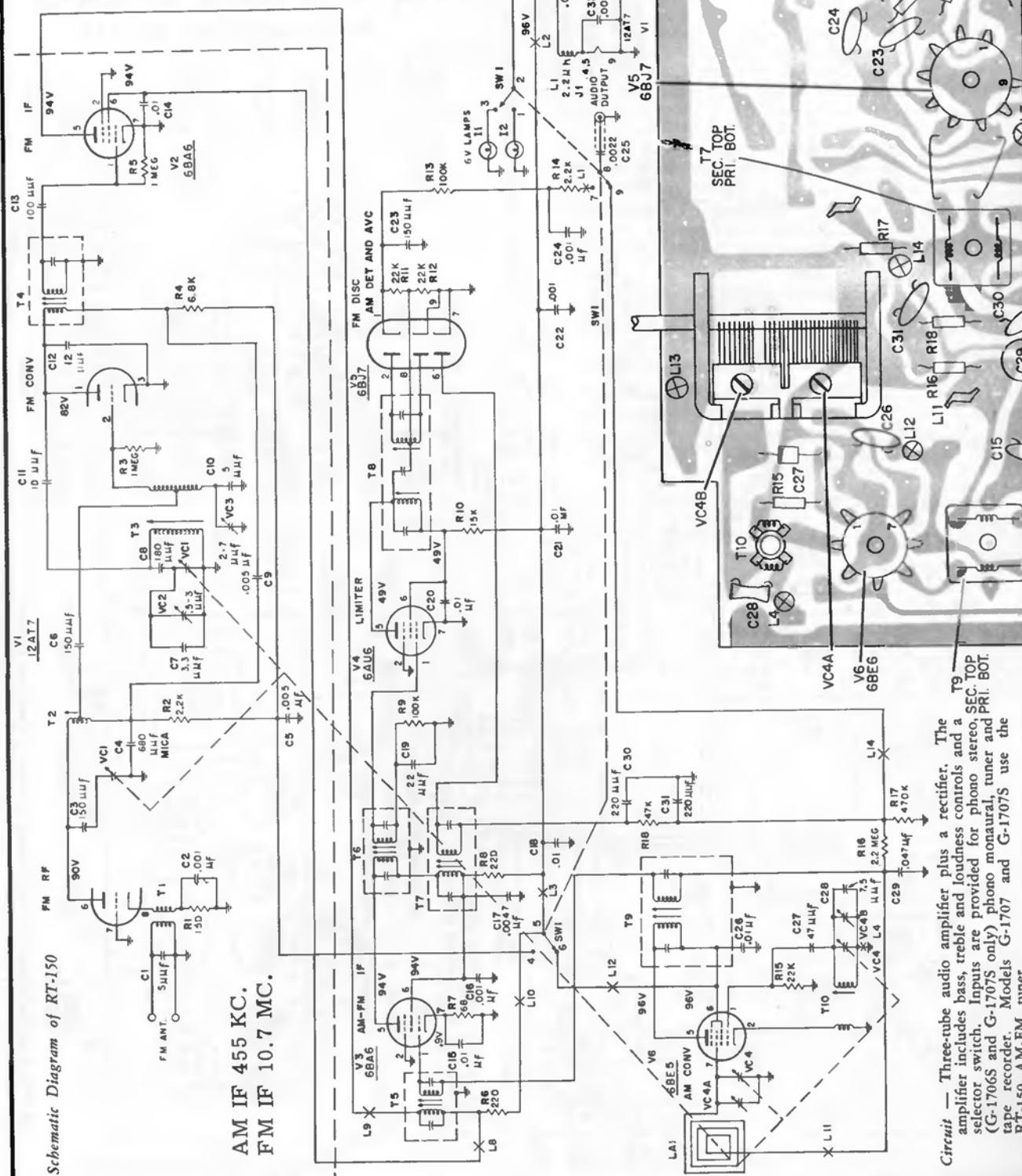


NOTES

1. In models G-1706, G-1706S and SA-1500, R18 is 1.1K.
2. Used in models G-1707 and G-1707S R18 is 1.5K.
3. Models G-1706 and G-1707 do not have the stereo position. These models differ from the schematic in that there is no stereo position and no M-41 record changer.
4. OFF, PHONO, TAPE and TUNER. J2 and R1 are not required in these models.
5. SA-1500 does not have a record changer or associated components. It is a slave amplifier. The function switch with positions for OFF, MAIN, AUX 1 and AUX 2. J2 and R1 are not required in this model.
6. Two voltages are shown for each test point, the upper one is for the G-1707 and G-1707S, the lower one is for the remaining models.

PHILCO HI-FIDELITY PHONOGRAPHS **MODELS G-1706, G-1706S, G-1707, G-1707S,** **SA-1500 and RT-150**

(Continued from the page adjacent at left.)



Part of printed wiring panel of RT-150



RCA VICTOR

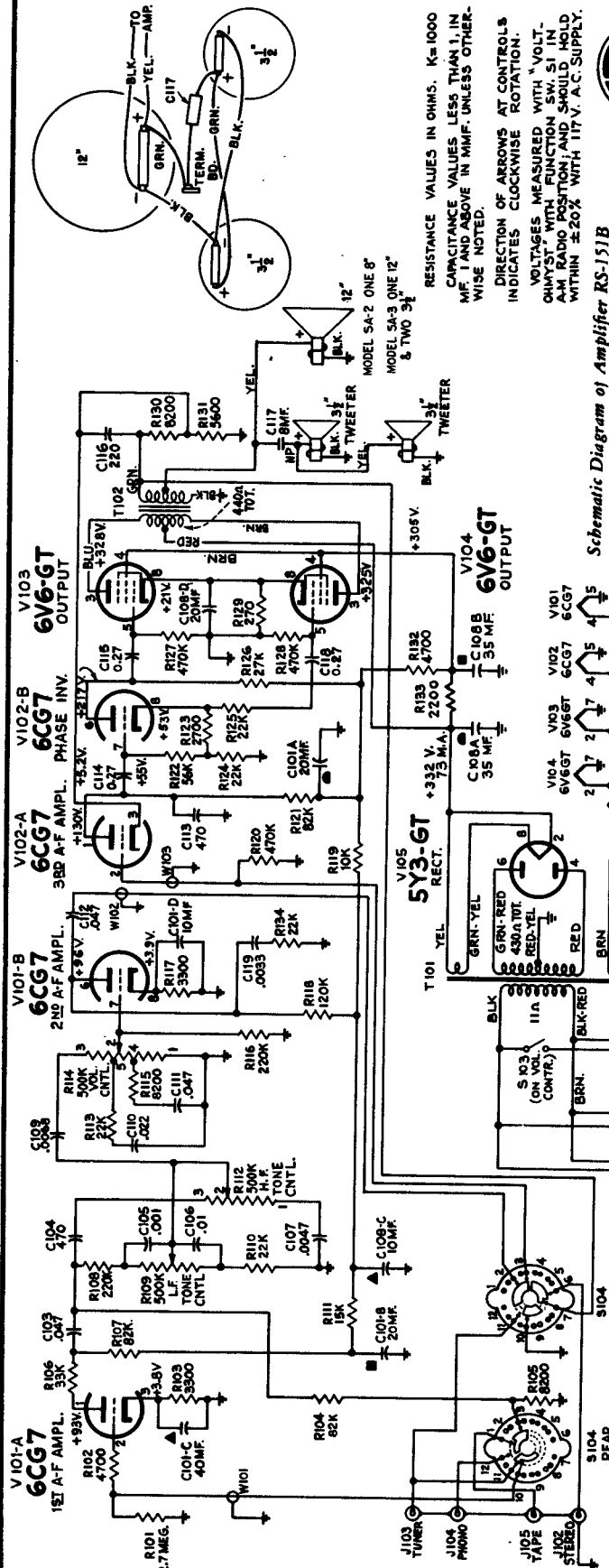
Amplifier/Speaker Combination

MODELS SA-2 and SA-3

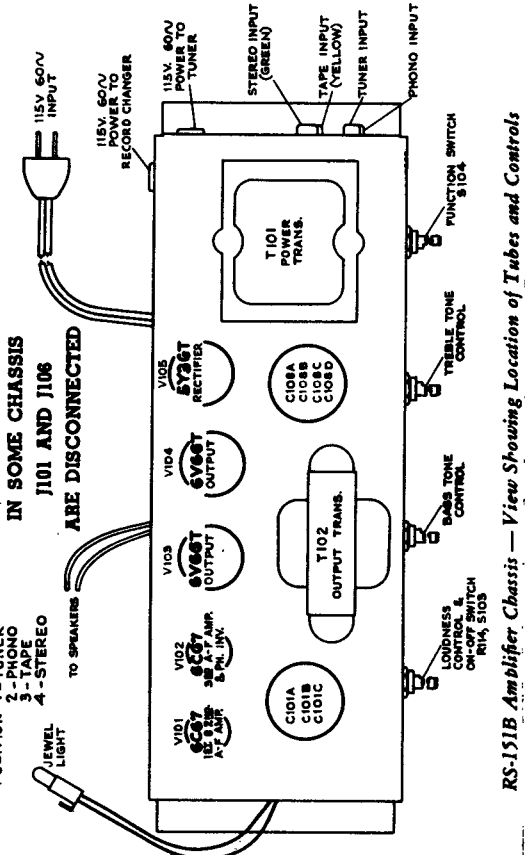
Amp. Chassis No. RS-151B

RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS. K=1000
CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1 IN
MUF 1 AND ABOVE IN MMF. UNLESS OTHER-
WISE NOTED.
DIRECTION OF ARROWS AT CONTROLS
INDICATES CLOCKWISE ROTATION.
VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH "VOLT-
OHMIST" WITH FUNCTION SW. S1 IN
A.M. RADIO POSITION AND SHOULD HOLD
WITHIN $\pm 20\%$ WITH 117 V. A.C. SUPPLY.

Schematic Diagram of Amplifier RS-151B

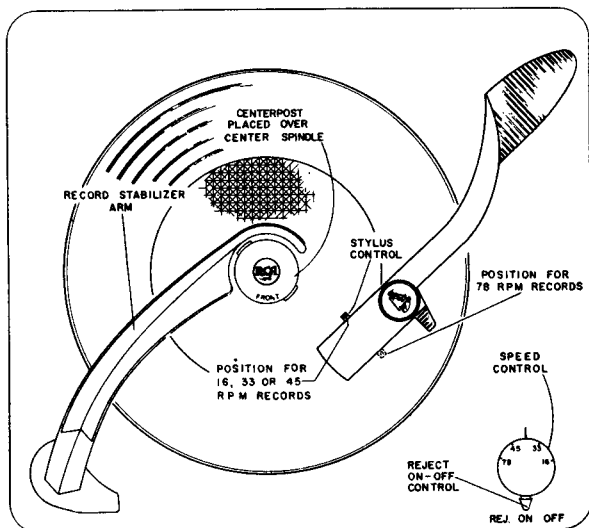


S104 FUNCTION SW. FRONT AND
REAR SECTIONS VIEWED FROM FRONT
AND SHOWN IN MAX. COUNTER CLOCK-
WISE POSITION. NO. 1
POSITION 1-TUNER
2-TUNER
3-TUNER
4-STEREO
TO SPEAKERS
JEWEL LIGHT



RS-151B Amplifier Chassis — View Showing Location of Tubes and Controls

Simplified Schematic Diagrams of Function Switch in
Amplifier Chassis RS-151B



RCA VICTOR

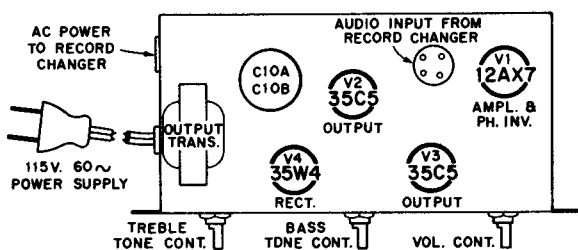
MODEL HF-99

Chassis No. RS-157D

The record changer has a dual control on the motorboard and a stylus selector control on the pickup arm. The metal lever of the dual control is the OFF-ON-REJECT control. Turning this lever to the center position energizes the motor and starts the turntable; when turned to the clockwise position it starts the mechanism into complete automatic operation. The mechanism will shut off automatically after the last record has been played but can be shut off manually by turning this lever counter-clockwise.

The circular knob of the dual control is the speed control. It has four positions: "16", "33", "45", "78", to select the turntable speed desired and a neutral ("N") position.

Record Changer Controls

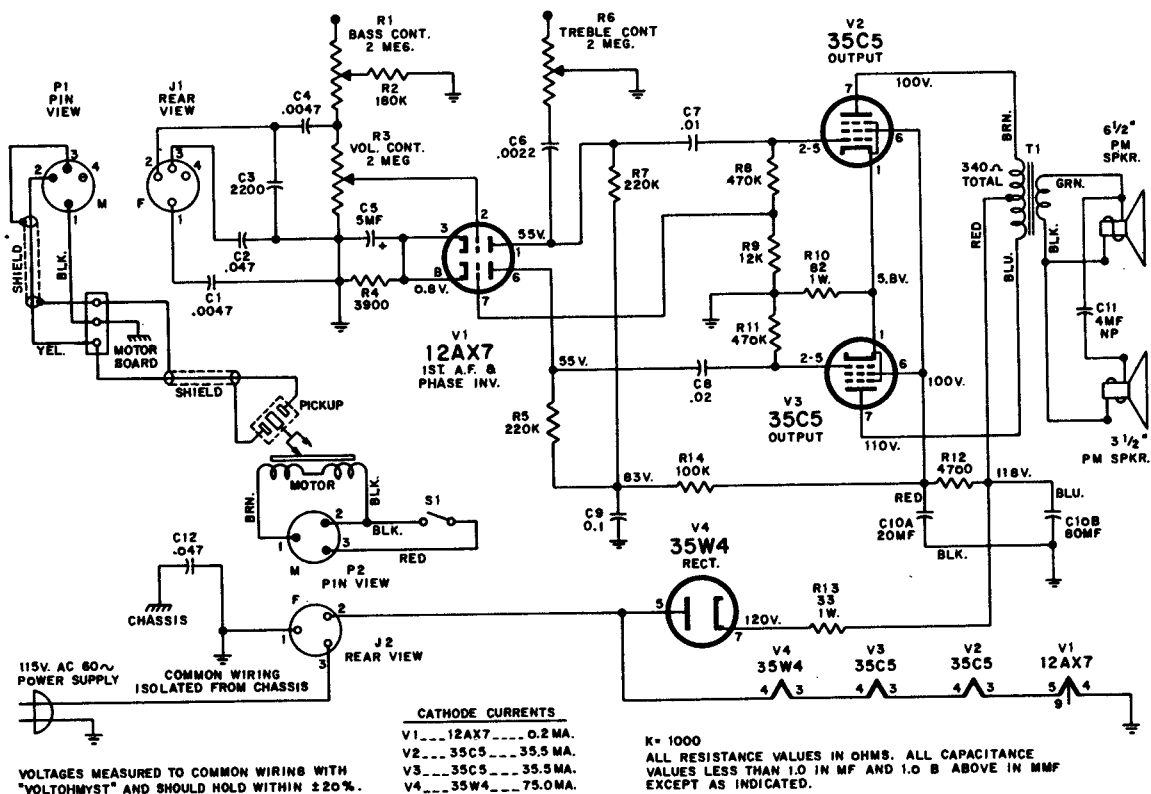


View of Amplifier Chassis Showing Location of Tubes and Major Components

CRITICAL LEAD DRESS

1. Dress all heater leads and power cord close to chassis and away from 12AX7 tube socket and phono input jack to maintain low hum level.
2. Keep shielded lead W1, including shield connections, as short as possible.
3. Dress record changer power cable and pickup cable as far apart as possible to minimize hum pickup.

NOTE—The "ON-OFF" switch is not part of the volume control. The record changer must be "ON" for power to be applied to the amplifier.





SHS-11 SPEAKER CABINET

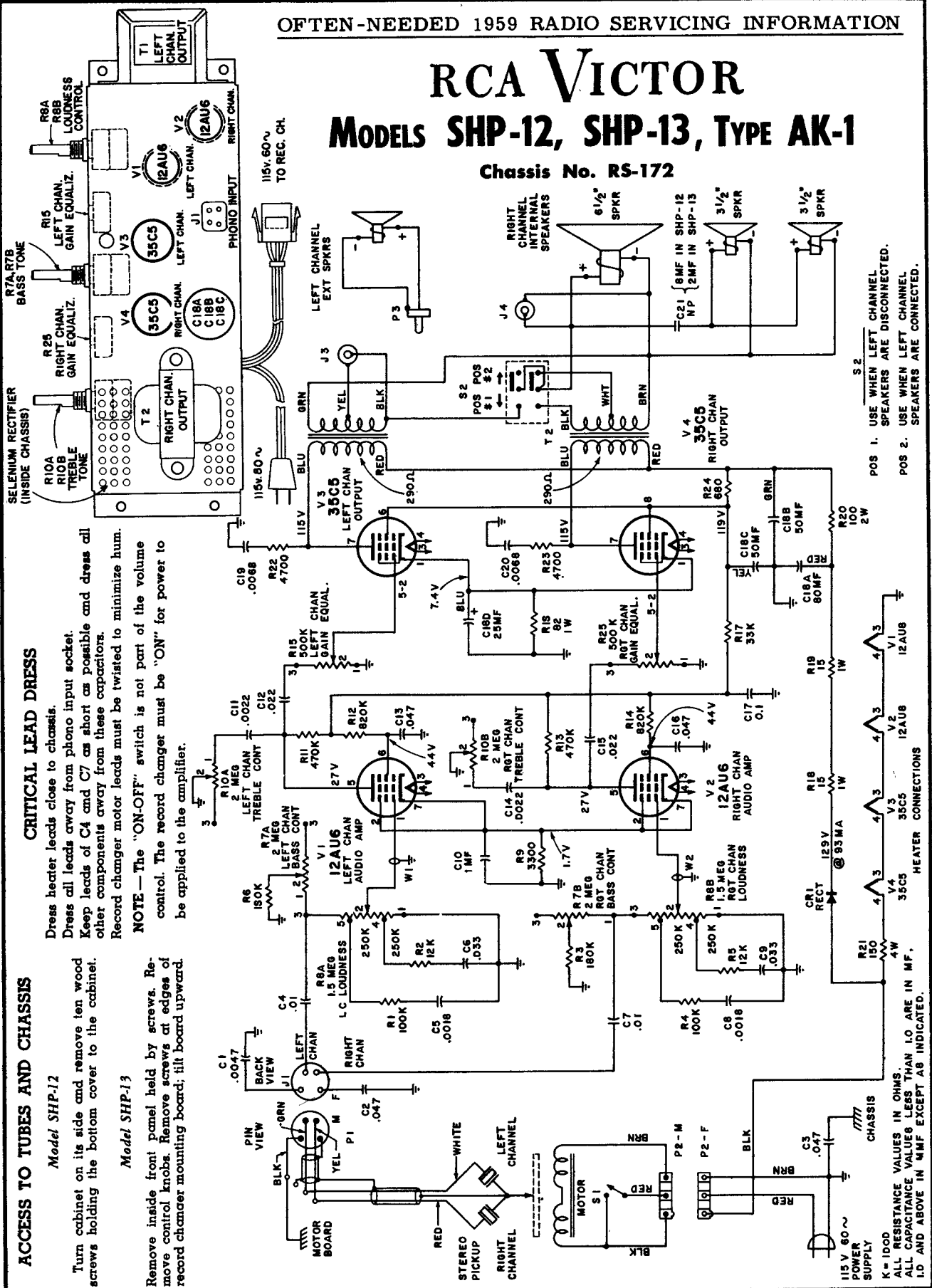


Speaker Connection Diagram—Model SHP-11

RCA VICTOR

MODELS SHP-12, SHP-13, TYPE AK-1

Chassis No. RS-172

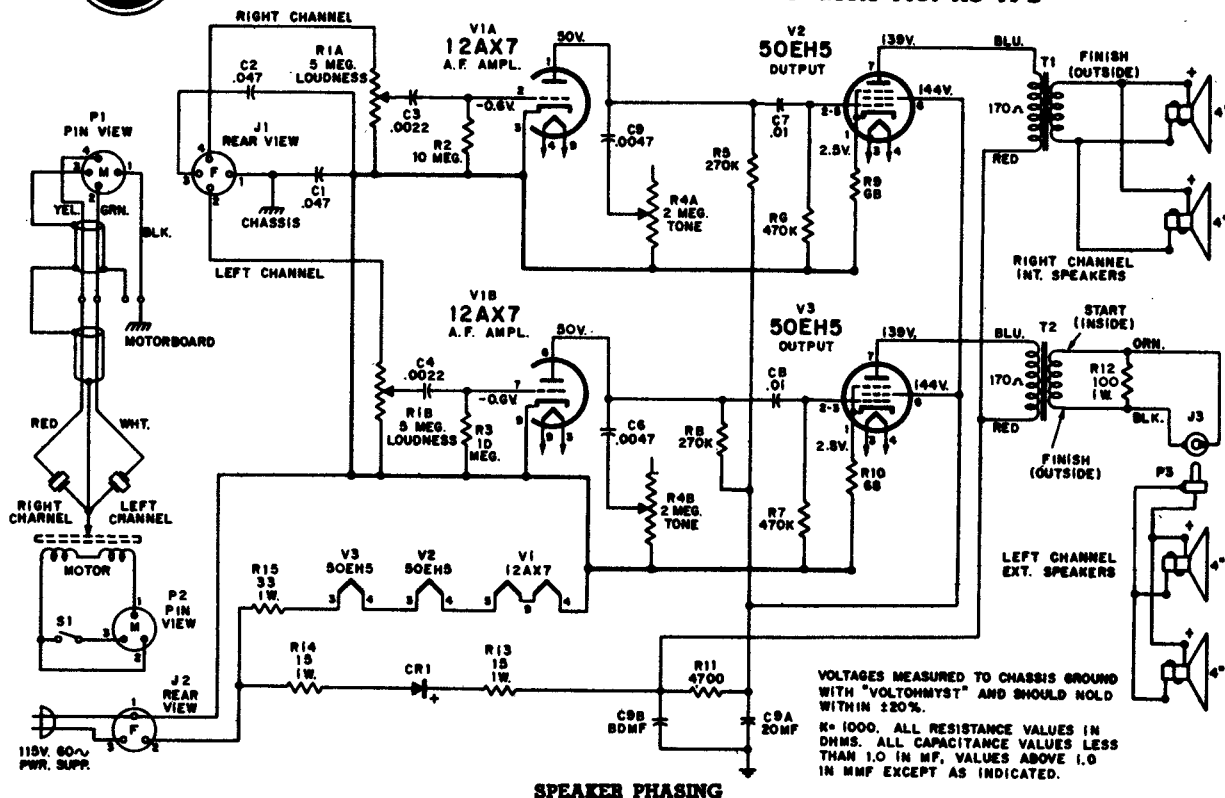




RCA VICTOR

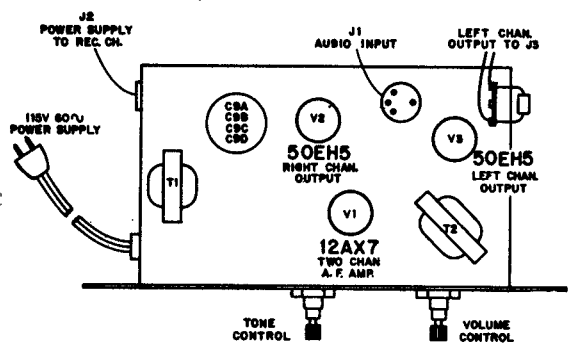
MODEL SES-6

Chassis No. RS-175



REPLACEMENT PARTS

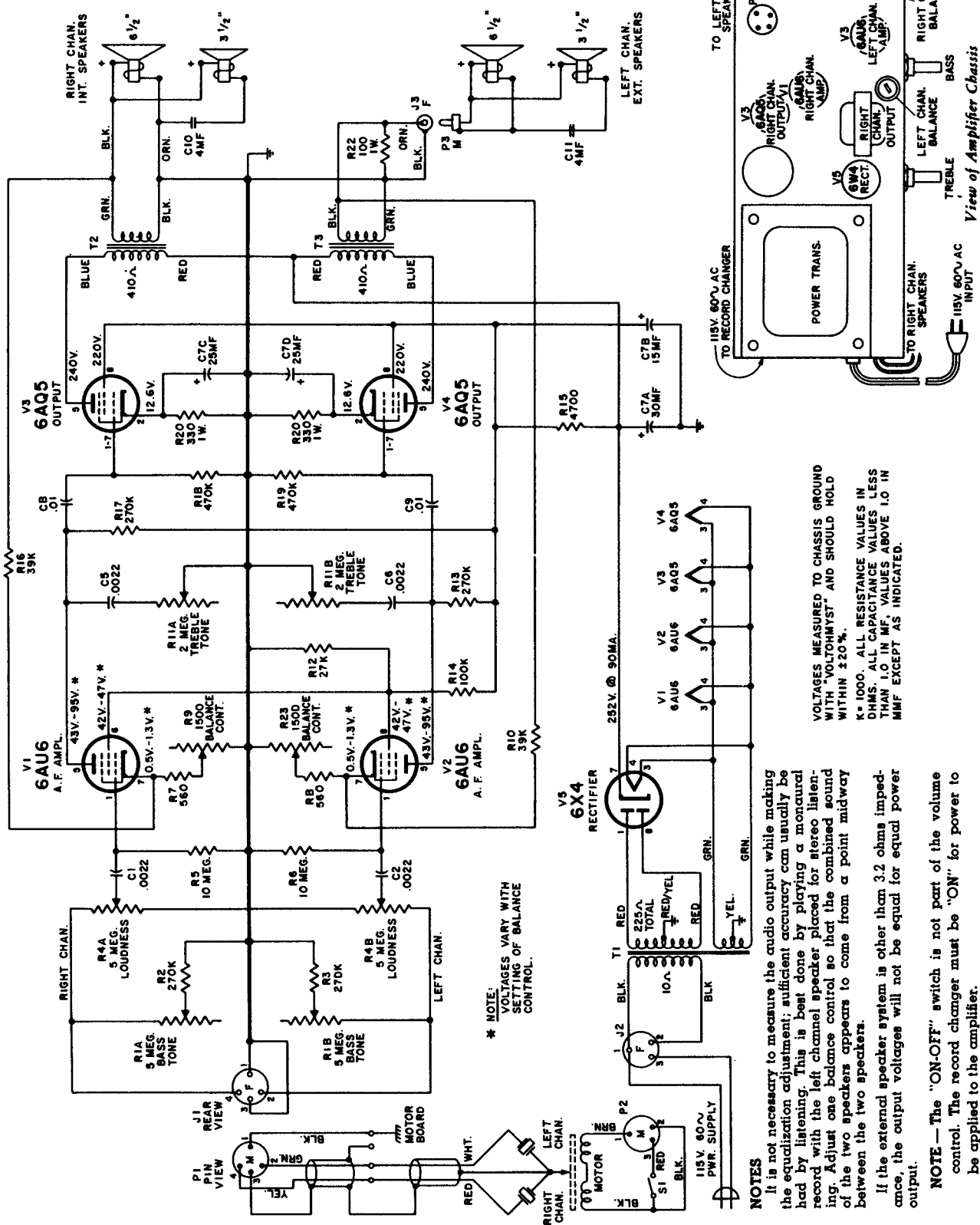
Symbol No.	Stock No.	Description	Symbol No.	Stock No.	Description
AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY RS-175			RECORD CHANGER WIRING		
CAPACITORS:			P1	101748	Connector—4-contact male for pickup cable
C1, C2	73553	paper, 0.047 mf., +100-0%, 400 v.	P2	101747	Connector—3-contact male for motor cable
C3, C4	77953	ceramic, 0.0022 mf., ±20%, 500 v.	101825		Connector—Closed end, for motor lead
C5, C6	103905	ceramic, 0.0047 mf., ±20%, 1000 v.	76301		Switch—"ON-OFF" power switch
C7, C8	73960	ceramic, 0.01 mf., +100-0%, 500 v.	SPEAKER ASSEMBLY		
C9A, C9B	101752	electrolytic, 80/20 mf., 150/150 v.	31048		Connector—Single contact male for remote speaker cable
CR1	106967	Rectifier—Silicon	79696-A		Speaker—4" PM
J1	101749	Connector—4-contact female with retainer for pickup cable			
J2	101750	Connector—3-contact female with retainer for motor-cable			
RESISTORS:					
Fixed, Composition, unless otherwise specified:					
R1A, R1B	106969	Control—Dual volume			
R2, R3		10 megohm, ±20%, ½ w.			
R4A, R4B	106968	Control—Dual tone			
R5		270,000 ohm, ±10%, ½ w.			
R6, R7		470,000 ohm, ±20%, ½ w.			
R8		270,000 ohm, ±10%, ½ w.			
R9, R10		68 ohm, ±10%, ½ w.			
R11		4700 ohm, ±20%, ½ w.			
R12		100 ohm, ±20%, 1 w.			
R13, R14		15 ohm, ±20%, 1 w.			
R15		33 ohm, ±20%, 1 w.			
T1, T2	100272	Transformer—Output			
	70392	Cable—AC power cable with plug			
	74822	Socket—7-pin miniature for V2 and V3			
	79799	Socket—9-pin miniature for V1			



View of Chassis Showing Location of Tubes and Major Components

RCA VICTOR Model SHP-14

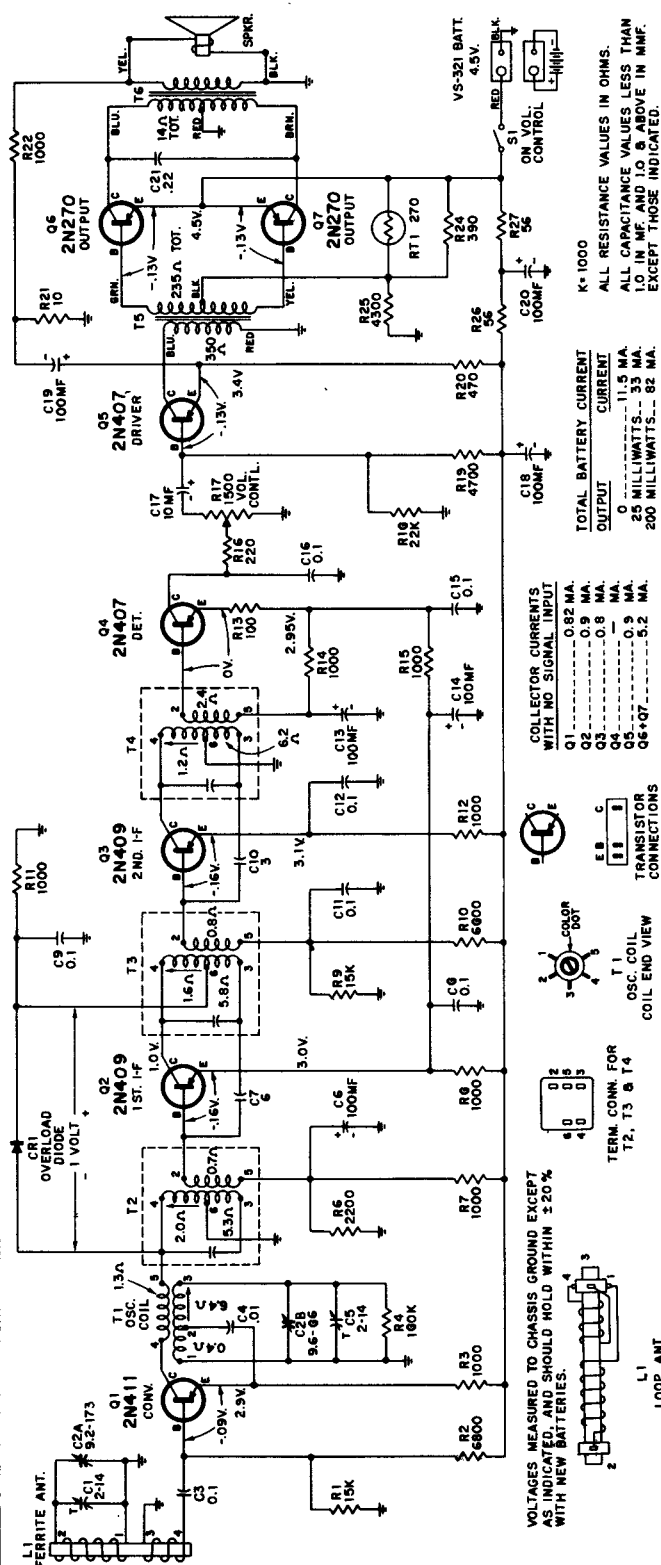
Chassis No. RS-175A





RCA VICTOR

Model 9-TX-2, Chassis RC-1156C



ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS.
ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN
1.0 IN MF AND 1.0 & ABOVE IN MMF
EXCEPT THOSE INDICATED.

TOTAL BATTERY CURRENT
K=1000
CURRENT
0 11.5 MA
25 MILLIWATTS - 33 MA
200 MILLIWATTS - 62 MA

COLLECTOR CURRENTS
WITH NO SIGNAL INPUT
Q1 0.82 MA
Q2 0.9 MA
Q3 0.8 MA
Q4 0.8 MA
Q5 0.9 MA
Q6 0.9 MA
Q7 5.2 MA

TRANSISTOR
CONNECTIONS
E B C

OSC. COIL
COIL END VIEW
T1

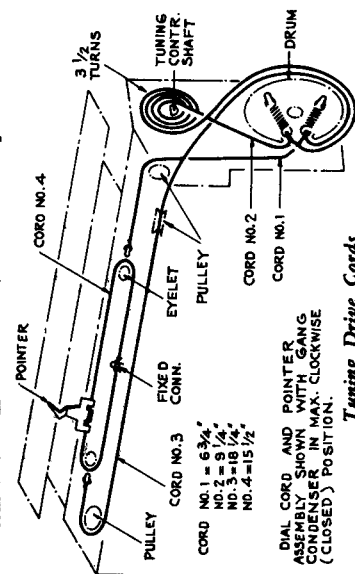
TERM. CONN. FOR
T2, T3 & T4
1 2 3

VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND EXCEPT
AS INDICATED, AND SHOULD HOLD WITHIN $\pm 20\%$
WITH NEW BATTERIES.

L1
LOOP ANT

CRITICAL LEAD DRESS

1. Dress all bus and non-insulated pigtail leads away from chassis ground and other components to prevent shorts.
2. Dress loop antenna leads direct and away from chassis, all other insulated leads down against chassis.
3. Dress RT1 (thermistor) away from all other components.
4. Maintain reasonably short pigtail leads on components associated with the detector circuit, to limit 910 kc "tweed."
5. Insure good grounding of shield cover.
6. Dress components which are enclosed in shielded compartment in such manner that short circuits are prevented.



Tuning Drive Cords

RCA VICTOR MODEL BC-3 MODEL BCS-4

Battery Charger Battery Charger/Speaker

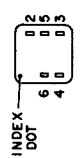
MODEL 1-BT-2 SERIES

Chassis No. RC-1187

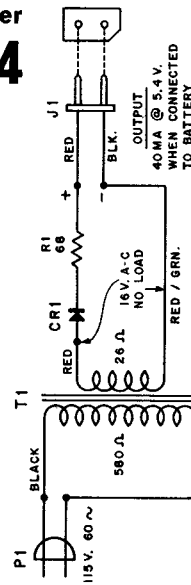
VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH "VOLTOHMIST" SHOULD
HOLD WITHIN 20% WITH NEW BATTERY.
K=1000. ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS.
ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 IN MF AND
1.0 & ABOVE IN MMF EXCEPT THOSE INDICATED.

EMITTER CURRENTS WITH 6.0V. BATTERY AND NO SIGNAL INPUT	TOTAL BATTERY CURRENT CURRENT	OUTPUT
Q1-----0.5 MA	B MA-----0	
Q2-----0.95 MA	21 MA-----20 MW	
Q3-----1.0 MA	28 MA-----50 MW	
Q4-----1.5 MA	42 MA-----MAX.	
Q5-----2.5 MA		
Q6-----2.5 MA		

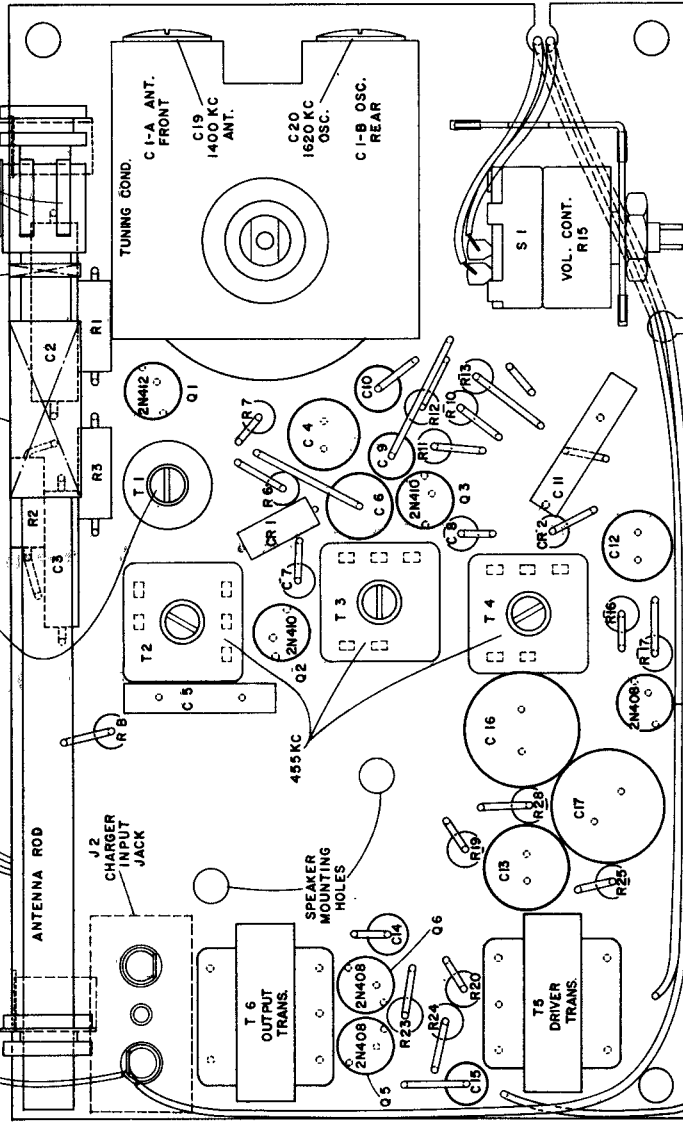
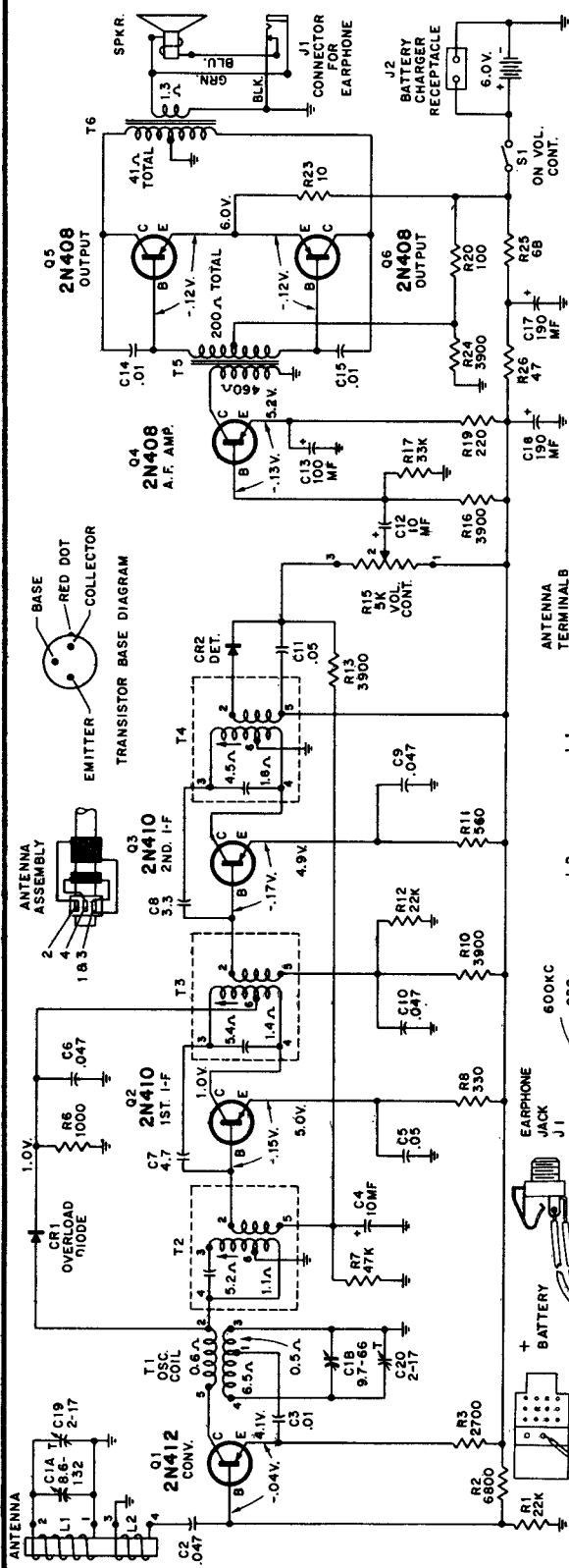
TERMINAL
CONNECTIONS
FOR T2, T3 & T4



TERM. END VIEW



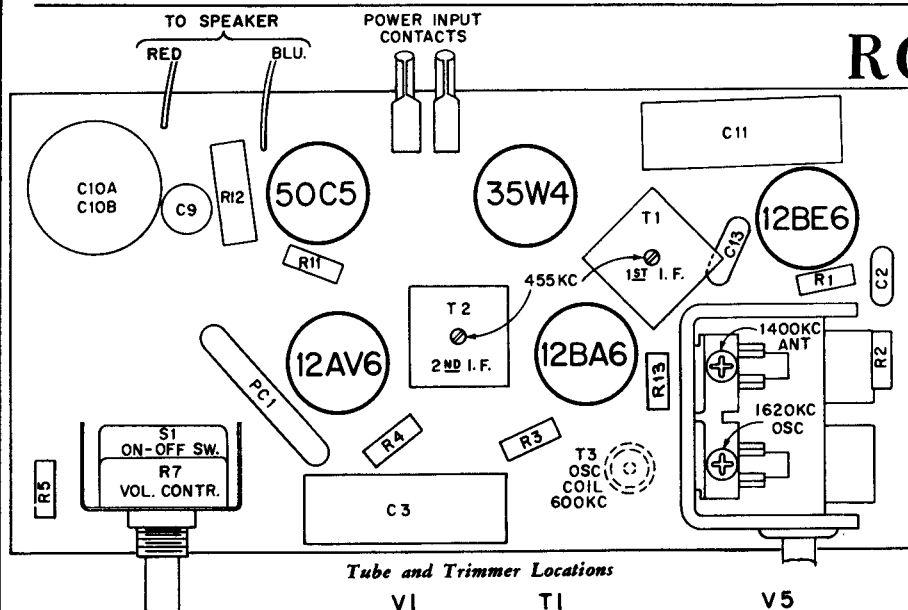
Schematic Diagram of Battery Charger Unit



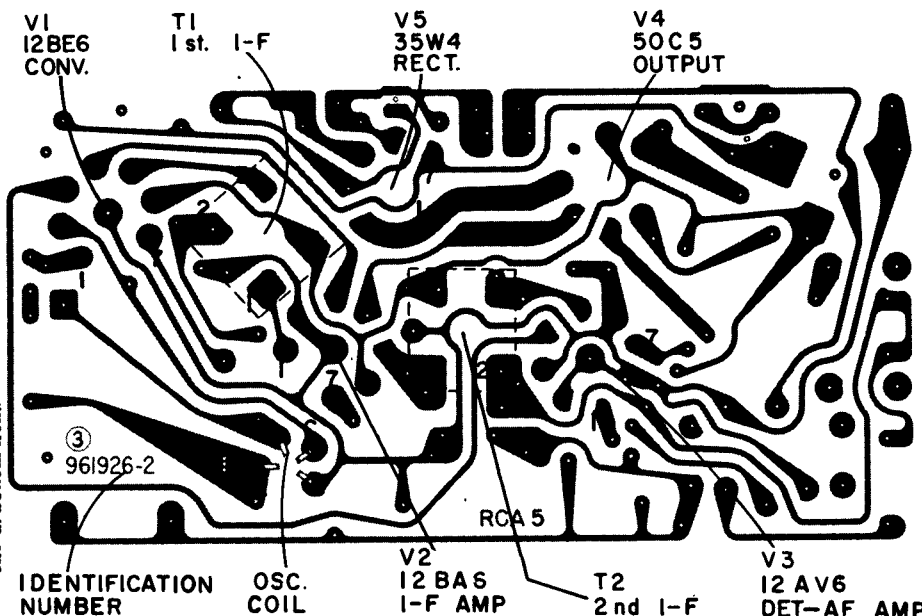
RCA VICTOR

AC-DC Radio Receiver X-1, X-2 SERIES Chassis No. RC-1188

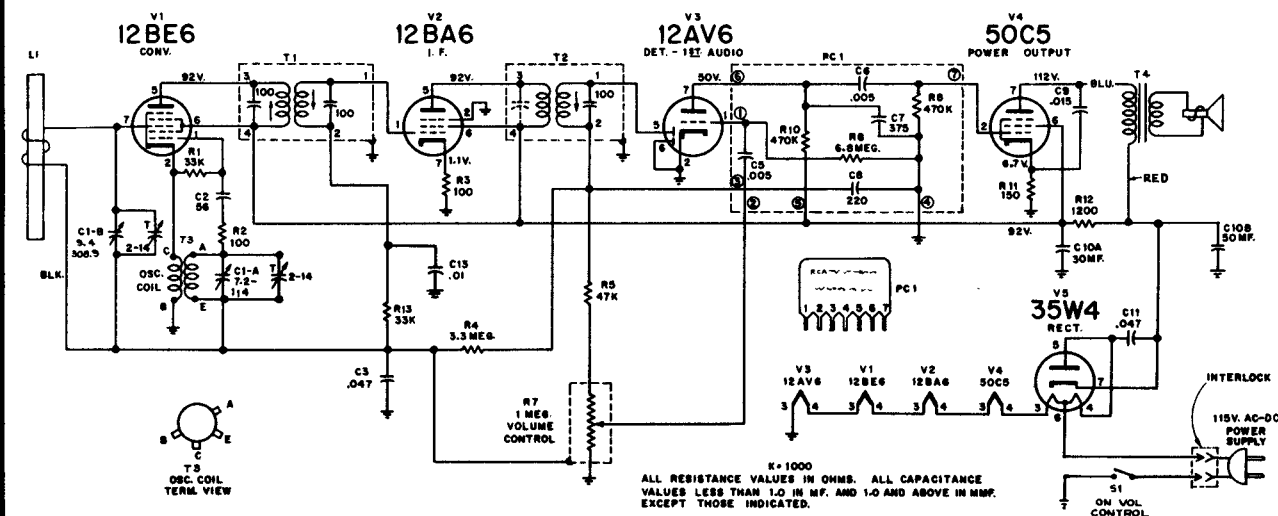
C-1 Series, Chassis RC-1188A, is almost identical except for clock timer with its switch circuit.



Tube and Trimmer Locations



Chassis Wiring and Components — View from Wiring Side

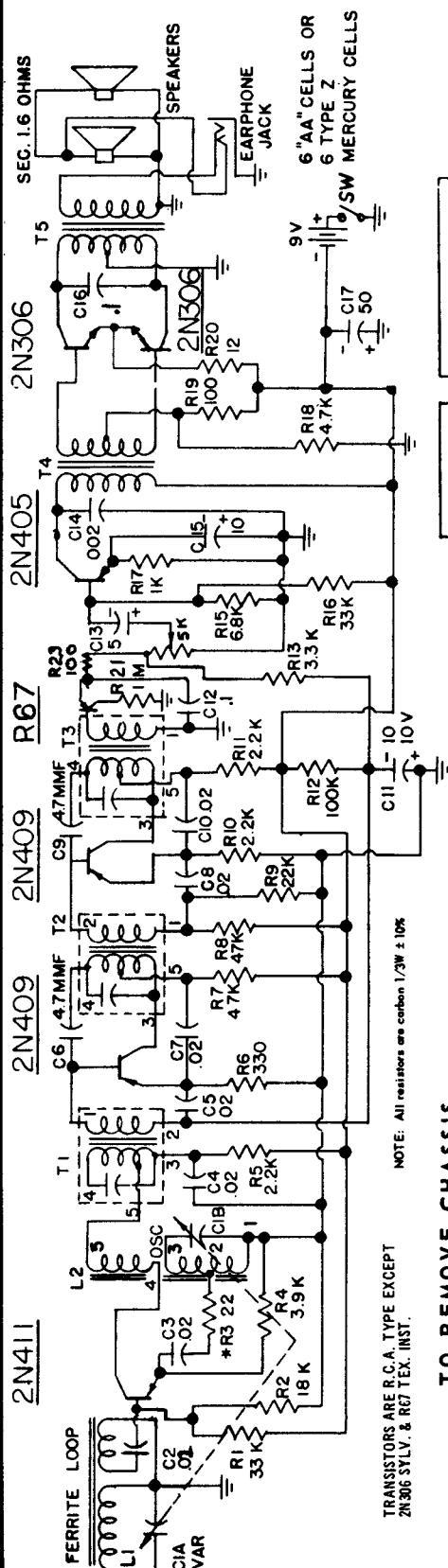


CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Remove three cabinet holding screws; two at back of top lip and one at bottom front.
2. Grip cabinet with two hands allowing fingers to extend over edges of cabinet front.
3. Hold cabinet, front down, and shake in a vertical direction. Cabinet assembly will separate and the fingers will limit the separation.
4. The cabinet front and chassis assembly may now be separated completely.

CABINET REASSEMBLY

1. Place chassis front and chassis assembly on the cabinet back so that the ribs of the cabinet front rest on the bottom — inside of the cabinet back.
2. Push cabinet sections together firmly.
3. Insert three holding screws; two at back of top lip and one at bottom front.

[illegible]

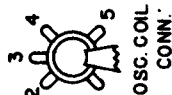
TRANSISTORS ARE R.C.A. TYPE EXCEPT
2N306 SYLV. & R67 TEX. INST.

NOTE: All resistors are carbon 1/3W $\pm 10\%$

TO REMOVE CHASSIS

1. Remove volume control knob by pulling away from case.
2. Move handle to rear.
3. Release spring clips on each side of cabinet and remove back.
4. Remove battery holder.
5. Unscrew the four chassis corner mounting screws
6. Remove one screw holding volume control bracket.
7. Slide down to bottom of case and out to clear tuning knob from case.

*** INSTALLED IN SOME SETS
AT FACTORY**

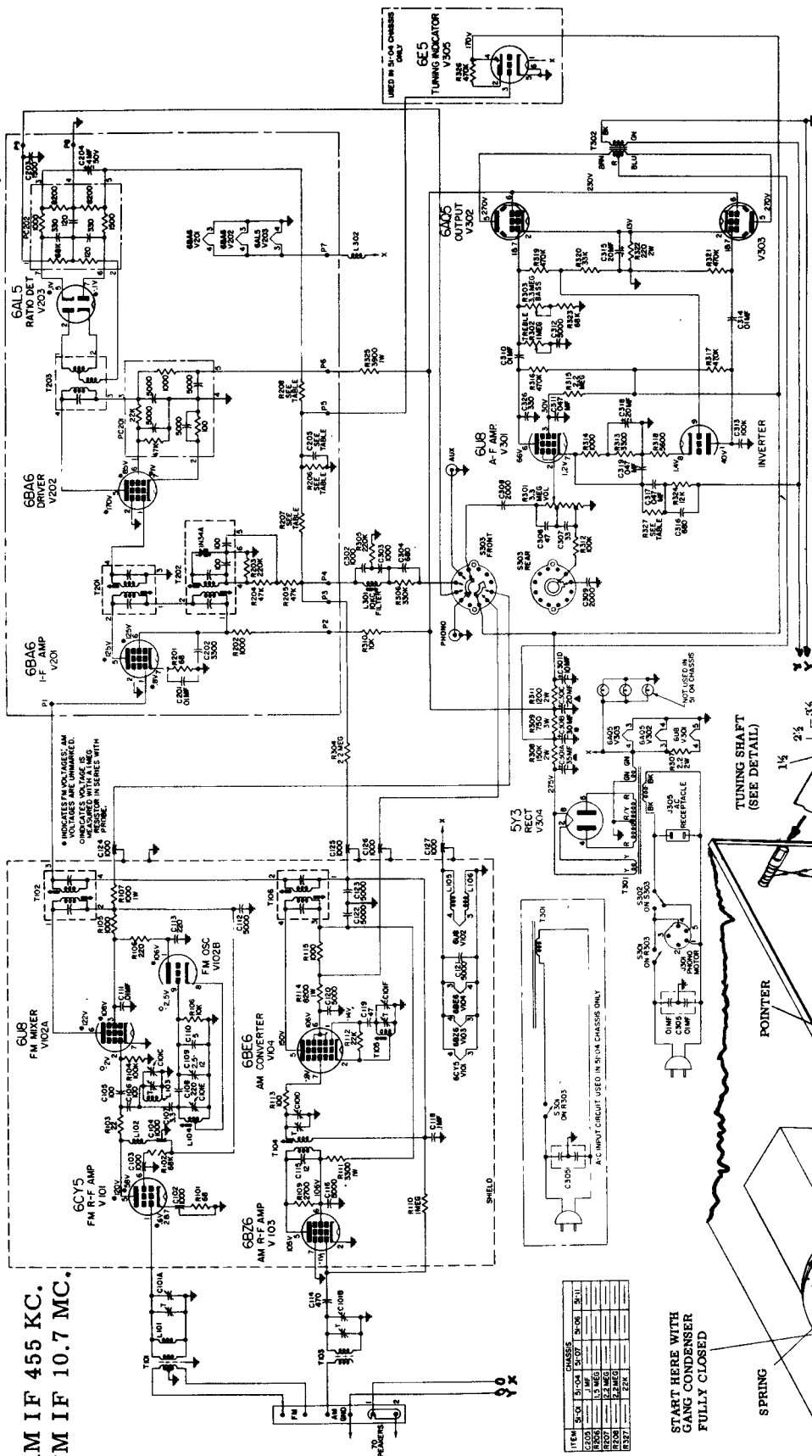


ALIGNMENT

Function	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Conn.	Adjust for Max. Output	Remarks
1. I.F.	455KC	.1 Mfd Condenser in series with Gen. Lead	On Converter Base	T1, T2, T3	
2. Osc. Trimmer	1620KC		*Test Loop	C1-B	Variable Condenser Set for Minimum capacity
3. Osc. Slug	540KC		*Test Loop	L-2 Slug	Variable Condenser Set For Maximum Capacity ²
4. Ant. Trimmer	1400KC		*Test Loop	C1-A	Tune 1400 Kc on Variable Condenser

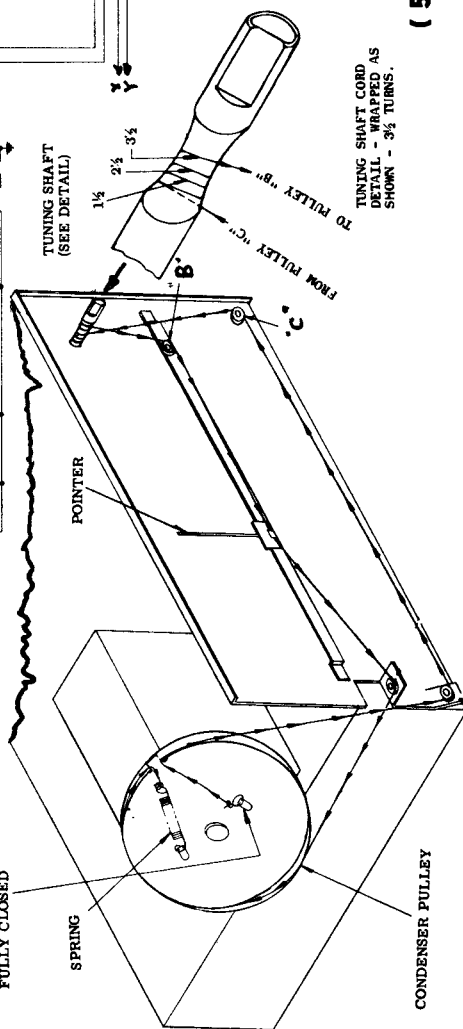
*Standard Hazeltine Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" diameter placed one foot from set.

AM IF 455 KC.
FM IF 10.7 MC.



TECH	5-12	5-13	5-14	5-15	5-16	5-17	5-18	5-19	5-20	5-21	5-22	5-23	5-24	5-25	5-26	5-27	5-28	5-29	5-30	5-31	5-32	5-33	5-34	5-35	5-36	5-37	5-38	5-39	5-40	5-41	5-42	5-43	5-44	5-45	5-46	5-47	5-48	5-49	5-50	5-51	5-52	5-53	5-54	5-55	5-56	5-57	5-58	5-59	5-60	5-61	5-62	5-63	5-64	5-65	5-66	5-67	5-68	5-69	5-70	5-71	5-72	5-73	5-74	5-75	5-76	5-77	5-78	5-79	5-80	5-81	5-82	5-83	5-84	5-85	5-86	5-87	5-88	5-89	5-90	5-91	5-92	5-93	5-94	5-95	5-96	5-97	5-98	5-99	5-100
CHASSIS	5-12	5-13	5-14	5-15	5-16	5-17	5-18	5-19	5-20	5-21	5-22	5-23	5-24	5-25	5-26	5-27	5-28	5-29	5-30	5-31	5-32	5-33	5-34	5-35	5-36	5-37	5-38	5-39	5-40	5-41	5-42	5-43	5-44	5-45	5-46	5-47	5-48	5-49	5-50	5-51	5-52	5-53	5-54	5-55	5-56	5-57	5-58	5-59	5-60	5-61	5-62	5-63	5-64	5-65	5-66	5-67	5-68	5-69	5-70	5-71	5-72	5-73	5-74	5-75	5-76	5-77	5-78	5-79	5-80	5-81	5-82	5-83	5-84	5-85	5-86	5-87	5-88	5-89	5-90	5-91	5-92	5-93	5-94	5-95	5-96	5-97	5-98	5-99	5-100

START HERE WITH
GANG CONDENSER
FULLY CLOSED

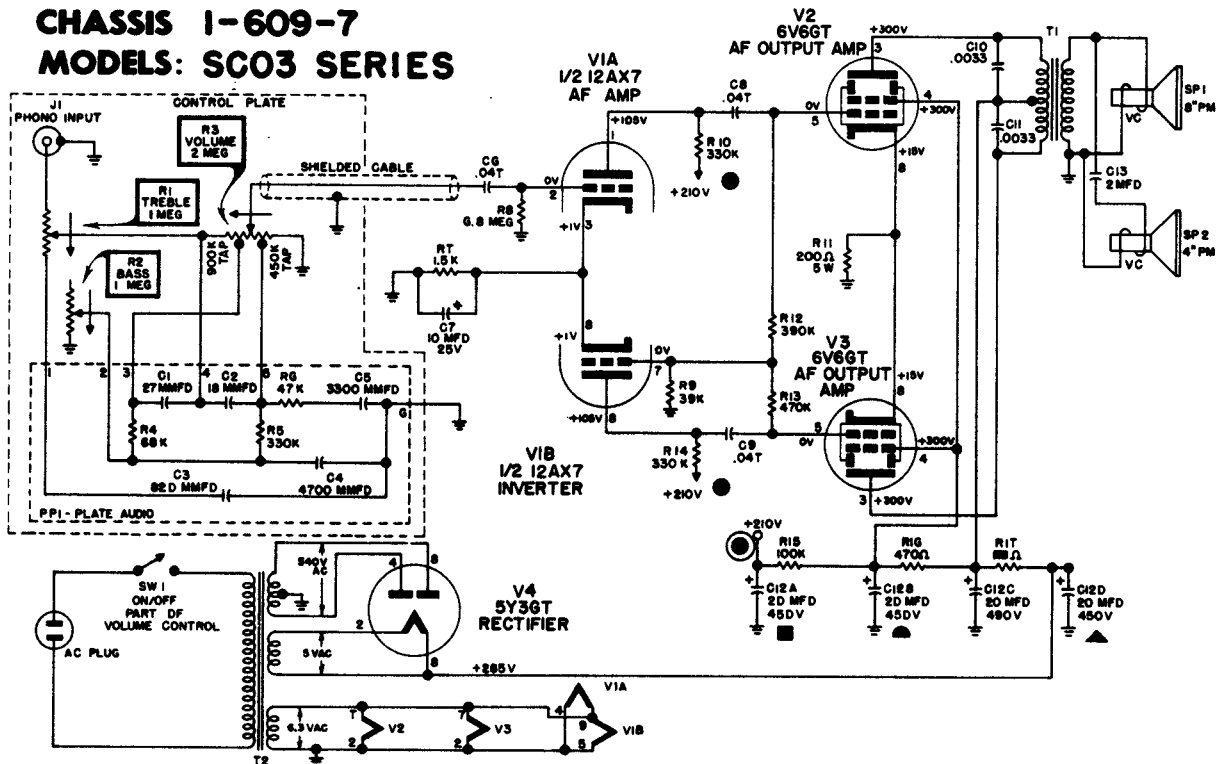
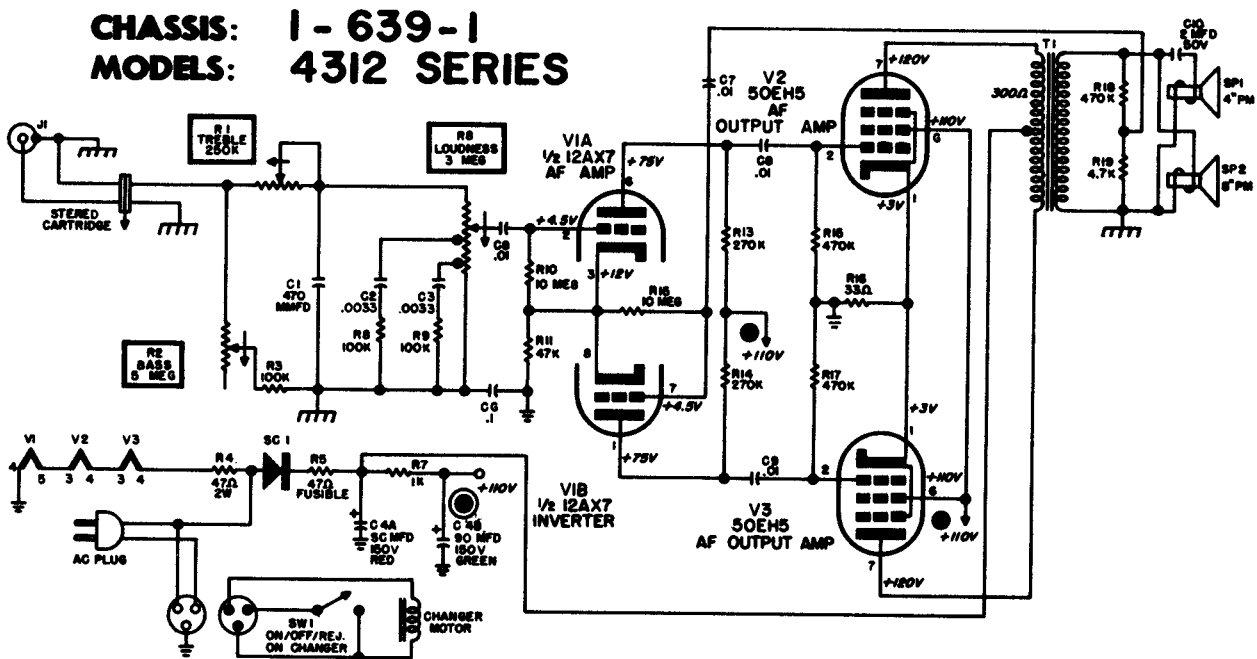


TUNING SHAFT CORD
DETAIL - WRAPPED AS
SHOWN - 3 1/4 TURNS.

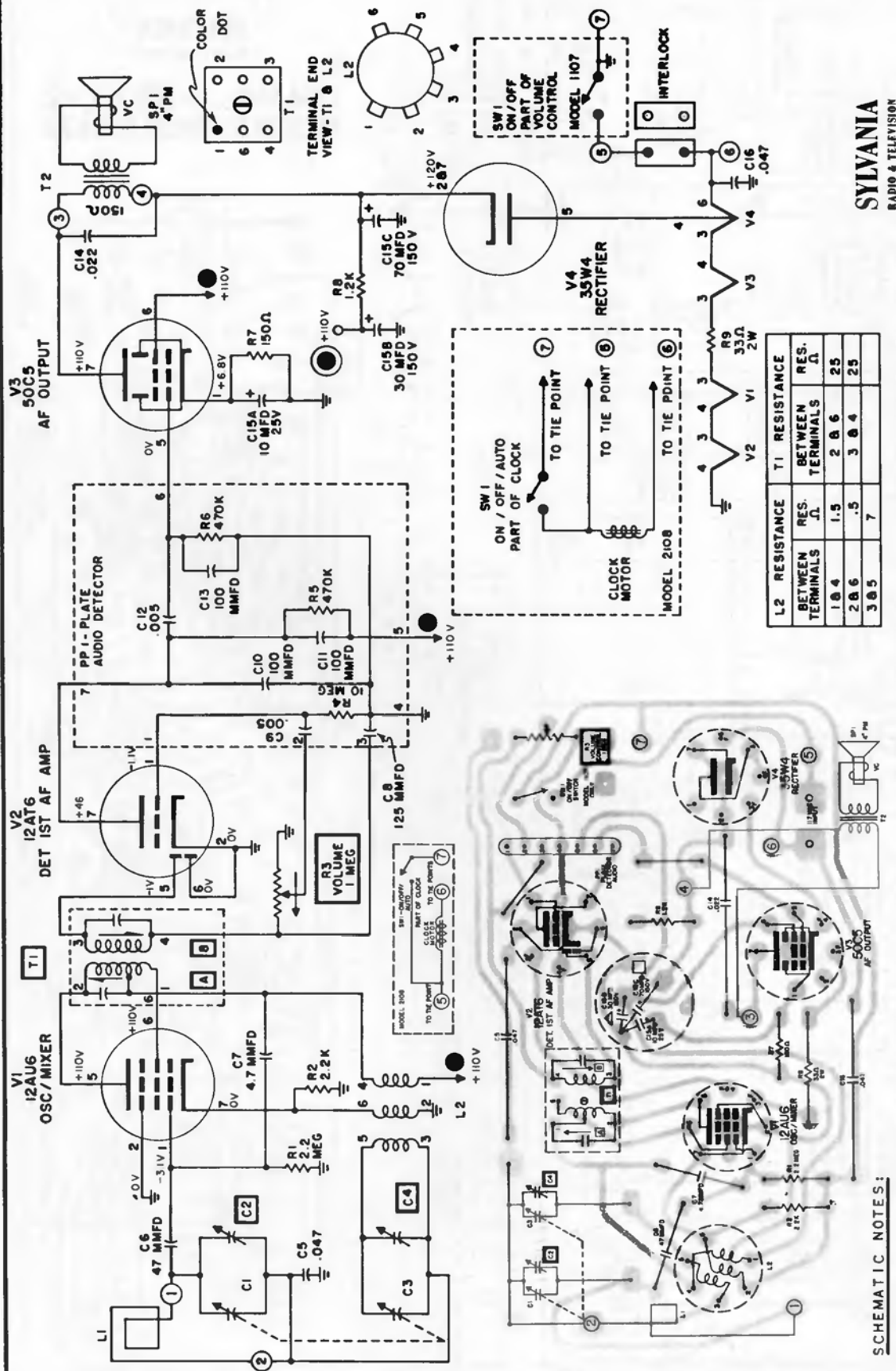
Spartan

(51-01, 51-04, 51-07, 51-09, 51-11)

SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS

CHASSIS 1-609-7
MODELS: SC03 SERIES

CHASSIS: 1-639-1
MODELS: 4312 SERIES

SCHEMATIC NOTES:

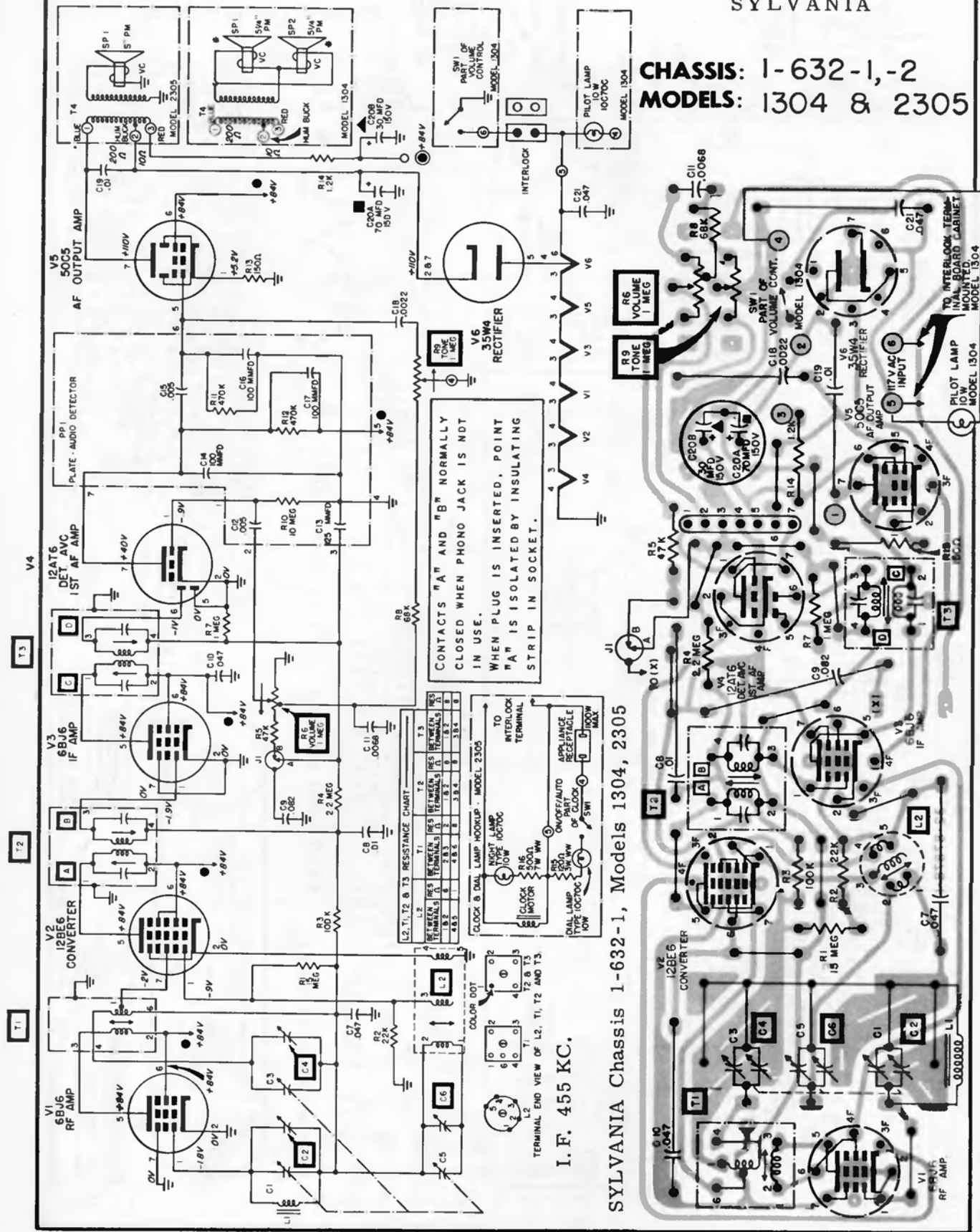
1. VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE AVERAGE READINGS MEASURED TO NEGATIVE "B" WITH NO SIGNAL INPUT. VARIATIONS MAY BE NOTED DUE TO NORMAL PRODUCTION TOLERANCES.
2. AC POWER SOURCE - 117V 60W VARIAC REGULATED.
3. VOLTAGE SOURCE IS INDICATED BY ENCIRCLED SYMBOL Ⓢ: CORRESPONDING SYMBOL WITHOUT CIRCLE Ⓢ INDICATES VOLTAGE TIE POINTS.
4. $\text{---} \text{---} \text{---}$ DESIGNATES CHASSIS GROUND.
5. $\text{---} \text{---} \text{---}$ DESIGNATES NEGATIVE "B".



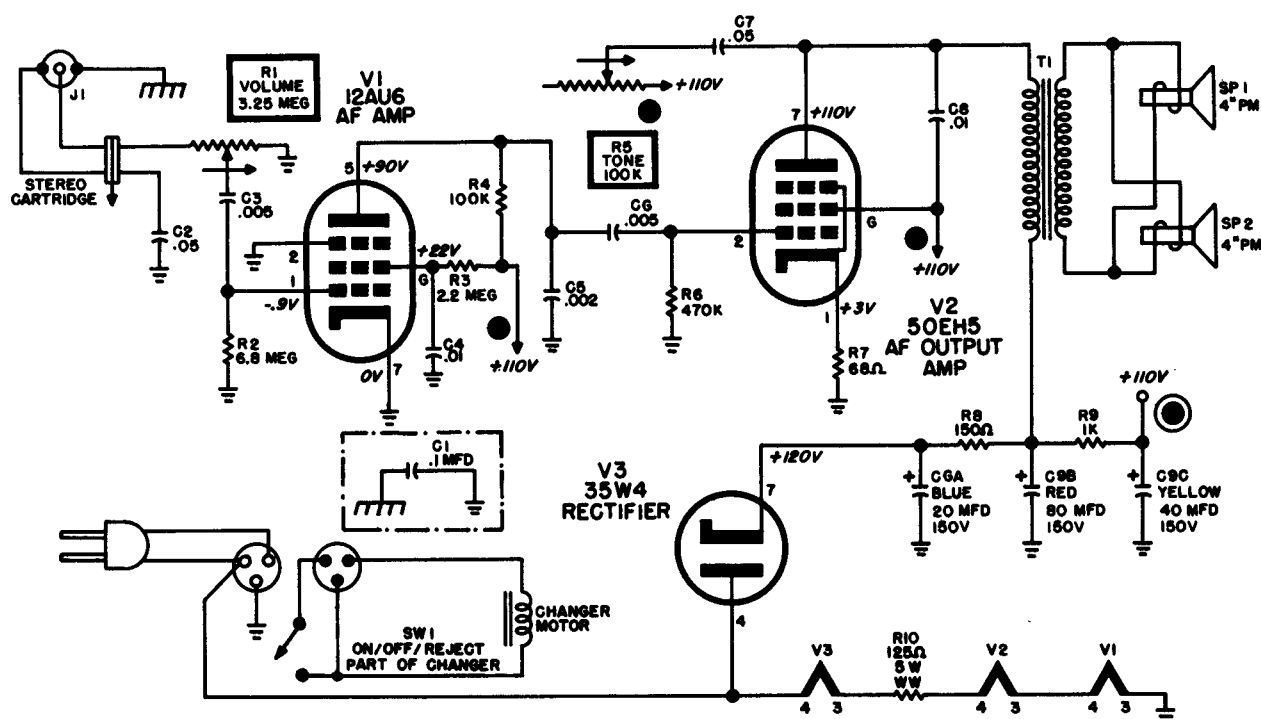


SYLVANIA

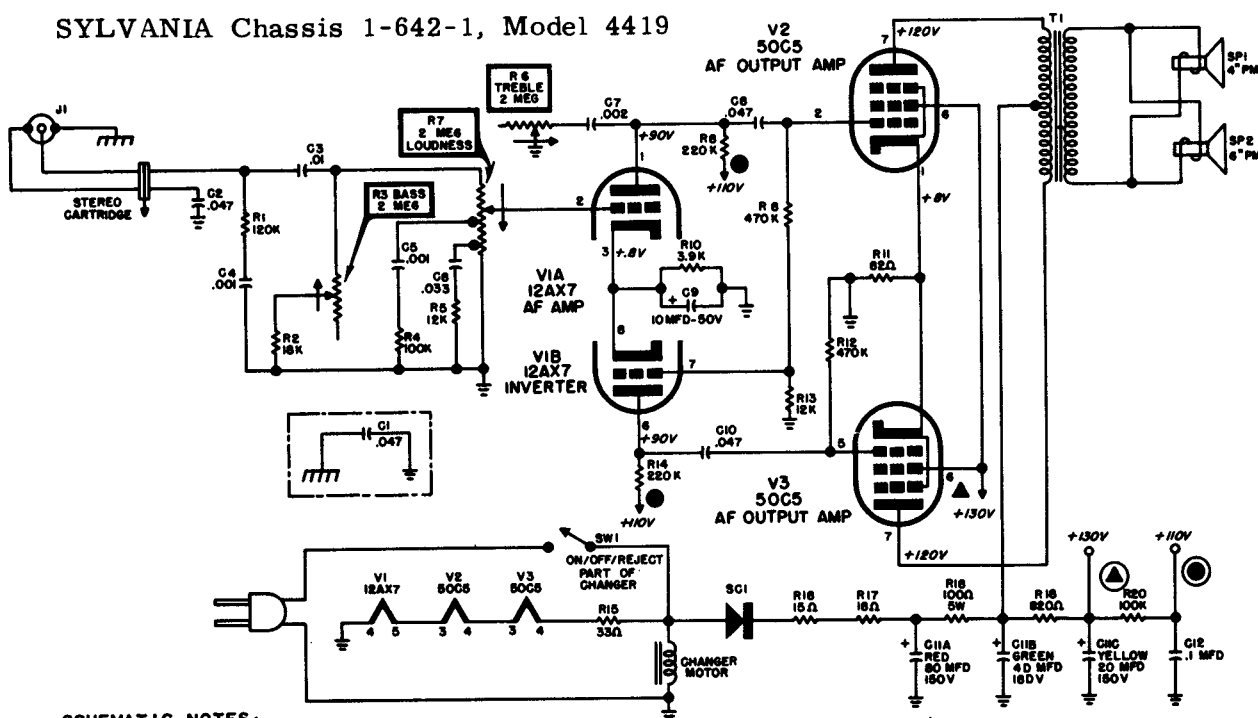
CHASSIS: 1-632-1,-2
MODELS: 1304 & 2305



SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS Chassis 1-640-1, Model 4416



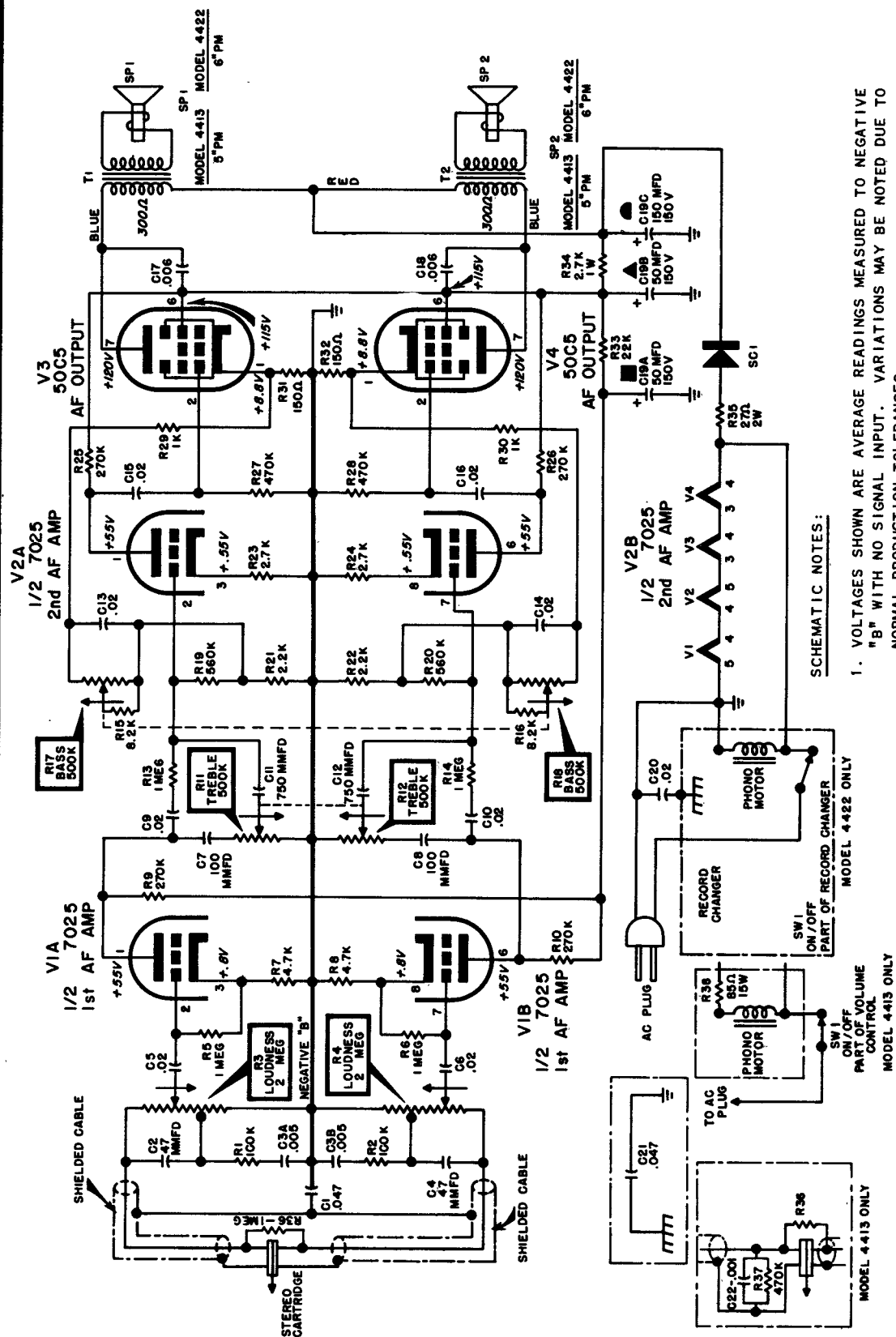
SYLVANIA Chassis 1-642-1, Model 4419



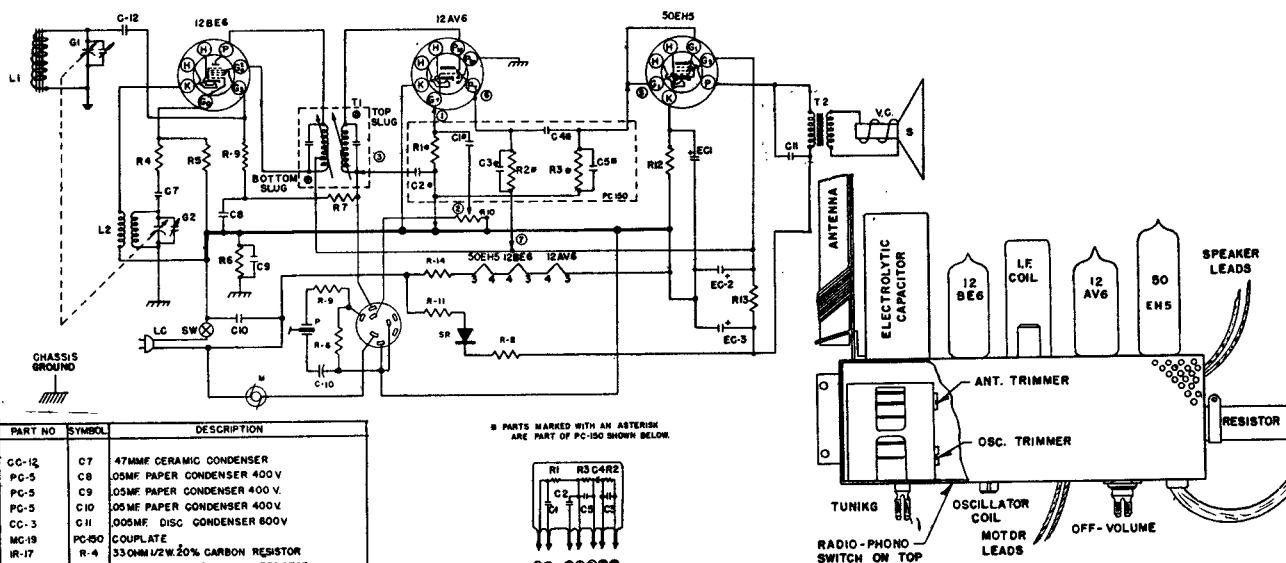
SCHEMATIC NOTES:

1. VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE AVERAGE READINGS MEASURED TO NEGATIVE "B" WITH NO SIGNAL INPUT. VARIATIONS MAY BE NOTED DUE TO NORMAL PRODUCTION TOLERANCES.
2. AC POWER SOURCE - 117V 60W "VARIAC REGULATED".
3. VOLTAGE SOURCES ARE INDICATED BY ENCIRCLED SYMBOLS (●) (▲): CORRESPONDING SYMBOLS WITHOUT CIRCLES (●) (▲) INDICATE VOLTAGE TIE POINTS.
4. ⏏ DESIGNATES CHASSIS GROUND.
5. ⏏ DESIGNATES NEGATIVE "B".

SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS Chassis 1-645-1, Models 4413, 4422

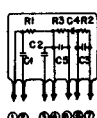


TRAVLER MODEL 48-314



PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
CC-12	C7	47MMF CERAMIC CONDENSER
PC-5	C8	05MF PAPER CONDENSER 400V
PC-5	C9	05MF PAPER CONDENSER 400V
PC-5	C10	05MF PAPER CONDENSER 400V
CC-3	C11	005MF DISC CONDENSER 800V
MC-19	PC-50	COUPLATE
IR-17	R-4	330HM 1/2W 20% CARBON RESISTOR
IR-9	R-5	22K OHM 1/2W 20% CARBON RESISTOR
IR-20	R-6	220K OHM 1/2W 20% CARBON RESISTOR
IR-23	R-7	3.3MEG OHM 1/2W 20% CARBON RESISTOR
IR-41	R-8	47 OHM 1W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
IR-12	R-9	1MEG OHM 1/2W 20% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-33	C-12	220MMFD 500V 20% CERAMIC TUB COND.
VC-64	H-10	1MEG OHM VOLUME CONTROL
IR-17	R-11	330HM 1/2W 20% CARBON RESISTOR
IR-14	R-12	150 OHM 1/2W 20% CARBON RESISTOR
IR-25	R-13	2200 OHM 1W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
EC-71A	EC1	20MF-150WVDC ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSER
EC-71A	EC2	30MF-150WVDC ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSER
EC-71A	EC3	40MF-150WVDC ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSER
CO-1	G-1	ANT. SECTION-WITH TRIMMER GANG
GC-15	G-2	OSC. SECTION-WITH TRIMMER CONDENSER
LL-55	L1	FERRAMIC ROD ANTENNA COIL
LO-28	L2	OSCILLATOR COIL
LI-12	T1	455 KC TAPPED PRIMARY-IF COIL
SW	SW	SPST SWITCH(PART OF VOLUME CONTROL)
T-2	T2	OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
VC	VC	VOICE COIL WINDING
SPK-22-C	S	SPEAKER

* PARTS MARKED WITH AN ASTERISK ARE PART OF PC-150 SHOWN BELOW.

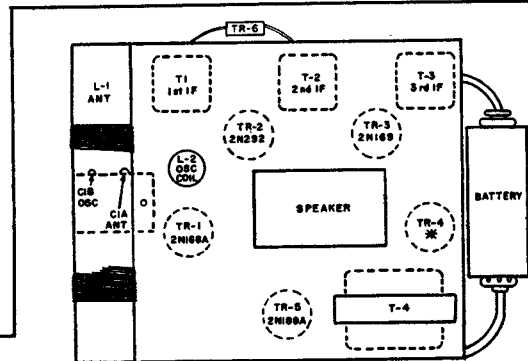


COMPONENTS & VALUES OF PC-150

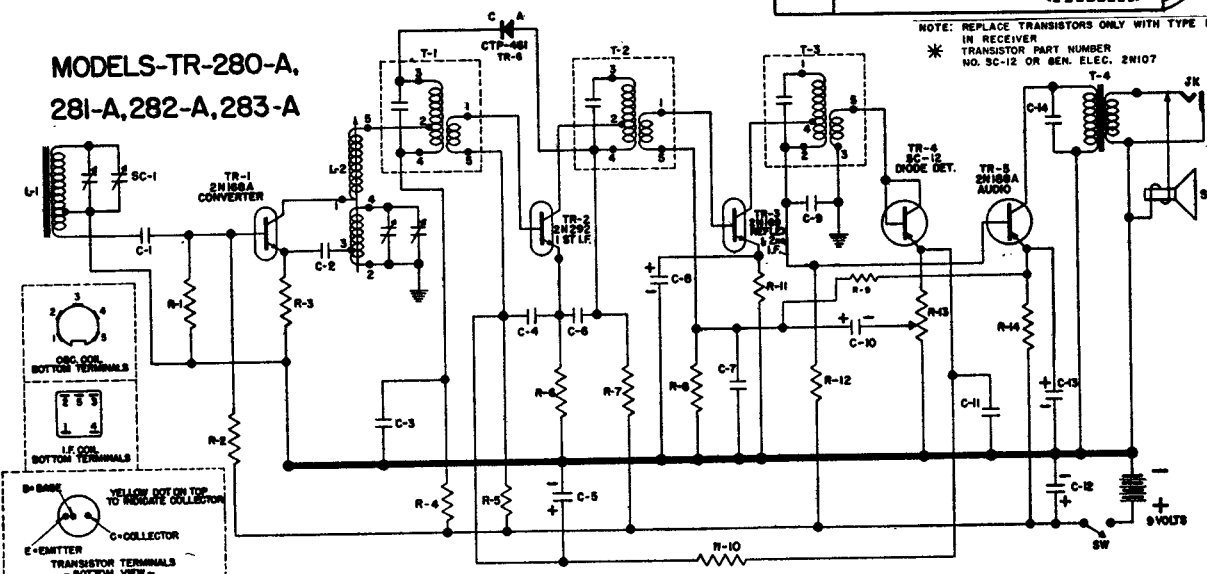
- C1-2000MMF
- C2-20MMF
- C3-250MMF
- C4-5000MMF
- R1-4.5MEG OHM
- R2-47MEG OHM
- R3-47MEG OHM

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
3-N-13	M	10 V. MOTOR 3 SPEED
PU-14	P	PICKUP UP AND R-R-Y-C-R-M CARTRIDGE
MR-47	R-14	250 OHM 1/2 W. 5% WIREWOUND
SR-3	SA	85 ML. RECTIFIER

IF. 455 KC.



MODELS-TR-280-A, 281-A, 282-A, 283-A

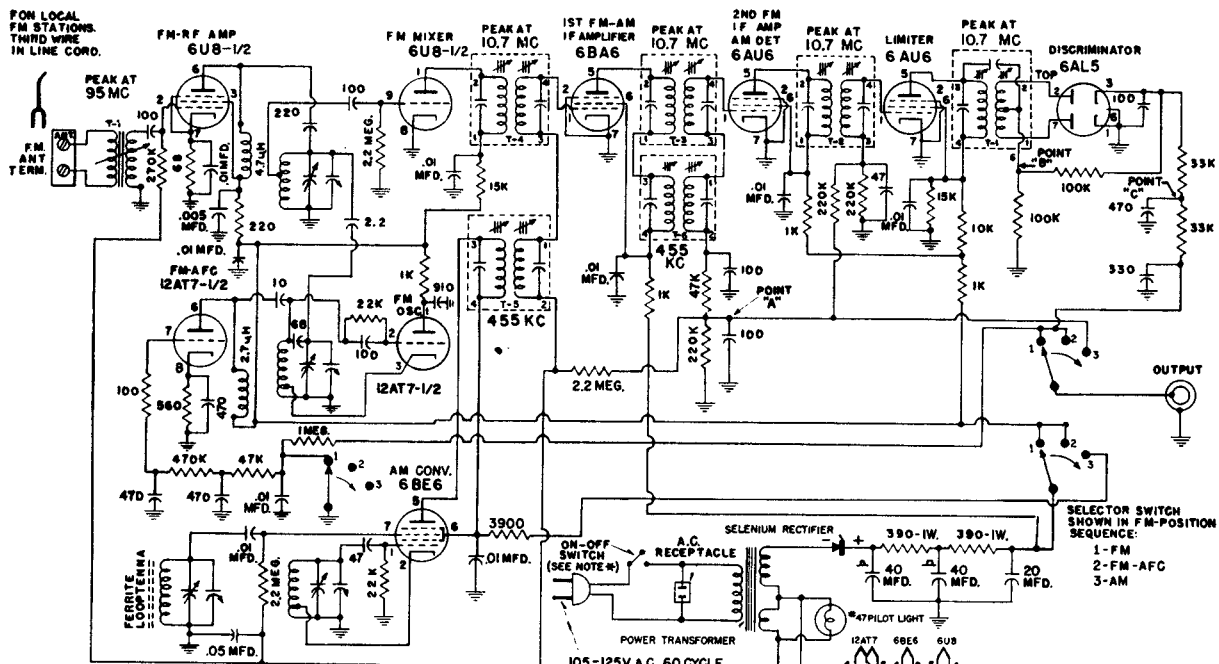


NOTE: REPLACE TRANSISTORS ONLY WITH TYPE FOUND IN RECEIVER
* TRANSISTOR PART NUMBER NO. SC-12 OR GEN. ELEC. 2N107

PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
CC-85	C-1	02 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-54	R-1	10 K OHMS 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-1	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-1	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-35	C-2	01 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-150	R-2	1500 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-2	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-2	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-3	01 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-3	1500 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-3	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-3	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-86	C-4	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-4	470 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-4	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-4	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-85	C-5	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-5	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-5	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-5	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-6	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-6	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-6	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-6	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-7	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-7	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-7	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-7	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-8	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-8	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-8	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-8	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-9	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-9	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-9	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-9	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-10	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-10	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-10	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-10	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-11	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-11	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-11	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-11	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-12	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-12	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-12	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-12	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-13	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-13	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-13	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-13	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-14	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-14	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-14	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-14	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-15	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-15	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-15	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-15	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-16	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-16	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-16	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-16	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-17	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-17	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-17	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-17	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-18	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-18	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-18	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-18	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-19	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-19	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-19	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-19	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-20	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-20	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-20	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-20	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-21	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-21	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-21	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-21	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-22	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-22	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-22	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-22	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-23	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-23	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-23	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-23	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-24	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-24	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-24	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-24	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-25	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-25	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-25	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-25	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-26	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-26	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-26	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-26	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-27	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-27	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-27	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-27	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-28	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-28	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-28	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-28	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-29	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-29	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-29	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-29	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-30	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-30	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-30	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-30	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-31	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-31	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-31	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-31	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-32	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-32	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-32	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-32	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-33	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-33	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-33	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-33	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-34	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-34	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-34	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-34	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-35	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-35	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-35	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-35	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-36	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-36	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-36	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-36	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-37	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-37	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-37	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-37	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-38	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-38	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-38	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-38	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-39	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-39	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-39	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-39	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-40	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-40	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-40	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-40	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-41	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-41	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-41	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-41	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-42	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-42	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-42	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-42	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-43	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-43	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-43	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-43	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-44	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-44	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-44	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-44	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-45	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-45	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-45	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-45	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-46	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-46	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-46	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-46	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-47	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-47	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-47	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-47	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-48	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-48	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-48	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-48	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-49	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-49	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-49	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-49	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-50	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-50	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-50	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-50	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-51	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-51	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-51	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-51	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-52	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-52	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-52	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-52	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-53	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-53	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-53	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-53	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-54	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-54	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-54	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-54	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-55	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-55	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-55	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-55	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-56	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-56	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-56	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-56	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-57	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-57	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-57	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-57	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-58	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-58	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-58	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-58	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR
CC-84	C-59	05 MFD. CERAMIC DISC	IR-199	R-59	330 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-59	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR	LI-22	L-59	100 OHM 1/2W 10% CARBON RESISTOR

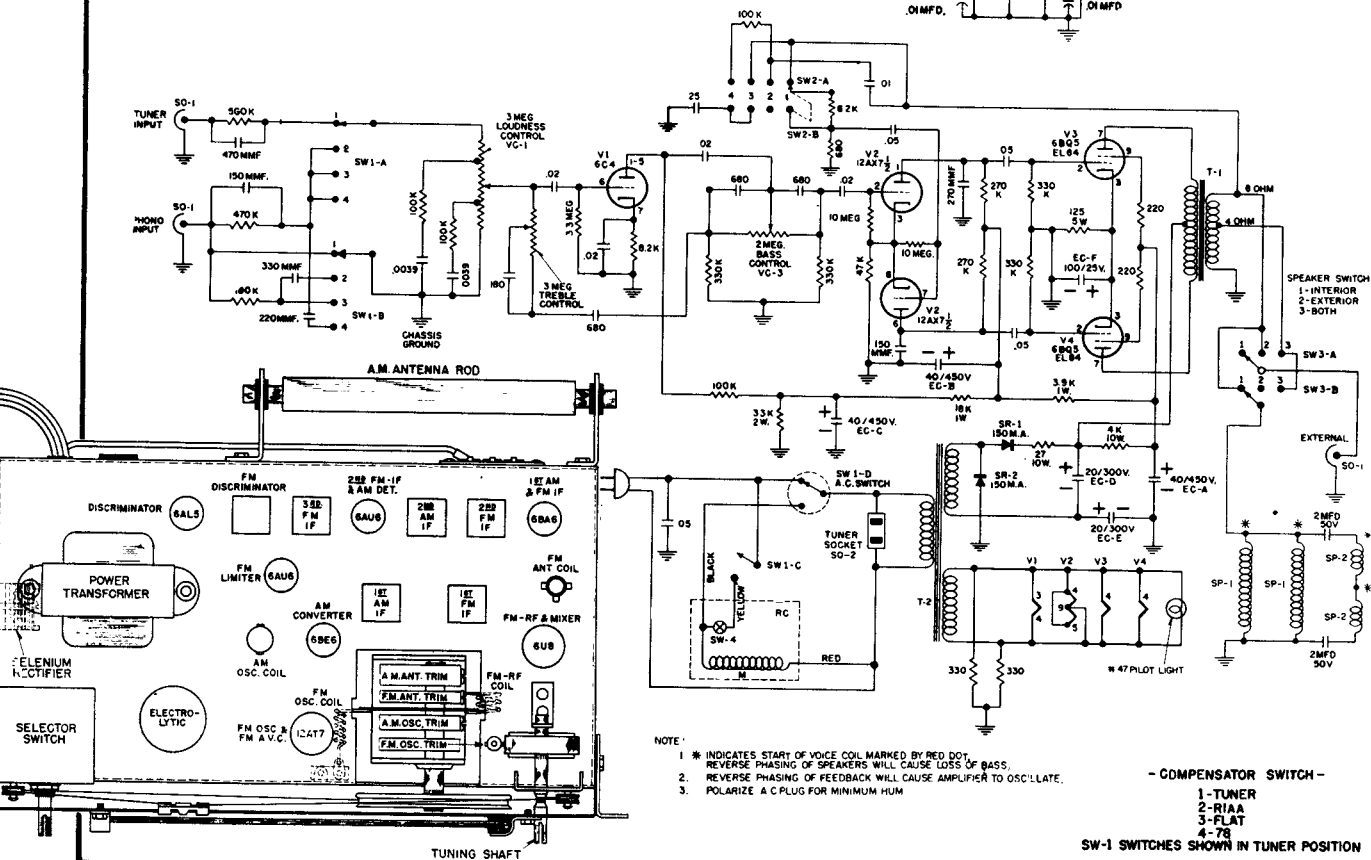
TRAVLER

MODEL 90-105



NOTE: ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MMF, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

* NOTE: SWITCH ON SELECTOR SHAFT IN TA-100 TUNER ONLY.



NOTE:
1. * INDICATES START OF VOICE COIL MARKED BY RED DOT.
2. REVERSE PHASING OF SPEAKERS WILL CAUSE LOSS OF BASS.
3. POLARIZE A.C. PLUG FOR MINIMUM HUM.

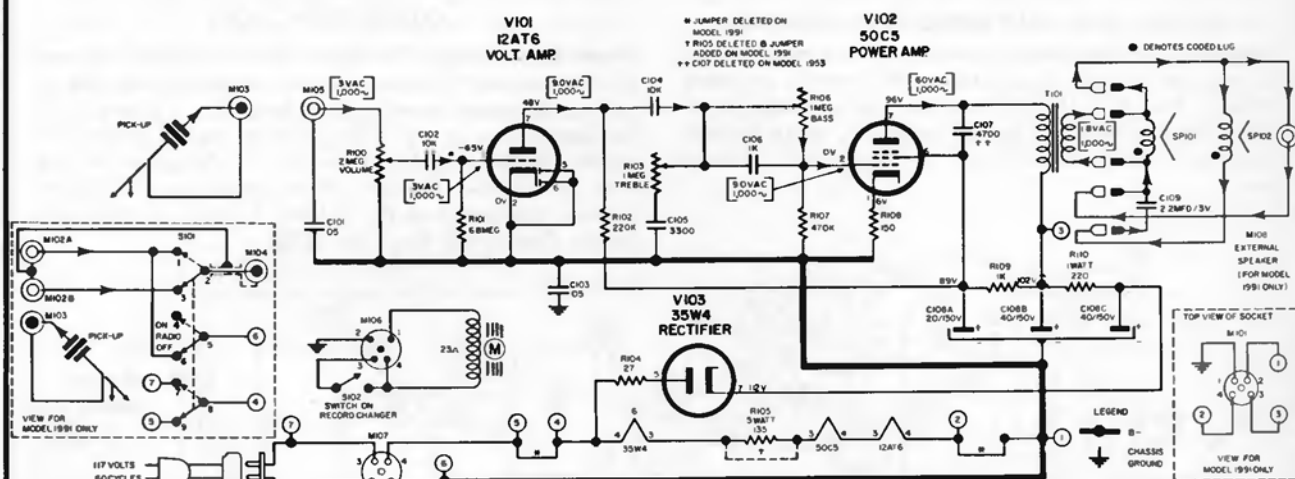
- COMPENSATOR SWITCH -

1-TUNER
2-RIAA
3-FLAT
4-78

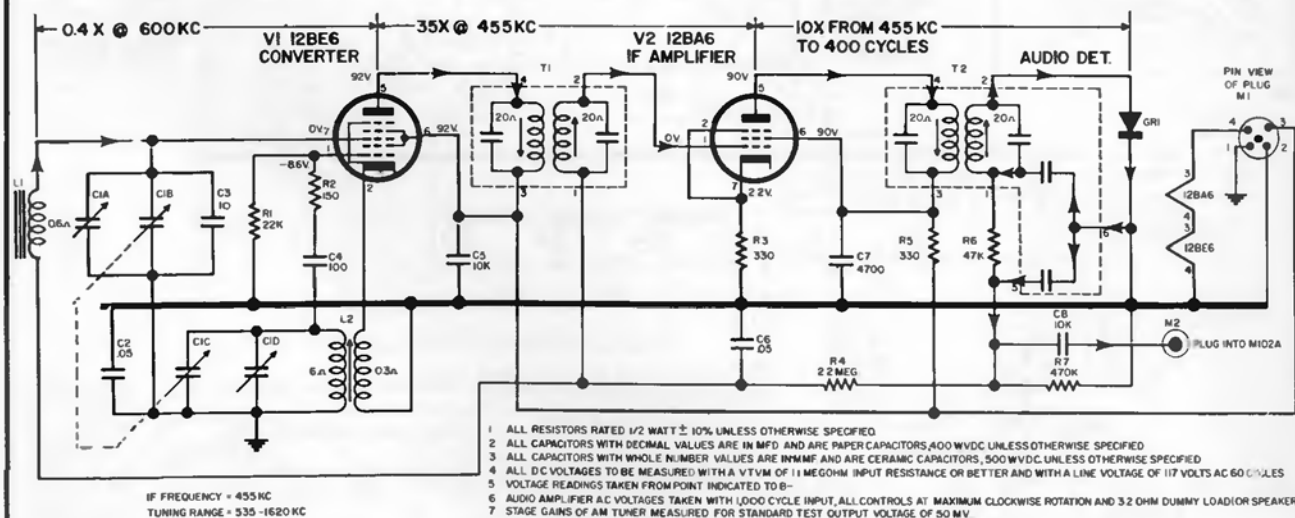
SW-1 SWITCHES SHOWN IN TUNER POSITION

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

WEBCOR Models 1953, 1991, using AM Tuner 73X014-1, Amplifiers 14X278-1, -2

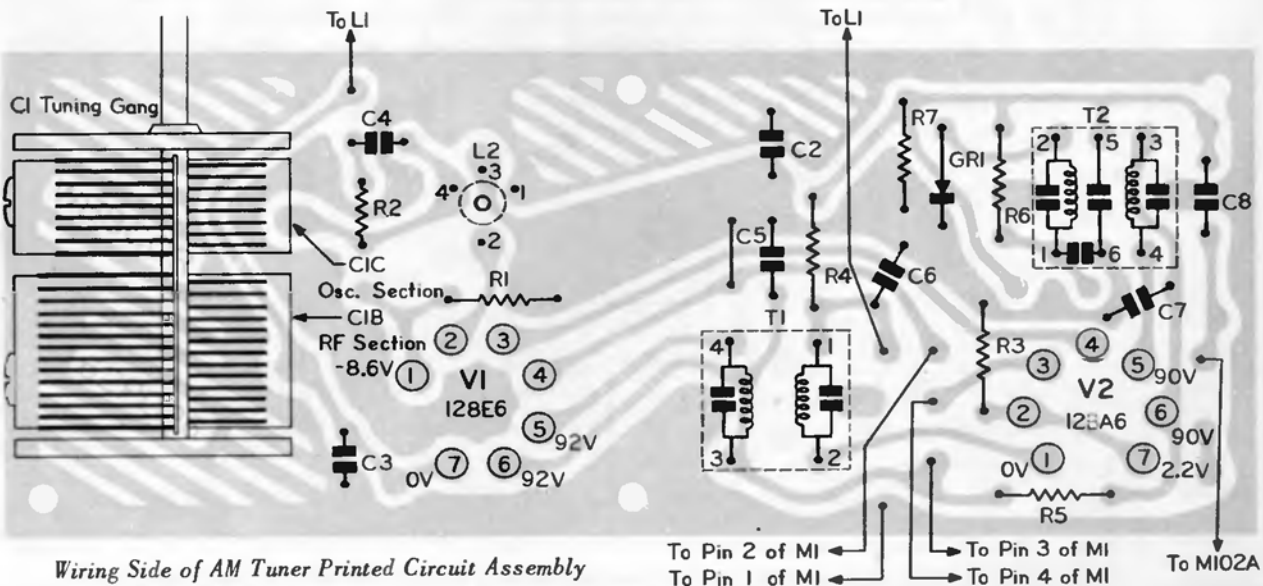


Circuit Diagram of 14X278-1 (1953) and 14X278-2 (1991) Amplifiers, Issue 1; and 73X014-1 (1991) AM Tuner, Issue 1.



IF FREQUENCY = 455 KC
TUNING RANGE = 535-1620 KC

1. ALL RESISTORS RATED 1/2 WATT $\pm 10\%$ UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
2. ALL CAPACITORS WITH DECIMAL VALUES ARE IN MFD. AND ARE PAPER CAPACITORS, 400 WVDC UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
3. ALL CAPACITORS WITH WHOLE NUMBER VALUES ARE IN MMF AND ARE CERAMIC CAPACITORS, 500 WVDC UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
4. ALL D.C. VOLTAGES TO BE MEASURED WITH A VTVM OF 11 MEGOHM INPUT RESISTANCE OR BETTER AND WITH A LINE VOLTAGE OF 117 VOLTS AC 60 CYCLES.
5. VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN FROM POINT INDICATED TO B.
6. AUDIO AMPLIFIER A.C. VOLTAGES TAKEN WITH 1000 CYCLE INPUT, ALL CONTROLS AT MAXIMUM CLOCKWISE ROTATION AND 32 OHM DUMMY LOAD (OR SPEAKER).
7. STAGE GAINS OF AM TUNER MEASURED FOR STANDARD TEST OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF 50 MV.



Wiring Side of AM Tuner Printed Circuit Assembly

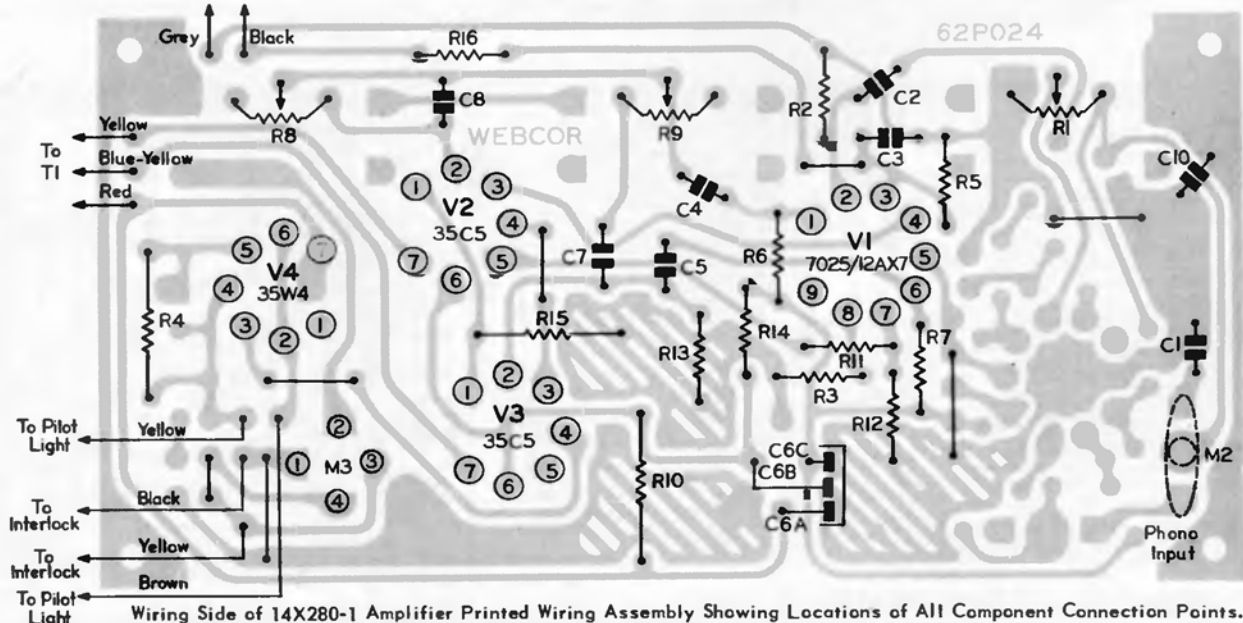
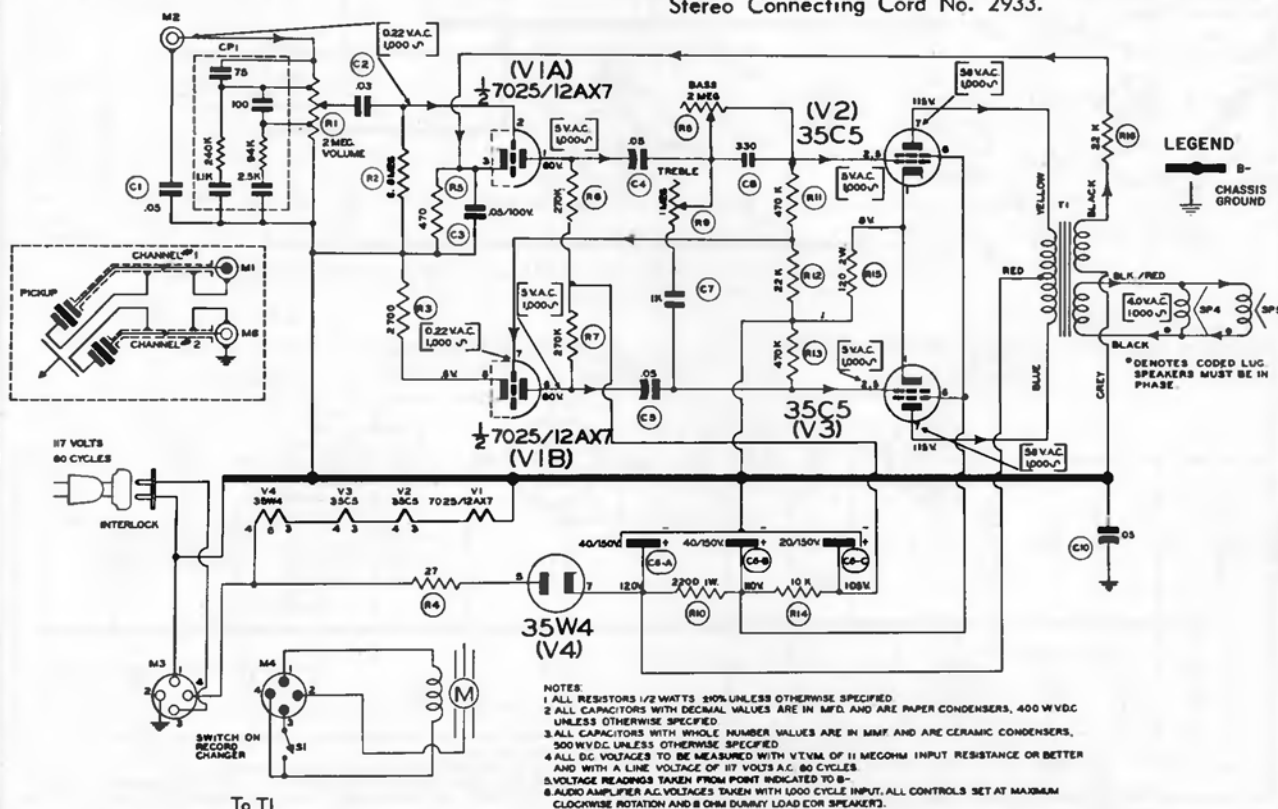
WEBCOR Model 1954-1, using Amplifier 14X280-1

NEEDLE AND CARTRIDGE REPLACEMENT

If distortion or harshness of treble tones is encountered, it is probable that the cartridge and needle assembly (Webcor Part No. 21P586) requires replacement. To replace the cartridge and needle assembly, grasp the cartridge with thumb and forefinger and gently pull cartridge free.

CONNECTION JACKS

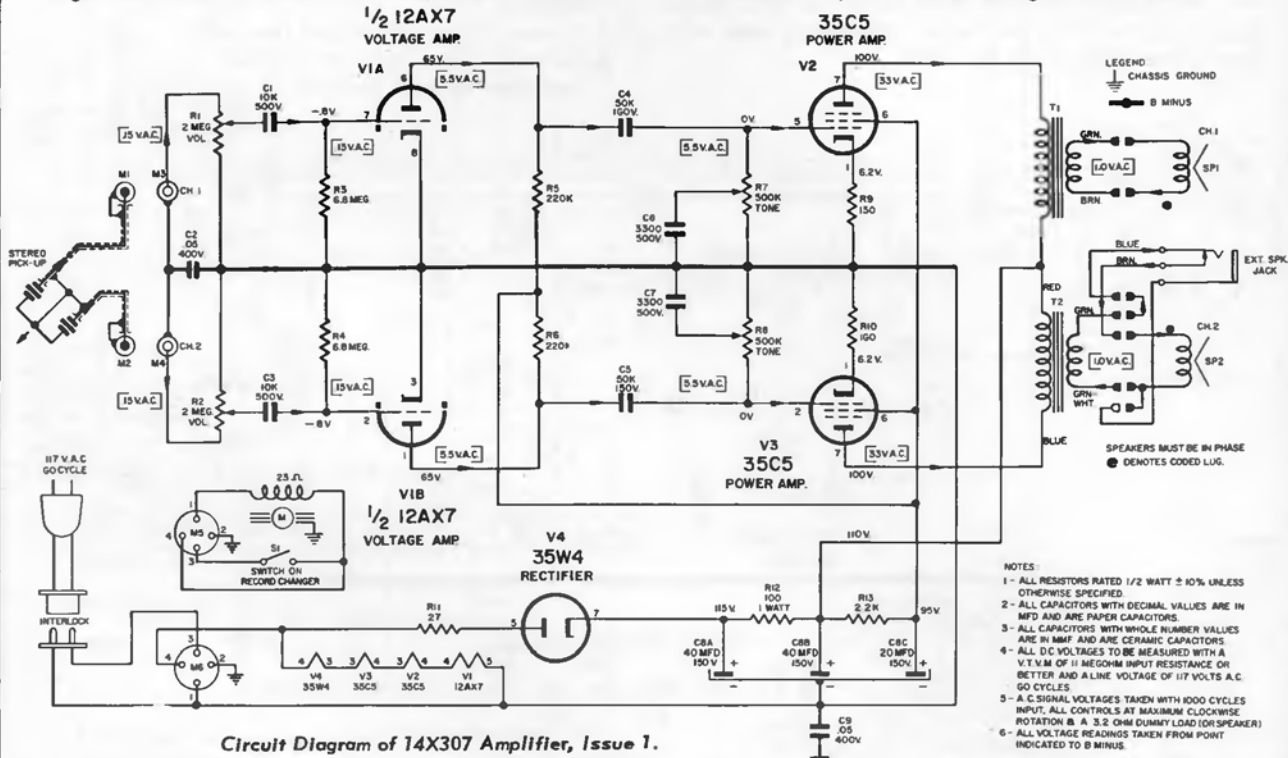
Stereo Output Jack: The Stereo Output Jack on the rear of the Holiday Caronet Cabinet makes it possible to connect a second sound system (amplifier and speakers) for Stereafonic reproduction. Webcor Model 4905 Companion Stereafonic Sound System is designed for use with the Holiday Caronet. When using the 4905 Sound System, connection to the Holiday Caronet is made with Stereo Connecting Cord No. 2933.



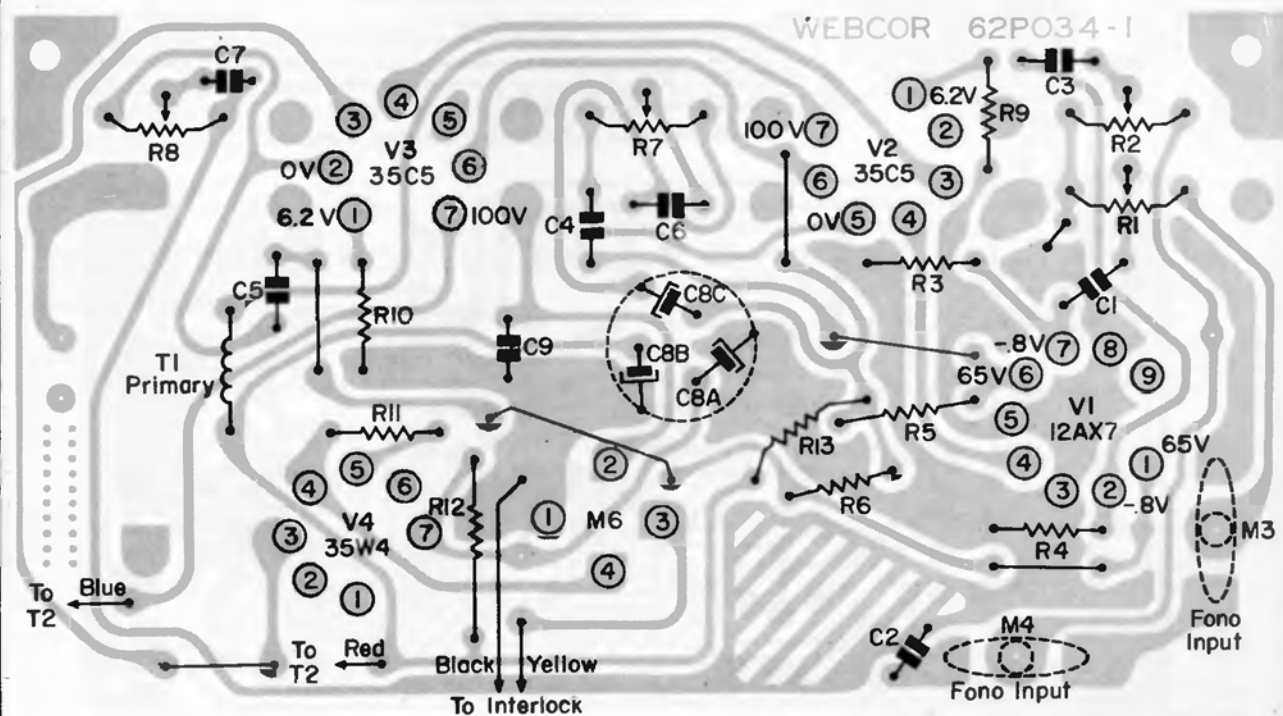
WEBCOR Model 1956, using Amplifier 14X307

Model 1956 is a Stereo-Fidelity Fonograf that contains a 5", 3.2 ohm speaker for the right channel (Ch. 1) and a 5", 3.2 ohm speaker for the left channel (Ch. 2). Each speaker is mounted in the case side by side at a 7 degree angle for better separation of the right and left channels. In addition an External

Speaker Output Jack is incorporated. This jack permits connecting a 3.2 ohm External Speaker System to the fonograf if additional separation of the 2 channels is desired. When an External Speaker System is plugged into the External Speaker Output Jack, the left channel speaker in the fonograf is cut out.



Circuit Diagram of 14X307 Amplifier, Issue 1.



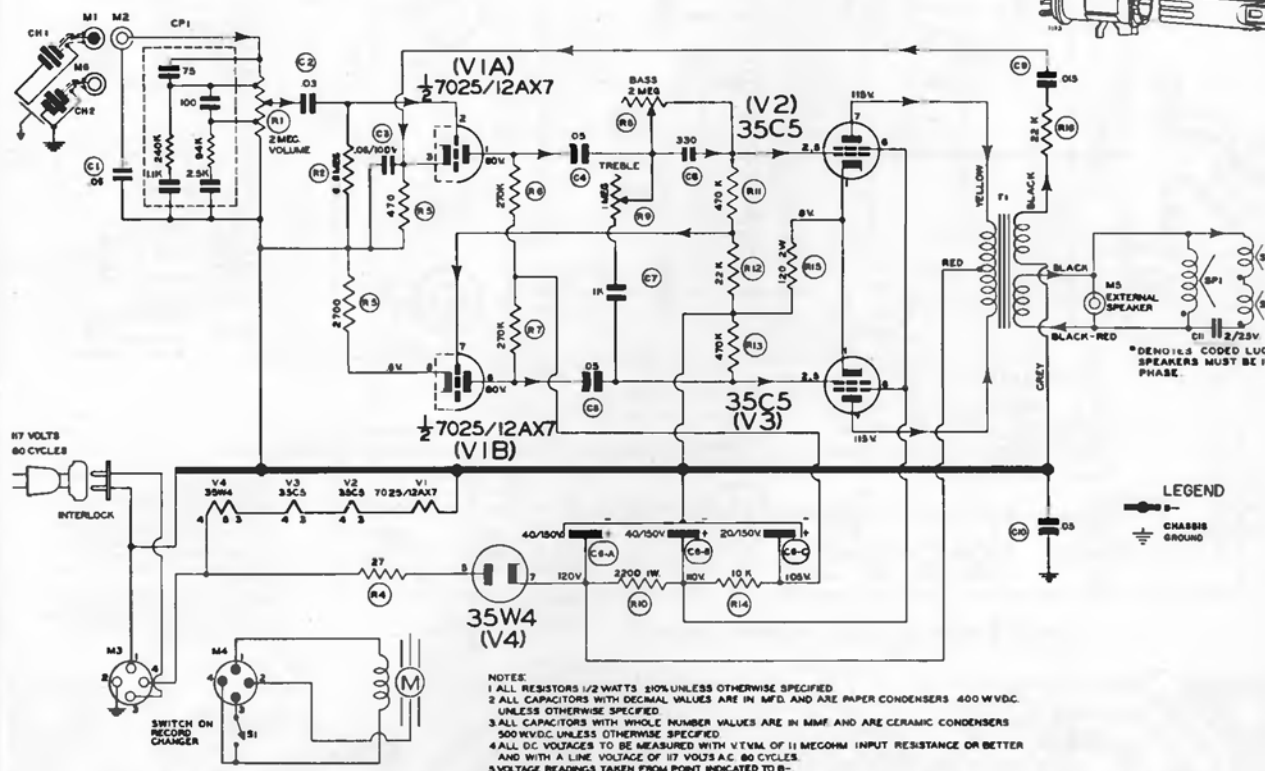
Wiring Side of 14X307 Amplifier Printed Circuit Assembly showing location of Component Connection Points.

WEBCOR Model 1963, using Amplifier 14X280-2

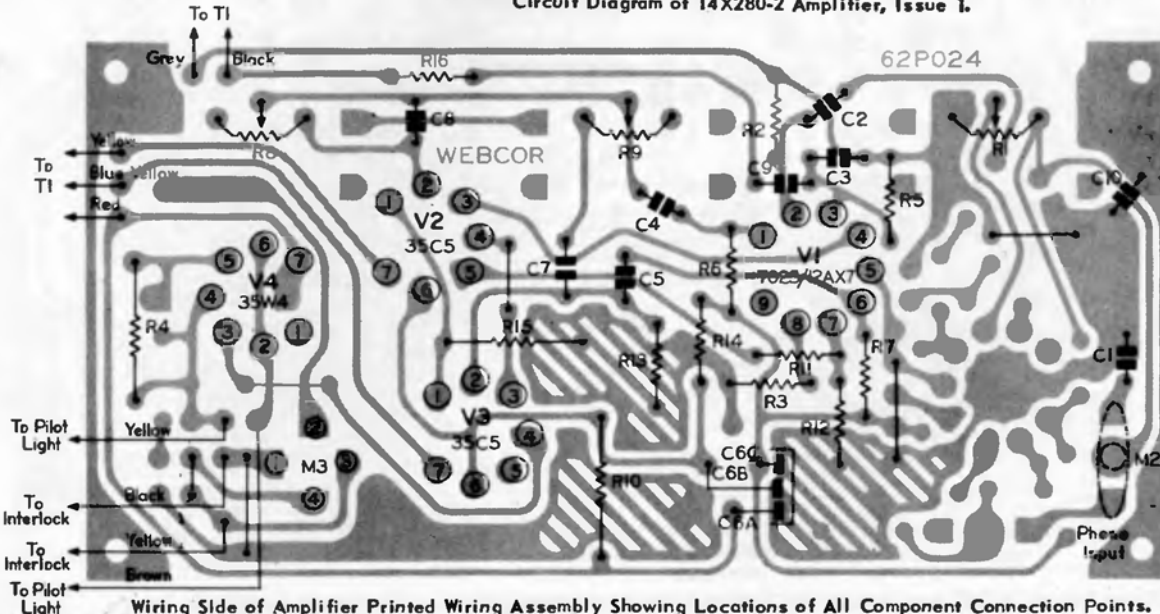
Stereo Output Jack: The Stereo Output Jack on the rear of the Holiday Imperial Cabinet makes it possible to connect a second sound system (amplifier and speakers) for Stereophonic reproduction. Webcor Model 4905 Companion Stereophonic Sound System is designed for use with the Holiday Imperial. When using the 4905 Sound System, connection to the Holiday Imperial is made with Stereo Connecting Cord No. 2933.

When replacing cartridge housing and bracket assembly (Webcor Part No. 21P587), connect leads from pick-up cord as follows:

1. Connect red lead to silver terminal.
2. Connect shield to terminal adjacent to silver terminal.
3. Connect white lead to gold terminal.
4. Connect black lead to terminal adjacent to gold terminal.

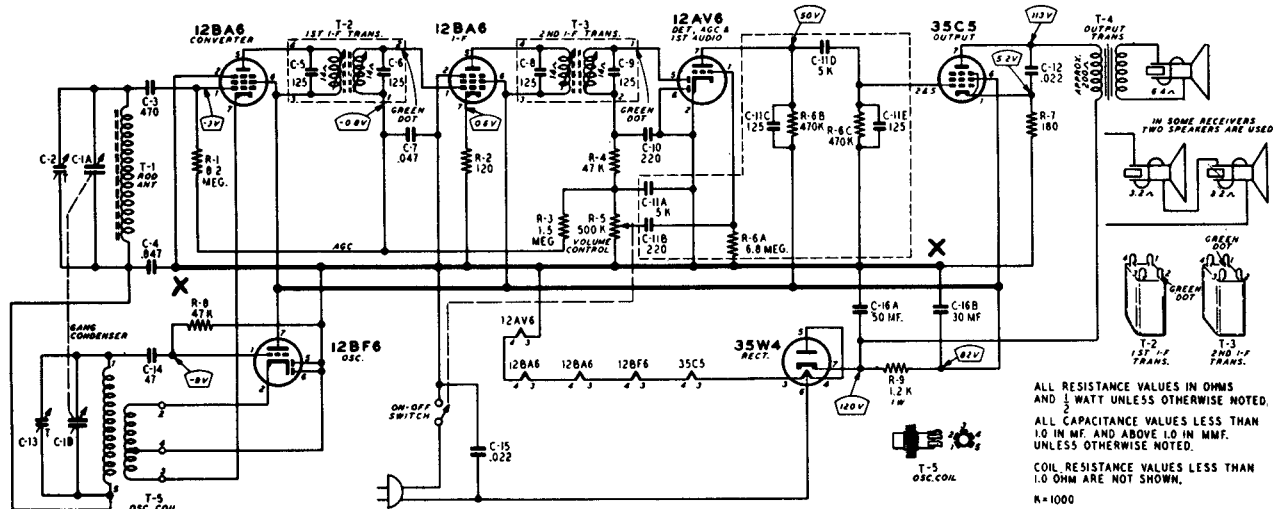


Circuit Diagram of 14X280-2 Amplifier, Issue 1.



WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.

MODELS D2832A & D2834A D2832B & D2834B



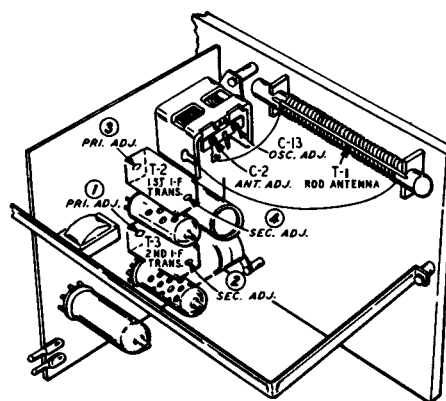
TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES

Socket voltages are shown on the schematic diagram at the tube socket terminals. All voltages are between the socket terminal and "X" point. Voltages were taken with a vacuum tube voltmeter. Conditions of measurement are:

Line voltage 117 Volts AC
Signal Input None
A Variation of $\pm 10\%$ is usually permissible.

SPECIFICATIONS

6 Tube Superheterodyne, including Rectifier Tube.
Tuning Frequency Range 540 to 1600 KC
Power Consumption 35 watts (At 117 volts AC)
Power Output 1.3 watt maximum, 0.8 watt (10% distortion)
Intermediate Frequency 455 KC
Sensitivity 80 Microvolts Per Meter Average
Selectivity 50 KC Wide at 1000 Times Signal
Speaker 4" PM Dynamic

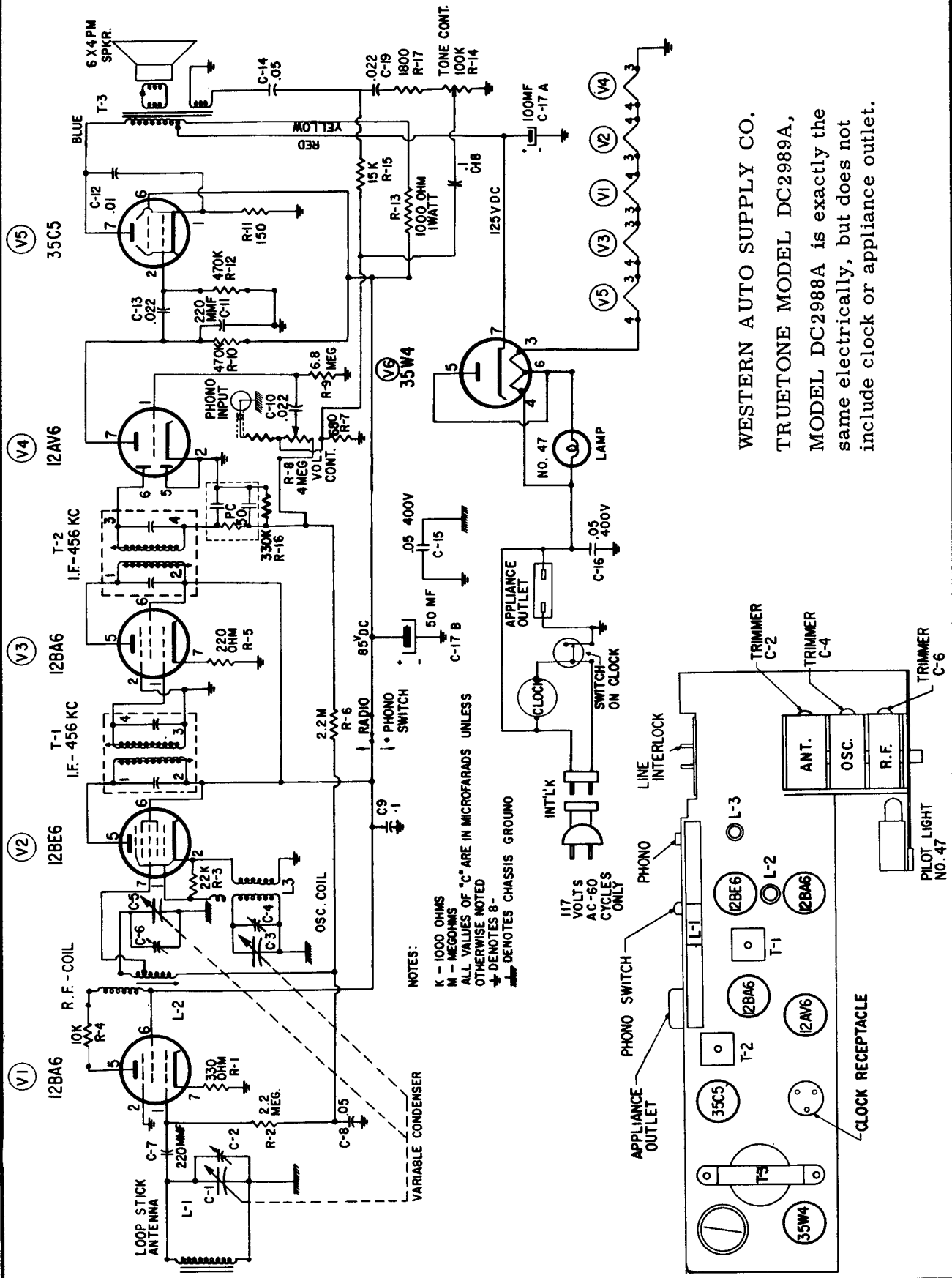


ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The following equipment is required for aligning; Signal Generator which will provide an accurately calibrated signal at the test frequencies as listed.
Output Indicating Meter: Non-Metallic Screwdriver.

Dummy Antennas—.1 mf., 50 mmf.
Volume Control—Maximum All Adjustments.
Allow Chassis and Signal Generator to "Heat Up" for several Minutes.

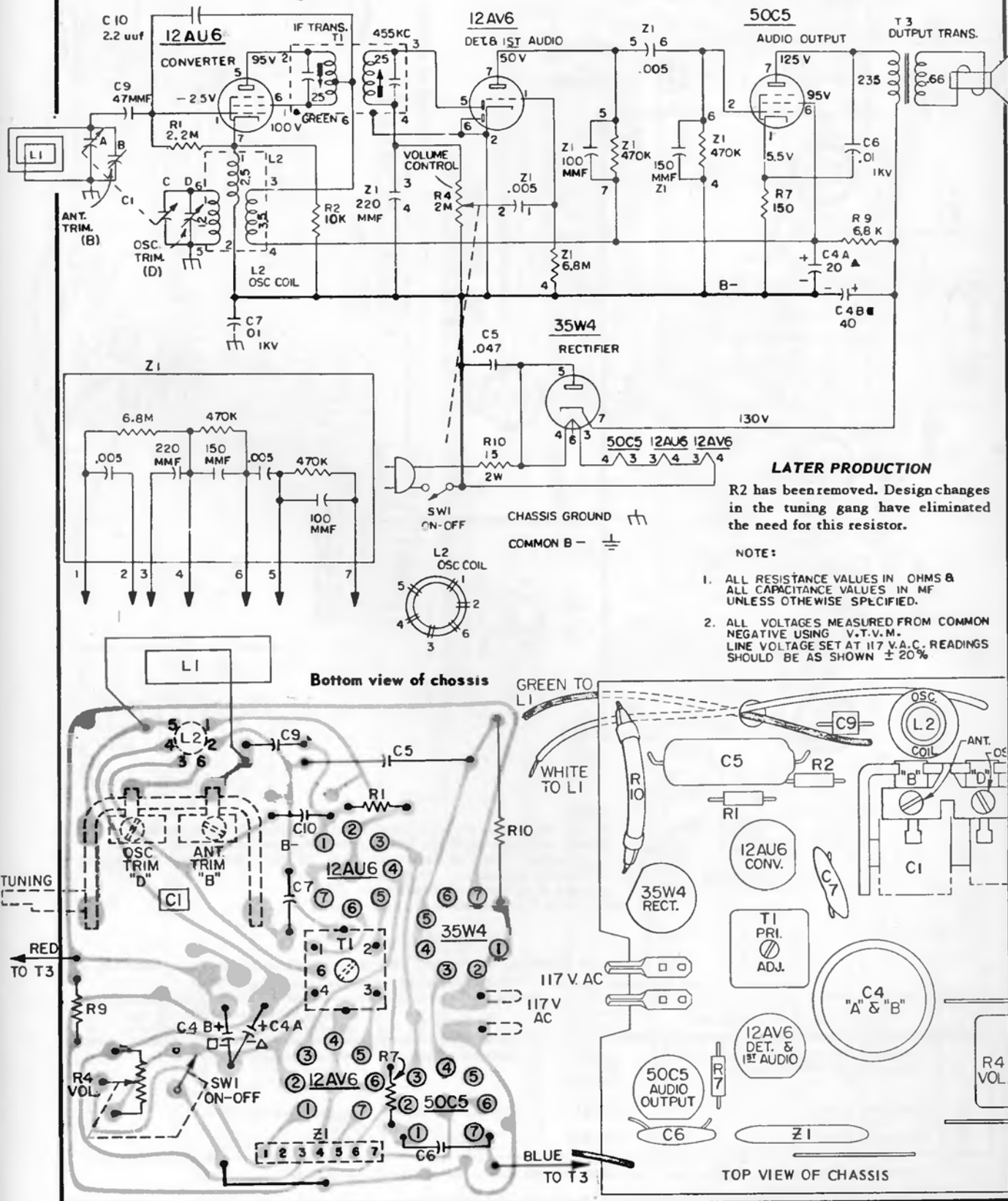
FREQUENCY SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR ANTENNA CONNECTION	GROUND CONNECTION	DUMMY ANTENNA	GANG CONDENSER SETTING	ADJUST TUNING SLUGS (I.F.) AND TRIMMERS TO MAXIMUM
455 KC	Control Grid 12BA6-I.F. Prong No. 1	"X" Point	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	2nd I.F. Pri. (1) & Sec. (2)
455 KC	Control Grid 12BA6 Mixer Prong No. 1	"X" Point	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	1st I.F. Pri. (3) & Sec. (4) 2nd I.F. Pri. (1) & Sec. (2)
1620 KC	Control Grid 12BA6 Mixer Prong No. 1	"X" Point	.1 mf.	Turn Rotor to full open	Oscillator (C-13)
1400 KC	Std. Loop Connected to Signal Generator			Tune Receiver to 1400 KC.	Antenna (C-2) Trimmer



WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY CO.
 TRUETONE MODEL DC2989A,
 MODEL DC2988A is exactly the
 same electrically, but does not
 include clock or appliance outlet.

Westinghouse

MODELS H-629T4A, H-630T4A, H-631T4A,
CHASSIS V-2239-7



LATER PRODUCTION

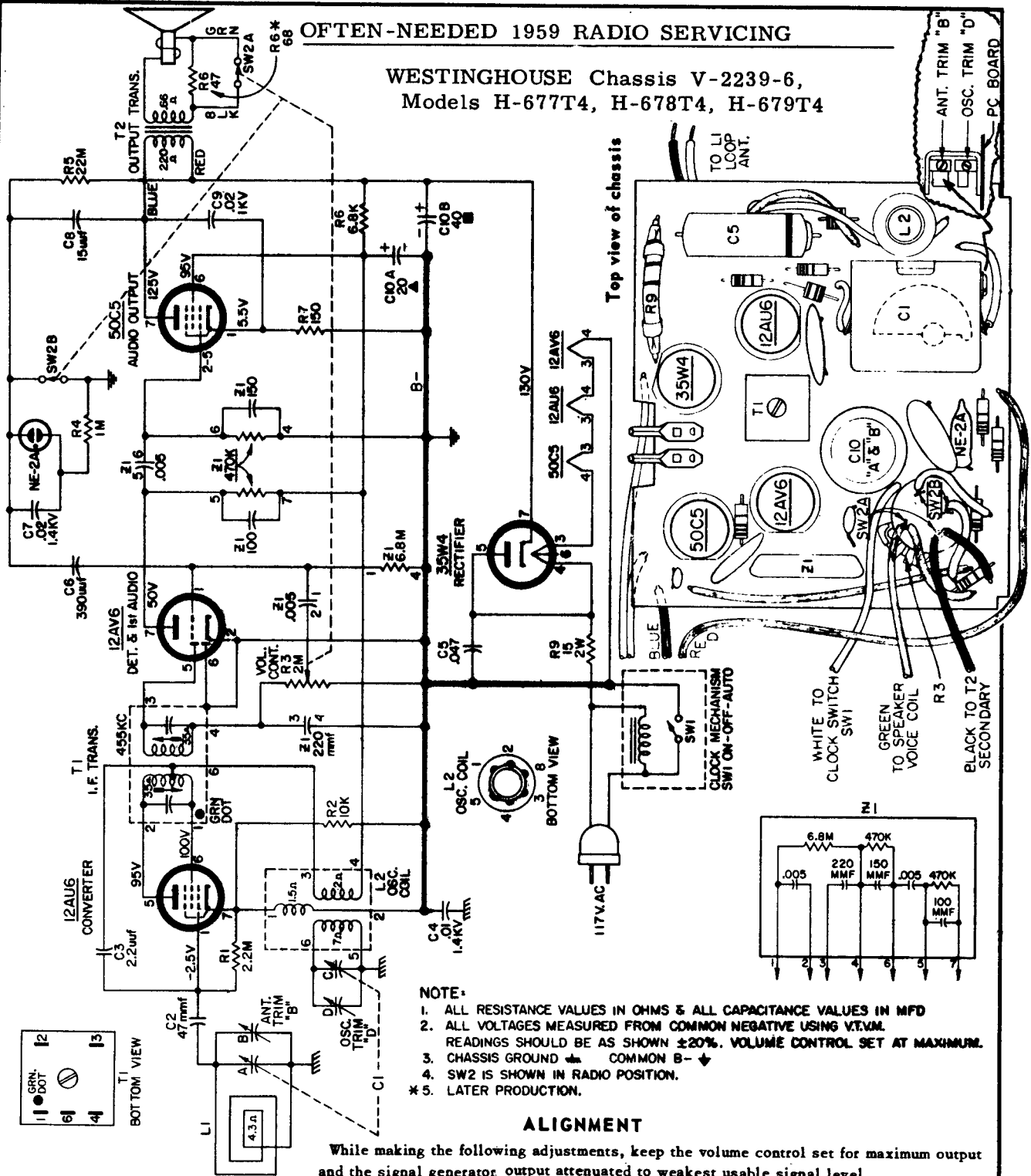
R2 has been removed. Design changes in the tuning gang have eliminated the need for this resistor.

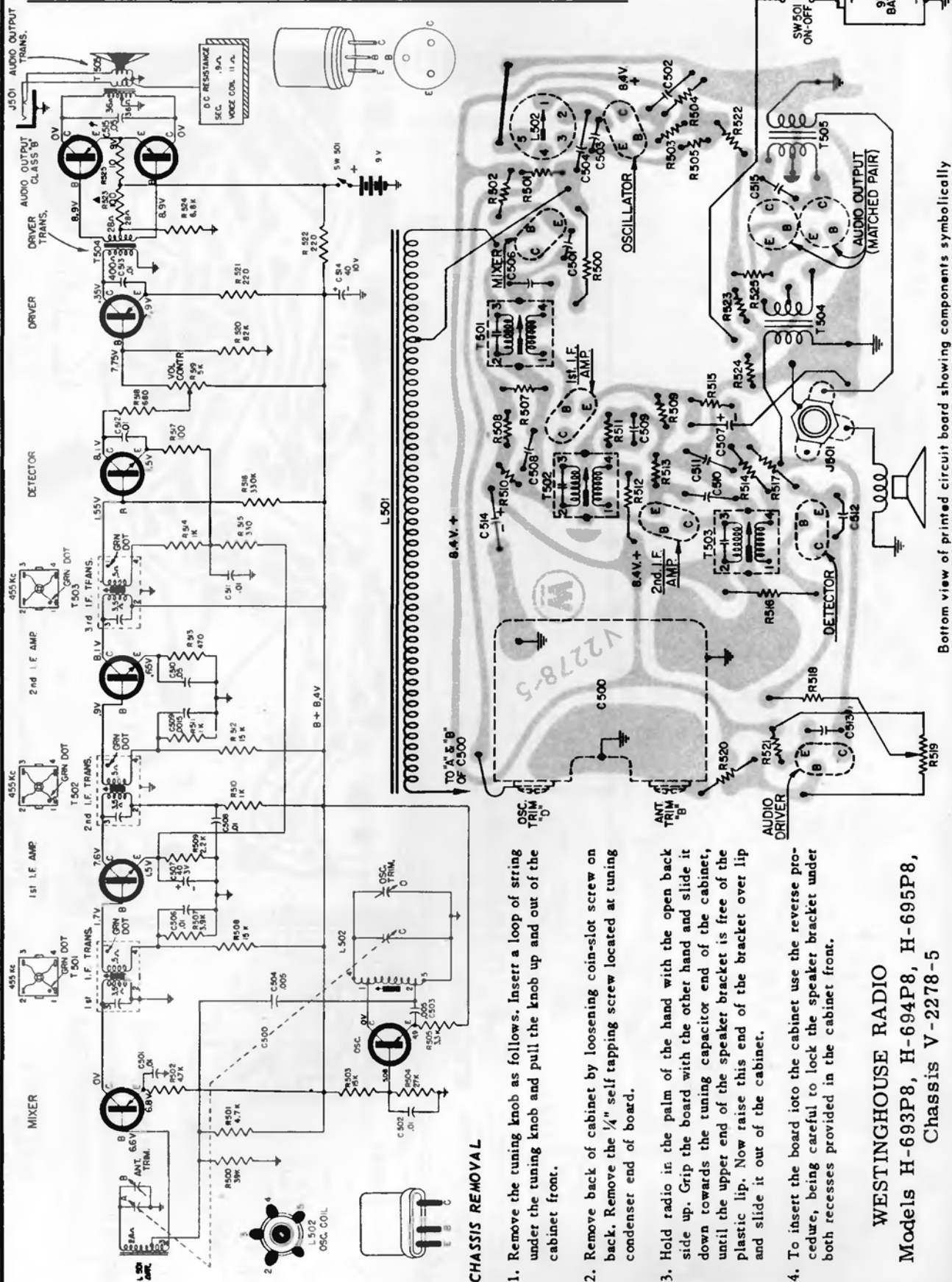
NOTE:

1. ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS & ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MF UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
2. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON NEGATIVE USING V.T.V.M. LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117 V.A.C. READINGS SHOULD BE AS SHOWN $\pm 20\%$

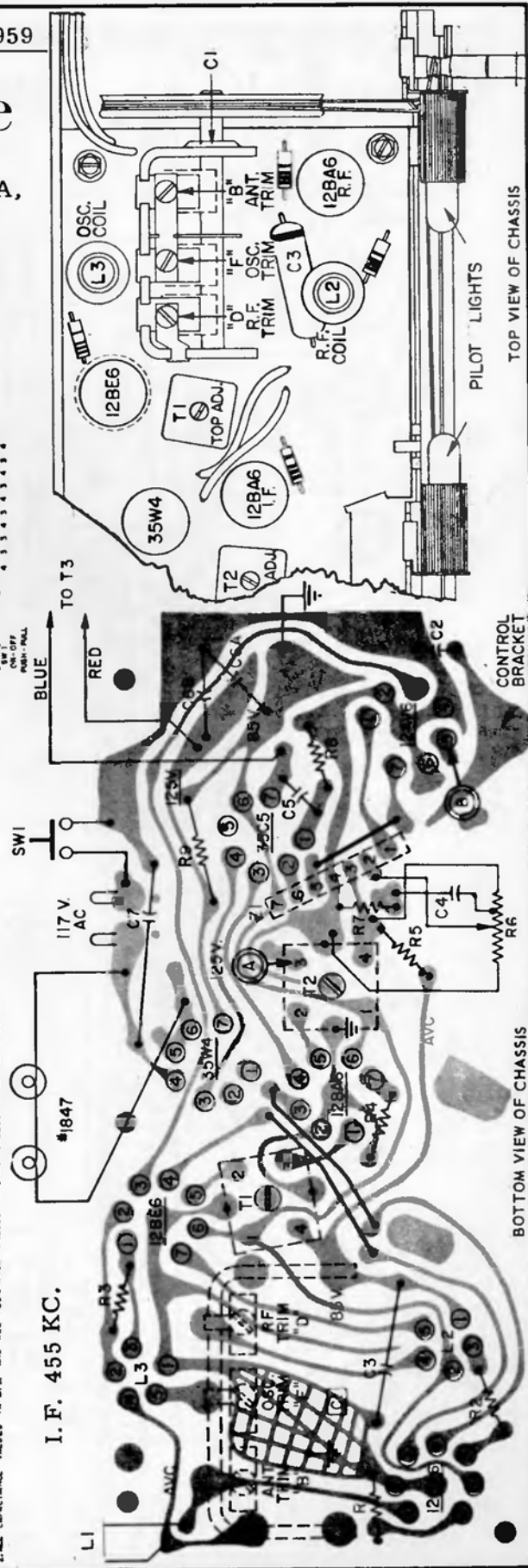
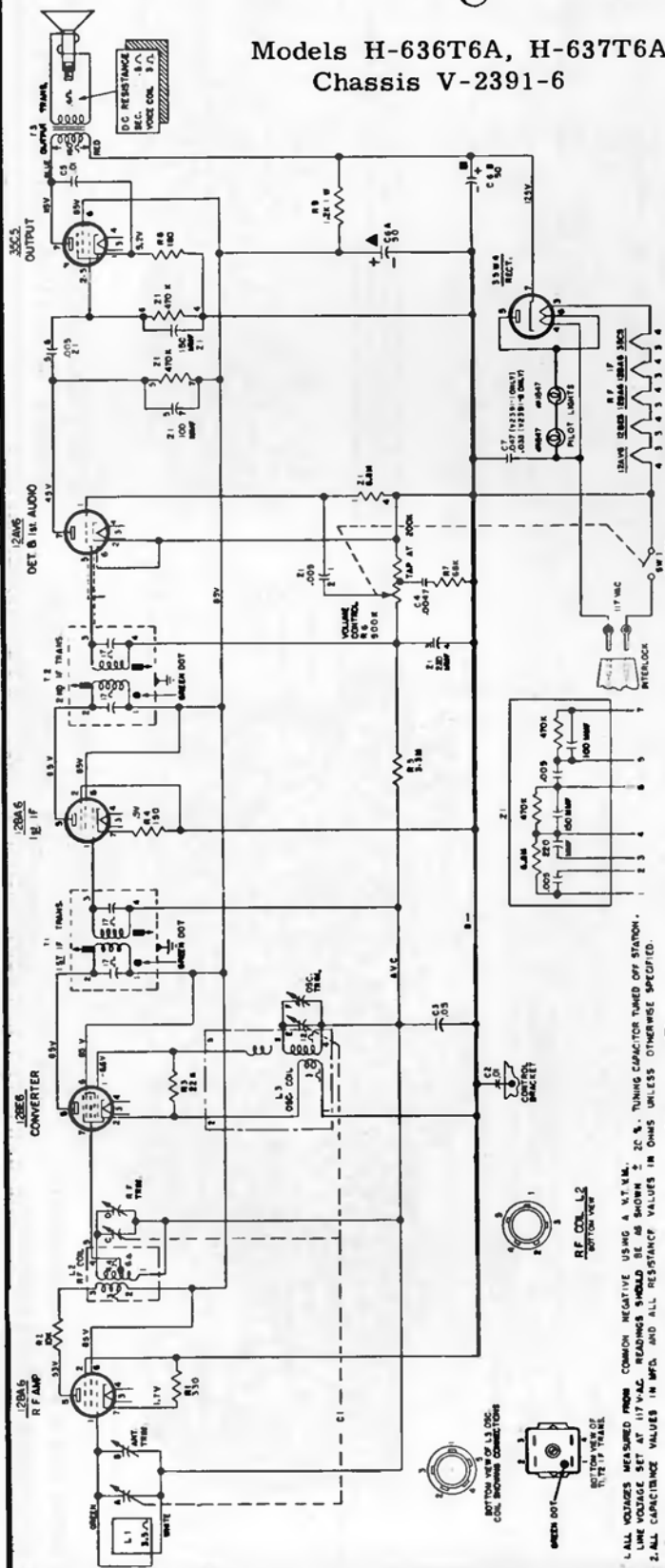
OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING

WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2239-6,
Models H-677T4, H-678T4, H-679T4





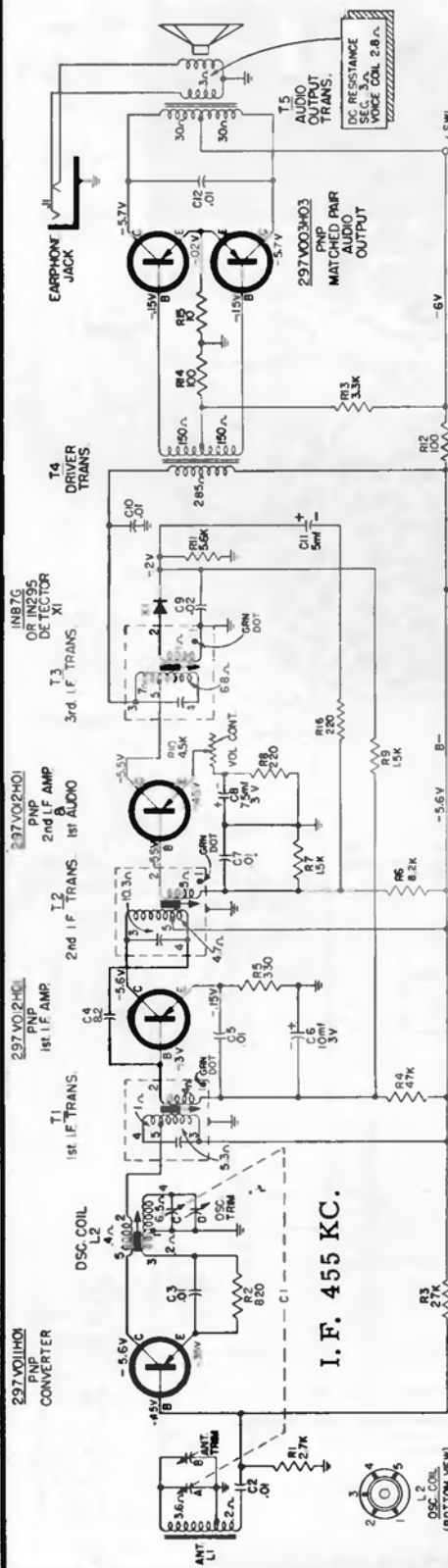
Bottom view of printed circuit board showing components symbolically



(A) TO (B) CONNECTED BY SHIELDED LEAD.

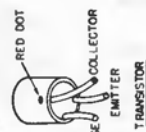
Westinghouse Chassis V-2393-1

Models H-655P5, H-656P5, H-657P5

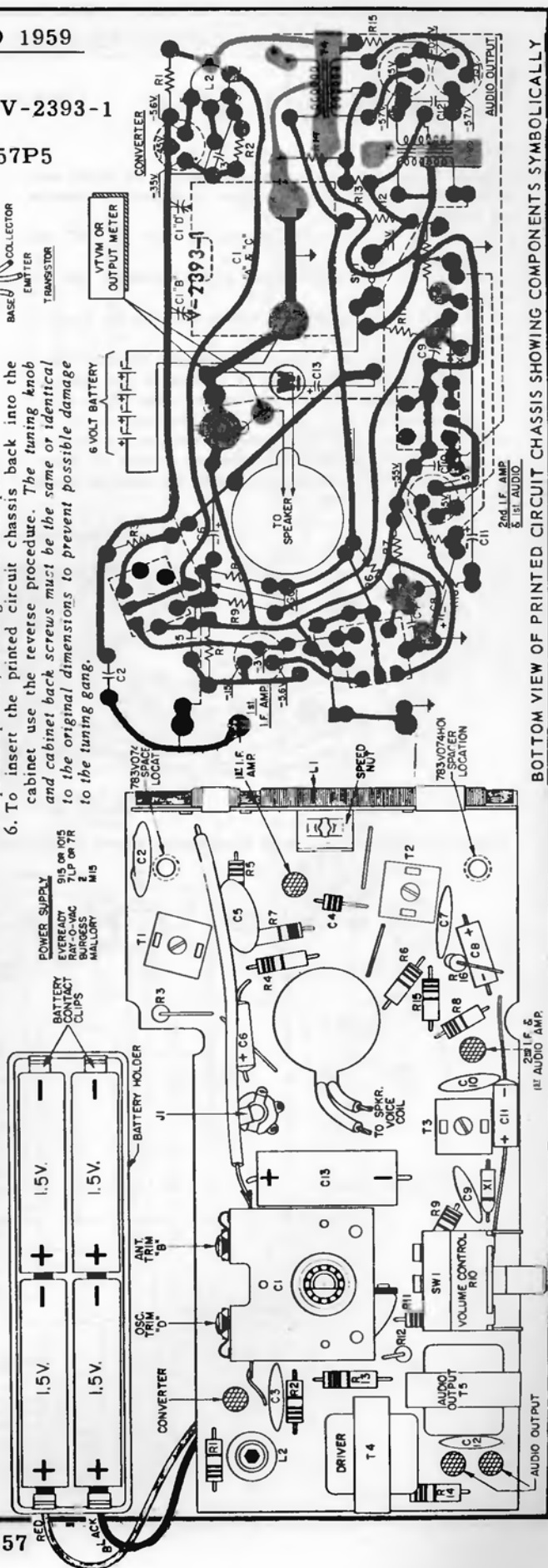


CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Remove the tuning knob as follows. Insert a loop of string under the tuning knob and pull the knob up and out of the cabinet front.
2. Remove the carrying handle. Grasp the handle on both sides and carefully spread it apart until it clears the holes in the cabinet sides.
3. Remove the back of the cabinet by loosening the two coin-slot screws on the back.
4. Remove the two 1" long hex head screws securing the chassis to the cabinet front.
5. Remove the printed circuit chassis, battery case, speaker spacers, rubber grommet and speaker.
6. To insert the printed circuit chassis back into the cabinet use the reverse procedure. The tuning knob and cabinet back screws must be the same or identical to the original dimensions to prevent possible damage to the tuning gang.



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BOTTOM VIEW OF PRINTED CIRCUIT CHASSIS SHOWING COMPONENTS SYMBOLICALLY

TOP VIEW OF PRINTED CIRCUIT CHASSIS

Westinghouse

Chassis V-2394-1, Models H-659P4, H-660P4

CHASSIS REMOVAL (See figure 1)

1. Press in the two cabinet release buttons on either side of the receiver case. Open the case to expose the chassis and batteries.
2. Unsnap the battery cable assemblies from the "A" and "B" batteries.
3. Remove the two self-tapping screws securing the AC receptacle.
4. Remove the two self-tapping screws securing the chassis bracket to the top of the case.
5. Carefully slide the chassis out from the receiver case. The on-off-volume control knob is captivated and thus remains in the case as the control shaft is pulled off the knob.

When servicing with the receiver connected to the AC power line use an isolation transformer between the receiver and the AC line. To replace the chassis reverse the above procedure. Be careful to correctly seat the chassis in the cabinet mounting grooves.

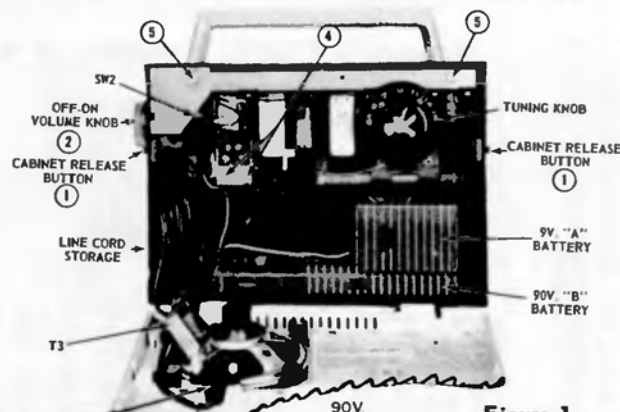
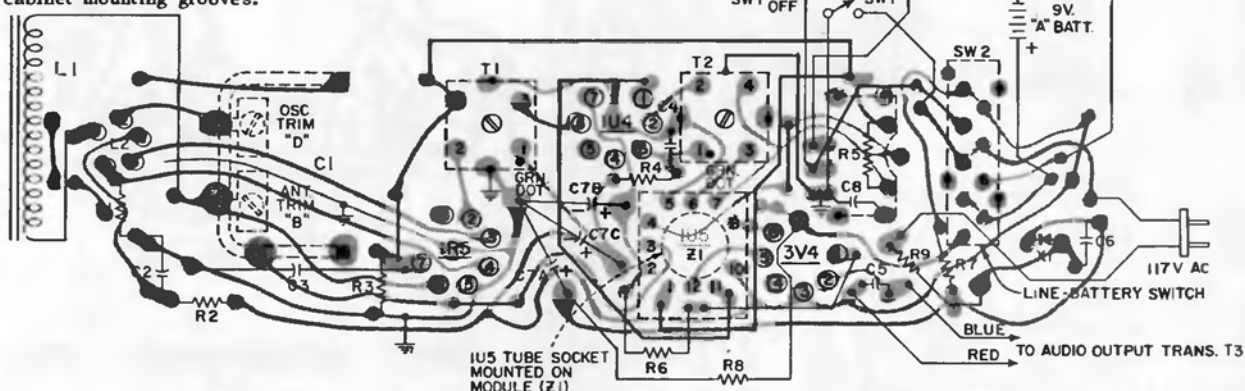
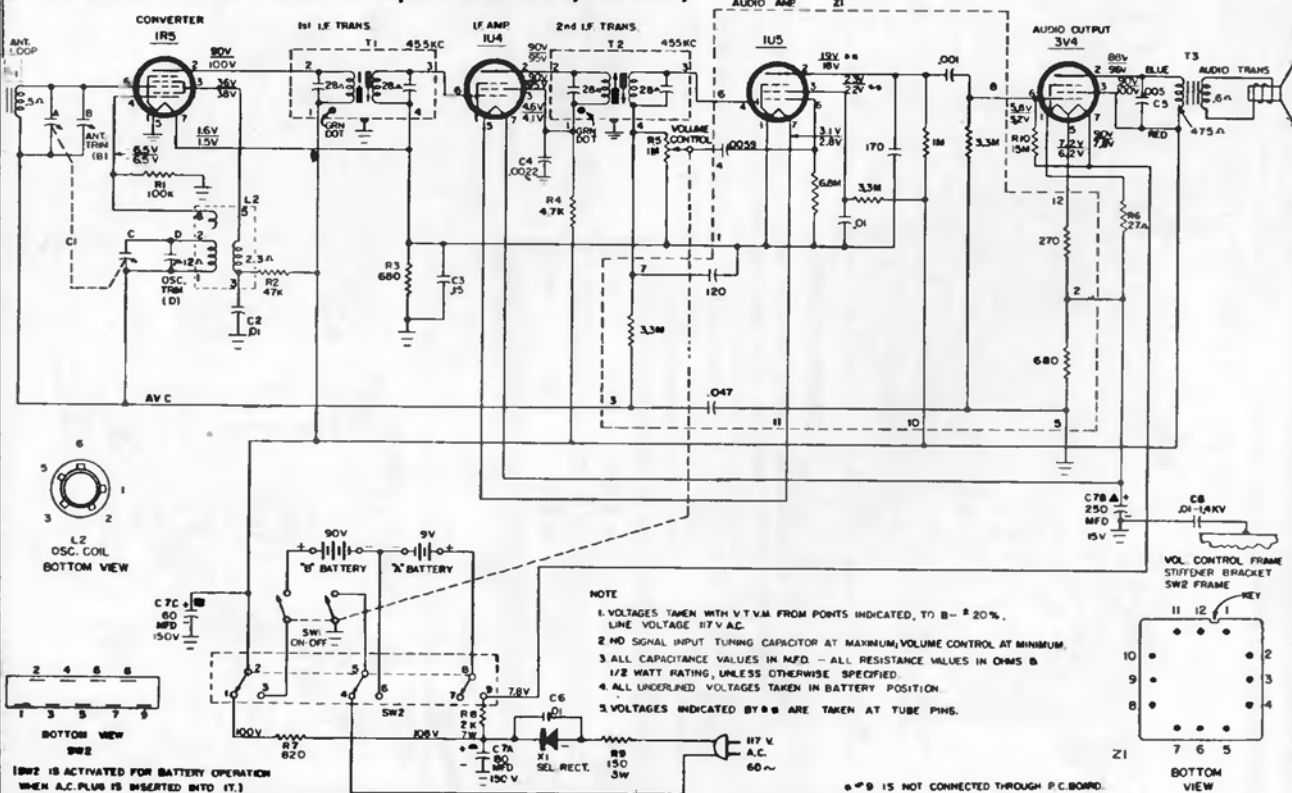
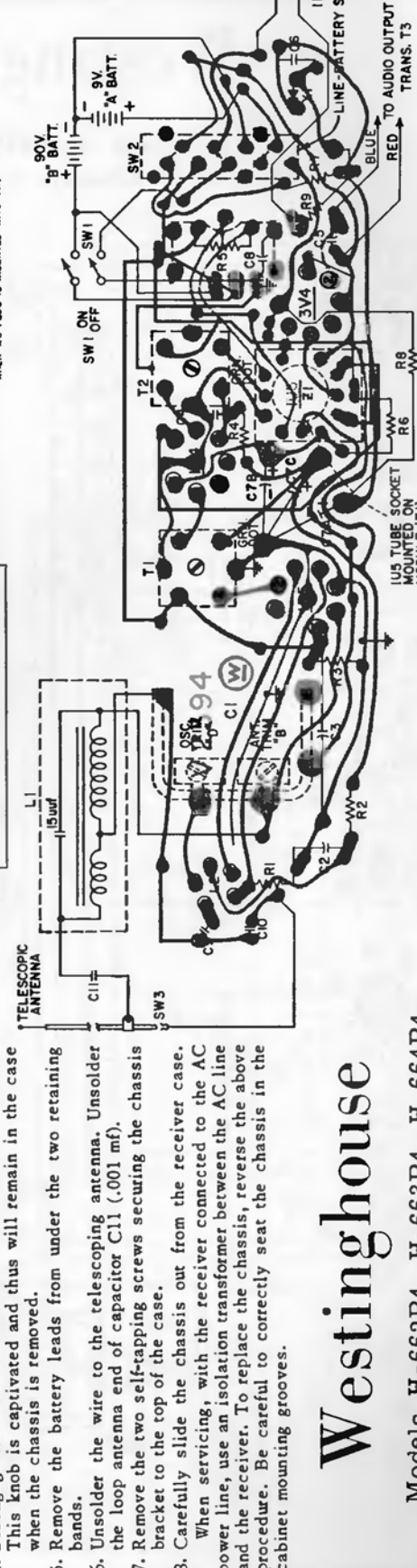
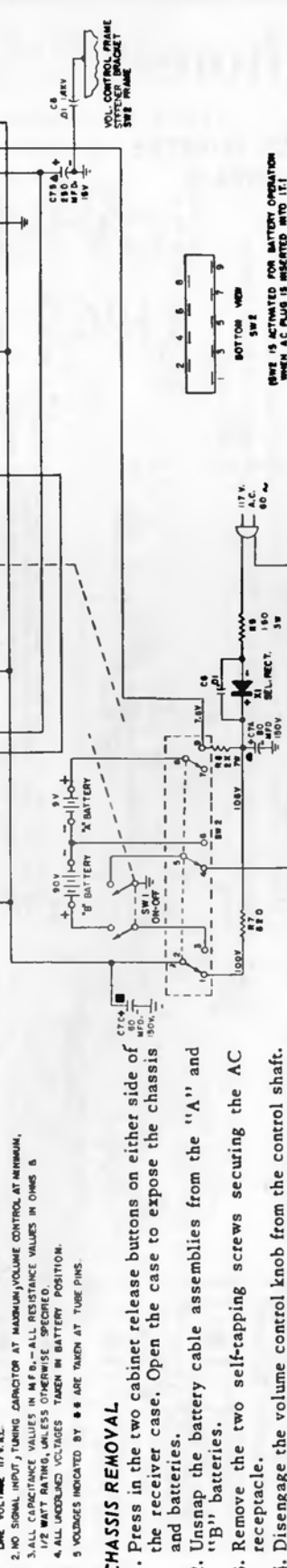
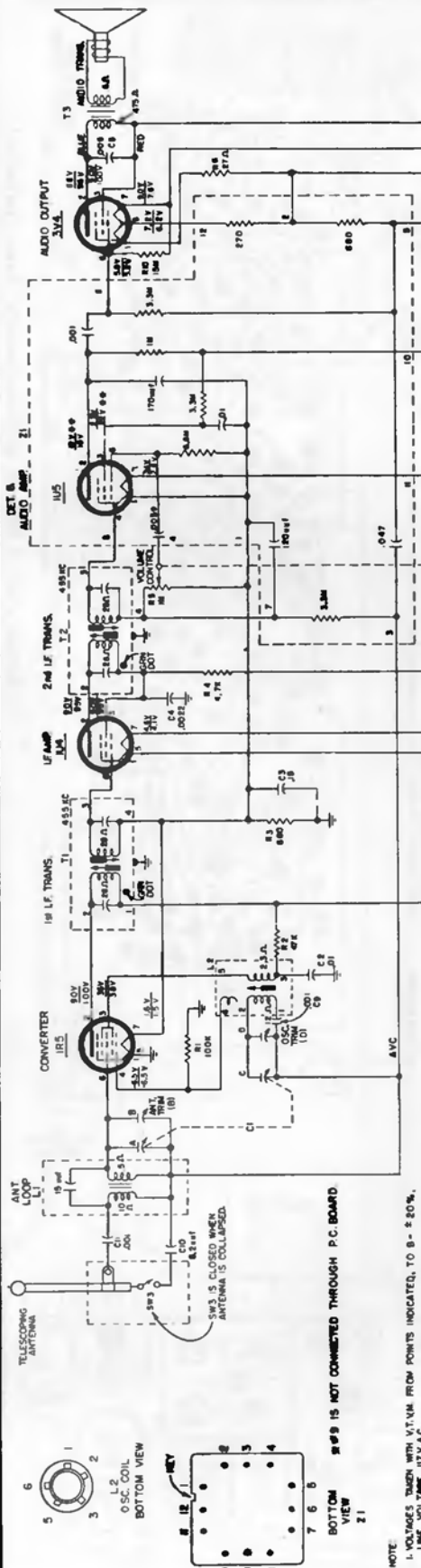


Figure 1



Bottom view of chassis with components shown symbolically





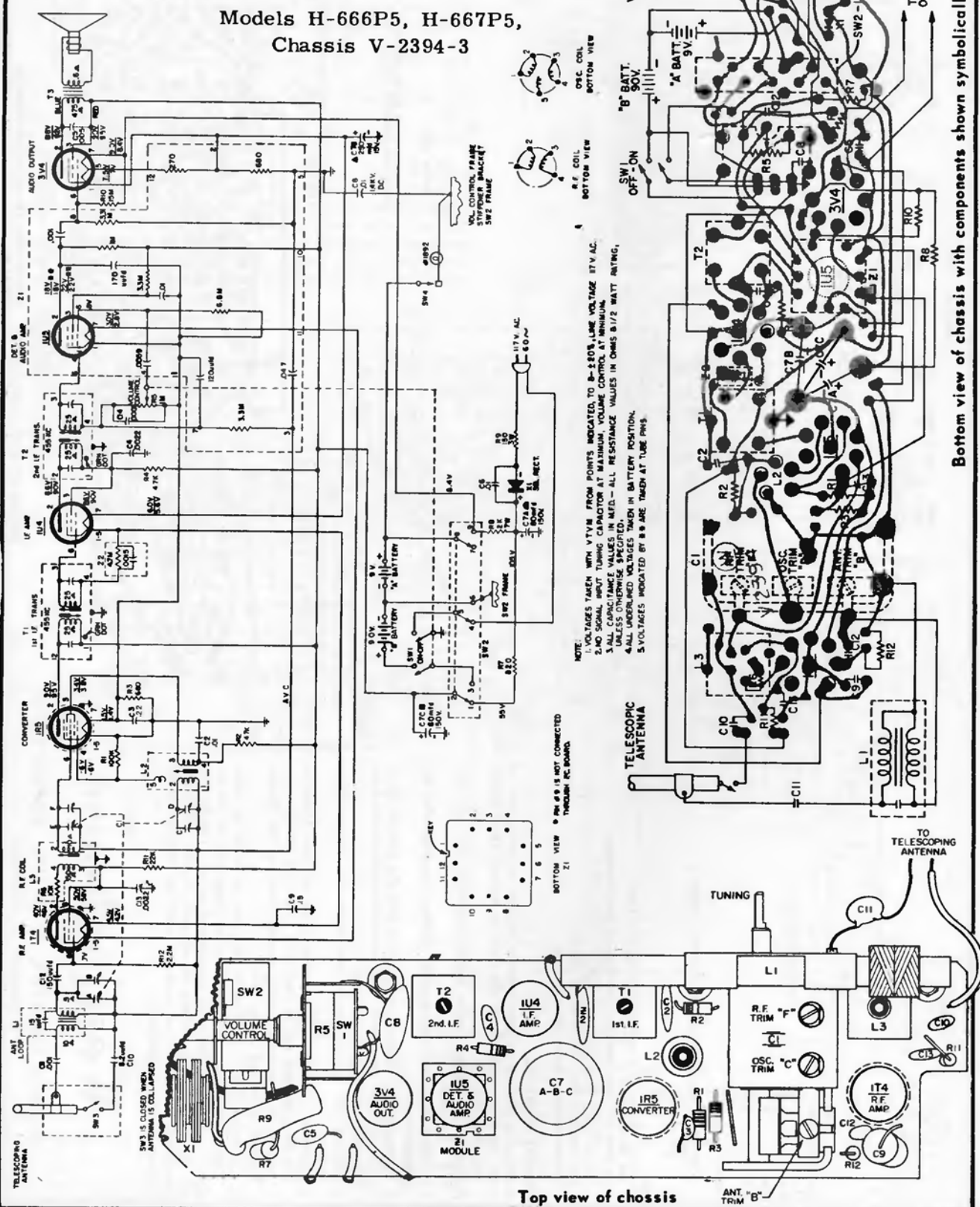
Bottom view of chassis with components shown symbolically

Westinghouse

Models H-662P4, H-663P4, H-664P4,
Chassis V-2394-2

Westinghouse

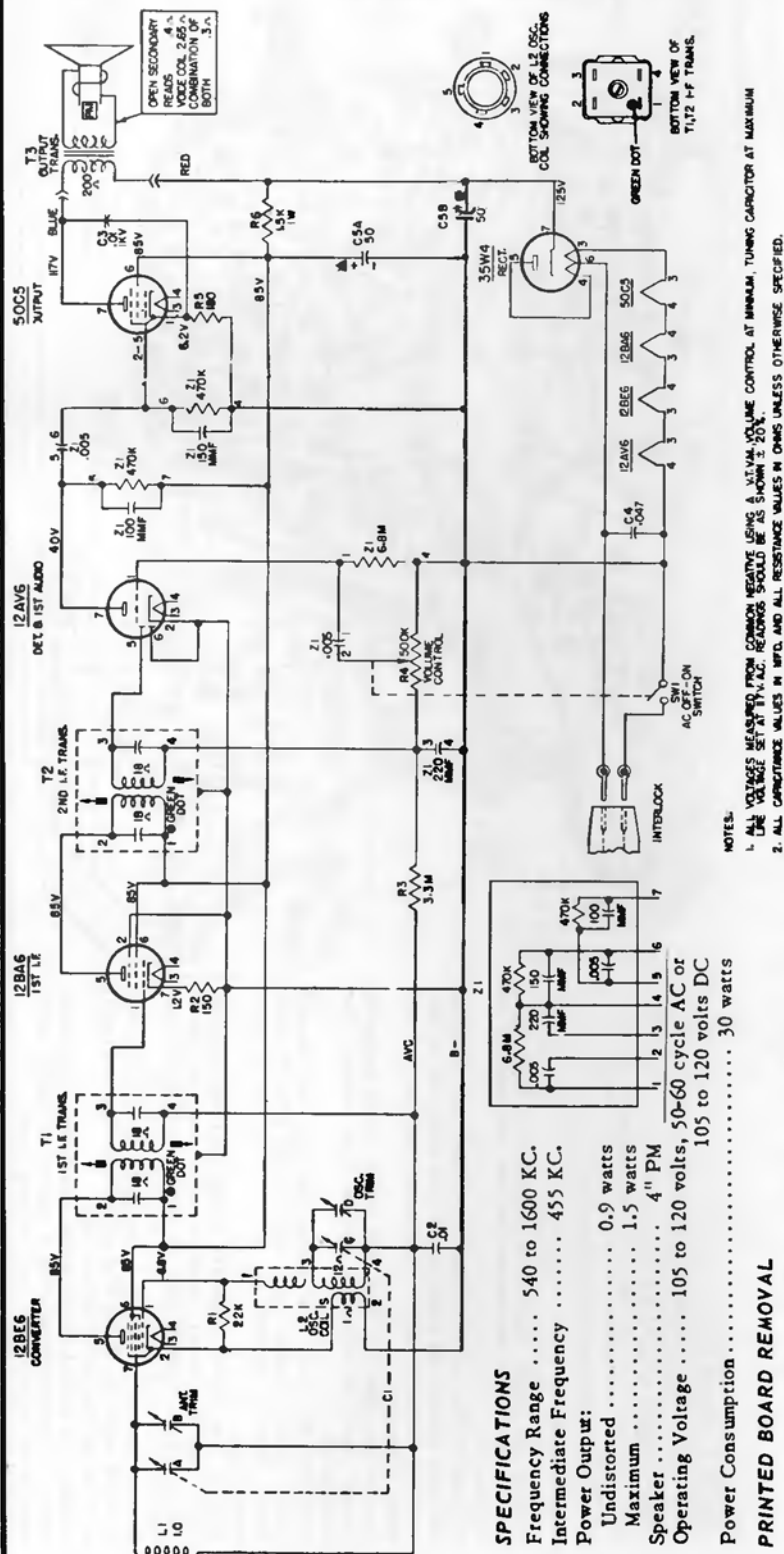
Models H-666P5, H-667P5,
Chassis V-2394-3



Bottom view of chassis with components shown symbolically

Westinghouse

Models H-681T5, H-682T5, H-683T5,
Chassis V-2395-1



SPECIFICATIONS

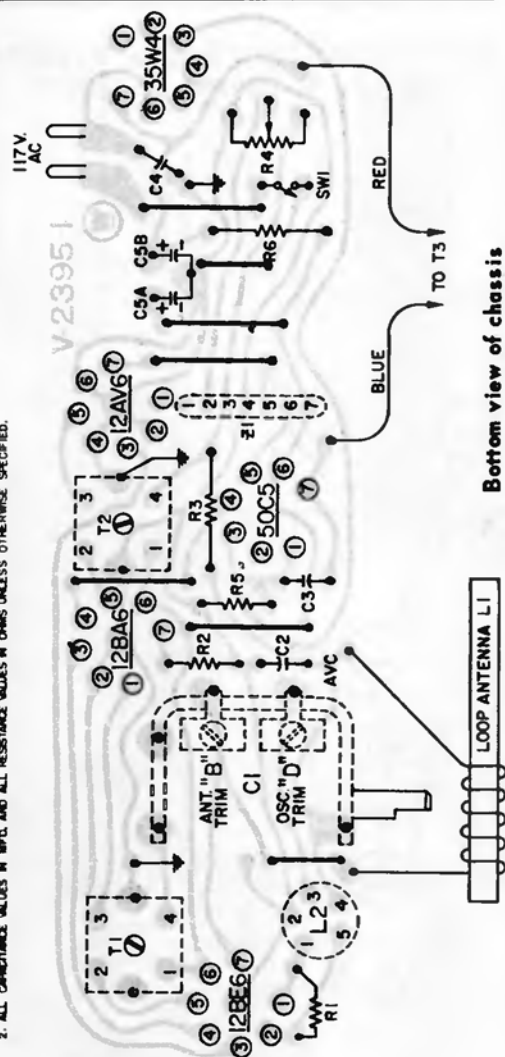
Frequency Range 540 to 1600 KC.
Intermediate Frequency 455 KC.
Power Output:
Undistorted 0.9 watts
Maximum 1.5 watts
Speaker 4" PM
Operating Voltage 105 to 120 volts, 50-60 cycle AC or
105 to 120 volts DC
Power Consumption 30 watts

PRINTED BOARD REMOVAL

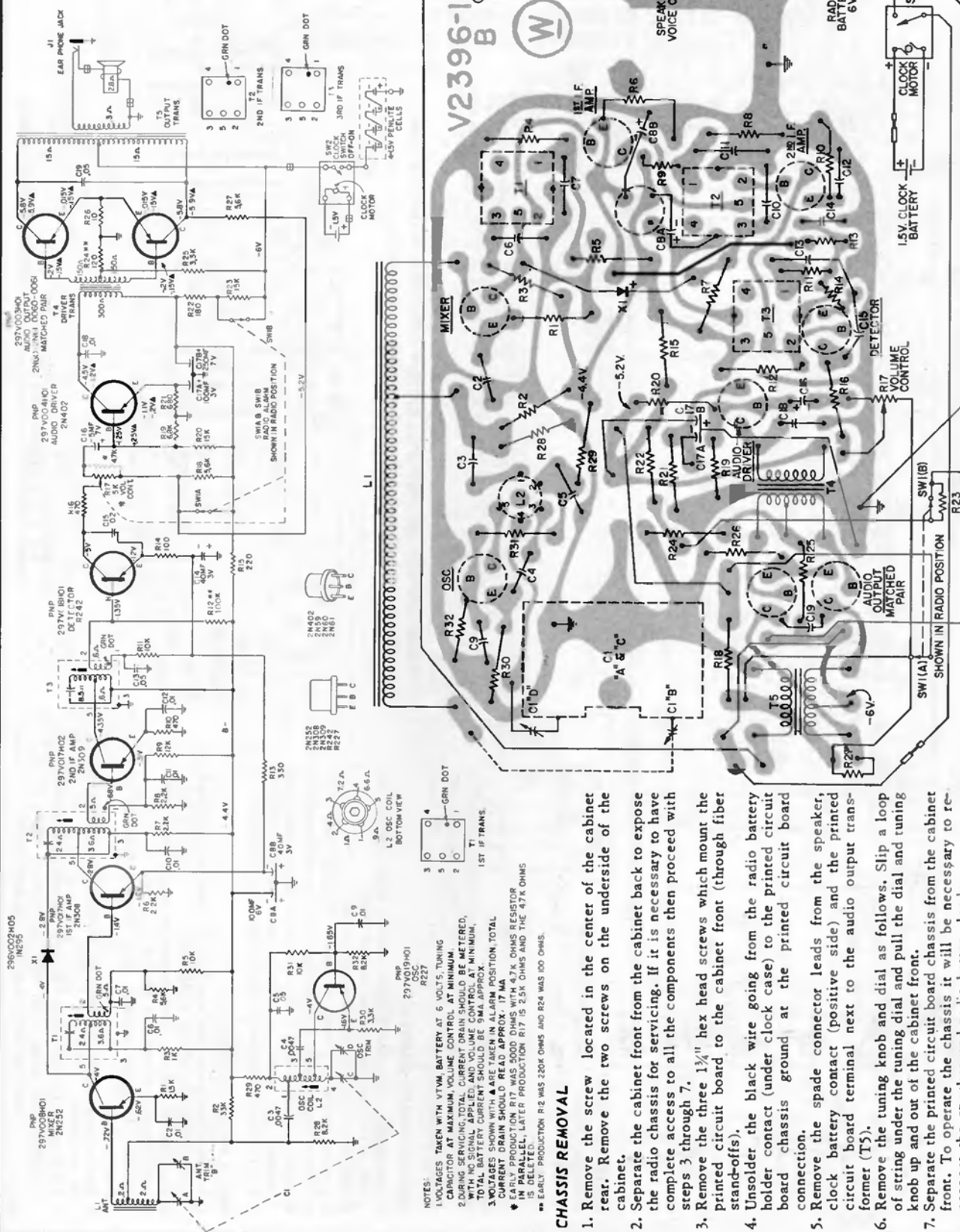
1. Disengage captivated volume control knob (located on side of cabinet) from volume control shaft.
2. Remove two screws from rear of cabinet.
3. Loosen screw on bottom of cabinet slightly; then push forward on this screw to disengage AC line cord interlock.
4. Remove screw from bottom of cabinet. Front panel and attached PC board can now be removed from cabinet.
5. For PC board installation reverse the above procedure.

FRONT PANEL REMOVAL

1. Remove front panel and attached PC board as described under PRINTED BOARD REMOVAL.
 2. Unsolder red and blue leads from audio output transformer (transformer is mounted on speaker).
 3. Remove the screw securing loop antenna assembly to front panel.
 4. Remove two screws attaching PC board stiffener bracket to front panel.
 5. For front panel installation * reverse the above procedure.
- * NOTE: The tuning knob must be replaced before PC board assembly is attached to front panel.

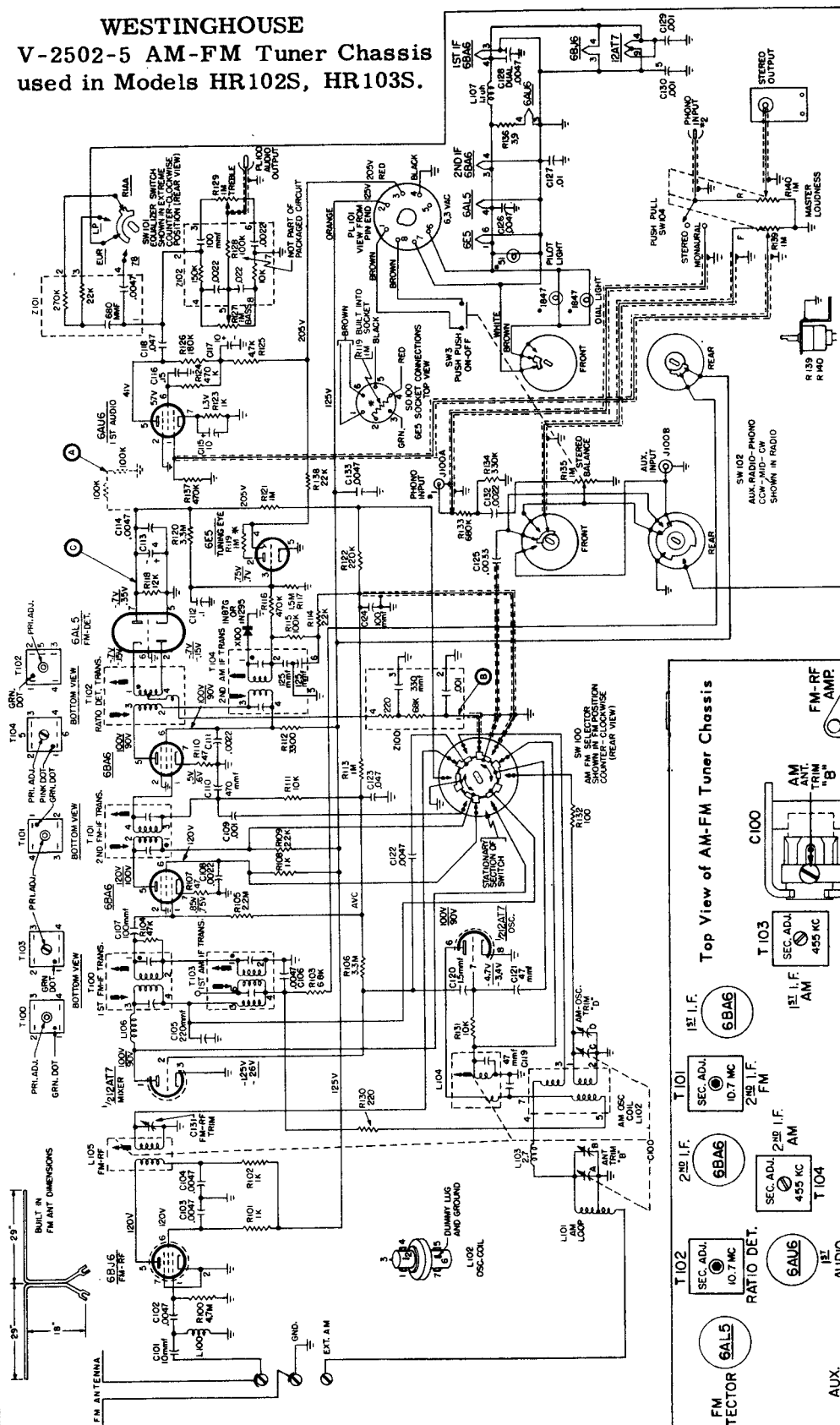


WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2396-1
Models H-685P8, H-686P8



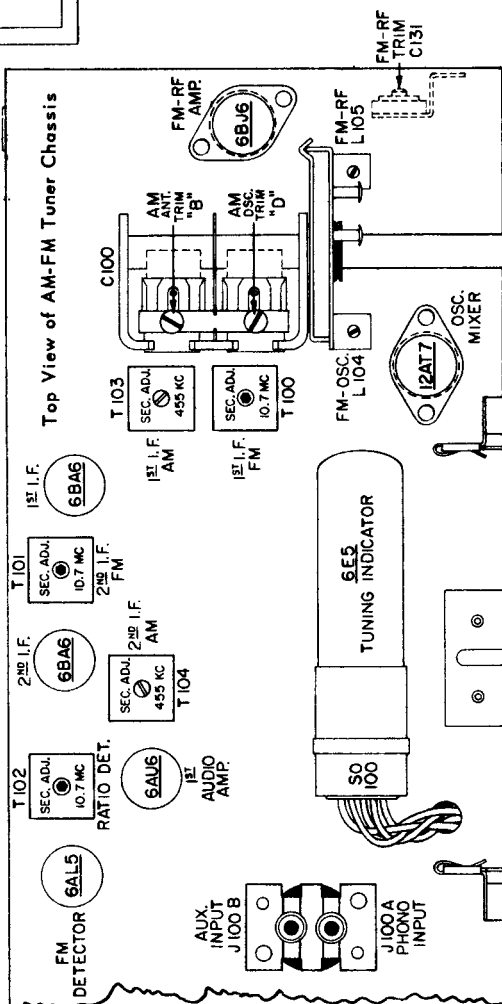
Bottom view of printed circuit board with components shown symbolically.

WESTINGHOUSE V-2502-5 AM-FM Tuner Chassis used in Models HR102S, HR103S.



1. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MFD. AND ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
2. ALL VOLTAGE MEASURED TO CHASSIS USING A V.T.M. LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117 VOLTS A.C. VOLTAGES SHOULD BE AS SHOWN $\pm 20\%$. NO SIGNAL INPUT. LOUDNESS AT MINIMUM. TUNING CAPACITOR AT MAXIMUM.
3. VOLTAGES UNDERLINED ARE TAKEN WITH SW100 IN FM POSITION.
4. * POWER DERIVED FROM AMPLIFIER CHASSIS V2500-2.
5. * BUILT IN 6E5 SOCKET.

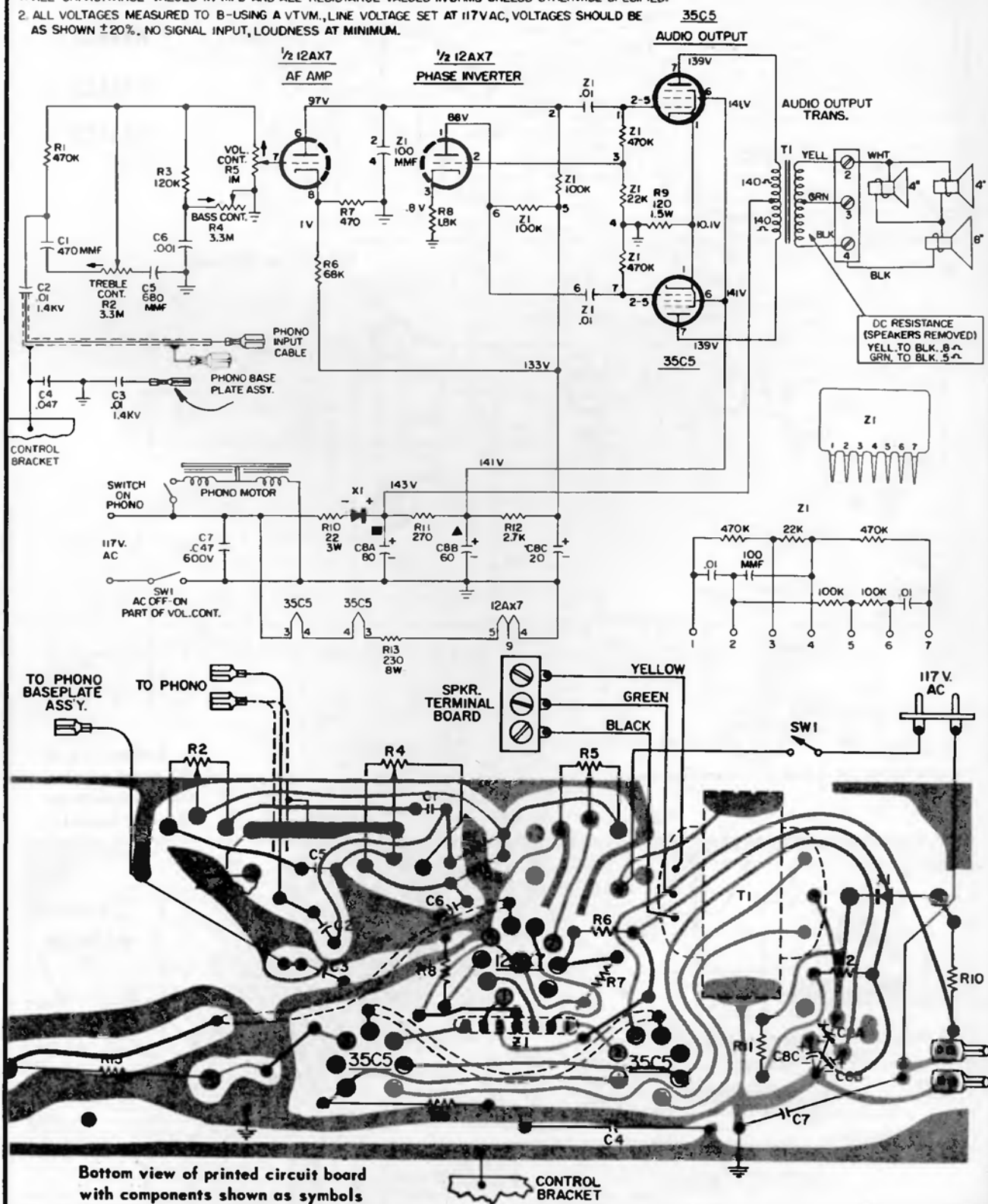
WESTINGHOUSE V-2502-5 AM-FM Tuner Chassis used in Models HR-102S, HR103S



Westinghouse

Models HF-110AN, HF-111AN,
Chassis V-2503-2

1. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MFD AND ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
2. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO B-USING A VTVM., LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117VAC, VOLTAGES SHOULD BE AS SHOWN $\pm 20\%$, NO SIGNAL INPUT, LOUDNESS AT MINIMUM.



Westinghouse

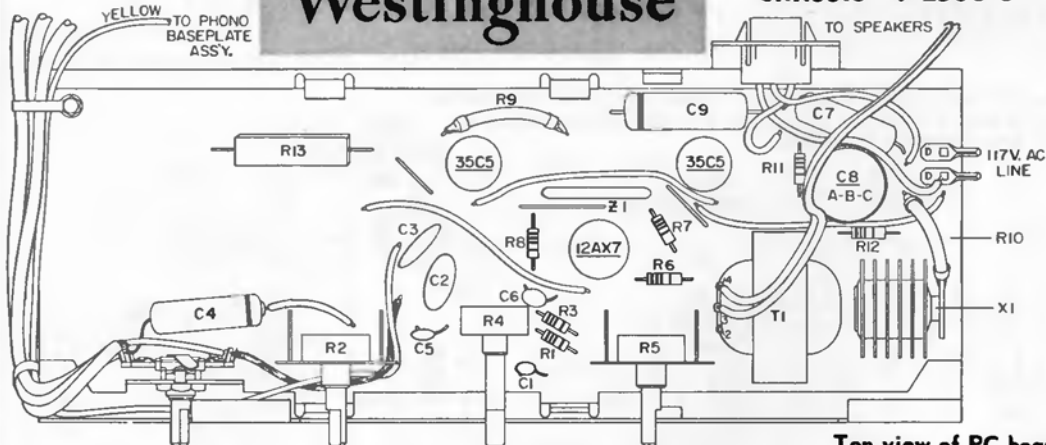
CHASSIS V-2503-3

MODELS

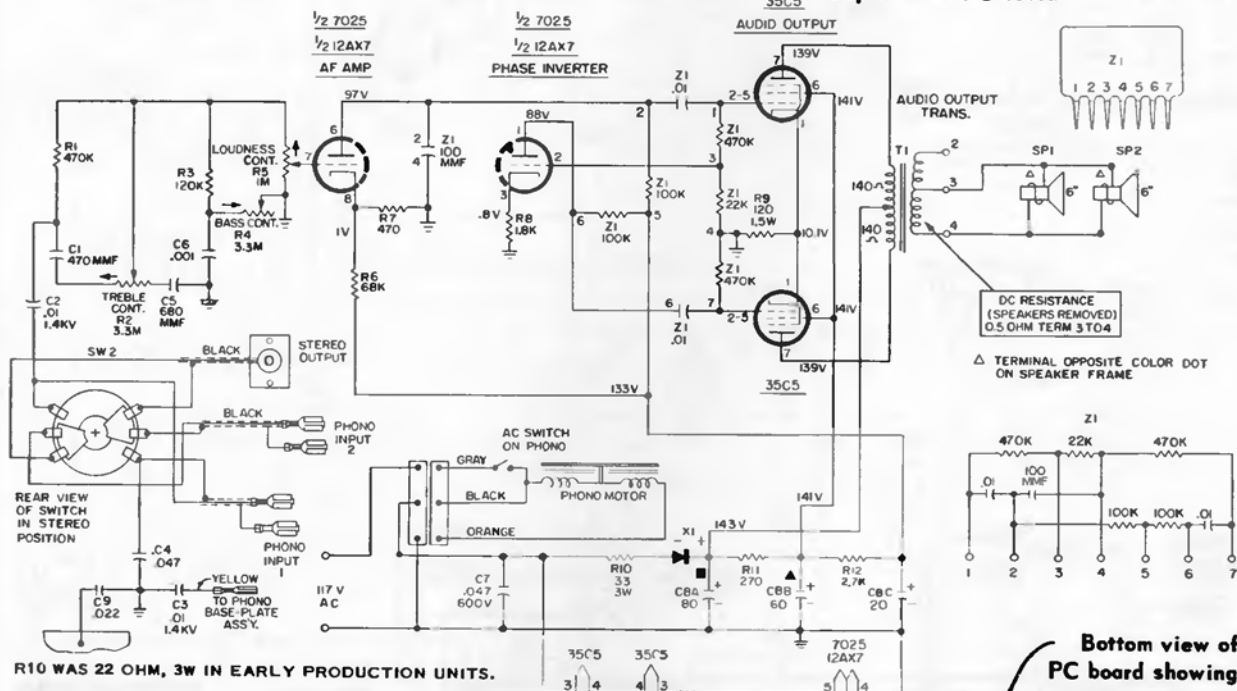
H46AC1

H46AC2

H46AC3

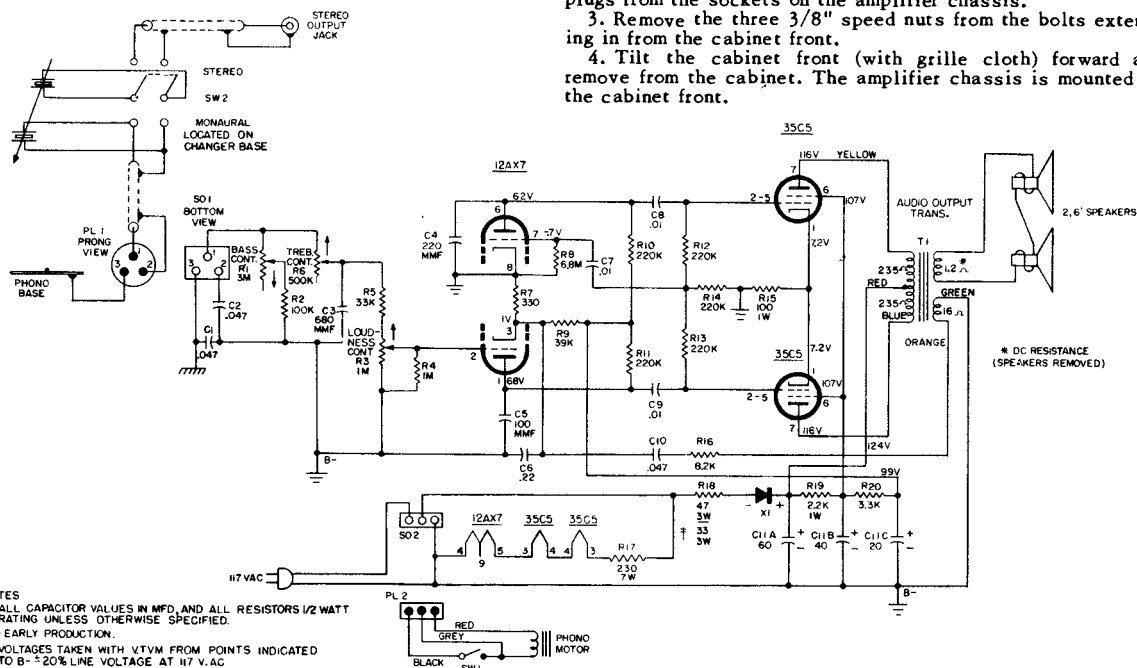


Top view of PC board.



Westinghouse

Models H-45AC1A, H-45AC2A, Chassis V-2506-3



TUBE REPLACEMENT

To replace the vacuum tubes it is first necessary to remove the cover at the rear of the speaker baffle. This cover has ventilating holes and is secured by two phillips-head screws.

CHASSIS REMOVAL

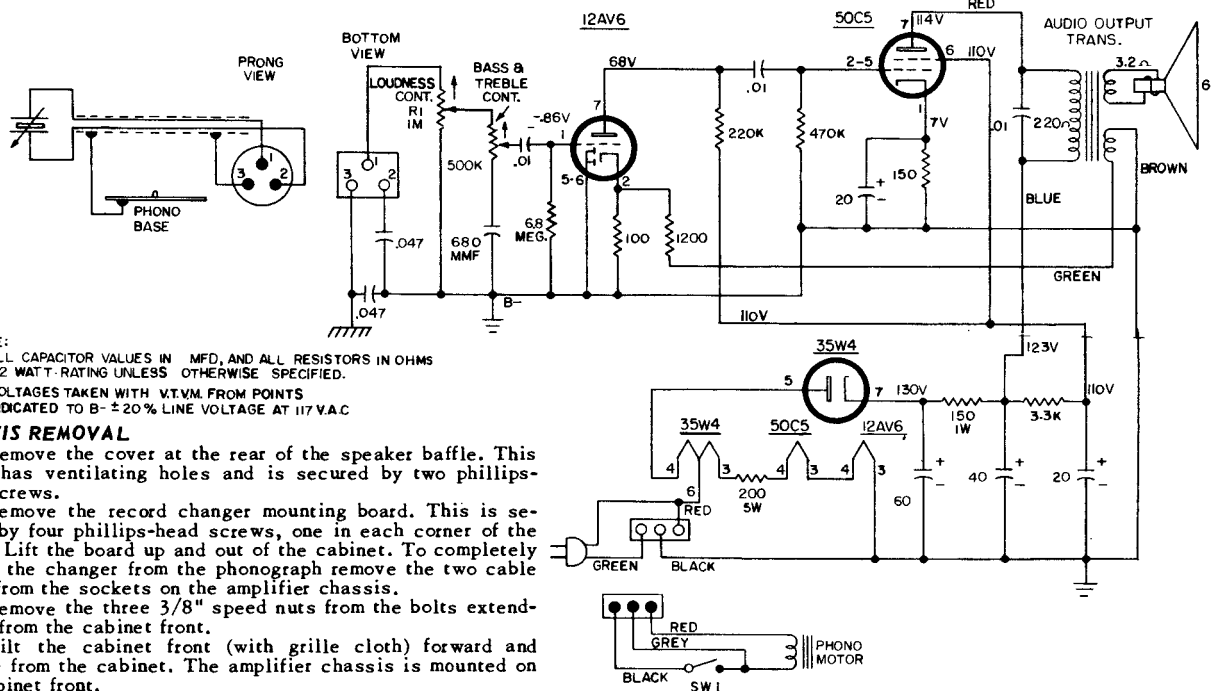
1. Remove the cover at the rear of the speaker baffle. This cover has ventilating holes and is secured by two phillips-head screws.

2. Remove the record changer mounting board. This is secured by four phillips-head screws, one in each corner of the board. Lift the board up and out of the cabinet. To completely detach the changer from the phonograph remove the two cable plugs from the sockets on the amplifier chassis.

3. Remove the three 3/8" speed nuts from the bolts extending in from the cabinet front.

4. Tilt the cabinet front (with grille cloth) forward and remove from the cabinet. The amplifier chassis is mounted on the cabinet front.

WESTINGHOUSE Models H-44AC1A, H-44AC2A, Chassis V-2506-2.



CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Remove the cover at the rear of the speaker baffle. This cover has ventilating holes and is secured by two phillips-head screws.

2. Remove the record changer mounting board. This is secured by four phillips-head screws, one in each corner of the board. Lift the board up and out of the cabinet. To completely detach the changer from the phonograph remove the two cable plugs from the sockets on the amplifier chassis.

3. Remove the three 3/8" speed nuts from the bolts extending in from the cabinet front.

4. Tilt the cabinet front (with grille cloth) forward and remove from the cabinet. The amplifier chassis is mounted on the cabinet front.

Westinghouse

MODELS

H48SE1 (mahogany)

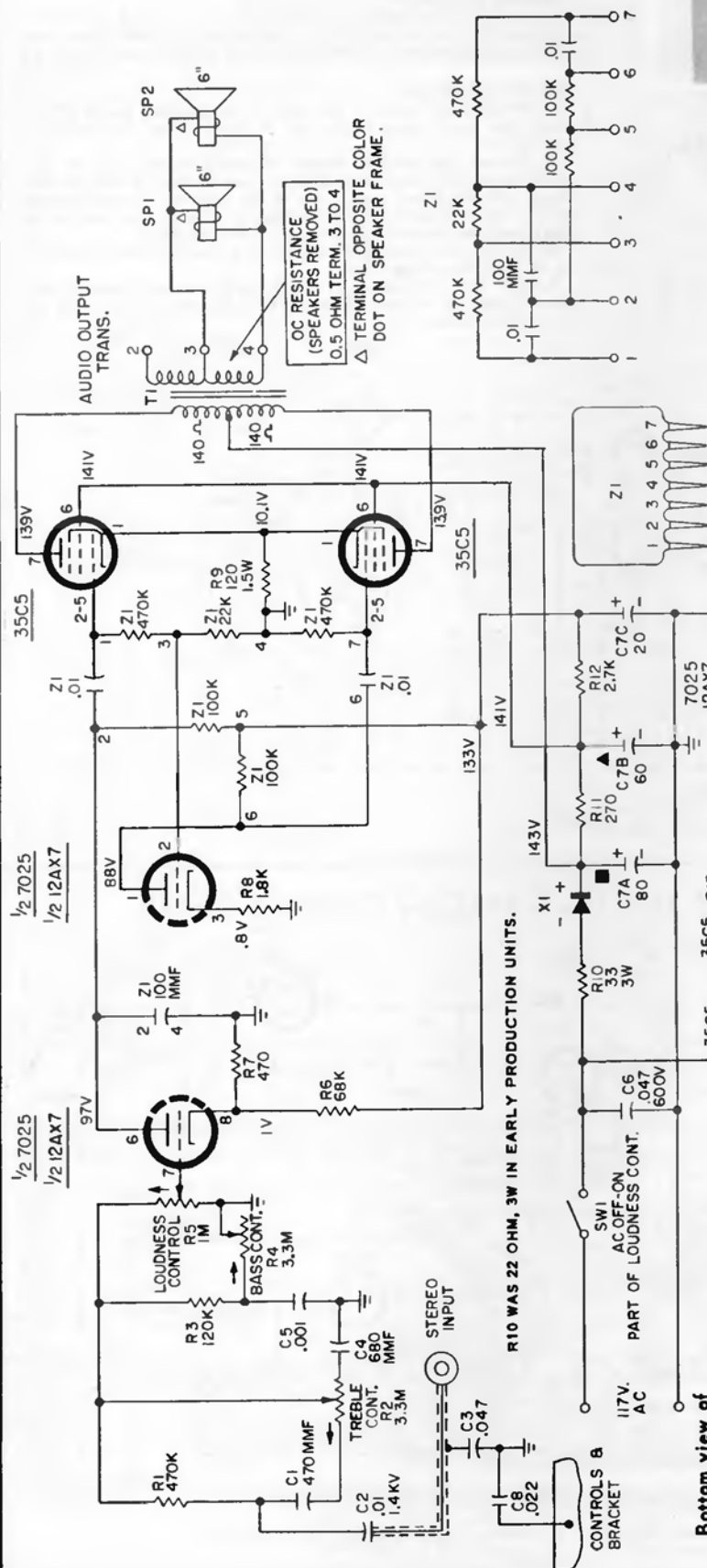
H48SE2 (oak)

H 48SE3 (*fruitwood*)

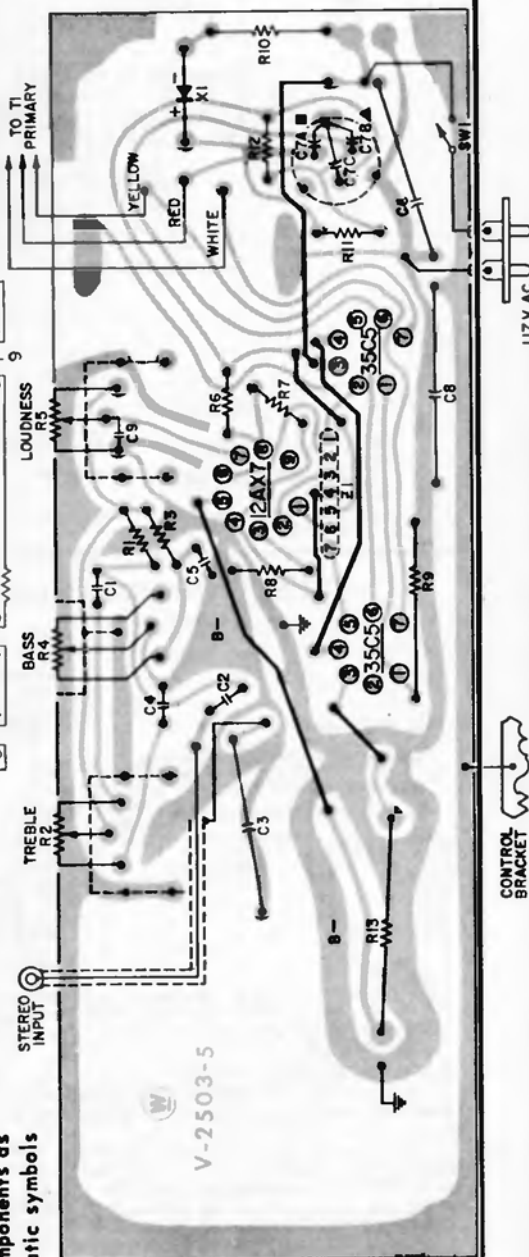
H48SE4 (walnut)

H48SE5 (*tutone*)

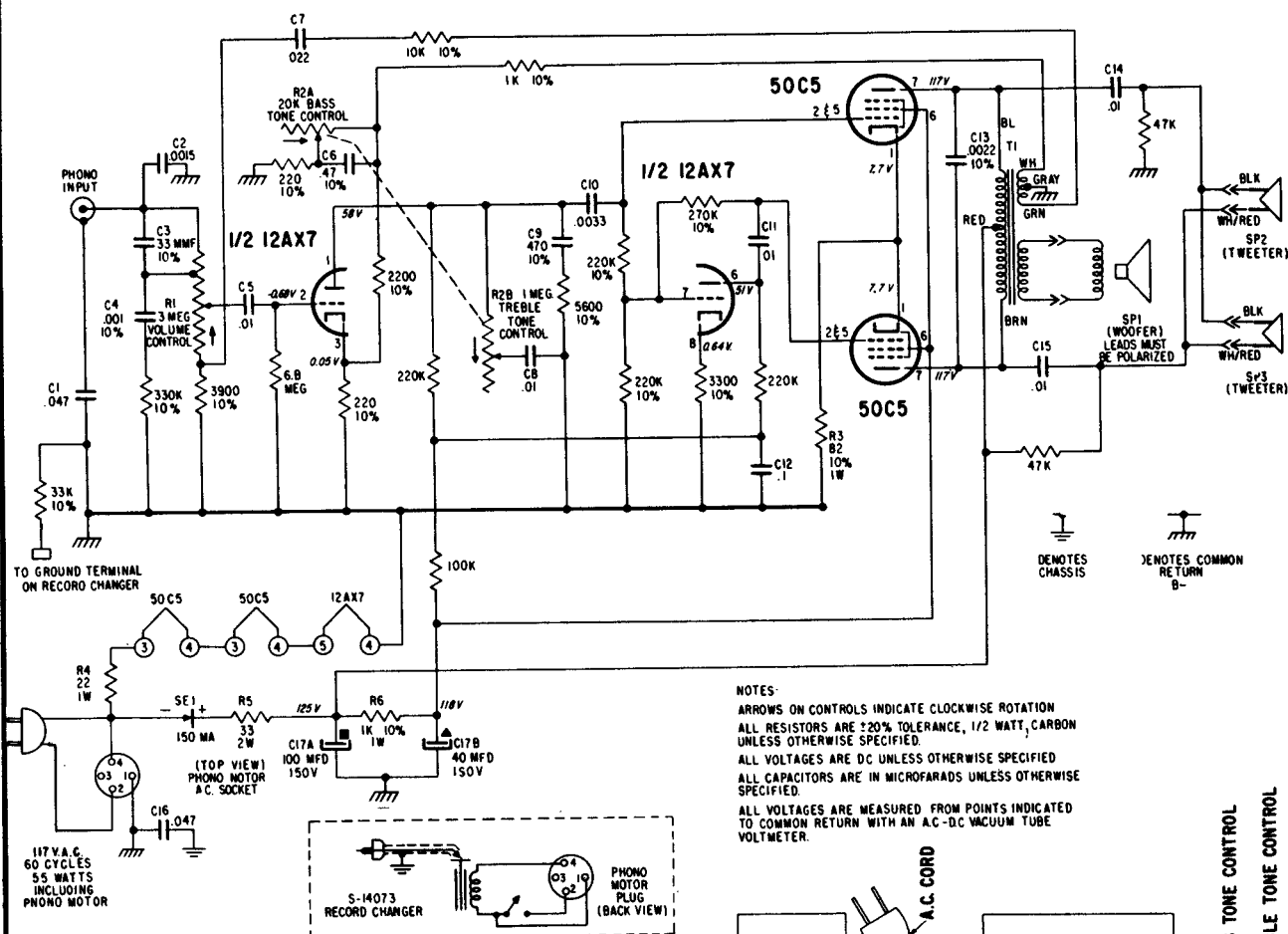
CHASSIS V-2503-5



**Bottom view of
PC board showing
top components as
schematic symbols**



ZENITH RADIO MODELS HF110G & J CHASSIS 3Z04



PART NO. DIA. NO.

14-2405G
14-2405J
19-298
24-923
24-924
36-210
36-211
40-157
40-189
46-1318
46-2001
49-795
83-765
83-1475
83-2535
83-2761
86-254
93-1173
93-1260
142-87
156-45
159-94
159-95
166-114
188-102

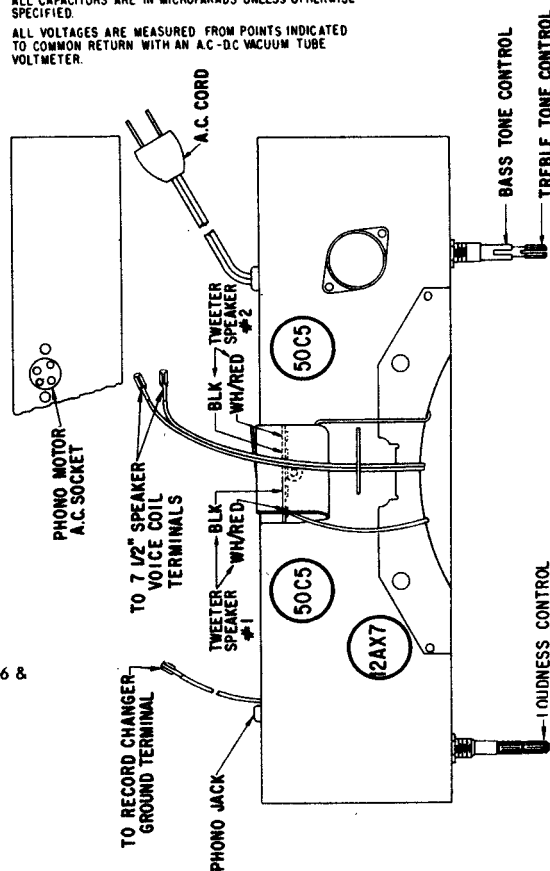
SP1

188-195
202-1362
S-14083
S-23829
S-41437
S-42308
S-43478
S-43479
S-44126
S-44127

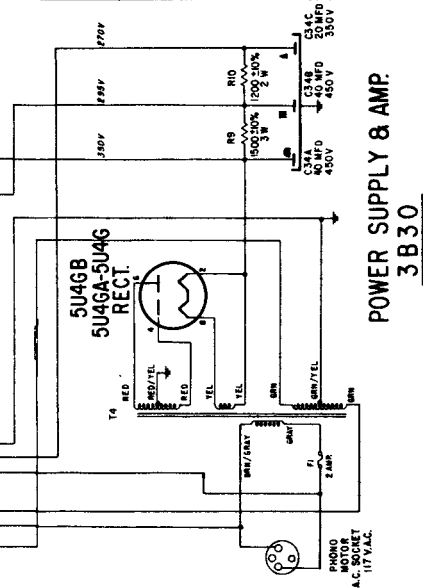
SP2, 3

MODELS HF110, G & J CABINET PARTS Using Chassis 3Z04 DESCRIPTION

Table Cabinet - Model HF110G
Table Cabinet - Model HF110J
Mounting Clip (mts. S-41437)
Chassis Cover - Model HF110J
Chassis Cover - Model HF110G
Cabinet Handle (part of 14-2405G)
Cabinet Handle (part of 14-2405J)
Lid Support Hinge (part of 14-2405, G & J)
Hinge (2 part of 14-2405 G & J)
Knob - Volume & Tone HF110J
Knob - Volume & Tone HF110G
7 1/2" P.M. Speaker
Armite strip (2 used)
Armite strip
Phono Shipping Strip (2 used)
Phono Shipping Strip
Terminal (4 used)
6 Finishing Washer (1 used on ea. 70-239)
Fibre Washer (2 part of S-14083)
Dual Cartridge (Sapphire-Sapphire)
Cover Latch (2 part of 14-2405J)
Plug Button (4 used on 14-2405G & J)
Plug Button Screen (2 used on 14-2405G & J)
Plastic Bumper (4 part of 14-2405G & J)
Knob Retaining Ring (1 part of ea. S-43478, 43479, 44126 & 44127)
Retaining Ring (2 part of S-14083)
Instruction Book
Record Changer
Tweeter Speaker (2 used)
45 RPM Record Adapter
Cartridge Holder (part of S-14083)
Knob & Ring Assem.
Knob & Ring Assem.
Knob Ring Assem. Tone HF110G
Knob & Ring Assem. Dummy HF110G



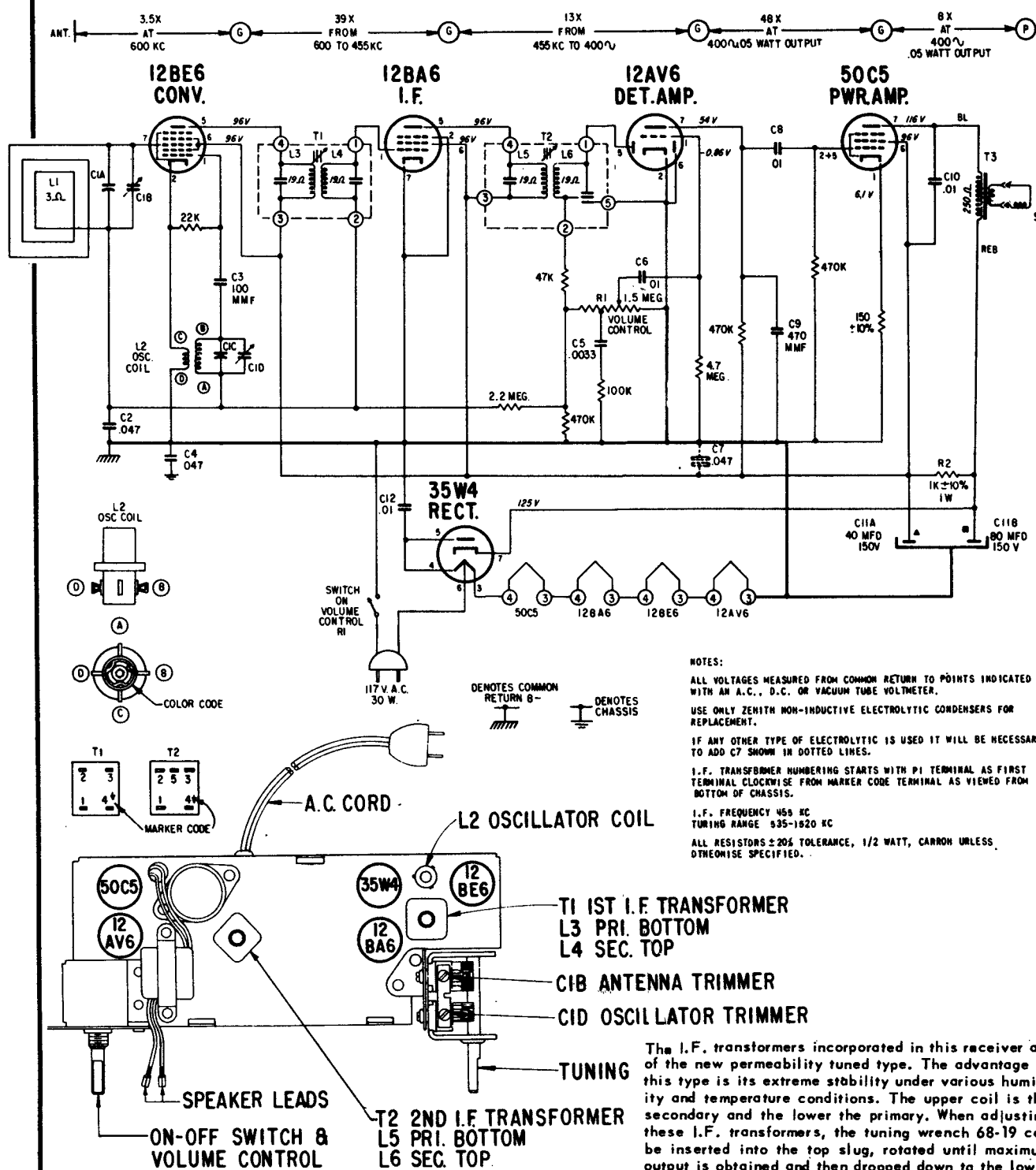
170





VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION MODEL B513Y, L, F, V, CHASSIS 5B01

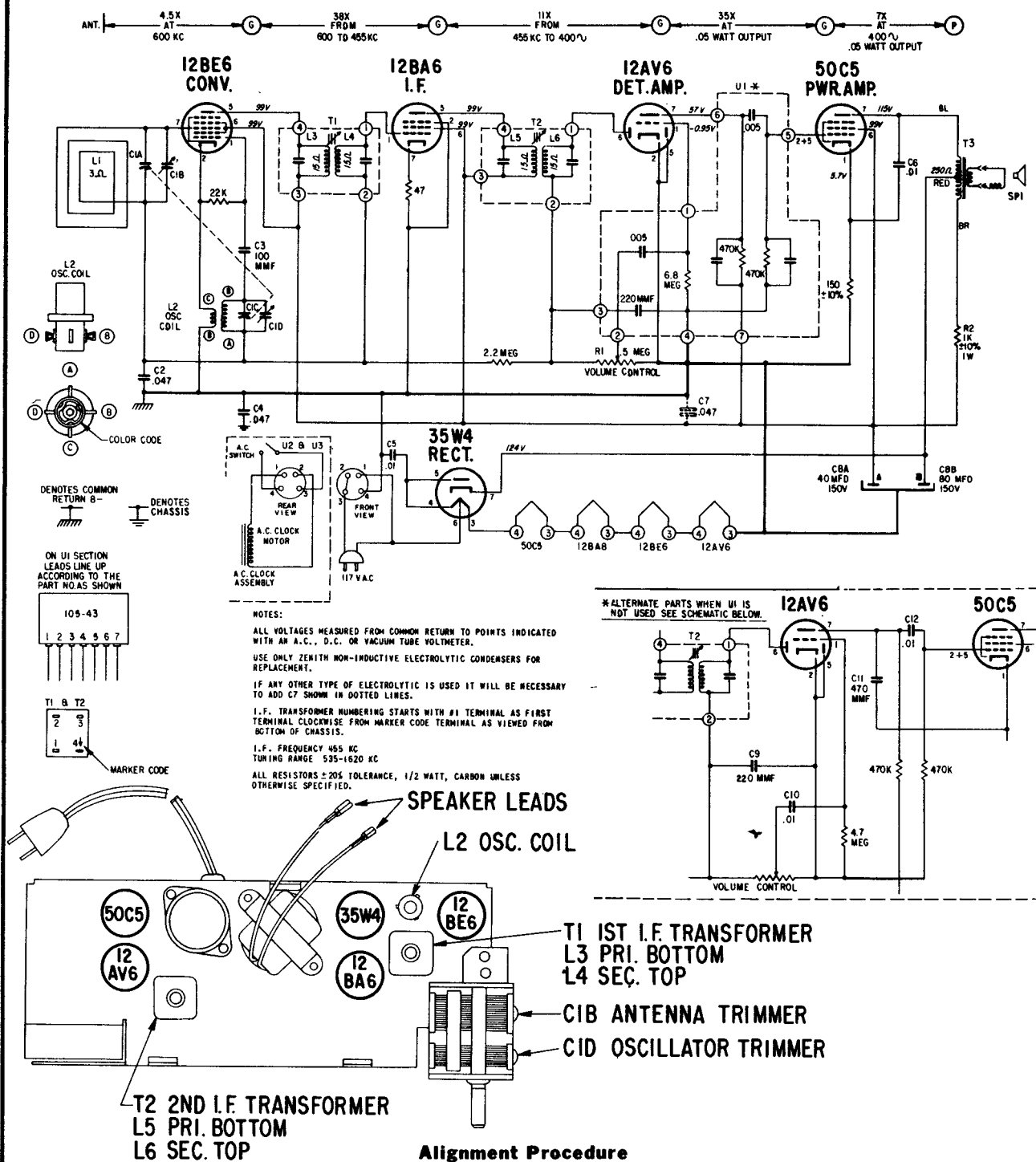


ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	L3, L4, L5, L6	Align I.F. for max. output.
2	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet.	-	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C1D	Set Osc. to Dial Scale.
3		-	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C1B	Align Antenna Stage.

VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

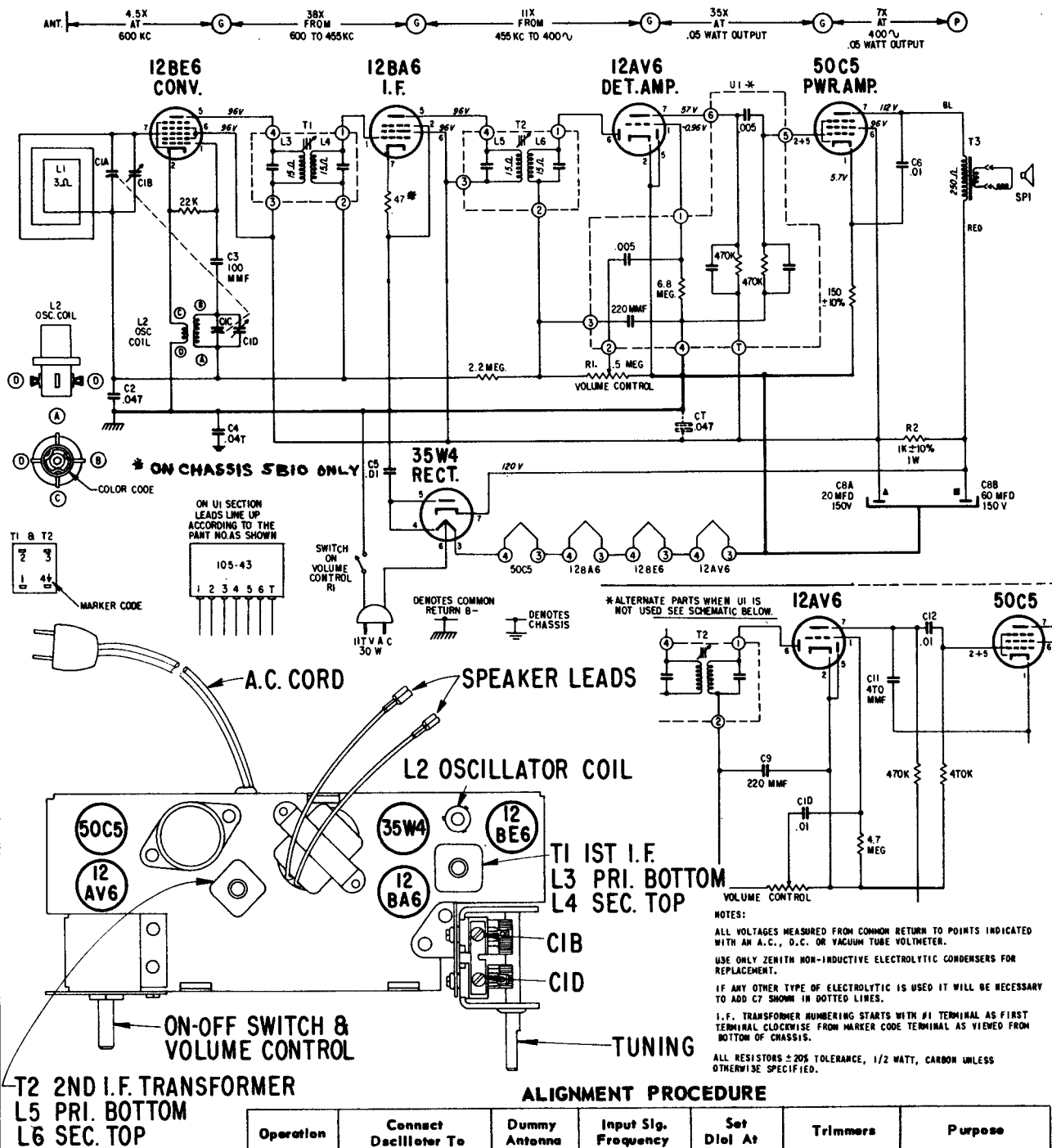
ZENITH RADIO CORP MODELS B514F,W,C,V-B515B,P,G,Y CHASSIS 5B04-5B06



VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION MODELS B509C, P, V, F, CHASSIS 5B11.

MODELS B511 B, P, L, V, CHASSIS 5B10, are electrically the same.



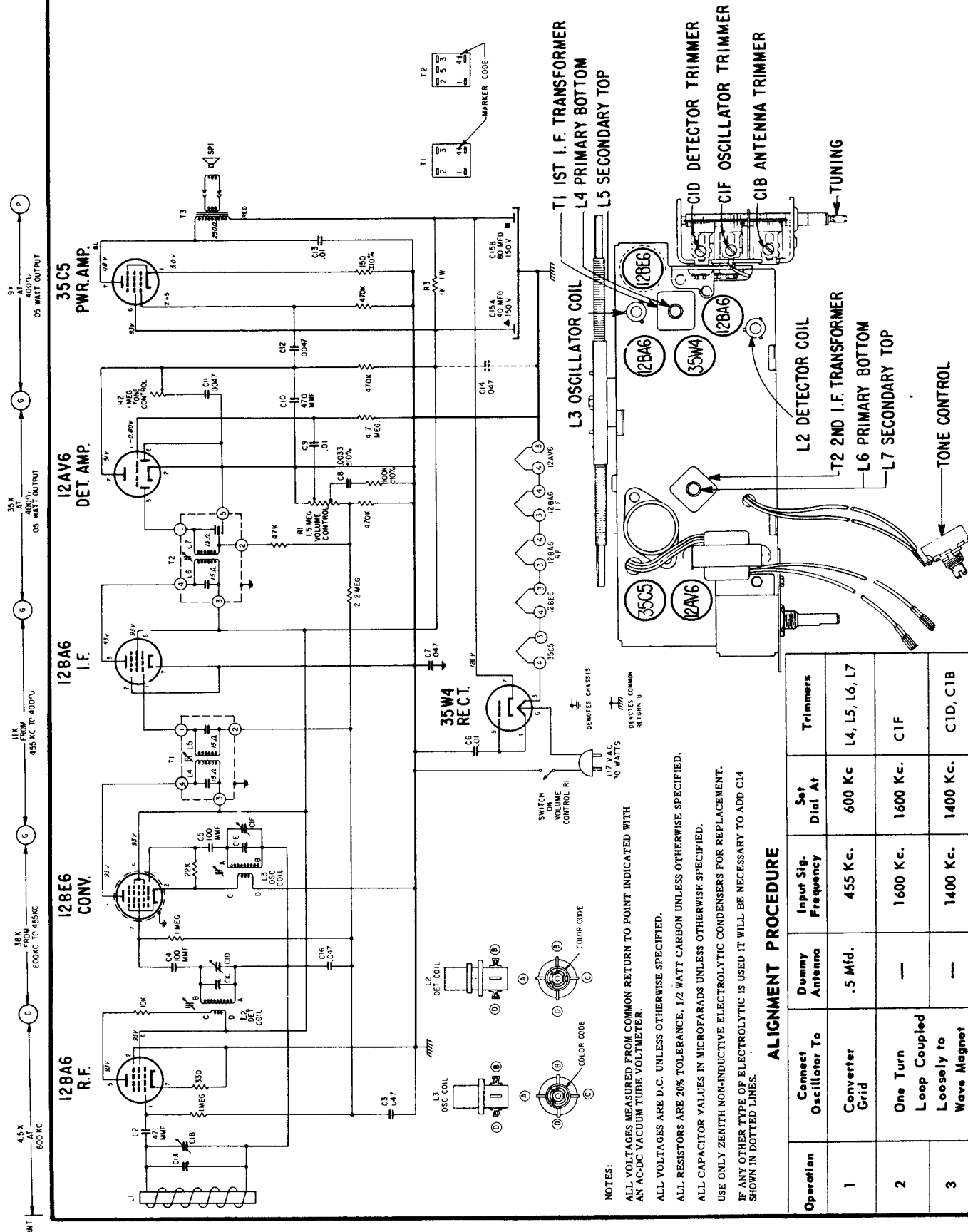
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Operation	Connect Oscillator To	Dummy Antenna	Input Sig. Frequency	Set Dial At	Trimmers	Purpose
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	L3, L4, L5, L6	For I.F. Alignment.
2	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet	—	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C1D	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale
3		—	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C1B	Align Antenna Stage



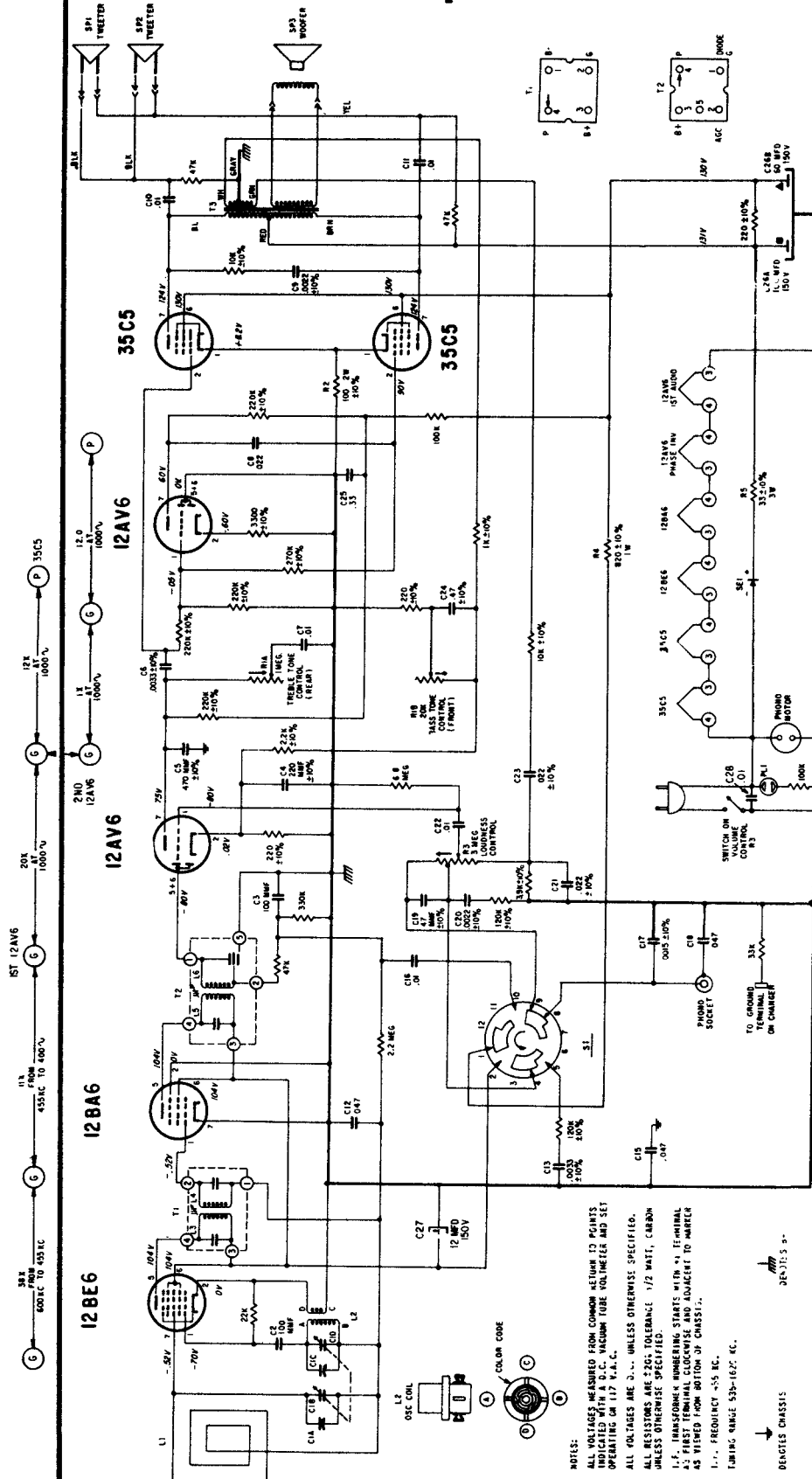






ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE					
Operation	Connect Oscillator To	Dummy Antenna	Input Sig. Frequency	Set Dial At	Trimmers
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc	L4, L5, L6, L7
2	One Turn Loop Coupled	—	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C1F
3	Loosely to Wave Magnet	—	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C1D, C1B

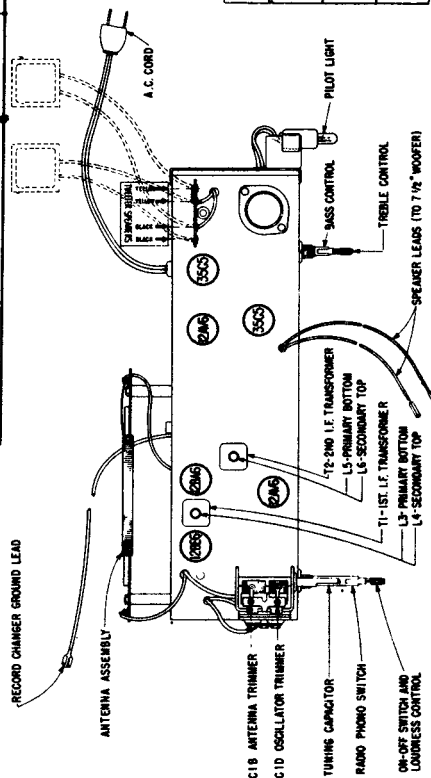
Zenith Radio Corporation Model HF660, Chassis 6B06



The I. F. transformers incorporated in this receiver are of the new permeability tuned type. The advantage of an I.F. transformer of this type is its extreme stability under various humidity and temperature conditions. The upper coil is the secondary and the lower the primary. When adjusting these I.F. transformers, the tuning wrench 68-19 can be inserted into the top slug, rotated until maximum output is obtained and then dropped down to the lower slug and the same operation repeated. The tuning wrench is so designed that turning one slug does not affect the adjustment of the other.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

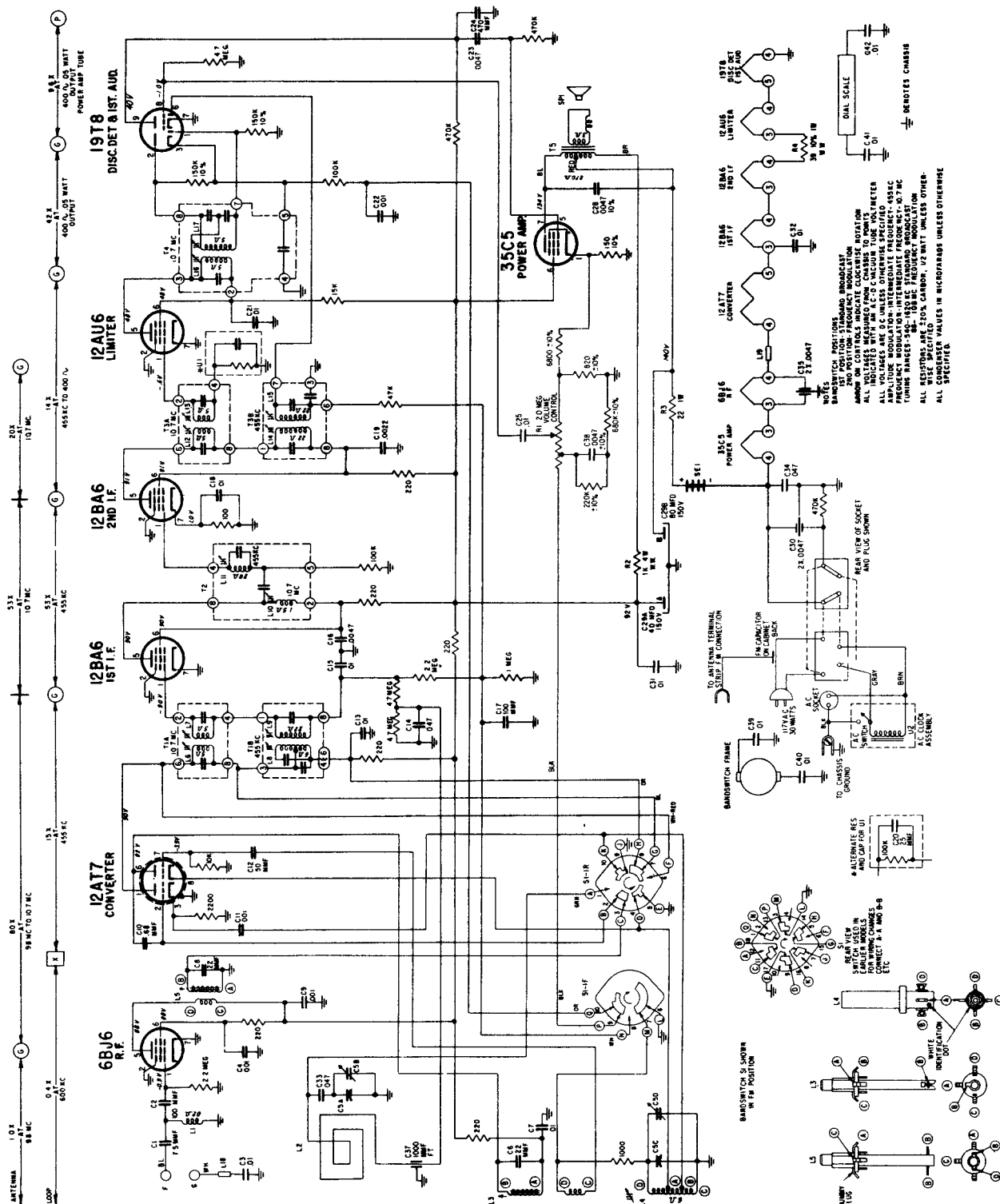
OPERATION	CONNECT DISCONNECT TO ANTENNA	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 MFD.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	L3, L4, L5, L6	Align I.F. for maximum output
2	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet	—	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C1D	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale.
3	—	—	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C1B	Align Antenna Stage



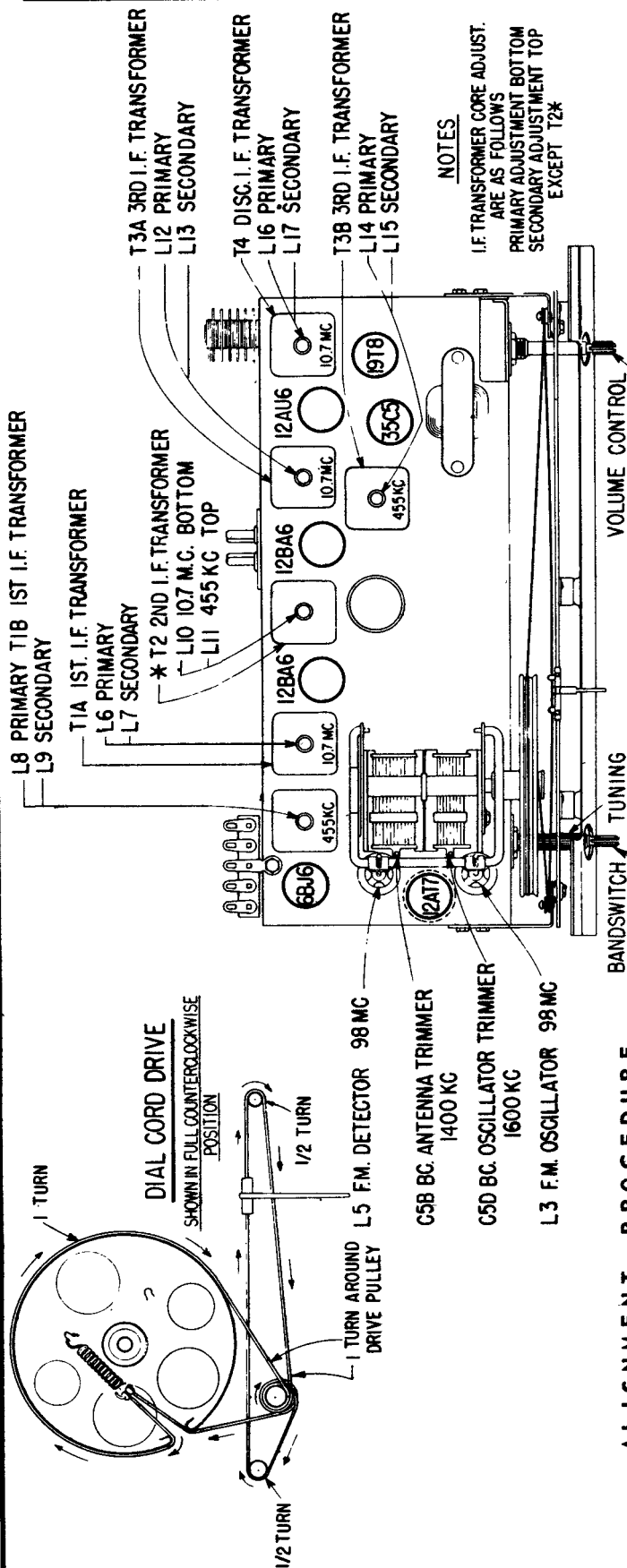
ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION

MODEL B728C, F & W, CHASSIS 7A03

(For alignment and additional data see page 183, adjacent at right)



ZENITH RADIO CORP.
Model B728C, -F, -W, Chassis 7A03
(Continued from page 182)

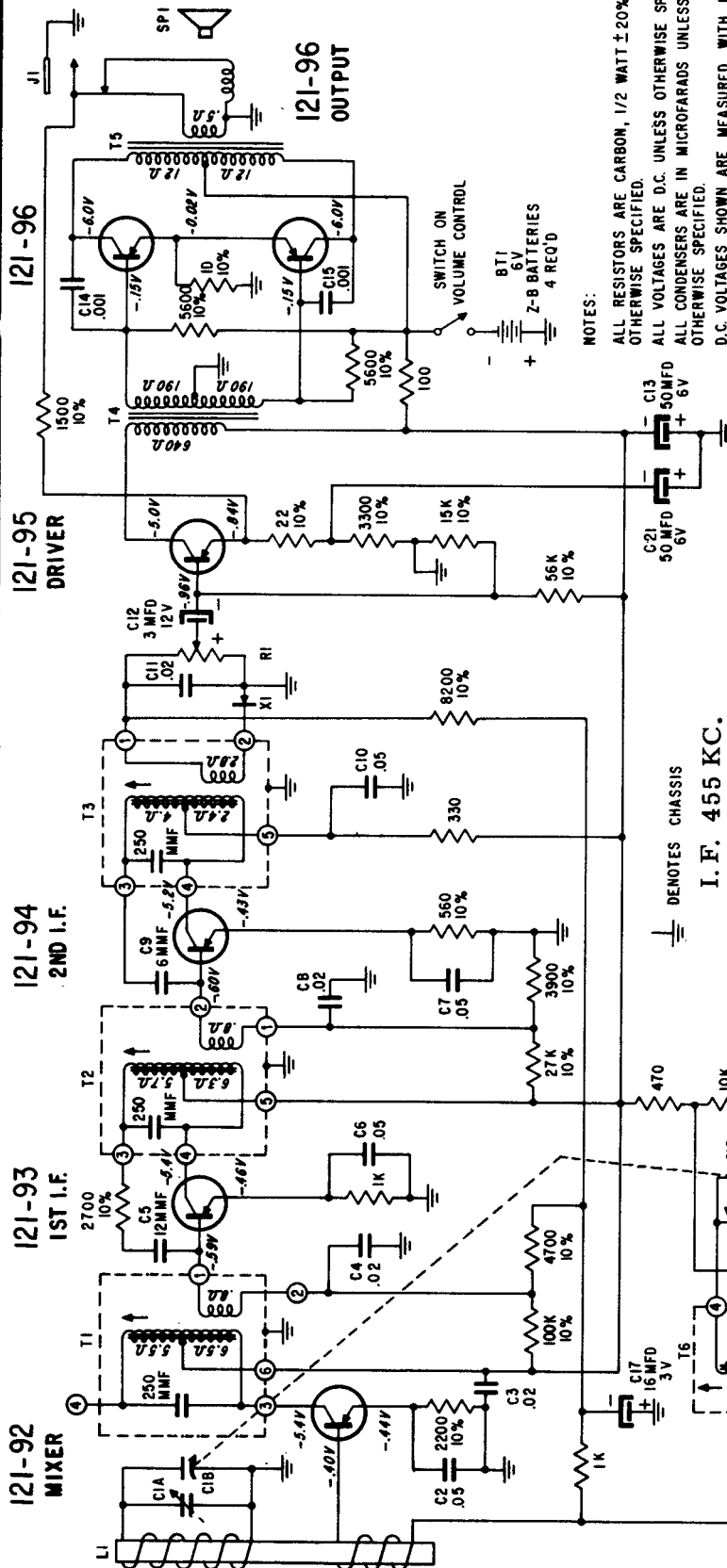


OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL TO	ADJ. TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Pin 2 12AT7 Converter	.05 Mfd.	455 Kc. Modulated.	BC	600 Kc.	L8, 9, 11, 14, 15	Align I.F. channel for maximum output.
2	2 turns loosely coupled to wavemagnet		1600 Kc. Modulated.	BC	1600 Kc.	C5D	Set oscillator to dial scale.
3	2 turns loosely coupled to wavemagnet		1400 Kc. Modulated.	BC	1400 Kc.	C5B	Align antenna stage
4 (a)	Pin 1 (grid) on 12AU6 limiter	.05 Mfd.	10.7 Mc. Unmodulated.	FM		L16 coil slug Primary discr.	Align primary of discriminator for maximum reading.
5 (b)	Pin 1 (grid) on 12AU6 limiter	.05 Mfd.	10.7 Mc. Unmodulated.	FM		L17 coil slug sec. of discr.	Adjust secondary of discriminator for zero reading.
6 (c)	Pin 1 (grid) on 12BA6 2nd IF.	.05 Mfd.	10.7 Mc. Unmodulated.	FM		L12 & L13 Prim. & Sec. of 3rd IF trans.	Align 3rd IF transformer for maximum reading.
7 (c)	Pin 1 (grid) on 12BA6 1st IF.	.05 Mfd.	10.7 Mc. Unmodulated.	FM		L10 Prim. of 2nd IF transformer.	Align 2nd IF transformer for maximum reading.
8 (c)	Pin 2 (grid) on 12AT7 converter tube socket	.05 Mfd.	10.7 Mc. Unmodulated.	FM		L6 & L7 Prim. & Sec. of 1st IF trans.	Align 1st IF transformer for maximum reading.
9 (c)	Antenna Post FM (Remove line ant.)	270 ohms	98 Mc. Unmodulated.	FM	98 Mc.	L3 Osc. Coil Slug	Set Oscillator to dial scale.
10 (c) (d)		270 ohms	98 Mc. Unmodulated.	FM	98 Mc.	L5 Det. Coil Slug	Align det. stage to maximum reading.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR 7AT48Z

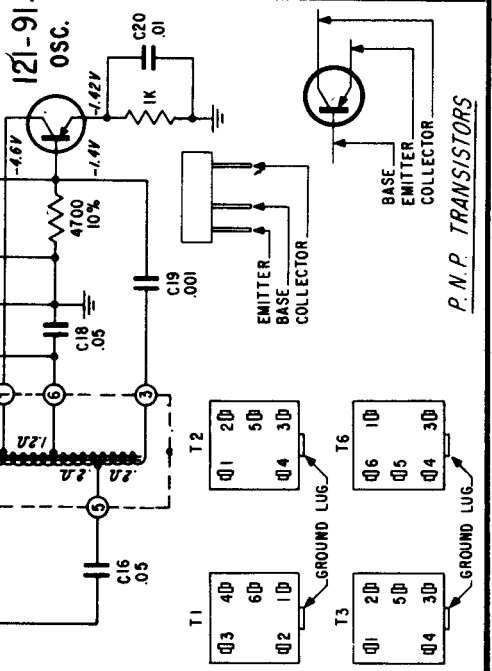
VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO

ZENITH RADIO Model "ROYAL 200"
Chassis 7AT48Z, 7AT48Z2, 7AT48Z4



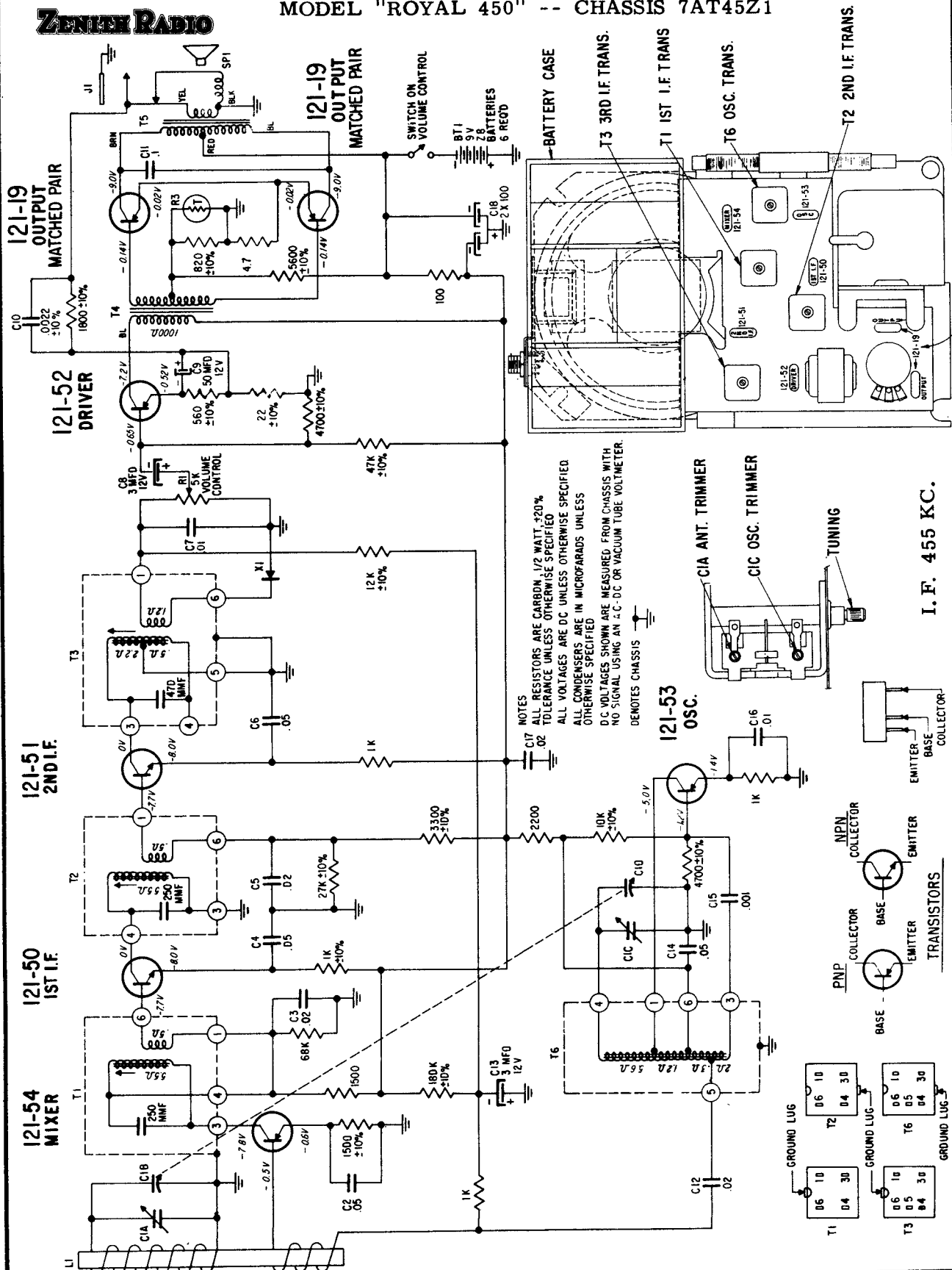
CHASSIS INFORMATION CHART

Chassis	Transistor Layout Label Color	Part No.	Mixer	Osc.	1st I.F.	2nd I.F.	Crystal Diode Detector	Driver	Output-Output	Supplier
7AT48Z	Red 102-4234 or 102-4861	Zenith RETMA Type	12I-92 2N485 PNP	12I-91 2N483 PNP	12I-93 2N483 PNP	12I-94 2N482 PNP	103-19 1N87G	12I-95 2N362 PNP	12I-96 2N632 Matched Pair PNP	Raytheon
7AT48Z2	Black 102-4007 or 102-4862	Zenith RETMA Type	12I-62 2N411 PNP	12I-65 2N409 PNP	12I-73 2N409 PNP	12I-74 2N409 PNP	103-19 1N87G	12I-64 PNP	12I-61 Matched Pair PNP	R.C.A.
7AT48Z4	Green 102-4235	Zenith RETMA Type	12I-83 2N414 PNP	12I-82 2N413 PNP	12I-79 2N413A PNP	12I-80 2N413A PNP	103-19 1N87G	12I-81 2N383 PNP	12I-84 2N383 Matched Pair	Tung Sol



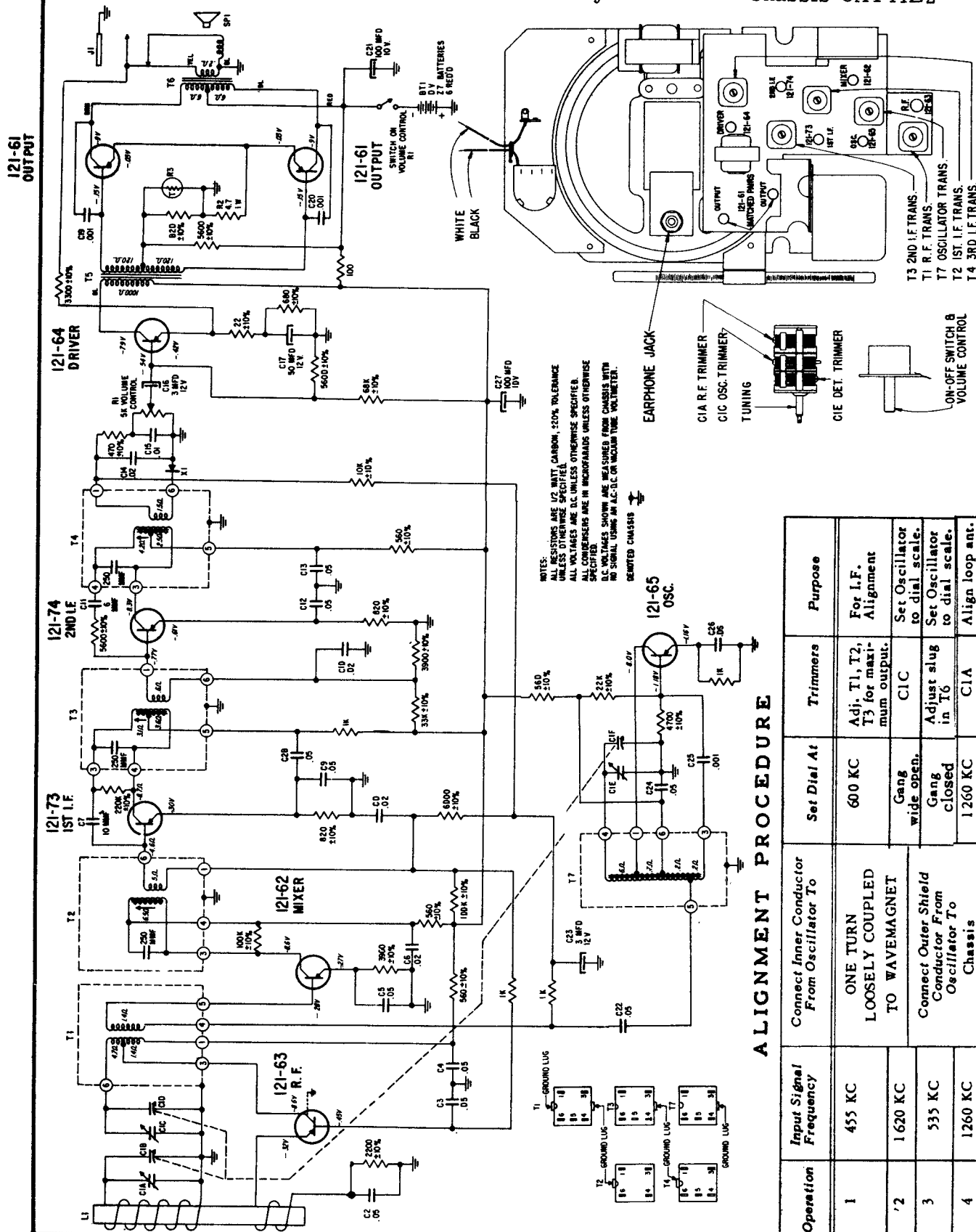
ZENITH RADIO

MODEL "ROYAL 450" -- CHASSIS 7AT45Z1



ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION

Model "Royal 750L" -- Chassis 8AT41Z2

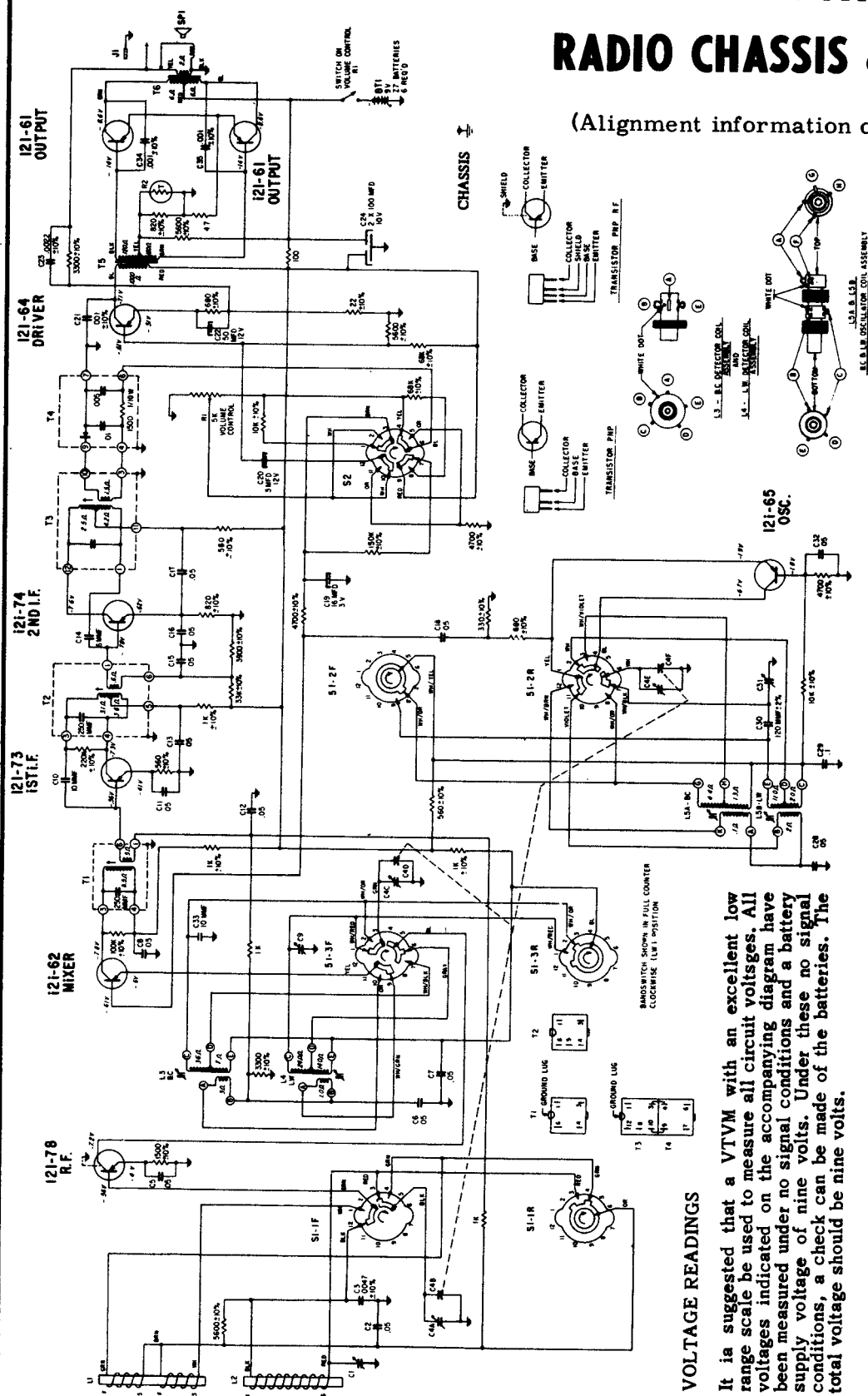


ZENITH RADIO CORP.

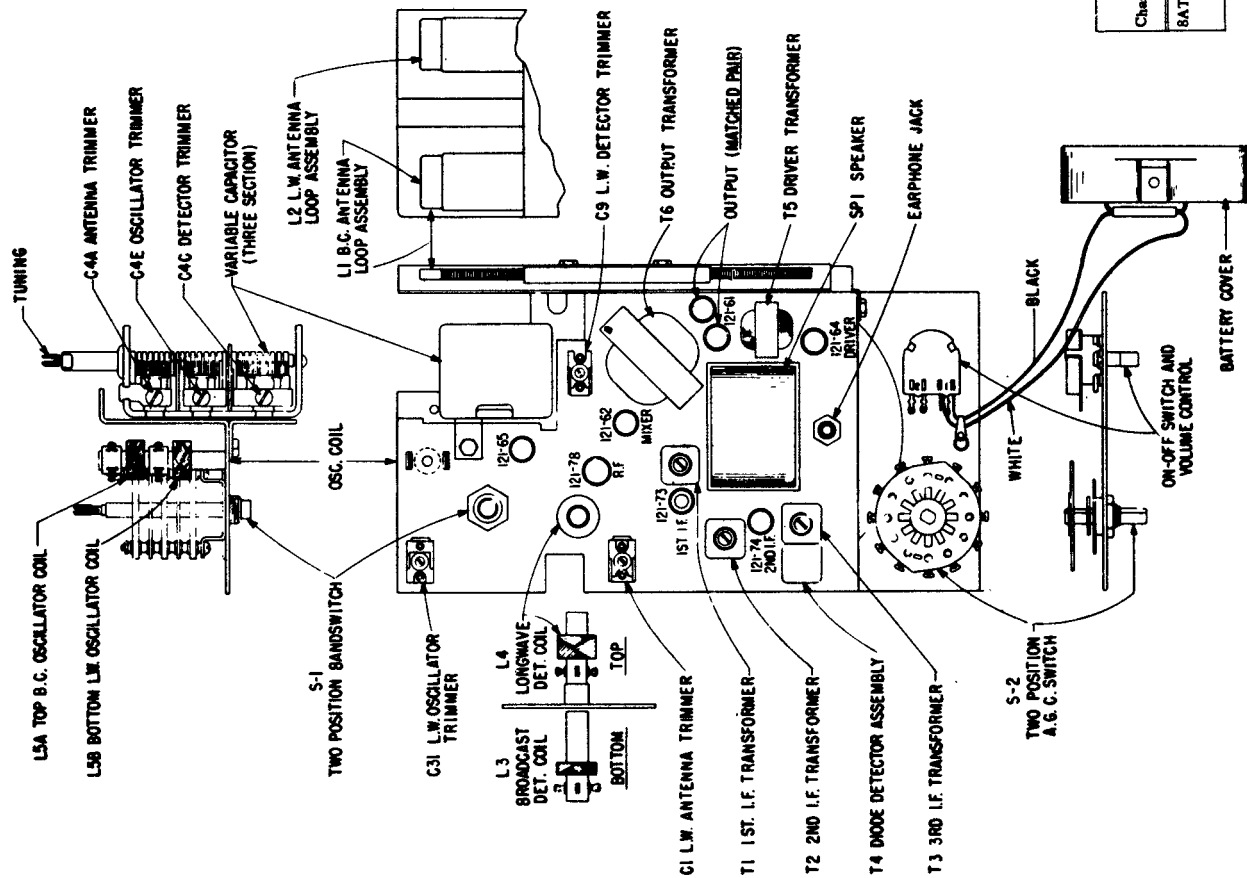
MODEL "ROYAL 760"

RADIO CHASSIS 8AT42Z2

(Alignment information on page 189)



TRANSISTOR & TRIMMER LAYOUT FOR 8AT42Z2



ZENITH RADIO CHASSIS 8AT42Z2 MODEL "ROYAL 760" (Continued from page 188)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

NOTE: Alignment must be made with Nor. - Nav. switch in Nor. position.

OPER.	CONNECT GEN. TO DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	One turn loop coupled loosely to Broadcast Wavemagnet	455 Kc	BC	1600 Kc	T1, T2, T3	Align I.F.
* 2	One turn loop coupled loosely to Broadcast Wavemagnet	600 Kc	BC	600 Kc	Rock Gang, Adjust L5A	Alignment of BC at 600 Kc
3	One	1600 Kc	BC	1600 Kc	C4E	Set osc. to scale
REPEAT OPERATIONS 2 & 3						
4	Turn Loop	600 Kc	BC	600 Kc	Rock, Adjust L3	Alignment of BC detector at 600 Kc
* 5	Coupled	1400 Kc	BC	1400 Kc	C4C	Alignment BC detector
6	Loosely to Broadcast Wavemagnet	1400 Kc	BC	1400 Kc	C4C	Alignment BC detector
REPEAT OPERATIONS 5 & 6						
7	One	1400 Kc	BC	1400 Kc	C4A	Alignment of BC antenna
8	One turn coupled loosely to Long Wave Wavemagnet	165 Kc	LW	165 Kc	Rock Gang, Adjust L5B	Alignment of LW at 165 Kc
* 9	One	400 Kc	LW	400 Kc	C31	Set osc. to scale
REPEAT OPERATIONS 9 & 10						
10	Turn Loop	165 Kc	LW	165 Kc	Rock, Adjust L4	Alignment LW detector at 165 Kc
* 11	Coupled	370 Kc	LW	370 Kc	C9	Alignment LW detector
* 12	Loosely to Long Wave Wavemagnet	370 Kc	LW	370 Kc	C1	Alignment of LW antenna
REPEAT OPERATIONS 12 & 13						
13	One	370 Kc	LW	370 Kc	C1	Alignment of LW antenna
14	One	370 Kc	LW	370 Kc	C1	Alignment of LW antenna
15	One	370 Kc	LW	370 Kc	C1	Alignment of LW antenna

* NOTE: Rock tuning condenser when making alignment under Operations 2, 5, 9, 10, 12, 13.

Chassis	Chassis Color Dot	Transistor Layout Label Color	Part No.	R.F. Mixer	Osc.	1st I.F.	2nd I.F.	Crystal Diode Detector	Driver	Output-Output	Supplier
8AT42Z2	Black	Black	Zenith 121-78 Typo	121-78 PNP	121-65 PNP	121-73 PNP	121-74 PNP	103-22 IN295	121-64 PNP	121-61 Matched Pair PNP	R.C.A.



NOTES:
ALL RESISTORS ARE $\pm 20\%$ TOLERANCE, CARBON $1/2$ WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
ALL VOLTAGES ARE D.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
ALL CONDENSERS ARE IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
D.C. VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE MEASURED FROM CHASSIS WITH A C-D.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER.
DEMOTES CHASSIS.

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4S2 6	8584 16	971,A 37	P715,B,D 50	6X28P,W 80
5T4A 9	1.43700 17	also 38	P716,B,D 50	7X23E 94
5W4 3	1.43800 13	999 36	P725B 51	7X24S,W 94
6T2 4	1.43900 17	999R 36	P726B 51	7X25P,W 91
7N1 6	1.44100 15	120392B 32	P735A 52	8X26E,S 92
7N1A 6	1.44200 15	120394B 33	P736A 52	9AX 65
8M1 5	1.44600 16	120399B 33	P755A 53	BKA9X 66
8S1 8	1.45000 12	120416 34	P805 53	CTA9X 66
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392 6	<u>Buick</u>	120432B 33	RP1120A,B 56	PCA9X 66
393 6	981968 18-19	120433B,R 36	RP1160A 57	SF11B,N 95
462 6-7	981969 30-31	120455B 37	RT1230A 58	SH12E,N,S 96
463 6-7	981970 20-21	120456B 38	RT1231A 58	S21B,+ 97
521 4		120459B 37		SK21B,+ 97
528 4	<u>Chevrolet</u>	120462B 38	<u>Granco</u>	SK23B,+ 97
561 8	987888 22-23	<u>Ford</u>	601 60	93MR 68
566 8	987891 24-25	B9FA-18805E	701 61	94MA 69
581 3	987893 30-31	B9FA-18806B		94MF 70
582 3		B9FA-18806C	<u>Montgomery</u>	94MFM 70
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654 9	988976 26-27	T107B 39		HS-647 81
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663 9	988978 20-21	T116A 40	2F11B,R 87	HS-653 83
664 9	989170 28-29	T116A 40	2F12N,W 87	HS-654 83
671 9	989171 30-31	T120A,B 41	3F13B,W 87	HS-658 84
801 5	989172 20-21	T125A 42	5C11E 84	HS-660 85
802 5		T126A 42	5C12M,P,W 84	HS-661 85
808 5		T127A 42	5C13+ 85	HS-662 86
811 8	<u>Emerson Radio</u>	T130A,B 43	5C14+ 85	HS-663 85
816 8	834X 33	T131A,B 43	5C16NW,W 85	HS-666 87
	877 32	T132A,B 43	5C15+ 86	HS-667 87
<u>American</u>	888 34	T135A 44	5K11+ 89	HS-668 87
<u>Motors</u>	890 33	T210A 45	5P21B,N,R 78	HS-670 88
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VOLUME R-19, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1959 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

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G-1407	119	51-09	135	Western Auto		V-2278-5	153	200	184
G-1409	118	51-11	135	D2832A	149	V-2390-4	154	450	185
G-1410	117			D2832B	149	V-2391-6	155	B509C, +	175
SA-1500	122			D2834A	149	V-2392-4	156	B511B, +	175
G-1606, S	120	Sylvania Elec.		D2834B	149	V-2393-1	157	B513F, L	173
G-1706, S	122	1-609-7	136	DC2988A	150	V-2394-1	158	B513V, Y	173
G-1707, S	122	1-629-1, 2	137	DC2989A	150	V-2394-2	159	B514F, +	174
G-1708S	121	1-630-1, 2	138			V-2394-3	160	B515B, +	174
G-1806S	121	1-631-1	139	Westinghouse		V-2395-1	161	B615, F, +	179
G-1807S	121	1-632-1, 2	140	H-44AC1A	167	V-2396-1	162	HF660	180
G-1808S	121	1-639-1	136	H-44AC2A	167	V-2397-1	163	B728C, +	182
G-1809S	121	1-640-1	141	H-45AC1A	167	V-2502-5	164	750L	186
G-1811S	121	1-642-1	141	H-45AC2A	167	V-2503-2	165	760	188-189
G-1813S	121	1-645-1	142	H-46AC1	166	V-2503-3	166	850	187
SA-2000	121	SC03	136	H-46AC2	166	V-2503-5	168	900	190